"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair; moderate temperatures to-day and Sunday; moderate northeast to east winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 15.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,901. * * * * NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 20, 1912.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. } Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

TO MAKE IT EASY TO ENJOIN TRUSTS

Stanley Committee Would Extend the Power to Seek Court Relief.

OTHER CHANGES PLANNED

Corporation Would Be Obliged to Show Its Restraint of Trade Was Not Unreasonable.

DIVORCE OF RAILROAD POWER

No Mining Company to Control Transportation—No Interlocking Directorates, if Bills Pass.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The report of the Stanley Committee, which investigated the affairs of the United States Steel Corporation, will be accompanied by a series of bills recommending legislation of vital and far-reaching scope intended to cure the chief evils of the industrial trust situation. These bills, and the single page of conclusions contained in the report, are more striking than the report itself. The latter is voluminous, and deals wholly with the findings of fact reached by the Democratic majority in control of the committee. The conclusions are concise, and point the way for legislation provided for in the series of bills which will be submitted to the House with a recommendation for adoption.

The committee during the last week has materially modified its earlier tentative drafts of the report, and the recommendations for legislation now set forth by THE TIMES have been finally approved by the Democratic members of the committee. An alleged summary of the report printed this morning in New York, and referring to the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company's absorption by the United States Steel Corporation, was merely a series of extracts from an earlier draft of the report as prepared by Chairman Stanley for the committee, which were eliminated from the revised drafts submitted recently by Chairman Stanley to his colleagues on the committee.

Chairman Stanley said to-night most emphatically that none of the purported portion of this old and earlier draft would appear in the report that is to be submitted to the House.

Findings of Committee.

The most important legislative recommendations of the committee as now completed are for changes in the Sherman anti-trust law and in the Inter-State Commerce act; a broadening of the powers of the executive branch of the Government, and the further regulation of corporations doing an inter-State business. These recommendations include:

First—A proposed amendment of the Sherman law to permit any person injured or threatened with injury to his business by a trust or combination in restraint of trade, to institute equity proceedings against the alleged combination, instead of waiting for the Attorney General, acting for the Federal Government, to institute the anti-trust proceedings.

Second—A proposed amendment of the Sherman law to remove all doubt as to whether the alleged restraint of trade by a combination is "reasonable" or "unreasonable," and placing upon the defendant corporation the burden of proof to show whether the restraint of trade is reasonable.

Third—A proposed amendment of the Inter-State commerce laws intended to divorce industrial production from transportation by prohibiting, among other things, the direct or indirect ownership of any railroad or steamship lines or properties by a corporation engaged in mining.

Fourth—A proposed amendment of the laws so as to prohibit the Directors of any corporation making rails or steel products used by railroads from also being Directors of railroads—this provision being aimed at the so-called system of interlocking Directorates.

These are among the most important recommendations of the Stanley committee as a result of its elaborate scrutiny of Steel Corporation affairs. The Stanley committee puts the stamp of disapproval upon the plan for the Federal regulation of prices of industrial products, which was so forcefully advocated by Judge E. H. Gary of the Steel Corporation, and by George W. Perkins, in their testimony before the Stanley committee last year. Messrs. Gary and Perkins were strong in their advocacy of the creation of a Governmental commission with control over the industrial situation somewhat akin to that of the Inter-State Commerce Commission over inter-State transportation. They proposed that this commission be vested with the power to fix prices that would be fair both to the consumer and to the producer.

"Semi-socialistic" is the description which the Democratic members write across the Gary-Perkins plan for a Federal price-fixing and regulating commission. In their report Chairman Stanley and his Democratic colleagues also characterize the Gary-Perkins plan as unconstitutional and impracticable.

Allows Any One Injured to Sue.

Two of the series of bills which the Stanley Committee will recommend to the House stand out in importance as paramount. One of the major bills will deal exclusively with proposed amendments of the Sherman law. Its most important section will permit any person or independent concern which suffers an injury from an alleged combination in restraint of trade to institute proceedings against that corporation.

The most striking section in this bill reads:

> Any person or corporation injured or threatened with injury to business or property by any other corporation or persons, or by anything forbidden or declared unlawful by this act, shall be entitled to bring suit in equity in any district court of the United States wherein the defendant may be found to restrain such person or corporation from doing such injury.

The report, touching this same point, will declare as part of its conclusions that the Attorney General and his subordinates are now vested with too much power over the institution of anti-trust suits, or, rather, that the Attorney General, while not being stripped of any of the power he now possesses for the institution of anti-trust proceedings, should not be clothed exclusively with that power.

In the opinion of Representative Martin W. Littleton and other lawyers on the committee this is the only change in the

Continued on Page 2.

TROUBLE IN NICARAGUA?

President Diaz Said to be About to Claim Our Protection and Aid.

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, July 19.—It is stated here that President Adolfo Diaz intends to board an American warship at Corinto and from it request the Nicaraguan War Minister General, Luis Mena, to resign his portfolio and deliver the arms and ammunition in his possession to the Nicaraguan Government. It is further stated that if Gen. Mena refuses to comply, President Diaz will request the American authorities to compel him to do so.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—President Diaz's announcement is inexplicable to State Department officials. This Government has not held out any assurances of co-operation, and no orders have been issued nor any action taken with regard to the present situation in Nicaragua. The only war vessel that Diaz could reach at Corinto is the Vicksburg, but no intimation has come from Commander Miller that he has been appealed to by Diaz for protection. Minister Weitzel has not sent any explanation to the State Department of the extraordinary condition of affairs in Nicaragua. Acting Secretary Adee expects a dispatch from Mr. Weitzel to-morrow.

When Gen. Juan J. Estrada resigned the Presidency of the Republic of Nicaragua on May 9, 1911, as a result of strong influences brought to bear against him by War Minister Mena and a strong group of militarists, Adolfo Diaz, Vice President of the republic, assumed the office of Chief Executive. The militarists, however, were ever active against Diaz, and in October, 1911, Congress decreed Mena to be President for the constitutional term extending from January, 1913, to December, 1917. On protest of Franklin M. Gunther, the American Chargé d'Affaires, that, in accordance with the convention entered into between Thomas C. Dawson, representing the United States, and the Nicaraguan Government, Nicaragua was pledged to a programme calling for free elections and the maintenance of peace, Mena resigned and Diaz since has continued to hold the office of President.

EXCURSION BOAT STRANDED

On Sandbar Off Tarrytown—Mothers and Babies Marooned on Board.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., July 19.—The steamboat Isabel, chartered for the joint excursion of the First and Second Reformed Churches, lies on the sandbar off the Tarrytown lighthouse to-night, with most of the excursionists aboard, many of them being mothers and babies. They will probably remain there all night.

The troubles of the excursion party began early. The Isabel had an Episcopal excursion from Nyack last night, and the Captain says he was told to go to Jewell's Wharf to-day. The only Jewell's Wharf he knew of was in Brooklyn, and to that point he went. This morning about 500 excursionists waited in vain on the local dock for the boat, and when the committee telephoned to New York it learned that the boat was in Brooklyn. The boat was ordered to Tarrytown. The Captain didn't have coal enough to make the trip and it was 1 o'clock when he arrived here.

In the meantime the excursionists, all dressed in white, had been waiting on a dock on which was being unloaded coal and gravel, and they were anything but spotless when they boarded the boat. It took them to Empire Grove, at Verplanck's Point, as North Beach, the original destination, was then out of the question. At Verplanck's Point a negro excursion had the grove, so the boat had to put about and come back to Croton Point. It remained there about one hour, when the start was made for home. Off the Tarrytown lighthouse it ran on a sandbar, and is still there. Word reached town, and a number of launches were run out to the boat, and many were taken off late to-night, but mothers with their babies and baby carriages will have to remain on board.

TURFMAN CRUSHING STONE.

Edward Corrigan Settles Down After 30 Years of Racing.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 19.—Edward Corrigan, the former racing man, has come back to Kansas City to start life over again, where he left it more than thirty years ago. With what little he could save of his fortune after the crash three years ago, he has leased a few acres of land and set up a stone crusher. He has settled down to devote the rest of his life to leveling the limestone cliffs—the same sort of work he was doing as a railroad contractor before he took up the racing game.

A few years ago Corrigan was the most spectacular figure on the American turf, and his thirty years of racing were thirty years of fighting. It was in 1891 that he forced the Coney Island Jockey Club to allow his horse Huron to start in the Futurity race at Sheepshead Bay after it had ruled there was a defect in the entry. But though compelled to start the horse, the club was not compelled to place him. He came in second, but the judges wilfully overlooked him, and no part of the $60,000 stake went to Corrigan.

The sensation of that event brought Corrigan into the limelight in the East, and from that time on New York tracks were closed to him.

Corrigan returned to Kansas City three months ago and is living with a sister, Mrs. B. C. Burke, 3,018 Flora Avenue. The former "master of Hawthorne" now goes out to his little quarry every morning carrying a dinner pail, quite as content apparently as when he was in the grand stand on a race course.

"It's a great little plant," he said today to a visitor who dropped in to see him. "I've got the land leased for ten years. I'll have fifty men working before long, and the crusher can handle 350 yards a day. I'm glad to be settled down again."

FAVOR NEW AVIATION BILL.

Hardwick Measure Would Enlarge Corps and Allow Men Double Pay.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The House Committee on Military Affairs will report next week the Hardwick bill providing for the organization of an enlarged Aviation Corps in the United States Army, every officer detailed thereto receiving double his salary for the protection of his family in the event of accident to the aviator.

The Hardwick bill was considered today by the Military Committee, and letters of indorsement were read from officials in the War Department. The Hardwick plan contemplates an increase in detail from ten officers, the present number assigned to this service, to thirty.

To encourage experimentation in aerial work, both the French and German Governments are allowing to their army officers either double or triple pay. Of the thirteen army officers who have been assigned by the War Department to aviation work three have lost their lives. The French Army has 300 skilled aerial navigators, with a loss of eleven lives in experimentation. The loss of the German Army has been less than that of the French, but the German Army has fewer officers detailed to this new war science.

IRISH RUSH TO DUCK THE SUFFRAGETTES

Dublin Police Barely Able to Prevent Mob Throwing Women Into the River.

INTERRUPT ASQUITH SPEECH

Four Arraigned for Trying to Fire Theatre and Throwing Hatchet at Premier—Four More Under Arrest.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 19.—The visit of Mr. Asquith to Dublin, which is the first made by a British Premier since the act of Union, has aroused the city on the Liffey to a pitch of extraordinary enthusiasm.

This was especially marked to-night when the Premier addressed a vast and representative meeting of Nationalists at the Theatre Royal this evening. The building was packed in every corner, the audience including a large number of priests. The boxes were occupied by spectators in evening dress. The rostrum was draped in green cloth, on which showed an Irish harp in gold with ivy flowers twined round it.

Before Mr. Asquith's arrival the audience of 4,000 broke into song and thundered "A Nation Once Again" and "God Save Ireland."

Premier and Mrs. Asquith drove along a route, one and one-half miles, from Phoenix Park, which was guarded by constabulary, to a tumult of acclamations. Mrs. Asquith entered the Theatre Royal first, carrying a bouquet, whereupon the audience rose and cheered. As Mr. Asquith followed a tornado of applause swept over the building. Men and women waved handkerchiefs, and then as Mr. Asquith stood facing them, smiling, they sang "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow." Several minutes passed before the uproar of enthusiasm was allayed.

In his speech the Premier addressed himself to Ulster and announced that if the Ulstermen could suggest any further safeguards, these would be considered and possibly be incorporated in the Home Rule bill.

Shortly after Mr. Asquith began his speech a small man in the pit shouted: "What about votes for women?" The man was picked out of the crowd and hurried into the street with speed. Two other dauntless spirits imitated him, with the same result.

The meeting closed with the same frenzy of excitement and enthusiasm as marked the opening.

Special precautions were taken to insure order in view of the suffragette outrages. A strong body of constabulary was posted around the building and lines of police were drawn across the neighboring streets.

Some suffragettes attempted to parade, but were attacked by the crowds in the street. The women finally took refuge on tram cars and in the General Post Office.

An attempt was made to throw the suffragettes into the Liffey River, but this was prevented by the Police Inspector's appeal to the crowd "to be Irishmen."

The four women concerned in the attempt to burn the Theatre Royal and in the hurling of the hatchet into the carriage containing Premier Asquith were arraigned in Dublin to-day. Their names were Mary Leigh, Gladys Evans, Mary Capper, and Lizzie Baker.

The Prosecutor said that the police regarded the case as a most serious one, and but for prompt action the theatre would have burned down and nobody knew how many lives would have been lost.

Witnesses testified that the Evans woman placed a handbag containing gunpowder inside of the cinematograph box and then threw in lighted matches. The carpet, which was apparently soaked with petrol, blazed up, and subsequently there was an explosion like the report of a field gun.

The hearing was adjourned, all the prisoners being refused bail with the exception of the Capper woman.

Four other women were arrested during the day.

Augustine Birrell, Secretary for Ireland, describing to friends the incident of the woman throwing a hatchet into the carriage containing the Premier and Mrs. Asquith, John Redmond, and the Lord Mayor of Dublin, says the hatchet was an ugly and formidable instrument. It was vigorously hurled into the carriage, probably at Premier Asquith, but it is inexplicable how the thing did not kill Mr. Redmond.

DUBLIN, July 19.—Mrs. Mary Leigh, who is one of the suffragette prisoners, admits that she threw the hatchet at Premier Asquith.

Mrs. Leigh has long been a leader in the violent tactics adopted by the militant vote seekers, and is described by the police as "the most troublesome suffragette" they have had to deal with. As far back as July, 1908, she was arrested for breaking windows in a suffragette demonstration in London. On being sentenced to two months' imprisonment at hard labor she told the court that "the next time we come out you can expect bombs."

A year later Mrs. Leigh was again sentenced to two months' hard labor at Birmingham, and on being released brought a suit for damages against the Government for forcible feeding while in prison.

She was convicted for the eighth time in London in November for smashing windows, and was sentenced to two months in jail without the option of a fine. The Magistrate warned rMs. Leigh that if she were again convicted she would be sent to jail for a term at hard labor.

LONDON, July 19.—Mrs. Henry Fawcett, on behalf of the Executive Com-

Continued on Page 2.

THE VICE "SYSTEM'S" LAST RESORT—MURDER

Crack of a pistol the final word of Desperation when exposure is at hand and lips cannot be sealed. Is the Rosenthal case the latest illustration? See

To-morrow's Sunday Times.

NOT A BUGLE CALL FROM OYSTER BAY

Bull Moose Leaders Still Remain at Home and the Colonel Is Alone with His Platform.

FLINN SENDS NARY A WORD

Roosevelt Conscious That State Leaders Expect to Have Something to Say—Tug-of-War in Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., July 19.—The outlook for the third party as viewed from Sagamore Hill was gloomy to-day. Visitors were few in number. The only one whom Col. Roosevelt told the reporters about was President Luther of Trinity College, Hartford, Conn., who came on to discuss economic questions in relation to the platform.

As far as could be learned not a word had been heard by the Colonel from ex-Senator Flinn of Pittsburgh or other leaders in Pennsylvania and Maryland. The present plan of the Colonel, it is said, is to wait until the Chicago convention before calling for a "showdown" between the factions in the new party, and meanwhile to bend every effort to iron out the differences which have arisen.

It had been expected that the Bull Moose convention would be a more or less cut-and-dried affair dominated by Roosevelt, but the indications now are that the Colonel will find there are others who want a word to say about the way the campaign is to be run, and that bitter wrangles may be expected.

It is expected that men like Flinn will not sit still and see their State tickets and organizations go down to defeat without making a hard fight to run things the way they think best. They want Roosevelt to lead the fight, as they believe that with him they have a better chance to win than with President Taft, but on the other hand they are not willing blindly to follow his directions. Col. Roosevelt got an understanding of this disposition on the part of some of his leaders when he issued his ultimatum in connection with affairs in Pennsylvania and Maryland, and the fact that the leaders have not rushed on to talk the situation over with him has given the Colonel much to think about.

In regard to the report of the Stanley Investigating Committee Col. Roosevelt said to-night that he was not in the least interested, and had no comment to make.

Herbert Knox Smith, head of the Bureau of Corporations, who resigned to join Roosevelt in his third party fight, did not reach Sagamore Hill to-day as expected, but the Colonel expects him to be along to-morrow. He is going on the stump for the Progressives, and the Colonel looks for great assistance from him because of his knowledge of the business interests and the Government's relation to them, one of the things which the Colonel is planning to make a big issue in the campaign.

From now on Col. Roosevelt says that he is going to spend most of his time getting the platform and his convention speech in shape. Both are documents which he believes need careful study, as they must prove satisfactory to both the East and the West. The dissensions which have arisen because of the difference of opinion between the more radical faction in the West and the Eastern Progressives in regard to any form of compromise being adopted in the fight for Electors has shown Roosevelt the difficulties ahead of him.

PROGRESSIVE PLANS UPSET.

Washington State Law Makes Full Separate Tickets Necessary.

Special to The New York Times.

TACOMA, Wash., July 19.—The Roosevelt Progressives, who seek county, district, and State offices as Republicans, but intend to nominate separate Roosevelt Electors, are baffled to-day by the announcement that their position conflicts with the Washington election laws and a very plain decision of the State Supreme Court. It is likely that the Progressives will disregard the plan adopted on Monday after the Seattle conference, and call county, State, and Congressional conventions to put full tickets in the field.

Judge William H. White, former Democrat and former Supreme Court Judge, clearly points out in a signed statement that the Progressives' present plan can be nullified as soon as an injunction is sought by the Republican State Committee. He declares that the only legal way to support Roosevelt will be to cut away from the Republican and other parties and nominate full Electoral, State, and county tickets. Judge White says:

"Theodore Roosevelt has repeatedly declared that there should be morals in politics. Let the Progressive Republicans drop office seekers and manipulators of office seekers, call conventions, and put such tickets in the field."

POLICE SHADOW ACCUSER.

A. Leo Weil Appeals to Judge in Pittsburgh Trial of Director.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, July 19.—When the trial of Director John M. Morin was resumed this morning, A. Leo Weil, who is the prosecutor, complained to Judge Frazer that city detectives were shadowing him and his men continually; that the courtroom was packed with city detectives and policemen in plain clothes, and that every name mentioned by the prosecution was noted and the person mentioned was quickly found by the detectives and intimidated and hounded.

Weil said also that the Voters' League detectives were followed and threatened, and Wilson, who unearthed the Councilmanic graft cases, had been assaulted. Weil turned to Morin and said:

"There is no use of appealing to this Director, although he is directing the men who are being paid by the taxpayers."

Judge Frazer promised to act.

Police Superintendent McQuaide, in reply to a question by Weil, denied that he heard Mayor Magee say he would not stop the sale of liquor in the disorderly houses because it did not pay. McQuaide said he had stopped the sale of liquor in the resorts, but that women brought liquor in taxicabs. He denied that the city was full of one-man clubs, really speak-easies, owned by policemen.

Director Cash of Cincinnati told how he and Mayor Hunt had driven out the gamblers and stopped the illegal sale of liquor there, and said the Pittsburgh police could do this if they made a sincere effort.

FIVE KILLED ON LINER BY BREAK IN BOILER

The Principe di Piemonte Tells of First Engineer's Death in Wireless to The Times.

SCALDED BY RUSH OF STEAM

Chief of Firemen and Three Stokers Also Killed When Boiler Tube Explodes.

Captain Tells News to The Times.

By Wireless to The New York Times.

S. S. PRINCIPE DI PIEMONTE, via Sagaponack, N. Y., July 19.—On July 17, in latitude 39° 18', longitude 57° 37', the first engineer, the chief of firemen, and three stokers were killed by an escape of steam, and one man was injured. The dead have been put in separate zinc cases covered with wood. MASTER.

With one of her boilers put out of commission by an explosion and with her first engineer, her chief of firemen, and three stokers dead and one other man injured, the Lloyd Sabaudo liner Principe di Piemonte, from Italian ports, came into port early this morning. The first news of the accident was told in a brief wireless message received early yesterday morning from Capt. Domeniconi by Casare Conti of 35 Broadway, the New York agent of the line. A tug was at once chartered and with doctors aboard she will go out to meet the Piemonte when the vessel reaches Quarantine.

Later the Captain sent to THE TIMES, in Italian, the wireless message quoted stating that the accident had happened when the vessel was in latitude 39.18, longitude 57.37, and giving the rank of the men killed.

The message to THE TIMES said that the accident happened on Wednesday, but the Captain in his message to the company's agents did not give the time. It had been believed, however, that it was on Wednesday that a boiler tube exploded, and this was because on that day a wireless message, the first to be received from the vessel since she left the other side, was sent. In this message Capt. Domeniconi said that his vessel would probably arrive this morning. To this he added: "To-morrow I will wire particulars."

The vessel was then, according to the position given, about 751 miles from Ambrose Channel Lightship, and she was then bucking a moderate sea and making thirteen knots an hour in spite of the accident. This would make the time of the accident 8 o'clock Wednesday night.

It was the Captain's message that particulars would be sent "to-morrow" which led the agents to believe that it had then just taken place, and that there was some confusion at the time of the sending of the message on board.

The first message came through the station at Halifax. The other was received at 9:10 A. M. yesterday, and it had probably been filed late the day before. This message came through Siasconsett.

The Captain reported that a steam tube had burst and that five of the engine force had been killed. A similar accident happened on the battleship North Dakota in 1909, when, on her endurance run, a seven-inch steam pipe in one of her boilers burst.

The Principe di Piemonte was making good speed and was running under favorable conditions. When the pipe burst, the engine room must have been filled with escaping steam, with a resulting scramble of her engine room force up the iron ladders to the deck, the five men who lost their lives being scalded to death before they could join their comrades in the rush for safety.

It was necessary to assign engineers to the hazardous work of "cutting out" the boiler. Such an order meant that some of the men would have to go down into the steam-filled 'tween-decks and shut off the valve cutting off the damaged boiler from the others. They may have risked death to rescue their injured comrades and bring out the dead.

The Principe di Piemonte sails from Genoa, Naples, and Palermo. She left Palermo July 6 with 80 cabin passengers and 808 steerage passengers. She is 430 feet in length and of 4,044 tonnage. She was built at Sunderland, England, in 1907. She has twin screws and is equipped with two three-cylinder engines.

Health Officer O'Connell was notified of the accident by Dr. Derati, the Royal Italian Medical Officer attached to the Italian Consul's office in this city. The Health Officer made arrangements to board the vessel immediately upon her arrival at Quarantine and provide medical assistance that might be necessary.

RUNNING AWAY HER HABIT.

Girl Will Be Sent Far from New York to Keep Her in School.

After running away from two boarding schools, Miss Mildred Hutchinson, 16 years old, whose parents have separated pending the result of a divorce action brought against her father by her mother, is about to be sent away to another school far away from New York, where she will not have an opportunity to get away again. Miss Mildred is at present living with her mother, Mrs. Hattie W. Hutchinson, at 600 West 163d Street, Manhattan.

Yesterday John W. Hutchinson, her father, appeared before Justice Benedict in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, and obtained an order from the court taking his daughter away from the custody of her mother and directing that she be sent to a boarding school designated by the petitioner. Mr. Hutchinson based his applicaton on the ground that his wife was incapable of controlling their daughter. In the papers presented to the court the young woman was described as "strong-willed and inclined toward disobedience."

Hutchinson said that after his wife started a divorce action against him last October the education of their daughter Mildred was discussed. She was put in the Collegiate Institute at Hackettstown, N. J. Her father says she ran away from that institution, and went home to her mother. He said he next took his daughter to the Lady Cliff School at Highland Falls, N. Y., and instructed the Mother Superior to see that she did not leave the school.

Some weeks later, according to Hutchinson, and while he was in the West on a business trip, he received a letter from his wife, who wrote that in a telegram from the Mother Superior of the school she was informed that her daughter had again run away from school.

Soon after this Mrs. Hutchinson wrote to her husband's lawyer arranging for a conference to decide what action to take regarding the education of their daughter. As a result of the conference, Hutchinson applied for aid to Justice Benedict in Brooklyn yesterday. He said he wanted to send his daughter so far away from New York and its influence that she would have no desire to return.

JAPAN'S EMPEROR VERY ILL.

Mutshito Has Ruled His People for Forty-five Years.

TOKIO, July 20.—Emperor Mutsuhito is critically ill.

His Majesty is suffering from affections of the stomach and brain. He was unconscious Friday.

Mutsuhito, Emperor of Japan, was born at Kyoto on Nov. 2, 1852. He succeeded his father, Komei Tenno, on the throne, on Feb. 13, 1867. Two years later he married Princess Haruko.

By the Imperial House law of Feb. 11, 1889, the succession to the throne has been definitely fixed upon the male descendants. In case of failure of direct descendants the throne devolves upon the nearest Prince and his descendants.

The Emperor is the father of five children. Prince Yoshihito was born on Aug. 31, 1879, and he was proclaimed the Crown Prince on Nov. 3, 1889. He is married, and is the father of three children.

MINISTERS CAN'T END STRIKE

Manufacturers Will Not Discuss Mill Dispute with the Local Clergy.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 19.—Having failed to accomplish anything in the direction of a settlement of the strike of mill operatives, as a result of which 13,000 persons are out of work and a dozen cotton cloth mills shut down, the local Ministers' Union, after a meeting to-day with representatives of the strikers, set about a further attempt to bring the manufacturers into conference.

The Rev. James I. Bartholomew, President of the Ministers' Union, could offer no hope to-night that the manufacturers would consent to discuss the controversy. The day passed without any disorder.

MT. VERNON'S BIG EGG.

Hen Lays One 5½ Ounces in Weight and 9½ Inches Around.

The latest achievement of a Plymouth Rock hen, owned by W. F. Boltman of 247 West Lincoln Avenue, Mount Vernon, is an egg, laid yesterday morning, weighing five and one-half ounces. It is three and one-half inches in length. Its circumference lengthwise is nine and one-half inches and its circumference about the middle is seven and one-half inches.

Mr. Boltman believes it is a triple yolked specimen. It is on exhibition in a local market. The hen has been laying all Summer, though other hens have been enjoying their annual vacation, and many of its eggs have been double yoked.

GUADALAJARA HAS 23 SHOCKS

Many Buildings Shattered, but Inhabitants Escape Unhurt.

GUADALAJARA, Mexico, July 19.—Earthquakes to-day filled one street with débris from shattered houses, damaged to some extent almost every building in the city, and drove hundreds of citizens panicstricken into the open places. Twenty-three shocks were felt between sunrise and sunset. No loss of life has been reported.

No important structure was destroyed, but the hospital, orphan asylum, and telegraph buildings were badly damaged and will probably be uninhabitable.

MRS. DREXEL SMITH DIVORCED

She Sued Her Husband on the Ground of Mental Cruelty.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, July 19.—A divorce was granted to-day to Mrs. Francis Drexel Smith, who as Miss Charlotte Silsbee was well known in Chicago and Philadelphia society. The ground for her action was mental cruelty, and she received the custody of her 2-year-old son, Lyman.

The suit was not contested, Mrs. Smith being the only witness. She testified to the mental incompatibility of herself and husband, and told of disagreements which have long been the subject of gossip.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith returned only a short time ago from a visit in the East. They were married in 1900. Mrs. Smith's father is a prominent architect.

END TO ALL FIGHT PICTURES.

Taft Will Sign Bill Forbidding Inter-State Traffic in Films.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Prize-fight moving pictures to-day became a thing of the past in the United States, when the House passed a Senate bill prohibiting the transportation of such moving-picture films between the various States and territories, or from foreign countries.

Heavy fines for violation of the proposed law are fixed by the bill. The President, said to be in complete sympathy with the legislation, is expected to affix his signature to the measure.

Southern members of Congress were especially interested in the proposed law because of the race feeling stirred up by the exhibition of the Jeffries-Johnson moving pictures in their section of the country. Senator Simmons of North Carolina and Representative Sims of Tennessee pressed the bill in the Senate and House.

MRS. MORROW NOT GUILTY.

Jury Promptly Finds Her Innocent of Husband's Murder.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Mrs. Rene B. Morrow was found not guilty to-night of the murder of her husband, Charles B. Morrow.

A jury in Judge Kersten's court returned this verdict after deliberating three hours and ten minutes.

The verdict is said to have been reached by the jury on the third ballot.

Half crying and half laughing, Mrs. Morrow shouted: "I knew it would be this way. I knew it would be this way."

She rose from her chair, and, after thanking each member of the jury for the verdict, she left the courtroom accompanied by several friends.

The body of Charles B. Morrow was found on the back porch of the family residence the morning of Dec. 27, 1911. He had been shot through the head and the heart, and apparently had been dead several hours before the discovery of the body. At his side was found the revolver with which he had been shot. The Coroner's jury returned a verdict of suicide, but later the police made another investigation and Mrs. Morrow was indicted for murder.

Republicans Depose Lorimer.

CHICAGO, July 19.—William Lorimer, whose title to a seat in the United States Senate was held invalid after a protracted investigation, was deposed to-day as a member of the Republican County Central Committee. Charles Vavrik was seated in his place.

TO RESTORE VITALITY take Horsford's Acid Phosphate—especially valuable for the relief of that tired feeling during Spring and Summer.—Adv.

POLICE NOW SAY HIRED ASSASSINS HAVE FLED CITY

Search Extends Even to Canada, Though They Still Insist Rosenthal's Slayers Are Known.

BECKER PUT ON DESK DUTY

Waldo Says He Will Not Be Suspended Unless Evidence Against Him Is Found.

DRIVERS STATE WITNESSES

Libby and Shapiro Talk Freely to Whitman, and Burns Detectives Hear Their Tale.

ROSE IN AN ADJOINING CELL

Prisoners Near Enough to Confer and Dictagraph May Be Recording Their Talks.

THREATS AGAINST WHITMAN

District Attorney Warned to Drop His Pursuit of Murderers—Lawyer Levy Also Threatened.

The wheels of the investigations that were started revolving when Herman Rosenthal, the gambler-informer, was shot to death in front of the Hotel Metropole early on Tuesday morning, turned busily all day yesterday without any further arrests. The police profess certainty now that some if not all of the men who did the actual shooting—the four who jumped frrom the big gray touring car and then rode away in it when Rosenthal lay dead on the sidewalk—have left New York far behind them. So detectives have been sent to other cities in this country and in Canada to search for the slayers, and the high police officials say there is no doubt that the search will be successful.

It is assumed that the slayers had plenty of money in their pockets to go just as far as they liked, for the police have no idea that the men who drew the guns on Rosenthal did the job for nothing. They had no grudge against the gambler. They had no special reason for wanting the informer's lips sealed for good and all. The grudge or the special reason was behind them somewhere, and they did the killing because they were hired to do it. A report circulated yesterday had it that the sum paid down was $2,000.

While the investigation that is being conducted into the Rosenthal case in the Criminal Court Building is in no small measure an independent investigation, trying to look back of the killing and into the intricacies of the tale that the gambler told to the prosecutor, the searching of evidence in Police Headquarters itself is by no means confined to a raking over of the Sam Paul Association. It is not confined to a search for the thugs, whose only part of the task was the pulling of the triggers.

Becker Relieved of Command.

Police Commissioner Waldo is investigating Lieut. Charles Becker of the Strong Arm Squad, whose name came into the case when Rosenthal was still walking the streets of New York; the police officer whom Rosenthal accused of having been the silent partner in his gambling establishment in West Forty-fifth Street. Deputy Commissioner Dougherty has considered everything Becker had to say as relevant material in the solution of the murder of Herman Rosenthal. Everything Becker did and said on Monday and everywhere he went has been the subject of close scrutiny by the Deputy Commissioner. Becker was one of the first that Dougherty questioned.

And yesterday Becker found that Commissioner Waldo had taken his Strong Arm Squad away from him. The stalwart, muscular detectives, fit for any battle, are now operating under another head, while their erstwhile leader sits at his desk in Police Headquarters doing clerical work.

Becker has not been suspended from the force, and there is no immediate prospect that he will be. Commissioner Waldo is not at all disposed to let rumor in a day of excitement put a smirch on the man's record. On the other hand, he hasn't the faintest intention of protecting the accused Lieutenant or keeping him on the force one moment after he finds out anything serious against him.

It was pointed out in the corridors of Police Headquarters that it would be foolish as well as unfair to yield to popular clamor and dismiss Becker even temporarily from the force. While the case is in the air and rumors are as thick as the gambling fraternity, the Commissioner prefers to have the Lieutenant right down stairs at his desk on the ground floor, where by the touch of a bell or a whispered order Becker can be brought before him.

The investigation in the District Attorney's office is not proceeding entirely apart from the police work, despite the unkind letters that Mr. Whitman and Mr. Waldo exchanged. Deputy Commissioner Dougherty said yesterday that he made it a point to go straight to the District Attorney with every tangible clue he had, and he wished to emphasize his entire friendship and cordiality toward Mr. Whitman.

Whitman Engages Detective Burns.

But in another sense, the District Attorney's investigation, the wheels of which move more and more silently with every passing hour, is decidedely independent. For Mr. Whitman has retained the services of Detective William J. Burns.

There have been whisperings to this effect from the first, but yesterday it was practically established—as nearly established, that is, as it could be without the presence in Mr. Whitman's office of the thoroughly familiar face and complexion of the famous sleuth, and without a word on the subject from Mr. Whitman himself.

When the Rosenthal story first began to cause a stir in the Criminal Court Building it was wondered what the District Attorney would do in the way of investigating the police, since the police themselves are the only investigators he has at his command. It was known then that private citizens had offered the money to put the Burns men on the trail, and then it came out that they were instructed to work with and under the advice of Mr. Whitman himself. This the Prosecutor would neither affirm nor deny, his lips closing tight whenever the question was put.

Yesterday Mr. Whitman quietly left his desk shortly after the middle of the day and did not return. Report had it that he had gone to some quiet nook for a secret conference with Burns himself. For Burns was in New York. He was not at the Herald Square Hotel, but was in his apartment, of which there is no record in the City Directory, and no mention at all in the telephone book. So the question was put to Burns.

"Oh," he protested, "but I cannot discuss that. You must see that I cannot discuss that."

Which, by the way, were the very words of the District Attorney.

The suspicion that the Burns men had been called into the case by Mr. Whitman in his eagerness to go down to the bottom in his inquiry "checked by murder," grew into a positive conviction yesterday when four men reached the private office of the District Attorney by the famous back door that was dusty with disuse when Jerome was in office, but which the present District Attorney uses not infrequently when he wants to make a "get-away."

Burns Men Hear Libby and Shapiro.

These four men were present at a half-hour interview which Mr. Whitman held with the two men who owned the gray automobile—Libby and Shapiro. Their counsel, Assemblyman Aaron J. Levy, was also present, but the inextinguishably curious idlers of the Criminal Court Building could explain the presence of the other four by no other way than by calling them detectives.

And later it was learned on unimpeachable authority that they were detectives—strange detectives, men not usually seen in these parts. Several men who saw them, however, were struck by the likeness of two of the men to detectives who have worked on some of Mr. Burns's other cases. It is understood that the New York office of the Burns Detective Agency in Park Row has nothing to do with the present investigation. The men at work in this case were brought from some other city.

Mr. Whitman, when he got to the Criminal Court Building yesterday morning, was fairly bombarded with questions as to the identity of the "mysterious visitor" who was in secret session with him all Thursday evening. It was known that the subject of their consultation was the Rosenthal case and the gambling situation, but Mr. Whitman was sphinx-like on the identity when besought to reveal it. For all that, however, it is known that his night visitor was a very well-known gambler of the Broadway tribe, and it is believed that he went to Mr. Whitman to take up the story where the dead Rosenthal left off.

On Thursday afternoon Assemblyman Levy was speaking of his "contemplated arrangements" with the District Attorney. The presence of Libby and Shapiro in Mr. Whitman's office yesterday morning, in the presence of the detectives and with Mr. Levy on hand, suggested very forcibly that those contemplated arrangements had been made to the satisfaction of all concerned.

This means that Libby and Shapiro have agreed to tell all they know, and it means that Mr. Whitman will take care of them, though both are now homicide prisoners in the Tombs—provided, however, that Shapiro's story of his absolute ignorance of the intent of his fares holds water when the facts all begin to come out.

Witness Found for Shapiro.

According to Mr. Levy, Shapiro's story of having been forced at the point of a gun to drive the car away from the Metropole was borne out yesterday by an eye-witness, named Richards, who went to the District Attorney with a story of having seen the man sitting beside the driver in the gray car threaten him with a gun as the get-away was made.

For all that the get-away was slow, according to Mr. Levy. There was a full minute, Shapiro said, before the start was made, and after it was made the whole escape was accomplished on second speed, which, at best, could have been no greater than fifteen miles an hour.

"No," Mr. Levy continued, when asked if his opinion as to the nature of the murder had changed since he had had an opportunity for a solid two hour talk with his clients, a thing he achieved by having them extracted from the Tombs and taken to the Coroner's office—"no, I am sure that this was no gamblers' murder. It was no gamblers' end that was served by the killing of Herman Rosenthal."

All this was before Levy saw the District Attorney. After their consultation Mr. Levy was silence itself. He said that he had entered into an agreement with Mr. Whitman which bound them both to a discreet withholding of information. He emerged from the consultation, breathing public spirit and speaking of public interest that must be conserved in this momentous case.

Before this, however, he had declared that never in his life had he beheld such inaction as characterized the work of the police in this case. He wanted it understood that their alleged declarations of vast discoveries and imminent action and full confessions were designed to frighten the men under arrest and their lawyers, and that they just wouldn't be frightened.

Whitman Retorts on Police.

Mr. Whitman himself was not gentle in his brief references to the police yesterday.

"The police are criticising my department," he said as though he were in no kindly humor about it, "yet in the four days elapsing since this murder the only evidence they have collected is that the murderers escaped and that a gray touring car was used."

"Well," protested one of the reporters in the crowd, "don't you think they should receive some credit for arresting Rose?"

"There is no credit coming to them," was the warm rejoinder. "No attempt was made to get Rose until my department made it so hot for them that he came into Police Headquarters on his own motion."

Mr. Levy insisted that Deputy Commissioner Dougherty knew precisely where Rose was all the time, but Dougherty said yesterday that Rose had betaken himself on Tuesday morning to the home of Harry Pollok, sporting partner in famous bicycle contests with Pat Powers, and stayed continuously beyond the threshold of that household until he emerged on Thursday morning. Rose, it seemed, was sick.

As attorney for Shapiro and Libby, Mr. Levy is geting a reputation for being in on the prosecution of the investigation itself, and his mail yesterday was ugly with the presence of some threatening letters. Mr. Levy has been warned anonymously that his life will not be safe for a moment if he continues in his present course of offering all Shapiro's knowledge to the investigators—Shapiro who drove the car which carried the murderers from the scene of the murder.

It is understood that District Attorney Whitman has received letters of a similar nature. His mail, it was observed, was unusually heavy yesterday and the day before, and while some of the communications carry words of praise for the stand he has taken and the intentions he has expressed, some of them contain nasty threats, warning him to drop the whole proceedings without further investigation.

Jack Rose, whom Rosenthal accused of being Becker's collector and who hired the gray car on the night of the murder, spent yesterday in the Tombs in a cell adjoining those of Libby and Shapiro. Both are turned out into the same corridor and allowed to hold converse. This has aroused the suspicion on the part of Rose's lawyer, James S. Sullivan of 38 Park Row, that the hand of Detective Burns is back of the arrangement and that dictagraphs have been installed to catch and record any word that the prisoners may let fall.

Brother of Becker's Agent Sees Rose.

Rose had one very interesting visitor yesterday. This was Louis Plitt, a brother of Charles B. Plitt, Jr. Charles Plitt has been Becker's press agent and general retainer for some time past.

It was Charles Plitt who on Monday went with Jack Rose to the home of Dora Gilbert, Rosenthal's first wife, to get an affidavit from her to use in attacking the gambler as a character witness. It was Charles Plitt who descended from Becker's car at Forty-second Street and Sixth Avenue half an hour or less before the murder was committed.

Louis Plitt is not unknown to Becker, for he did some of Charles Plitt's work when the brother was locked up in connection with the killing of a negro in one of Becker's Harlem raids.

Charles Plitt, it was thought yesterday, may have been in the red automobile which Rose employed in the early part of Monday night before the tire trouble that led to the call for the gray car. It was wondered if it was in behalf of his brother or in behalf of some one else that Louis Plitt went to see Jack Rose.

Rose's lawyer, Mr. Sullivan, was still fuming yesterday at the inquisitorial procedure of the police when Rose was first arrested and questioned by Dougherty. Mr. Sullivan was left to kick his heels outside, and he insisted yesterday that the questioning was improper and unfair. He also accused the Deputy Commissioner of having struck out portions of Rose's story when they didn't suit him, and particularly if they didn't sound well from the police side of the case. This Dougherty scornfully denied.

Geographical Links in the Chain.

As the case was gone over yesterday in Police Headquarters it was seen that there were interesting features in its geography.

At Thirteenth Street stands the old Sans Souci Music Hall, in which building is the gaming house reputed to be owned by Sam Paul of the Sam Paul Association. It was at this fraternity's outing at Northport on Sunday that the threatening talk was heard against Rosenthal. Bridgey Webber, Jack Rose, Dollar John, and others were all in the party.

It was this place that was raided late on Monday afternoon by Inspector Cahalane, a raid that the police cannot by more than one thread with the murder itself. It was in Sam Paul's club that Jack Rose saw Sam Paul himself on Monday afternoon, according to a statement made yesterday by Deputy Commissioner Dougherty. And Sam Paul has been in constant requisition at Headquarters since the investigation began. It is in the wide circle of his intimates that the police believe they will find the actual shooters.

At Twelfth Street and Third Avenue on Monday night Rose is reported to have met "Big Jack" Zelig, the Sam Paul lieutenant, and to have sought to gain the services of that person for some piece of work that was to be rewarded by the dropping of the gun-carrying charge now lodged against him in the courts.

Charles G. F. Wahle of 220 Broadway, Zelig's lawyer, protested yesterday that Zelig was out of town on Monday night; that he had been out of town ever since he received orders to take himself off after he was shot in front of the Criminal Court Building some weeks ago. Mr. Wahle gave the impression that Zelig was just far enough out of town to be necessarily guiltless of a share in the black work of Monday night, and just near enough so that he could rush into the heart of the city at the first indication of the Deputy Police Commissioner's desire to have a few words with him.

At Fourteenth Street and Third Avenue stands Sharkey's saloon, where Rose's first car, the red one, broke down, and whence he had a telephone message sent summoning the gray car from its stand in front of the Café Boulevard.

Becker Stopped Here, Too.

The scene then shifts to Forty-second Street and Sixth Avenue. There Rose got out of the car, either after it had been uptown to gather in another passenger, or before it made that trip. This depends on which version of the story you are reading. Shapiro is a little hazy about it. At all events, Rose is positive in his declaration that he and his friends had left the car and dismissed it before it went to the Metropole and before the shooting was done.

"My client," said Mr. Sullivan, "has no guilty knowledge of what the car was hired for that night or who was in it after he left it. He certainly was not present at the time of the shooting, and although he had heard in a general way that Rosenthal was in danger because he had been telling tales on gamblers, he did not know after he left the car that it was going on any mission of murder."

And whatever he may have done before it, Mr. Whitman does not believe that Jack Rose was in that car when the shooting was done. He left it before then—how long before is now uncertain—and just where he went is vague. But he alighted at Forty-second Street and Sixth Avenue, and the two whom Shapiro describes as getting in at that point came from Bridgey Webber's gaming rooms, which are hard by.

It was at Forty-second Street and Sixth Avenue that, less than a half hour before the murder, Lieut. Becker, on his way home in the automobile he uses, dropped Jack Sullivan, who reported to the police that he had then joined Bridgey himself and spent the next hour in his company. And Bridgey is under bail as a material witness. According to one story, it was Bridgey's "capper" who called Rosenthal out of the Metropole to be shot down in the street.

Woman Can Identify One Assassin.

One woman, who lives with her husband at 141 West Forty-third Street, four doors from the spot where Rosenthal was killed, told Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss yesterday of having seen the killing from the steps of the house. She saw one man jump out of the automobile and fire several shots at the gambler, and she saw other men come running forward at the same time, apparently from the other side of the car. She swore she would know that one man out of a thousand, and Mr. Moss immediately sent for Grand Jury subpoenas.

The woman's husband, however, who swore he had seen nothing, tried to silence her, and the two departed before the subpoenas arrived. They left their possessions at the house, however, and they will be watched for.

According to the story as told by Shapiro to the District Attorney, it is believed that still another car figured in the plans of the murderers, a taxicab that was waiting near at hand to speed the gun men away in case the first should fail for any reason. This car may have assisted in blocking for a few seconds the advance of the police taxicab, but this chase, according to the District Attorney, was "little more than a pretense of pursuit" any way.

ASSASSINS NO LONGER HERE.

But Dougherty Knows the Men and Expects to Get Them Soon.

It was said at Police Headquarters yesterday that every available man in the department is now actively engaged in the search that is being made to bring the assassins of Herman Rosenthal to justice. Some if not all of the men who figured actively in the crime are now believed to have fled from the city. Detectives from New York are conducting a search for them in other cities of this country and Canada. All of the steamship lines are being closely watched both here and in Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New Orleans, so as to prevent the escape by water of any man who is under suspicion.

Police Commissioner Waldo said the case was shaping itself up well, and he was confident that within a short time every man who had a part in the murder would be in the hands of the authorities.

Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty, who is in personal charge of the search, was indignant yesterday because it had been intimated that he was not doing his best.

"Such statements are absolutely wrong and unjust," said the Deputy Commissioner, "and I will prove to the public that I am doing good work. This whole matter will be sifted to the bottom and cleared up before I get through. I don't want any credit that is not my due, nor do I ask for praise, but I do want to be treated fairly. I simply ask that I be fairly treated. I will make good."

One newspaper intimated that the Deputy Commissioner was not as familiar with the characters and careers of those who constitute the underworld as should be the case with a person occupying his position.

"I know every one of these persons," Dougherty said, "and I defy any man to prove that I do not. There is not a man connected with this case with whose career, habits, and haunts I am not familiar, and they know it. If any man thinks he knows more about the personages of the underworld of New York than I do I would like to meet him."

Saw He Was Wanted and Fled.

Next Dougherty referred to the publication yesterday of the name of a man the police are said to be hunting for on the supposition that he was one of those implicated in the murder of Rosenthal. This man's name as printed was slightly changed, but enough of the real name was left to make it easy for anybody in the underworld to identify him.

"The publication of that man's name, even in a misspelled form," the Deputy Commissioner said, "hurt our case. It made it a great deal more difficult for us to land him by tipping him off to the fact that we were after him. That man can read, and there is no doubt that he saw the story and knew at a glance that he was the person referred to. If I am not badly mistaken he did not lose any time in getting away from New York.

"Suppose that the names of all the persons we have under suspicion were published, would that not make our work all the harder and give the suspect an undue advantage over us? I think it would."

A reporter mentioned that Aaron Levy, attorney for Libby and Shapiro, owners of the big gray auto, had said that he would not talk in the future concerning the Rosenthal case.

"I don't know that there is much more he can say, even if he wants to," said Dougherty. "The fact of the matter is, he about talked his head off yesterday."

There has been a lot of talk around Police Headquarters and in the Criminal Court Building about friction between the District Attorney and the Police Department. Dougherty said these rumors were all wrong and that there was no friction between his department and Mr. Whitman.

"I see District Attorney Whitman every day," said the Deputy Commissioner, "and give to him all the information that I possess. I have seen him every day since Rosenthal was killed, and I shall continued to do so until the case is cleared up. The relations between Mr. Whitman and myself are most friendly and there is absolutely no friction. We are the best of friends."

How He Got the Names.

In the course of his talk with reporters the Deputy Commissioner dropped a remark that led some to think he did not consider that either Shapiro or Libby were parties to the murder conspiracy. Both of these men are now in the Tombs charged with complicity in the crime.

"The peculiar color of the car that was used by the assassins and the fact that the license number was not changed would appear to indicate that those from whom it was hired did not understand the nature of the mission for which it was hired," said Dougherty.

In answer to another question the Deputy Commissioner said that he had information that Jack Rose had met and talked with Sam Paul of the Sam Paul Association on the day before the murder, but he did not appear to consider that fact of much importance.

"In my talk with Shapiro," Dougherty said, "the only name that he mentioned was that of Rose. He described the others, however, and I was able from the descriptions to figure out almost to a certainty who the men were he had in mind. In my talks with Sam Paul I referred to these descriptions and was able to still further strengthen my belief that I had the right men in mind. Then when I got hold of Rose I sprung these names on him as if I knew positively that this and that man was in the car, and he admitted that most of them had been in the car previous to the time he says he left it, a short time before the murder was committed."

"Are you using the dictagraph in your investigation of this case?" the Deputy Commissioner was asked.

"The dictagraph is a pretty fine thing. Mr. Turner can tell you all about it," Dougherty answered with a smile.

"Have your men met any Burns detectives on this case?" was another question put to the Deputy Commissioner.

"No, not so far as I know," he replied.

BECKER PUT ON DESK DUTY.

Waldo Ready to Suspend Him on Evidence That He Knew of the Plot.

Until some evidence is produced tending to show that Lieut. Becker, head of the Strong Arm Squad, knew of a conspiracy to kill Herman Rosenthal, he will not be suspended from the police force. Any evidence going to show such a knowledge on the part of Becker, no matter how remote, will mean the instant suspension of that officer.

This is the attitude assumed by Police Commissioner Waldo, and it can be said on the authority of the Commissioner himself that the moment he receives information actually involving Becker, that moment the officer will be suspended from the force, charges will be preferred against him, and District Attorney Whitman will be notified of what has been done and acquainted with the information on which such action is based.

Lieut. Becker is still, so far as the name goes, a member of the Strong Arm Squad, but for the present his position is not an active one. The duties that formerly devolved upon him have been, since the killing of Rosenthal, transferred to Lieut. Daniel Costigan, who, until further orders, will direct the work of the squad.

Becker, under an order issued by Commissioner Waldo yesterday, is now on duty at Police Headquarters. With four other members of the squad he is clearing up the clerical work that has accumulated from the operations of the Strong Arm Squad. Becker was at his new task all day yesterday.

Becker Quizzed by Dougherty.

In a long statement made to Commissioner Dougherty and taken down by a stenographer, Becker told in detail his movements on the day and night of the Rosenthal murder. One of the places he visited that night was Madison Square Garden, where, in company with a reporter for a morning newspaper, he witnessed a series of boxing bouts. After the bouts he went to another newspaper office to see another reporter and get a copy of the first edition of the newspaper upon which that reporter was employed.

Becker was visited in his office by reporters yesterday. He was not, however, in a talkative mood. He explained that under advice of his counsel he did not consider himself at liberty to talk about the case which has brought him so much notoriety.

All sorts of unverified rumors were current yesterday as to the financial standing of Becker. One report that a man glibly made was that the policeman was worth at least $75,000, and that among his properties was a twenty-five-thousand-dollar home near Edgemere, L. I. Becker's friends denounced both these statements as being without any basis in fact, and they said that instead of being wealthy Becker was in reality a poor man.

That the Police Department is looking into Becker's career, both as a policeman and a private individual, was one of the statements made by Commissioner Waldo yesterday. The Commissioner said the investigation was to be thorough, and that if anything developed that would reflect on Becker he would immediately suspend him from the force and make charges against him.

"So far no evidence that would justify the suspension of Lieut. Becker has been found," said the Commissioner, "and until such evidence is forthcoming it would be manifestly unfair and unjust to take any action against him."

Says Rose Wasn't "Sent For."

Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty, speaking of Lieut. Becker, in a talk with reporters yesterday afternoon, said that it was not true, as had been printed, that Becker was told to bring Jack Rose in and that it was as a result of this order to the former Strong Arm Chief that Rose appeared at Police Headquarters on Thursday and surrendered himself.

"Becker did not receive any such orders, and he did not bring Rose in," said Dougherty. "This should be made plain in justice to Becker. Rose told me that he had been staying at the home of Harry Pollock, the sporting promoter, and that when he read in the newspapers on Thursday that we wanted to see him he decided to come down and surrender, which he did. Rose said that he went to Pollock's last Tuesday morning because, as he put it, he was not feeling very good."

"Have you examined Becker with reference to what he knew about the Rosenthal case?" Commissioner Dougherty was asked.

"I did," he replied, "and he gave me a complete narrative of his movements on the day and night of the crime. I also investigated to find out if Becker and Rose had met on the day before the murder, and I found no evidence that there had been any such meeting."

In his talk with Becker Commissioner Dougherty said, he had questioned the officer from every angle of the case, and that nothing had been developed to suggest that Becker had any guilty knowledge of the conspiracy that was hatched to do away with Rosenthal."

Rose and Becker Not at Rockaway.

According to one story circulated yesterday, Rose's quiet surrender at Police Headquarters Thursday morning and the mysterious absence of Lieut. Becker on Wednesday night, when the suicide stories were afloat, were both explained by the fact that Rose was at the Kuloff in Far Rockaway that night and that Becker went to him there to bid him show up.

This was flatly and vigorously denied yesterday by Becker's lawyer, John W. Hart of 60 Broadway. Mr. Hart said that he knew it was false. In the first place, he said, Becker was with him until a late hour that evening, and he knew where he was after that. And Dougherty says that Rose was at the home of Harry Pollak.

A good friend of Becker's was indignant yesterday at the constant reiteration that Becker was a chum of Jack Rose. Becker knew Rose well enough. The acquaintance was part of his general equipment as head of the Strong Arm Squad.

"Why," said this critic, warmly, "for all that Mayor Gaynor was so shocked to have Becker in Rosenthal's company, it is absolutely necessary that a man in his position should know the leaders in the very field where his work is. A good detective must know crooks, and a lot of them. Becker's acquaintance with Rose was of use to him in his position. He used Rose for the good of the department. Rose gave him information.

"It is as silly for a man to say that Becker should not associate in any way with gamblers as to say that Dougherty shouldn't know the underworld and should work without stool-pigeons. And you can better believe Dougherty prides himself on knowing the underworld as well as any man in New York."

It was pointed out, too, that it would be possible for a man in Rose's position to pose as a collector for Becker and draw a steady income from Rosenthal without Becker ever being the wiser or the richer for it. As for the mortgage, it was said that was Rose's way of securing his investment, dictated by an old distrust of Rosenthal.

State Senator John C. Fitzgerald of New York, a brother-in-law of Big Tim Sullivan, whose friendship Rosenthal boasted of with such fervor and apparent devotion, raised his voice yesterday in a hearty defense of Becker.

"I know that man," he said, "and I am perfectly sure he had no guilty knowledge of the killing of Herman Rosenthal."

NO DOUBT IN GERMANY.

Rosenthal Victim of Our "Shriekingly Scandalous" State.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 19.—The murder of Herman Rosenthal receives unusual space and prominence in the German press, which generally declares that their is no doubt that the crime was instigated, if not carried out, by the police.

"The affair illuminates the shriekingly scandalous conditions in New York," says one newspaper. "The city is sown with gambling hells, which pay millions for police protection."

SUICIDE AFTER $8,500 LOSS.

Israel Gottesmann of St. Louis Still Had Bank Balance of $4,000.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—A man who registered at a hotel here yesterday as Israel Gottesmann, said to be connected with a woolen company in St. Louis, was found dead in his room this afternoon. In the apartment was found a bottle that had contained poison.

An investigation, according to the Coroner, has led to the conclusion that Gottesmann came here to collect $8,500 from a Philadelphian, Gottesmann having declared, according to friends, that if he did not get the money he would be financially embarrassed.

The man who is said to have owed the money came into the hotel shortly after the body was found, and when he learned that Gottesmann was dead he became hysterical, and a physician was called in.

Among Gottesmann's effects was found a bankbook of a St. Louis institution showing a balance of more than $4,000; $66 in cash, and promissory notes amounting to $30,000, all of them marked paid.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 19.—At 912 North Ninth Street, where Gottesman owns a large house, a reporter broke the news of his death to his daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel J. Rovics. They said they were convinced Gottesmann had killed himself; that he had told them before he left St. Louis that he might do so, and had left with them papers, written in Hebrew, which he said were to be opened only in case of his death.

"Mr. Gottesmann has another son-in-law in Philadelphia named Nemcof," said Rovics. "Nemcof got in trouble with the authorities over a bankruptcy proceeding and was accused of giving $1,100 to get another man, named Gravich, to leave the State. He was arrested and asked my father-in-law to help him out with bail.

"Gottesmann sent his notes worth $1,600 which were to be used in getting bail. Also he bought some wool from Nemcof for $600. A week or so ago the wool had not come and he decided to go to Philadelphia and see about it. He said if he had been deceived in his son-in-law he would feel inclined to take his own life."

HOTEL MAN ENDS HIS LIFE.

Jacques Hoffer Writes Farewell Note, Then Takes Cyanide.

A maid who found the room of Jacques Hoffer in the Hotel Felix-Portland, 132 West Forty-seventh Street, locked on Thursday and again yesterday afternoon, called the manager, Emil Wahl, and he broke open the door. He found the man dead in bed. A solution of cyanide of potassium, which Hoffer evidently had drunk, was on the dresser near his bed. In the room was a note which read:

> Good-bye, Adele. Hope you will be happy. Life is a dream and I have had a nightmare. You must stick to either your partner or your position. For good or bad we are mated. Do not leave town when things look prosperous. I have had too much of one side of life—to give and not receive.

Mr. Wahl said he knew that Hoffer had been a hotel manager in this city, and that he had not been able to get work after returning two months ago from Cuba, where he had managed a hotel. He said he believed the note left by Hoffer was addressd to his wife, who he had heard lived somewhere near Minneapolis.

Jacques Hoffer was well known in Europe in the hotel business, having been Assistant Manager of the Hotel Cecil in London for some years. Later he was Manager of the Galle Face in Colombo, Ceylon, one of the most famous hotels in the East. He came to this country in 1906, and purchased the Hotel Frederick at Fifty-sixth Street and Broadway, where he married. His bride came from Minneapolis, and he met her at Colombo when she was on her way around the world. Hoffer lost his money at the Frederick, and afterward had a hotel near Seattle.

WATCH MARYLAND LEADERS.

Wilson Men Fear Clark's Friends May Knife the Ticket.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 19.—Original Wilson men in the Maryland Democracy, together with many independent Democrats, are strongly urging that the State campaign should not be turned over to the present Democratic machine without some supervision. This feeling is due to the belief apparently widespread among the Wilson men that the State machine and the Baltimore City machine are ready to knife Wilson.

The State machine and the city machine were for Clark first, last and all the time and the profession of loyalty that now comes from Clark men in control of the party machinery are liberally discounted by the Wilson supporters.

It is suggested that the State and City Committees should be permitted to carry on their campaign just as they have been doing, but that a watchful eye should be kept on them. As a reason why they might throw Wilson down some of his friends say that the old machine has little to hope for from the New Jersey Governor, and that the Clark supporters might sell the State out to Taft.

A plan put forth by Wilson men is to have a separate committee that will go to work in each county and let the State Committee work as it sees fit. It is stated that such a Wilson committee would be able to get men to go on the stump who would not speak under the auspices of the machine.

Accused of Testifying Falsely.

Aaron Waldman, uncle of Louis J. and William J. Kahn, furriers, formerly in business as Kahn Brothers at 135 West Twenty-ninth Street, was arraigned yesterday before Commissioner Shields on the charge of having given false testimony in bankruptcy proceedings. He was held in $2,500 bail for examination.

SHOES ARE GOING UP; AUTO IS THE CAUSE

Twenty Per Cent. Increase in Price of Footwear Announced by Western Manufacturers.

LEATHER SUPPLY IS SCANT

Motor-Car Industry Held Responsible for Shortage of Raw Material—All Grades Are Affected.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Automobiles not content with encroaching upon the domain of the horse will, on or before Sept. 1, have another charge to answer.

The price of shoes is going up, and the automobile is blamed by manufacturers and dealers as being the principal cause of the increase in the price of leather.

Those who have been accustomed to paying $5 a pair for shoes will be compelled to add another dollar to their allowance this year or be content with an inferior quality of footwear. Not only does the raise affect shoes of the $5 variety, but shoes of all grades and prices.

A 20 per cent. rise in price on all shoes on or before Sept. 1 is the word which manufacturers are sending out to wholesalers and retailers.

"We find that since Jan. 1, 1908, the cost of leather has increased 72 per cent.," said one manufacturer to-day. "The price of shoes has been raised from time to time to keep pace with this increase in the cost of leather, but another boost to the shoe price is now due.

"There are many reasons for this increased price of leather, but the popularity of the automobile is one of the principal causes. The average man does not know how many sides of leather are being used to-day in the manufacture of automobiles. The great trouble is that the uses for leather are increasing daily, and the supply of the raw material is decreasing. The large ranges of the West are being cut up into small farms, and the owner is now raising cereals instead of cattle and sheep."

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 19.—Although word comes from Chicago that the prices on shoes of all grades are to be raised 20 per cent., no increase in prices is imminent in New England, according to leaders of the industry, chiefly because the advance has already come here, and for the most part in a disguised form. The purchaser has been paying the same amount of money but getting a poorer shoe.

Elmer J. Bliss, a leading manufacturer, thinks it time that the public was aware of this and made to understand that to get a really high grade of shoe the higher price must be paid.

"Manufacturers and retailers," he said to-night, "are at present fooling the public in selling at a real advance. They are selling poorer grades of shoes at what were formerly the highest grade prices. The advance had to come, for the price of leather has been driven up steadily, but it is time that the public should understand just how things are done."

Henry F. Hagan, a prominent Boston retailer, confirmed this, and added, "But at that, the public is getting a better value for money invested in shoes than was the case 15 years ago. The shoe is better made and better finished. The real advance in price and falling back in grade dates from two years ago.

"As to the possibility of a general advance in prices, I fear there is no such good news. The retailers ought to get more, but unless the price is run up considerably by wholesalers no sudden jump is probable."

Charles H. Jones, prominent in the National Boot and Shoe Manufacturers Association, said he knew of no movement to make a sudden advance in this section of the country.

"There has been a steady advance extending over a considerable time," he said.

RUNAWAY SCARES BROKERS.

Curb Men Clear the Way for Truck Horses in Broad Street.

There was a panic among the Curb brokers in Broad Street yesterday that was not due to any spectacular activity on the part of the stocks traded in there, but to a runaway team of truck horses. Business was suspended as the horses ran up from Beaver Street, and the brokers scrambled for the sidewalk as the horses bore down upon the ropes that mark off the inclosure. The horses got tangled in the ropes, and were easily stopped by Traffic Policeman Rohrs and Policeman Trainor of the Old Slip Station.

The runaway started in Beaver Street, wheer the horses, driven by John Farrentino, became frightened and bolted. Farrentino was thrown over the front of the truck. He struck the pole, breaking it, and fell between the horses, one of which kicked him in the neck. He was taken to a hospital.

OUR ATHLETES IN BERLIN.

Thirteen Members of Olympic Team Will Take Part in Games There.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 19.—Berliners will have an opportunity to see some of America's Olympic winners in action at athletic games on Sunday at the Berlin Sport Club.

Thirteen members of the American team arrived in the city to-day, including Meredith, Sheppard, Lippincott, Babcock, Rose, and Berna, all of whom have accepted invitations to compete. Craig is also expected, provided he recovers sufficiently from his wrenched muscle.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, July 19.—F. W. Parker, chief advisory coach of the English Amateur Athletic Association, has returned to London from Stockholm. In an interview, he made no secret of his opinion that the English team was a sad lot. He said in part:

"We had to buy our experience. I think there is no doubt that we will do better in future. Taken all around, our fellows trained carefully, but they did not exercise the same self-denial as the Americans. Some of them ate twice as much at Stockholm as they would have done at home.

"The Americans were trained to the hour. They were a team of world beaters, and looked it.

"If we are to do any good work in Berlin in 1916, we must systematize our training and build up a team gradually. A few months is not enough; it is a work of years.

"The matter of money must not be forgotten. America had $125,000 to spend on their athletes. We had $1,000."

STOCKHOLM, July 19.—In the final heat of the single sculls in the rowing regatta of the Olympic games to-day Kinnear of England defeated Veirman of Belgium by four lengths. His time was 7 minutes 47 3-10 seconds.

In the final heat for out-rigged four-oared boats the Ludwigshafen four beat the crew of the Thames Rowing Club by two and one-half lengths in 6 minutes 59 2-5 seconds.

In the final of the eight-oared outriggers the Leander crew defeated New College, Oxford, by one length, in 6 minutes 15 7-10 seconds.

In the semi-final this morning between Leander and Berlin, the boats were on even terms for a quarter of the distance, but at the half the Britishers assumed the lead, which they held until the end, winning by half a length in 6 minutes 16 1-5 seconds.

IRISH RUSH TO DUCK THE SUFFRAGETTES

Continued from Page 1.

mittee of the National Union of Women's Suffrage Societies, which consists of more than 200 societies in Great Britain, whose object is to obtain the parliamentary franchise for women, issued a protest to-day against the militant tactics of the Women's Social and Political Union, of which Mrs. Pankhurst is the founder. Mrs. Fawcett appeals to the members of the militant body to stop their acts of violence, which are bound to be disastrous to the cause.

Mrs. Fawcett points out that success seems only to be a question of the wisdom and statesmanship of the suffragiste, and that their best friends are convinced that militancy is doing the greatest harm to the cause. Evidently having in mind the recent incidents at Nuneham Park, when an attempt was made to burn the residence of Lewis Harcourt, Secretary of State for the Colonies, and at Dublin, Mrs. Fawcett adds that when violence is resorted to it leads to crimes undreamed of at the beginning.

WOMEN IN PERUVIAN POLITICS.

Clubs Are Formed for the First Time in the Country's History.

LIMA, July 19.—For the first time in the history of Peru several women's political clubs have been formed. The new political associations of women favor the candidacy of Mayor Billinghurst of Lima for the Presidency of the republic.

The women, after marching through the streets, visited the residence of the Mayor, who, in a speech, thanked the marchers and praised the activity of the feminine element.

The movement has received an enthusiastic reception from the population of Lima.

TO MAKE IT EASY TO ENJOIN TRUSTS

Continued from Page 1.

anti-trust law that is needed to make it entirely effective in addition to the other important amendment of the law which the committee will recommend.

Another amendment contains the provision for the divorce of production from transportation. It stipulates specifically that no corporation engaged in mining of any sort shall own or control, either directly or indirectly, any railroad or steamship line. This recommendation is based on the findings of fact as to the control by the Steel Corporation over certain railroads leading into the Mesaba Range of iron ores.

Still another section of one of the bills recommended by the committee for new legislation proposes to make it unlawful for the Directors of any corporation engaged in the manufacture of steel rails or other steel products used by the railroads to be also Directors of any railroad corporation. This recommendation is intended to reach and wholly stamp out the present system of interlocking Directorates. The report of the committee deals with this subject in extenso, and regards it as of the utmost importance in the proposed regulation of "big business."

Second only in importance to the proposed change in the Sherman law to allow injured parties to institute equity suits against industrial combinations is the proposed Sherman law change dealing with the question of reasonableness of the alleged restraint of trade. This plan, wholly aside from the findings of the Stanley Committee on the steel situation, was projected prominently into political discussions last year by the decisions of the Supreme Court in the Tobacco Trust and Standard Oil cases. Some lawyers contend that the effect of those decisions has been the insertion by judicial construction, of the word "unreasonable" before the term "restraint of trade" in the Sherman law; that restraint of trade to be reached by the Sherman law must be "unreasonable."

The change in the law proposed by the committee has been so drafted by the Democratic members that, in their opinion, it will remove all doubt as to the meaning of the intent of the Sherman law on this point, placing, in every instance, upon the defendant corporation the burden of proof to show "reasonableness" of the restraint of trade.

It provides that the presumption in every case of a suit under the Sherman law is to be that the alleged restraint of trade is unreasonable and would put it up to the defendant corporation to prove otherwise.

The Stanley report makes brief reference, in this connection to the "so-called" dissolution of the Standard Oil and American Tobacco Companies and takes the position that these dissolutions were not effective and have been of practically no benefit to the independents.

Concerning the proposed Sherman law intended to give injured persons the right to institute equity suits against alleged violators of the Sherman law, Representative Littleton said:

"The provision authorizing parties who have been damaged to go into a court of equity and recover is highly important. It is alleged that many firms and corporations were driven out of business by the American Tobacco Company. Under the present law these firms and corporations have no means of redress. They could merely complain to the Attorney General, who might institute suit or not. If he refused, the injured firms or corporations had no recourse. We propose an amendment to the law whereby persons or firms injured by the operations of restraints of trade shall be able to recover in courts of equity."

The Stanley report contains an elaborate chapter on the now famous Gary dinners. The conclusion of the committee is that Steel Trust officials, despite their assertions to the contrary, exercise a large influence in the fixing of prices of steel and iron products through these social functions. This was done, the committee believes, by mutual interchange of ideas at these dinners arranged by Judge Gary of the Steel Corporation.

The report quotes from speeches made by Judge Gary and others at these dinners to support the contention of the committee that while iron and steel prices were not fixed under the hard and fast terms of binding written agreements that understandings were nevertheless reached at many "delightful" dinners and luncheons at which Judge Gary appeared as host, through which prices were fixed.

In the same connection the Stanley report points out that the cut in the prices of iron and steel products made by the Republic Iron and Steel Company, a concern that was at the time controlled by the late John W. Gates, was promptly met by the United States Steel Corporation with a reduction in its prices, following a Gary luncheon held in New York City.

The chapter of the report dealing with the absorption of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company has been much shortened, and has been subordinated in the revised form of the report as agreed upon by the Democrats. Much has been eliminated from the tentative copy as drafted by Chairman Stanley and submitted by him to the other members of the committee. While the discussion of this feature of the report was in nowise unfriendly among the Democrats on the committee, it was learned to-night that vigorous objections were made by some of Mr. Stanley's colleagues to the tone of this chapter. Criticism was made that the Chairman, in a desire to form a political chapter in the report dealing with Col. Roosevelt's share in the Tennessee Coal and Iron transaction and designated to embarrass the former President, indulged in too much flamboyant rhetoric and glossed over the facts.

Whatever the conclusions of the committee on this chapter, which is still under consideration, it is known that the leading lawyers of the committee are not in accord on the contention so often made that President Roosevelt was guilty of evasion, if not violation of the law, when he acquiesced in the merger of the two great steel corporations.

The majority members of the committee held a long meeting lasting till midnight to-night, but failed to reach an agreement on their final report to Congress, the chief contention existing over the section dealing with the Tennessee Coal absorption Representative Littleton of New York was reported to be particularly opposed to some of the Chairman's conclusions.

COFFEY ESTATE SHRINKS.

At First Estimated at $2,000,000, Now Appraised at $450,000.

Heirs of the estate of ex-State Senator Michael J. Coffey of Brooklyn, one of the "Big Four," who dominated Democratic politics in Kings County in the days of "Boss" McLaughlin, were surprised to learn yesterday that the estimate of his fortune, nearly $2,000,000 when he died, had shrunk to $450,000, according to a final accounting filed in Surrogate Ketcham's office by Park Commissioner Michael J. Kennedy, the executor.

Coffey died on March 22, 1907. By the terms of his will, which was filed for probate a month later, provisions were made for trust funds for a few friends, and for leaving the residue to his sons and daughters.

Mr. Kennedy found the estate in a chaotic condition. There were debts outstanding which totaled $450,827. Coffey had claims against his associates in business ventures amounting to $450,977, but it appears that litigation over these is still pending. At any rate, the executor had not been able to collect on them. All that he could find at hand was some jewelry, his house furniture, which was later sold for $175, and a piano which brought $125. This is all the ready cash he could get to pay claims against the estate amounting to $450,827.

With the final accounting an objection of J. Benedict Roache, a creditor, was filed against the report of the executor. Roache says the accounting does not include a report of Bay Ridge property in which the testator invested $170,000. Roache also asks that the executor be surcharged with $1,000,000 for failing to prosecute the claims of the testator's estate against others. Besides the claims of $450,377, which Roache asserted was due the estate of ex-Senator Coffey, the latter is alleged to have claims against Patrick H. Flynn for several thousand dollars for his interest in certain projects in which both were interested.

A hearing will be held before Surrogate Ketcham in the Fall.

Dictate to the Coal Dealer:

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Rock Island

ARCHBALD HAS UNTIL JULY 29 TO PLEAD

Senate Fixes Time Limit for Federal Judge to Answer Charges Impeaching Him.

DATE FOR TRIAL LEFT OPEN

House Managers Must File Reply to Defendant's Response Before Aug. 3—Jurist Present in Chamber.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Judge Robert W. Archbald of the United States Commerce Court, charged with misconduct by the House of Representatives, appeared before the Impeachment Court of the Senate to-day. It was agreed that he should have until July 29 to answer the impeachment charges made against him.

In the thirty-five minutes that he sat in the Senate while the preliminary arrangements for his trial were being made Judge Archbald took no personal part in the proceedings. His attorney, A. S. Worthington of Washington, conducted affairs for him, aided by his son and associate attorney, Robert W. Archbald, Jr., of Philadelphia. The managers on the part of the House are required to file their reply to Judge Archbald's answer by Aug. 1, and all pleadings in the case must be completed by Aug. 3.

The time for the opening of the impeachment trial itself remains a subject of wide division in the Senate. Senator Bailey, in the proceedings of the Impeachment Court to-day, asserted his determination to urge an immediate trial.

"The reasons why the case should be speedily disposed of are obvious," said Senator Bailey to-night. "Judge Archbald is sitting on the bench, and he ought to be relieved at once of the charges against him or of the duties of his judicial office. The Senate should act promptly on the charges made by the House, and I am going to insist on action before adjournment."

Notwithstanding this attitude on the part of Senator Bailey, which is shared by Senators Reed, Simmons, and some other Democrats, the majority of the Senate, including many Democrats, favor the continuance of the case until November.

When the House managers, led by Representative Henry D. Clayton, appeared at the Senate door they were announced by the assistant doorkeeper. A moment later Judge Archbald, his son, and his attorney were ushered in. Two of the attorneys did not appear at the opening of the trial.

The Judge followed the announcements of the secretary with close attention. As Sergeant at Arms Ransdell made the formal proclamation: "Robert W. Archbald, appear and answer the charges made against you," Judge Archbald leaned forward to listen. Mr. Worthington arose and said that the "respondent is present in person to answer."

Mr. Worthington then submitted a motion for time in which to prepare and submit his answer. It named no date. Senator Clark of Wyoming immediately offered an order to fix the date of answer at July 24.

"That time seems very short," said Mr. Worthington, "because of the many articles that appear in the document."

Mr. Worthington added that Attorneys Martin and Price, now ill, had aided Judge Archbald in the case, and time should be allowed them to recover. He asked for twenty days.

Mr. Clayton objected to any delay beyond four or five days.

"This matter of the impeachment of Judge Archbald had thorough sifting before the House Committee on Judiciary," he said.

Mr. Worthington replied that many things in the charges had come as a surprise both to Judge Archbald and himself, and that the time proposed in which Judge Archbald should answer was shorter than usually given.

Senator McCumber proposed to extend the time to July 31, but Representative Clayton insisted, for the managers, upon July 24. Senator Lodge suggested Monday, July 29. Mr. Clayton also opposed that.

"If the answer in this case were purely formal we could make it now by saying 'not guilty,'" interrupted Mr. Worthington; "but the practice has been to answer fully, and that requires time."

Under the rules of the Impeachment Court a roll call was necessary on the motion to extend the time to July 29.

Senator Bailey declared he favored a trial before the Summer adjournment and would urge such action, but said that he favored giving to the attorney for Judge Archbald time to answer the charges.

Mr. Clayton, after a conference with the other House managers, suddenly withdrew his objection to the extension of time. The Senate then ordered Judge Archbald to answer the charges against him Monday, July 29.

The House managers were ordered to present their rebuttal answer Aug. 1, and the limit of time for all supplementary answers was fixed as Aug. 3. At this time the issues in the case will be required to be complete.

The court then rose to resume its sittings Monday, July 29, at 12:30 o'clock. No plan was suggested as to the time when the trial would be taken up.

Naval Constructor Sweeney, Deserter.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Naval Constructor John C. Sweeney, who disappeared from the naval station on Puget Sound on June 6, 1910, was officially declared a deserter to-day by an order issued by Acting Secretary of the Navy Winthrop. It was at one time believed that Sweeney might have met an accidental death, but information reached the department that he was in Calgary, Canada, last June.

May Smooth Diplomatic Tangle.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The arrival in New York yesterday of James T. Du Bois, American Minister to Colombia, leads to the suggestion that his visit, while he is nominally on leave of absence, may have something to do with an effort to relieve the strained situation between the two countries, the result of the separation of Panama from Colombia. Minister Du Bois is expected in Washington for conferences at the State Department.

M'COMBS COMES TO PICK HEADQUARTERS

Departs from Sea Girt After First Meeting of Wilson Committee to Start Campaign.

NOT DRAWN BY THE COLONEL

Committee at the Right Time Will Answer "His Bludgeon with a Scimitar"—McAdoo for Vice Chairman.

Special to The New York Times.

SEA GIRT, N. J., July 19.—While the newly appointed Democratic National Campaign Committee, with Col. W. F. McCombs at its head and Senator Gore of Oklahoma as its most seasoned field general, was engaged to-day in drawing up a plan for the Wilson campaign for the Presidency, the first direct blast from the enemy came to its attention.

The blast came from Col. Roosevelt, who is considered here the real antagonist of Gov. Wilson, and not from Washington, where President Taft is awaiting the formal notification that he is the Republican nominee. "A man of a soft life," was one of the Colonel's phrases in an article in The Outlook that attracted the Campaign Committee's notice, and "nominated by bosses" was another, while his references to the "connivance of Taggart and Sullivan and Murphy" did not go unnoticed. This assault of the Colonel upon the Democratic nominee caused a temporary halt in the committee's deliberations. It paused to decide whether or not to accept the Colonel's challenge by making a reply to his attack.

One member of the committee, after considering the Colonel's words, arose in his place at the council table and said:

"This man comes at us with his favorite weapon—the bludgeon. Very well. At the proper time we shall have to attend to him. We shall have to teach him that, as compared to the bludgeon, the scimitar is a weapon of many manifest advantages."

Won't Discuss Roosevelt Attack.

This reference to Col. Roosevelt's attack in The Outlook upon Gov. Wilson was the only one made by Gov. Wilson's advisers. Each member of the Campaign Committee refused to discuss the article for publication, and Gov. Wilson also refused to talk about it. It is known that Gov. Wilson's policy is to keep out of personal controversies. He will make his views on important public questions known through the medium of set speeches at infrequent intervals. His present policy toward Col. Roosevelt is said to be the outgrowth of a conviction on his part that there is no need for him to be drawn into any political discussion prior to Aug. 7, when he will make his speech accepting the nomination.

Gov. Wilson did not participate in the first meeting of the Campaign Committee after its organization. The committee met in the new Monmouth Hotel, in the near-by village of Spring Lake, at 10 o'clock in the morning, and upon its adjournment at noon Col. McCombs was sent to New York with orders to hire headquarters and prepare for an aggressive campaign. He made an appointment to meet Norman E. Mack, his predecessor as Chairman of the National Committee, to obtain possession of the committee's records and such information as the retiring leader might have for him.

At the first meeting all the members of the committee who attended at its organization in Gov. Wilson's library on Thursday evening were present except William G. McAdoo. Mr. McAdoo sent word that he was detained in New York and could not attend. The committee took up first the question of selecting a Chairman of the Finance Committee, then of naming a Treasurer for the National Committee and of the Campaign Committee, and, finally, the matter of organizing various sub-committees to participate in the general management of the campaign. It was reported that William G. McAdoo was selected as Vice Chairman of the National Committee and also of the Campaign Committee.

Pick McAdoo for Cabinet Place.

Those acquainted with Gov. Wilson and familiar with his attitude toward Mr. McAdoo feel certain that, whatever place he fills in the campaign organization, he will be Gov. Wilson's principal adviser. He has already been picked for a place of high importance in the President's Cabinet, should Gov. Wilson be elected. Mr. McAdoo has no wish to be counted as merely a man of finance. This much was made certain this morning, when all mention of his name as Treasurer of the National Committee and of the Campaign Committee was dropped, and he was spoken of as the probable Vice Chairman of the National Committee.

For Chairman of the Finance Committee and Treasurer of the National Committee four names were considered to-day, with Herman Ridder, the present Treasurer, as a favorite. It was said that Mr. Ridder intended to present to the Congressional investigating committee at Washington, before whom he has been called to testify, a detailed account of the expenses of the last Democratic campaign, which will prove to be a great campaign document.

Mr. Ridder, it was said, had kept very close records, and would go before the committee prepared to show every cent taken in, with full particulars as to its source, and every cent disbursed from the date of the convention until the votes were counted in November.

In addition to Mr. Ridder, three other well-known Democratic leaders were discussed for the place of Treasurer. They were Nathan Straus, Henry Morgenthau, and John D. Crimmins of New York. Mr. Straus, it was said, could have the place if he wanted it, but his friends explained that he was in Europe and that his poor health would make it unkind to ask him to undertake so difficult a task. The matter of the Treasurership and the organization of the Finance Committee went over for consideration at a series of informal conferences to be held next week in the Hotel Knickerbocker in New York or in the National headquarters, provided they are open in time.

Col. McCombs, before taking a train for New York, conferred for a short time with Gov. Wilson. It was the Governor's only conference with any of his advisers in the day.

The personal headquarters of Col. McCombs in New York until further notice will be the Hotel Knickerbocker. Other members of the Campaign Committee will stay at the Martinique, and in these two hotels most of the preliminary conferences of the campaign will be held.

Joseph E. Davies of Wisconsin, the youngest member of the Campaign Committee and its Secretary, went to New York with Col. McCombs. Mr. Davies does not expect to see his Wisconsin home again until after the snow flies in New York and the ballots are counted and the result known. He has engaged a suite of rooms at the Hotel Knickerbocker, adjoining those to be occupied by National Chairman McCombs, and he will stay constantly on duty in New York from now on.

A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania returned to his native State after the committee meeting closed to-day, but he will go to New York on Monday for a campaign conference. Senator O'Gorman departed for Washington, while Josephus Daniels of North Carolina, Willard Saulsbury of Delaware, and Robert S. Hudspeth of New Jersey departed for New York, where they will stay until the campaign is fully organized.

For Gov. Wilson the day was one of unusual quiet; and he was fortunate enough to obtain a few minutes of rest in the afternoon to prepare himself to receive to-morrow the 230 Democratic members of Congress. The Congressmen will arrive in their own special train at 1:15 o'clock in the afternoon, and they will depart at 5:40 o'clock. Gov. Wilson was much pleased to hear that Speaker Champ Clark had announced his intention of coming to Sea Girt at the head of the Congressional visitors.

Thomas Calls on the Governor.

This morning Augustus Thomas, once a page in the House of Representatives, later a railroad brakeman, and now a distinguished playwright, spent an hour in conference with Gov. Wilson. Mr. Thomas, in addition to writing plays, has taken an active part in Democratic campaigns as a speaker, and talked over with Gov. Wilson the candidate's speaking trips.

After his conference with the Governor, Mr. Thomas told other visitors to Sea Girt anecdotes of his early career as a railroad brakeman. He said he was going to take the stump for Gov. Wilson as soon as he could clear up his other work. From Virginia a delegation arrived consisting of Richard E. Byrd, Speaker of the Virginia House of Delegates; Harry St. George Tucker, who was President of the Jamestown Exposition and is now a candidate for Governor of Virginia, and Congressman W. A. Jones. They discussed the Insular bill now pending in Congress, the subject being one of special interest to Congressman Jones, as he is Chairman of the committee having the bill in charge.

Mayor James H. Preston of Baltimore, who was a candidate for the nomination for Vice President at the Democratic Convention, called to see Gov. Wilson. His visit was merely to assure the Governor of his support, it was said.

After nightfall an hour's diversion was furnished to Gov. Wilson and his family by a moving-picture man, who exhibited a film made several days ago at Sea Girt. Gov. Wilson saw himself as he walked briskly across the lawn and afterward in conversation with reporters in the press tent and with political visitors on his lawn.

"I walk just like my brother," was the Governor's comment on the way the machine showed him. He saw the pictures in company with Henry Breckenridge of Kentucky and Gen. Bird S. Spencer, who is in charge of the rifle practice of the Jersey Guardsmen. Mrs. Wilson, worn out with the incessant round of entertainments which have occurred since Gov. Wilson was nominated, was confined to her room for the day under the care of a physician. It was said that Mrs. Wilson was not seriously ill and expected to meet the Congressional visitors when they arrive to-morrow afternoon.

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IDAHO DEMOCRATS SPLIT.

Clark's Friends Still Strong There—Taft's Chances Good.

Special to The New York Times.

BOISE, Idaho, July 19.—The Democratic Party in Idaho is far from united on Wilson. The sentiment in favor of Clark was very pronounced, and the convention that sent delegates to Baltimore unanimously instructed for him. If it were not for the part Bryan played in bringing about Wilson's nomination there would be an open revolt, for Bryan is an influential figure with Idaho Democrats.

There is a strong undercurrent of opposition, partly from the Clark side and partly from the conservatives, who will vote for Taft. This was indicated when Gov. Hawley, candidate for re-election, submitted the names of five Democrats, any one of whom would be satisfactory to him for State Chairman.

Four of them declined to serve, stating they intended to vote for Taft. The President would carry Idaho, probably, unless a Roosevelt ticket should be put in the field, when the result would be in doubt, with the chances favoring Wilson.

DEMOCRATS SPLIT IN NEWARK.

Wilson League Decides to Put Up Separate County Ticket.

At a long and turbulent meeting of the Woodrow Wilson League in Newark last night it was decided to put a full county ticket in the field this Fall, and to fight the regular Democratic organization. The regular leaders, especially ex-Senator James Smith, Jr., and ex-State Chairman James R. Nugent, were attacked in the discussions. In an attack on Smith and Nugent, Joshua Brierly referred to them as "political Popes." Several Catholics in the meeting at once protested against this.

Thomas F. Durning, Chairman of the meeting had difficulty in restoring quiet. He sought to have Brierly amend his remarks and the latter declared that he meant no reflection upon Catholics or the Catholic Church, but intended only to emphasize the fact that if anything was wanted in Essex County, those wanting it had to go down on their knees before Smith and Nugent."

Despite the recent declarations by Nugent and other regular organization men that Gov. Wilson would have their backing in the election, the Wilson supporters indicated their disbelief in their sincerity by deciding to put up their own ticket.

Campaign Cabinet Tries to Pick Advisers.

Photographed at Headquarters in the Times Building Yesterday.

From Left to Right the Men Are Senator Saunders of Tennessee, F. W. Estabrook of New Hampshire, C. B. Adams of Iowa, T. K. Niedringhaus of Missouri, Alvah H. Martin of Virginia, R. O. West of Illinois, C. B. Warren of Michigan, Secretary J. B. Reynolds, and Chairman Charles D. Hilles.

The sub-committee on plan and scope appointed by the Republican National Committee labored for eight hours yesterday in an attempt to select an Executive Committee, an advisory committee, and a treasurer for the campaign of President Taft. Then the ticket was left uncompleted. The committee will meet again to-day. Charles D. Hilles, Chairman of the National Committee, said last night that he hoped to be able to announce the make-up of the Executive Committee before the day was done.

When the committee left off last night the plans were as yet so indefinite that Mr. Hilles declared it out of question to give even a suggestion as to how the membership of the two committees would be composed. As for the prospective Treasurer, all Mr. Hilles could say was that in all probability he would be a New York man.

Otto T. Bannard would have been chosen if it had been possible for him to take up the work. But Mr. Bannard is going abroad in a few days. George R. Sheldon, who has shouldered the exacting work of raising funds for the two last campaigns, has asked also that he be permitted to step aside.

Both the Executive Committee and the advisory committee in this campaign will be somewhat larger than in any recent campaign. The Executive Committee will be composed of twelve members with Mr. Hilles as Chairman. On the advisory committee there will be in all probability two or three members of the National Committee, with a sufficient number of Republicans of standing who are not members of the National Committee to bring the total membership up to eighteen.

"We want to organize our work along business lines," said Mr. Hilles last night. "There probably will be three headquarters, one here, one in Chicago, and one on the Pacific Coast. It is our plan to divide the Executive and advisory committees into groups and assign one group to each headquarters, taking heed of course of geographical lines."

The sub-committee assembled at 10:30 A. M. yesterday at the Times Building headquarters of the National Committee and remained behind closed doors until after 1 o'clock in the afternoon, when a recess was taken for luncheon. The members then went across to the Hotel Knickerbocker, where they conferred until 6 o'clock. The members of the sub-committee are Gen. Powell Clayton of Arkansas, Chairman; Thomas K. Niedringhaus of Missouri, Alvah H. Martin of Virginia, John J. Adams of Iowa, Samuel A. Perkins of Washington, Roy O. West of Illinois, Frank W. Estabrook of New Hampshire, Newell Sanders of Tennessee, and C. B. Warren of Michigan.

It was announced yesterday that Lee McNeeley, private secretary to the late Senator Allison of Iowa, had accepted the position of private secretary to Chairman Hilles.

TO URGE TAFT CAUSE BEFORE CONGRESS

Speeches Defending Method of Chicago Nomination to be Made in Both Branches.

ROOT IS SENATE SPOKESMAN

Oratory to be Printed as Campaign Document — Ex-Senator Mason Pledges Illinois for President.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—President Taft and his campaign advisers have decided to do everything in their power to get before the country their side of the contested delegate cases settled by the National Committee in Chicago. In an unusual manner, the whole matter will be taken before Congress, and in both houses prominent supporters of the President will speak in behalf of the justice of the action of the National Committee as it was ratified later by the convention.

Senator Root of New York has been asked to present the President's case in the Senate, and he is expected to do so. Mr. Root was first Temporary and then Permanent Chairman of the convention, and is thoroughly conversant with the course of events leading up to Mr. Taft's renomination. It is said in some quarters that Mr. Root's quasi-judicial position then as presiding officer over the great fight makes him reluctant now to take sides, and his health is advanced as another objection. But the President's friends to-day said they thought in the end he would make the effort.

In the House the President's fight will be waged by Representatives Bartholdt of Missouri and Mondell of Wyoming, with perhaps some others. Mr. Mondell is a straightout reactionary, and sat on the National Committee in his own right. He was, besides, a member of the Credentials Committee, and will discuss particularly that committee's work in seating Taft delegates. Mr. Bartholdt is also of the conservative complexion, and he sat in the committee under proxy of Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel. Their speeches will be available under frank as campaign material.

Roosevelt Camp Is Worried.

This plan of the Taft leaders came to light to-day through the suspicions of the small Roosevelt following in both houses. They at once took the alarm and threatened all sorts of retaliation. Mr. Norris of Nebraska said he would even make a speech himself rather than let the Taft side go unanswered.

In the Senate, it is said that Mr. Clapp of Minnesota and Mr. Bristow of Kansas are expected to come to the rescue of the Colonel's fortunes. Mr. Poindexter of Washington, the only other Roosevelt man in the Chamber, may also speak, though what headway these gentlemen can make against Mr. Root reduces itself already to a matter of mathematics.

Of course, these speeches will lead to no expression of Congressional opinion in any sort of vote, as the Democrats would gleefully vote both ways and laugh at the muddle which would ensue. But the speeches will serve to start a campaign of publicity which the President expects to wage to clear his candidacy of the charge of fraud brought against it by Col. Roosevelt and Senator Dixon.

The war will not be entirely defensive. Mr. Root, it is understood, is prepared to charge the intent of fraud against Col. Roosevelt's managers almost in their own words. He will point out how the contests in most of the 252 cases were so flimsy and so fraudulent that in many of them the Roosevelt sympathizers on the committee voted against them.

While Mr. Root's personal friendship for the Colonel may restrain him, it is suggested that he might also refer to the fact that when some of the contests were reported against the Colonel the sage of Oyster Bay drew out a notebook to show that he was not downcast and pointed out that the contests in question he had marked in advance against himself.

The formal answer to all the charges of stolen delegates that is now being prepared by ex-Senator Dick of Ohio, who managed the President's side of the contests before the two committees, is almost ready for publication. A summary of the statement of about 4,000 words in length will soon be given to the press, and the defense in full will be printed in volume form as a campaign document for the instruction of the Taft orators.

Promises Illinois for Taft.

"We are going to carry Illinois for Taft and the Republican ticket on the tariff issue—the tariff-for-revenue plank of the Democratic platform," said ex-Senator Mason of Illinois at the White House to-day. Mr. Mason was nominated in the Illinois primaries for Representative at Large from Illinois, and says he expects to be elected.

"The Democrats always win in the Summer and lose in the Fall," went on Mr. Mason, "but on the tariff issue—that of protection to American industries and workingmen—they cannot carry Illinois."

Mr. Mason said there was no trouble in Illinois over the Republican Electors. The Illinois Republicans took the trouble to see that men of the right faith were nominated as Electors. The Roosevelt people will be compelled to put their own ticket of Electors in the field if they wish to make a contest there, Mr. Mason said.

Mr. Mason is to have another talk with President Taft as to the situation in Illinois. The White House to-day received, addressed to Charles D. Hilles, a one-dollar bill from a minister in New York State. The minister offered the money as a contribution to help in the re-election of President Taft. He said it was all he could spare, but that he thought the country should awaken to a spirit of fair treatment for the President and bring about his re-election.

President Taft, in a speech in the East Room of the White House to a delegation from the National Civil and Political Negro League, to-day publicly acknowledged his debt of gratitude to the negro delegates to the Republican National Convention, pledged and instructed for him, who stood with the Taft forces through the fight.

"I want to say to you," said the President, "how much I appreciate your standing firm in my behalf at a time when it was intimated to the country that we could not depend upon you. You demonstrated there your appreciation of the accomplishments of the Republican Party for your race in the past and your abiding faith in its future friendships; you stood like solid rock."

Mr. Taft on Lynchings.

The delegation presented resolutions to the President asking for the restoration of the battalion of the Twenty-fifth Infantry which was involved in the Brownsville affair and urging him to recommend a Federal statute against lynching. Mr. Taft said in reply that he had done everything possible under the law in regard to the Twenty-fifth Infantry. He deplored lynchings, he said, but did not believe that the Federal Government could interfered with the States in criminal cases.

"I say to you, gentlemen," the President added, "that a man who has been engaged in a lynching within the Federal jurisdiction who comes up to me for Executive clemency will have his petition received with that feeling on my part that there is no crime that ought to be more severely punished and more completely condemned."

TWO ROOSEVELT DELEGATIONS.

Half a Vote, Maybe, for Each Delegate, So Everybody Can Go.

To swell the official attendance of the Bull Moose Convention in Chicago, and to make a better showing, the leaders are now considering the idea of a double set of delegates and alternates from this State, with half a vote each. Similar action will be taken in some of the other States.

Chairman William H. Hotchkiss, Oscar S. Straus, Timothy L. Woodruff, and William Halpin had a conference on the subject last night at the Metropolitan Tower headquarters of the new movement.

"It has not been decided, but it may be done," said Mr. Hotchkiss. "We will probably reach a conclusion to-morrow. The reason for sending a double delegation is that so many of the influential men who have joined hands with us in this movement are anxious to attend in an official capacity this first convention of the new Progressive Party."

Mr. Hotchkiss appointed some new County Chairmen yesterday. The list as made public last night follows:

Rockland County, Benjamin Moffitt, Jr., of Sterlington; Albany County, Walter E. Ward of Albany; Sullivan County, D. J. Ellison of Liberty; Fulton and Hamilton Counties, Hubert J. Clifford of Gloversville.

Senator Dixon, head of the National campaign, left here last night for Jackson, Mich., where he will make a speech to-morrow at the State Convention of the National Progressives "under the oaks," the spot made historic from the fact that the Republican Party was born there on July 6, 1854.

TO ENJOIN TAFT MEN.

Gov. Stubbs Starts Action in Behalf of Roosevelt Electors.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 19.—Acting under instructions from Gov. Stubbs, the Attorney General to-day filed in the State Supreme Court application for a writ of mandamus to compel County Clerks to prepare their primary ballots for the election of Aug. 6 and to prevent the adherents of President Taft from hindering the work by injunction proceedings. The court set the hearing of the case for to-morrow morning.

The petition is a general denial of the charges brought against the Roosevelt Presidential Electors, including the complaint that signatures to the nomination [illegible] re obtained by fraud.

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See Time Table

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McCALL TO RUN FOR SENATE.

Congressman Announces Retirement as Representative from Bay State.

BOSTON, July 19.—The retirement of Congressman Samuel W. McCall of Winchester, from further Congressional honors in the Eighth District was announced to-night. Mr. McCall, who will be a candidate for the United States Senate, in a statement addressed to the voters of his district, says:

"I have decided not to be a candidate for the House of Representatives at the approaching election. I have an ambition, not unworthy, I trust, to serve you in another capacity, concerning which I shall make a definite announcement at a suitable time. But, apart from that, after the strain of twenty years' continuous service in a great popular assembly like the National House of Representatives, I should feel quite disposed to ask you not to consider me in selecting your representative."

DENEEN TO REPLY TUESDAY.

Illinois Governor Will Tell Just How He Feels Toward Roosevelt.

CHICAGO, July 19.—With 10 A. M. Monday at Springfield fixed by Gov. Deneen as the time and place for receiving a committee of Roosevelt supporters appointed to ask him concerning his attitude toward the Presidential candidates, it was announced at Progressive headquarters here to-day that whether a third party ticket is to be put out in Illinois would remain unsettled until next week. The Governor's answer, if he gives any, is to be made public by next Tuesday.

Officials at Roosevelt headquarters to-day declared the organization of a third party throughout the State was progressing rapidly.

FORM PARTY UNDER OAKS.

Progressives of Michigan to Begin Fight Where Republicans First Met.

JACKSON, Mich., July 19.—Under the "Oaks in Jackson," where, on July 6, 1854, the Republican Party was born, the first State Progressive Party Convention will be called to order to-morrow. The meeting under the trees will last only a few minutes, and then the convention will adjourn to a hall to carry on its regular business.

Word was received to-day from Senator Joseph Dixon that he would attend the convention. The general impression prevails that a State ticket will not be named. There is agitation afoot, however, to have the convention go on record in favor of Gov. Osborn for another term. The Governor has refused to leave the Republican Party, but Progressives are almost unanimous in the statement that their fight in Michigan State politics would be won easier within the ranks than without.

There is a strong sentiment in some parts of the State for third party nominees straight through the tickeet and a heated contest in the convention is expected.

LAD GOES BACK ON TAFT.

Though Photographed with President, Champion Corn Grower Supports Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 19.—Jerry Moore of Winona, S. C., who is famous as the boy who last year broke the American record for the amount of corn that can be grown on a single acre of land, thereby winning a trip to Washington, where he was photographed with President Taft on the White House steps, has in conjunction with his brother Frank contrubuted $2.50 to the Woodrow Wilson campaign fund.

In sending his contribution to The State the champion corn grower and his brother wrote:

To the Editor of The State:

Please accept our check for $2.50 for the fund you are raising to help elect Gov. Woodrow Wilson President.

We are too young to vote, and this is the only way we can show our interest and help to elect him.

Gov. Wilson is a great scholar, statesman, and Christian citizen, and we do hope he will be elected President.

FRANK AND JERRY MOORE.

P. S.—Can't we have a boys' contributing club?

Winona, S. C., July 10, 1912

Jerry and Frank Moore are both under 16 years of age.

TEXAS ELECTORS STAND PAT.

Col. Lyon Says They Will Vote for Roosevelt—No Third Party.

HOUSTON, Texas, July 19.—Col. Cecil A. Lyon said to-day:

"If there is to be a third party organized in Texas, the men who placed themselves beyond the pale of the Republican organization will have to form it. The supporters of President Taft are the men I refer to.

"I am at the head of the Republican organization in Texas and I intend to stay there. Col. Roosevelt is the Republican nominee for President, and our Texas Electors are already named and instructed for him."

Charles P. Taft Advises the Colonel.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 19.—Charles P. Taft has this editorial comment to-day: "The other day Mr. Roosevelt resigned from the Republican Club of the City of New York, of which he had been a member for twenty-seven years. This was a reasonable and decent thing for a man, who is no longer a Republican, to do. It woul dbe equally reasonable and decent for the Colonel to give up trying to use the Republican name and the Republican place on the ballot, to elect his third party Presidential Electors this Fall."

Boston Progressives Coming to Confer

BOSTON, July 19.—A conference on the campaign situation in New England is to be held at Col. Roosevelt's office at The Outlook to-morrow noon. Thomas F. Doherty, John H. Maginis, and Kenneth Damrin, from bandanna headquarters here, and C. M. Thompson, who has been through Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont, are to meet the Colonel, and with him lay plans for a campaign for Electoral votes in this section.

Ridder to Tell of Campaign Funds.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Herman Ridder of New York, Treasurer of the Democratic National Committee in 1908, will testify to-morrow before the Senate committee investigating campaign funds of [illegible] and 1908.

THE TIMES'S DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

Clouds of smoke but only one smoothest—

Velvet

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10¢ TINS—Handy 5¢ Bags

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1 HOUR & 50 MINUTES TO PHILADELPHIA VIA THE NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

YOUR WATCH IS YOUR TIMETABLE.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN JOIN AGAINST FOES

Defensive Alliance Confirms Each in Her Spheres, Bars Others from Manchuria.

JAPAN DOMINANT IN PEKING

While the Russians Will Have Full Sway West of the Japanese Zone.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 19.—That the signature of a pact establishing a defensive alliance between Russia and Japan is near at hand is now well established.

This momentous development was thought to be connected with the approaching trip to Russia of the Japanese statesman, Prince Katsura, but his visit is only a coincidence.

The actual agreement was concluded a fortnight ago and is likely to be signed for Japan by Baron Motono, Japanese Ambassador to Russia, who was its negotiator and prime mover.

The agreement consists of two parts. One deals with the delimitation of the spheres of influence of Russia and Japan in Mongolia and Manchuria, which is similar in scope and character to the Anglo-Russian accord of Aug. 31, 1907, regarding Persia, &c. The second deals with the duty of the two powers for a joint defense in case either power is attacked.

The beginning of the present Russo-Japanese rapprochement dates back to the days of Foreign Minister Iswolsky. It is a matter of common knowledge that Japanese diplomacy has persistently urged upon Russia the immense results that would follow such close co-operation as has now been established, especially since Great Britain and Russia drew together and made it feasible and logical. Nevertheless Russia naturally hung back, and every step taken toward completing the alliance was under the compulsion of other events.

The Russo-Japanese agreement of July 4, 1910, providing for the maintenance jointly of the status quo in Manchuria was a direct result of the ill-fated neutralization scheme for the Manchurian railroads, and the present one was the outcome of a long muddle which taught both powers the necessity for a closer connection.

LONDON, Saturday, July 20.—The Daily Telegraph's Peking correspondent asserts that the new Russo-Japanese agreement is an amplification and consolidation of the treaty of Portsmouth between Russia and Japan.

According to the correspondent, Articles 3 to 8 will be virtually expunged and restated in a form confirming to Japan her Liao-Tung peninsula lease, allowing both signatories greater military freedom in their respective spheres, precluding neutral nations from engaging in Manchurian development, and sanctioning the building of a new strategic railway.

Japan, says the correspondent, will have confirmed all of her territory south of parallel 44 and east of longitude 116, giving her paramount influence over and enabling her to dominate Peking, while Russia will have complete liberty of action in all the Chinese territory to the exterior or great wall west of the Japanese zone.

Japan, says the correspondent, also formally accepts the Russian twelve-mile limit in territorial water, and supports the construction by Russia of the Kiakhta Railway in Siberia.

HAMMERSTEIN IN COURT.

Zamco, the Tenor, Sues Him for Refusing to Let Him Appear in Public.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 19.—The trial began to-day of the suit brought against Oscar Hammerstein by the tenor, Zamco, who is seeking damages for breach of contract, on the ground that Mr. Hammerstein refused to permit him to appear in public.

Mr. Hammerstein testified that Zamco did not appear to him to be in his right mind. He admitted that four actions for breach of contract were pending against him. The case was adjourned.

Rothschild-Montefiore Engagement.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 19.—The engagement of Baron Alphonse de Rothschild of Vienna to Clarice, daughter of Edmund Sebag Montefiore of London, is announced.

DEMANDS FORESTRY FACTS.

Senate Resolution for an Inquiry Hints at Graft in Service.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—An investigation of expenditures in the Forest Service by a special Senate committee is asked in a resolution to-day by Senator Overman. The committee would sit during the recess of Congress.

The resolution was referred to the Committee on Contingent Expenditures. It was inspired by reports of abuses.

"I am informed," said the North Carolina Senator, "that duplications of payments have occurred; that more officials are employed than are needed, and that timber lands are being denuded more rapidly than before the service was established."

HITCH OVER NAVAL BILL.

Appropriation Measure Held Up by the Attitude of Senator Tillman.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Senator Tillman's refusal to abandon a $300,000 improvement at the Charleston Navy Yard and a demand of the House that all battleships be cut out of this year's building programme probably will result in a disagreement over the Naval Appropriation bill. No decisive action has been taken as yet by the conferees of the two houses.

An effort is under way to effect a compromise in the House whereby one battleship will be agreed to. Senate conferees would yield to the House demand for the abandonment of proposed improvements at the Portsmouth, Philadelphia, and Charleston Navy Yards, were it not for Senator Tillman's stand.

ENGLAND'S QUEEN LOVES DANCING

London Society Learns with Surprise of Her Great Pleasure in the Pastime.

WARNS FRIENDS AS TO DRESS

Many Americans Among the Throng That Attended the State Ball at Buckingham Last Night.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 19.—Every one has suddenly discovered that despite the serious view which Queen Mary takes of life in general and of her position in particular, she has a weakness for one feminine frivolity, of which no one has ever suspected her.

She is, as one young girl expressed it the other day, "simply mad" about dancing. It has been her great disappointment this year that owing to mourning she is obliged to deny herself the pleasure of being present at several large balls, more particularly the one given by the Duchess of Devonshire, to which she had been looking forward for weeks.

Not only is she devoted to dancing herself, but the Queen encourages her entourage to indulge in the pastime, and the ladies attending to-night's state ball received a hint that if they dance they better come prepared to enjoy it to the full, and not only wear dance frocks but also not wear such tiaras as might hinder their dancing, for the "fenders," as one is apt to call them, are not conducive to enjoyment of waltzing.

To-night's state ball was, therefore, looked forward to with much more pleasureable anticipation than has heretofore been the case with such functions, and many young people received commands.

The Americans who attended the ball to-night included Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, who took with her Miss Cunningham and her sister, Miss Louis Cunningham, relatives, who are on a visit to Dorchester House. The former wore a dress of pale gray satin, richly embroidered in gray diamante on black net, while Miss Louis Cunningham's dress was of pink chiffon veiling, with an under dress of pearl embroideries, draped pannier fashion, the tight-fitting upper portion of the gown being of pearl embroideries reaching below the hips.

On somewhat similar lines was the dress worn by Mrs. Montague Eliot. This was of pale pink charmeuse, the bodice and juste au corps being composed entirely of iridescent embroidery, below which soft pink satin was caught up and draped so as to simulate panniers. She was accompanied by her mother, Lady Barrymore, and her young stepsister, the Hon. Dorothy Smith-Barry.

Lady Monson, another prominent Anglo-American, attended to-night's ball, having returned from Aix-les-Bains in time to be present at the closing functions of the season. Being still in slight mourning for her grandmother, Lady Monson elected to wear black, embroidered en diamante, with a small diamond tiara and her beautiful pearls.

The Marchioness of Dufferin wore a lovely gown of Chinese blue brocade, made pompadour fashion, and draped over a petticoat of real lace, which in its turn was veiled in the softest pink chiffon.

She had invited about thirty guests to dinner at North House, Putney, beforehand, many of whom afterward went on to Buckingham Palace. These included Grand Duke Michael and the Countess Torby, with their elder daughter, Countess Zia Torby; Lady Carnarvon, the Duchess of Leeds and her girl, Lady Gwendolen Osborne, the Duke of Marlborough, Mr. and Mrs. George Keppel and Miss Keppel, Mrs. Ernest Cunard, and Mrs. Newhouse.

Lady Sandhurst, whose husband is the Lord Chamberlain, took with her to the state ball her sister, Mrs. Whitridge of New York, and her niece, Miss Whitridge. Lady Sandhurst and Mrs. Whitridge are daughters of the late Matthew Arnold. Miss Whitridge's dress was of rose-colored chiffon draped over pearl-spangled tulle, while her aunt wore a gown of pale blue and gold brocade with a high waistband of purple velvet. Mrs. Whitridge's toilet was of gray charmeuse, embroidered in gray and black diamante.

The Hon. Mrs. Murrough O'Brien, (née Lewis of New York,) who has her mother staying with her at her house in Great Cumberland Place, wore a gown of white and silver brocade, with embroideries of diamante.

Don't Expect Bryce to Go.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—On intimation from London that J. Alfred Spender, editor of The Westminster Gazette, would be made British Ambassador here, to follow Mr. Bryce, was received to-day with smiles of incredulity. There has been no intimation that Mr. Bryce desires to be relieved or that his Government purposes to displace him, especially in the face of a possible controversy over the Panama Canal tolls. Furthermore, Mr. Spender, as editor of The Westminster Gazette, with its anti-American tendencies, would hardly be persona grata here.

CHESTERTON-BELLOC PLAY.

London Is Keen for Promised Product of Two Essayists.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, July 19.—Great interest has been aroused in literary and dramatic circles here by a report that G. K. Chesterton and Hilaire Belloc are to appear before the public during the Autumn in a new rôle.

Negotiations are on foot for the engagement of a theatre in the East End, and the two authors, who have hitherto been known chiefly for their critical essays and philosophical writings, are to show their combined abilities as dramatists.

Mr. Belloc is a Roman Catholic, and the mystification which always surrounds Mr. Chesterton's opinions about religion, and his well-known partiality for the occult, have given rise to much curiosity concerning the new play.

Neither of the authors has written a play before, and their unconventional attitude of mind toward social questions leads to the expectation that their new venture will be a real novelty.

$4,100 FOR A DINGY BROUWER

Keen Competition for a Picture of Booers Marks London Sale.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 19.—A clear-up picture sale at Christie's, the last but one of the season, proved more interesting than expected, thanks to the unexpected and keen competition for a very dingy and speculative Brouwer. This picture of two Booers and a woman smoking and drinking started at 5 guineas, and after very slow bidding was sold for 820 guineas ($4,100) to Agnew.

The same purchaser gave 500 guineas ($2,500) for a portrait of Peter Hoass by Van der Helst, 265 guineas ($1,325) for a flower piece by J. Van Huysum, 480 guineas ($2,400) for a large Canaletto, the Piazza of St. Mark, from the collection of the King of Holland, and 700 guineas ($3,500) for an exquisitely dainty Downman portrait of Miss Elizabeth Ford, daughter of Sir Francis Ford.

A large Ruysdael landscape with figures by Lingelbach failed to go beyond 310 guineas, ($1,550.) The same price was paid for a small Nattier portrait of a lady with a page offering fruit.

NEWSPAPER HEAVILY FINED.

August Scherl's Berlin Rival Wins Court Action.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 19.—The heaviest recorded newspaper fine for breach of contract has been inflicted, according to Vorwaarts, on August Scherl, proprietor of the Lokalanzeiger. He had an agreement with his rival, Herr Ullstein, proprietor of the Morgen Post, not to start any new papers in Berlin. Ullstein turned his morning paper into the famous Midday Gazette, and Scherl sued for breach of contract and started the Midday Lokalanzeiger.

Ullstein set up a counter-claim, and now wins, the court holding that the Midday Lokalanzeiger is a new paper, but the Midday Gazette is not. The new Midday Lokalanzeiger had to stop publication and pay a fine of $75 a day since its appearance.

REJECTS YUAN'S NOMINEES.

Chinese National Assembly Refuse to Accept His Cabinet.

PEKING, July 19.—The National Assembly to-day vetoed all President Yuan-Shi Kai's nominees for Cabinet portfolios. As a result of the Assembly's action the Premier, Lu Cheng-hsiang, alone is left in office, and he threatens to resign immediately.

The rejection of the names proposed by the President was due in part to the objection of the Tung Hen Huis, the name by which the party of ex-Premier Tang-Shao-Yi is known, to a coalition government, and to dissatisfaction in some other parties because of the alleged insufficient representation of those factions in the Cabinet. The National Assembly also was opposed to some nominees on personal grounds.

A deputation, representing all the parties, was appointed to wait on President Yuan-Shi-Kai and to discuss the matter with him.

Prof. Jeremiah W. Jenks, formerly of Cornell University, who was recently offered the post of financial adviser to the Chinese Government, has notified the Government of his willingness to accept the position. Negotiations on the terms under which the American will take over the post will now be conducted.

AMOY, July 19.—Native press dispatches report that brigands have captured Hinghwa, an important city in Fo-kien Province, between Hweian and Fu-Chow.

MISSIONARIES EXONERATED.

Alleged Korean Plotters Retracted Charges Implicating Them.

SEOUL, July 19.—During the public examination to-day of the 123 converted Koreans, charged with plotting against the Government and the life of Count Terauchi, the Japanese Governor General, the examining Judge named about a dozen American and Canadian missionaries, whom the prisoners during the preliminary examination, asserted were indirectly connected with the conspiracy because they were connected with the schools to which the prisoners belonged or spoke to the prisoners concerning the independence of Korea.

There is no reason to believe from the questions of the Judge or from the attitude of the authorities that the Government has any idea of making charges against the American missionaries. The prisoners at a previous hearing implicated the missionaries, but later retracted their statements.

This establishment closes Saturday at 12 o'clock Noon

J. M. Gidding & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE AT 46TH ST.

WILL CLOSE OUT, TODAY (UNTIL NOON)

$15 to $25 Trimmed Hats, $5

Being the remainder of lines heretofore on sale.

ALSO

"Sport" and Robespierre Coats, $25

The ideal for motoring or general town and country wear. *They have heretofore sold at $45 to $65.*

None sent on approval, C. O. D., or exchanged.

Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

TURKS' FIRE SINKS ITALIAN WARSHIPS

Other Torpedo Boats Which Attacked Dardanelles Forts Crippled, Says Constantinople.

WILL CLOSE STRAITS AGAIN

Rome Scoffs at Turkish Reports and Says It Is All a Pretext for Stopping Commerce.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 19.—Eight Italian torpedo boats attacked the entrance of the Dardanelles at 1:30 o'clock this morning. The Turkish forts replied vigorously, sinking two of the Italian war vessels, and damaging the other six.

The cannonade lasted forty-five minutes.

Press dispatches from the Dardanelles assert that after the Italian torpedo boats retired twenty-two large and small war vessels were sighted from the straits steaming on a southerly course. These dispatches add that five cruisers are still reported off the Dardanelles.

The Cabinet Ministers were hurriedly called this morning to the Palace, where, at a council of war, it was decided, according to report, to close the Dardanelles.

Another report says the Government has decided to reduce the width of the free channel between the mine fields in the Dardanelles in order to permit a continuance of navigation and increase the defenses of the straits.

The grave nature of the Government's difficulties is revealed in a proclamation of the Sultan to the army, which was read to the garrison here to-day. After announcing the appointment of Tewfik Pasha as Grand Vizier, the proclamation reminds the troops of their oath of loyalty, and, referring to the demands made by certain officers as contrary to the Constitution and supreme rights of the Khalifate, exhorts the army not to mix in politics but to devote itself exclusively to the defense of the country.

The proclamation concludes by pointing out that the officers' treasonable attitude had encouraged the enemy to the extent "that the enemy dared last night to approach the very gates of the capital. This should constitute a warning."

This proclamation was provoked by a meeting of officers at the War Office, which delegated Nazim Pasha and Hadi Pasha to submit to the Sultan the officers' demands for the dissolution of the Chamber of Deputies and the appointment of Kiamil Pasha as Grand Vizier.

ROME, July 19.—The Italian Government, according to a semi-official note issued to-day, knows nothing of the reported action between a flotilla of Italian torpedo boat destroyers and the Turkish forts at the entrance to the Dardanelles, except that several Turkish torpedo boats left the straits to hunt for Italian warships, and it is possible that the Italian destroyers engaged these vessels in battle.

"The idea that the Italian destroyers would try to force the Dardanelles," the semi-official note says, "is ridiculous. If the Turkish forts bombarded the Italian warships it was probably a result of the panic now reigning in Turkey, or was a pretext of the Government again to close the straits."

LONDON, Saturday, July 20.—The mystery surrounding the reported attack on the Dardenelles by Italian torpedo boats and their repulse with the loss of two vessels and the damage of six others, coupled with the proclamation of the Sultan of Turkey, exhorting the troops to remain loyal, suggests the possibility that another revolution is brewing in Constantinople.

The Italian Government denies knowledge of an attack by its torpedo boats upon the Dardanelles, and, while independent dispatches confirm the fact that a cannonade of some description took place, all the reports of an Italian attack and of damage inflicted upon the Italian torpedo boats come from official Turkish sources, and are not confirmed by press dispatches.

The suggestion is made that the bombardment was engineered by the Turkish Government as a means of influencing the Turks by reminding them that the enemy was at the doors of the capital, thus counteracting a military revolution and helping to solve the political crisis.

FLURRY IN THE GRAIN PIT.

Italian War News Causes Excitement on Chicago Board of Trade.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Excited grain markets were experienced to-day as the result of the unexpected turn in foreign complications, and the unexpected closing of the Dardanelles as an event of the Italian-Turkish war. Grain traders were caught short, and in a scramble to cover rushed prices up regardless of other conditions.

Declines fully as great as had been the advances followed after urgent shorts had covered, and the market continued nervous throughout the day, with the close at a good rally from the low point, with gains of 1 cent on wheat, ¾ of a cent on the distant futures of corn, and a loss of ⅜ cent on July, and gains of ⅝ to 1⅜ cents on oats, with July leading.

While there was considerable liquidation in provisions, the market had good support in sympathy with grains. Prices moved up and closed at gains of 12½ to 25 cents on pork, 12½ to 15 cents on lard, and 5 to 7½ cents on short ribs.

Closing the Dardanelles shuts off completely the important shipments now about ready to commence from the Black Sea ports. Its significance as regards the value of wheat in the United States lies in the probability of importers of Europe being compelled to seek here what they are in the meantime debarred from getting from the Black Sea.

The sharp advance in corn at the opening, without further reason than the strength in wheat, was not of long continuance.

During the height of the excited trading to-day every foot of space in the wheat pit was jammed and brokers were shrieking and beckoning like madmen. The news from Constantinople that all cereals from the Black Sea district had been tied up indefinitely was public long before business hours, and had keyed impatient dealers to an almost unbearable tension.

A majority of active speculators found themselves in the predicament of having sold short owing to the magnificent crop prospects in the United States. Wild competition to even up such transactions resulted in hoisting prices quicker than the record could be flashed out of the Exchange. In the jostling, swaying crowd no one stopped to take breath until there was an unconfirmed rumor that the closing of the straits had been revoked.

This carried wheat values back almost to yesterday's closing. Erratic and frequent fluctuations followed, based on varying reports and denials. As the session progressed, big export sales were reported, some estimates being as high as 55 boatloads from New York to Europe in consequence of the embargo on traffic southward from the Turkish capital to the Mediterranean. Signs of a material decrease in the United States visible supply total helped to strengthen prices near the end. Between the opening and the close, September delivery swung from 93⅜@95⅝ to 95⅜, and wound up nervous at 94⅜, a rise of 1⅜c. net.

Corn bulged with wheat forcing shorts to cover pell-mell and enabling certain large holders to unload at 2-cent advance. The general trade oversold on the ensuing decline and was confronted with a sharp upturn later on account of the renewed wheat strength and because of unfavorable crop reports from along the Kansas-Nebraska boundary. September ranged from 64 to 66⅝, closing unsettled 1 cent up, at 65⅜. Cash grades were slow. No. 2 yellow was quoted at 71@71⅜.

Flightiness had less of a hold on oats than upon other cereals. During the first half of the day the immediate presence of a bumper crop outweighed war possibilities. Nevertheless the low price, as compared with corn, attracted lively buying and finally gave the market a substantial lift. September varied from 33¼ to 33⅞@34 with last sales ½ to ⅝ net higher at 33⅝@33⅞.

AWARD TILTING CUP TO DUKE.

Judges Declare Marlborough Entitled to It—Will Probably Reject It.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 19.—The gold cup for tilting at Mrs. George Cornwallis West's Elizabethan triumph has finally been awarded to the Duke of Marlborough.

The official decision states that tilting by proxy was not permissible and, therefore, the cup cannot be awarded to Baron Ashby St. Legers, whose place was taken by his brother, Freddy Guest. It is thought likely that the Duke will refuse to accept the cup, and the judges, consequently, may have another problem to solve.

In any case, argues one authority on questions of chivalry, the Duke is not entitled to the award because he really disqualified himself by displaying on his armor the double-headed eagle of a Prince of the Holy Roman Empire, which he is not. That dignity, adds the expert, has long been extinct, and one wonders at his claim to a spurious foreign honor being continued by the holder of a genuine English Dukedom.

AMERICANS GET DEGREES.

Princeton and Chicago Men Honored at Oxford and Cambridge.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 19.—Both Oxford and Cambridge Universities to-day received visits from distinguished foreign delegates attending the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the Royal Society of London, for the purpose of receiving the honorary degree of Doctor of Science.

Prof. W. B. Scott of Princeton University, upon whom the degree was conferred, was the subject of a reference made in a speech by the Oxford public orator, who spoke of Scott's epoch-making investigations of the debris of mammalian fauna in tertiary rocks, which won him the Wollaston Medal of the Geological Society.

At Cambridge Prof. E. B. Frost of the University of Chicago was also the recipient of this degree. He was introduced by the public orator as the first to prove stars which had helium in their atmospheres were marked by a certain slowness of movement. The orator went on:

"Astronomo autem nostro viro impigro, viro acerrimo, tarditatem mentis nemo exprobrabit, etenim talium virorum auxilio caelum ipsum petimus, non jam stultitia sed sapientia, atque, ut philosophi cujusdam Romani verbis utar, 'cogitatio nostra caeli munimenta perrumpit.'"

DEPORTING MONARCHISTS.

Portugal's Jails Crowded and Conspirators Being Shipped to Colonies.

LISBON, July 19, (by Way of the Frontier.)—The monarchist movement is undoubtedly more important than was first believed, and an extensive rising, which had been planned in several towns, failed only because of personal rivalries.

The troops are making hundreds of arrests. Jails are packed and courts-martial are dealing with the conspirators as expeditiously as possible, pronouncing sentences of deportation, varying from ten to twenty-six years. Those condemned will be sent to Timor, Malay Archipelago; Angola in Portuguese West Africa, or Portuguese Guinea.

The prisoners at Caldas, 58 miles north of Lisbon, managed to smuggle arms into the prison and attacked the guards. A fierce fight ensued, in which several were killed or wounded.

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SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET.

In New York's Shopping Center

Special Today Until 1 o'Clock

Women's $7.50 to $9.75 Silk Bathing Suits, $4.95

New models are shown elegantly fashioned of plain and changeable taffetas and messalines, all are handsomely trimmed with contrasting colored and Persian inlays and buttons, they were made to our order by a prominent dressmaking concern, and are just the Beach costumes that fashionable women want. Third Floor.

All sizes and colors, but you must hurry before 1 P. M., as these will not linger long at the remarkably low price of

$4.95

Simpson Crawford Co., In New York's Shopping Center

LET AMERICA PUNISH FOR RUBBER CRIMES

England Willing This Government Should Lead, Secretary Tells Parliament.

WILL CO-OPERATE HEARTILY

Special Agent Fuller Is Ordered by Knox to See That Offenders Are Brought to Justice.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, July 19.—The cruelties practiced in the rubber-producing district along the Putumayo River in Peru were again brought up in Parliament to-day in a series of questions addressed to the Foreign Office.

In reply to these, F. D. Acland, Parliamentary Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said that nothing had been heard from the United States on the subject. He admitted that one object in publishing the Blue Book was to influence public opinion in the United States.

Mr. Acland promised that the British Government would do everything possible to help the American Government, which, it was clear, had "a better opportunity of getting things done than any other Government."

Mr. Acland also promised to make an inquiry as to whether the British Directors were implicated, and evoked cheers by his emphatic negative reply to the question, "Is there any foundation for the statement that the perpetrators of the atrocities were Englishmen?" a statement which has been made in the German press.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Correspondence between the State Department and the British Government looking to the suppression of atrocities in the Putumayo rubber country indicate that the two Governments nave been in perfect accord.

Stuart J. Fuller, this Government's special agent, who recently announced his arrival at Iquitos, the head of deep water navigation on the Amazon, is charged with seeing that Peru's promise to bring the guilty persons to justice is redeemed and that the abuses complained of are ended.

WARSHIP HITS TORPEDO BOAT

Three on Small Craft Are Killed by the Hessen's Prow.

KIEL, July 19.—The German battleship Hessen rammed a torpedo boat while the smaller craft was crossing the bows of the big warship during a night attack off this port. Three members of the torpedo boat's crew were killed. The damaged vessel has been towed to the harbor for repairs.

Dockers Ask Gompers to Aid.

LONDON, July 19.—The leaders of the London dock strike to-day sent a cablegram to Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, asking for immediate financial assistance. The local finances have become exhausted and the leaders fear the strikers will be starved into an unconditional surrender.

WATERED STOCK

Every dollar of excess cost in a building, whether in actual disbursements or due to delays, is so much watered stock.

To water stock is to increase the capital of a company on paper, without a corresponding increase in assets; and to water a building operation is to increase the cost of the structure without a corresponding increase in renting value.

There is no watered stock in buildings erected by this Company.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

Until 12 o'clock to-day—
Men's suit reductions.
Youths' suit reductions.
Straw hats at $1.85.
Pajamas at $1.15.
Knitted scarfs at 85c.
Wash scarfs at 25c.

Bathing suits.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores

at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

New Jersey Central

POPULAR ONE-DAY OUTINGS

Lake Hopatcong $1 EVERY SUNDAY AND HOLIDAY

Leave West 23rd St. 8.50 a.m.
Leave Liberty St. 9.00 a.m.

Atlantic City

TOMORROW, ALSO WEDNESDAY, JULY 24 $2.50

Leave West 23rd Street 7.50 a.m.
Leave Liberty Street 8.00 a.m.

Out-of-print books and old prints speedily found in the Book Exchange in The New York Times Review of Books, every Sunday.—Adv.

GIMBELS

At Your Service Until 12:30

On your way to the train, or up or down town, stop off at GIMBELS for quick service, with the certainty of finding JUST WHAT YOU WANT, and getting it at July Clearance prices.

For the Attention of Men

MOHAIR SUITS, $11.75

Sensible Suits for the hot days. Excellently tailored and the mohair is Priestley Cravenetted. Black and neat mixtures. Fourth Floor

$5 to $7 TENNIS TROUSERS, $3.75

Several widths of black stripes, white grounds. 4th Floor

$1.35 SHIRTS

Smart fabrics fashioned in the newest "soft" styles and tailored with character. Main Floor

$3 STRAW HATS, $1

Then, too, there will be $3.50 and $4 Straw Hats at $1.50
$8 Panama Hats at $4. Fourth Floor

BATHING SUITS—Much Less

Pure worsteds, in navy blue, black and brown. Some with silk stripes. $2.25, $2.75, $3.25, $4 and $5.50, were $3 to $8. Fourth Floor

$7 to $15 Lingerie Hats, $5, $7 and $9

Charming new styles, including the Madame Niniche Bonnet, which are almost entirely of lace. Third Floor

Women's Mohair Bathing Suits, $2.95

Empire style—black, trimmed with white-and-black checked bandings. Third Floor

$1.75 to $5 White Cordaline Skirts, $1, $2.50, $2.95

Sizes for all women up to 28-inch waist measure. Third Floor

Crepe Meteor Dresses in a New Paris Model, $19.75

Very effective with its draped skirt! White, navy and black. $25 Lingerie Dresses, $12.50—fine batiste, charmingly trimmed.

Young Women's $10 Linen Dresses, $6.75

Pink, light blue, lavender and white. Sizes 14, 16 and 18 years
Also $7.50 Lingerie Dresses, $5. Third Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

Automobile Exchange

THE direct way of reaching the greatest number of automobile buyers is by advertising in the Automobile Exchange of The New York Times.

Telephone 1000 Bryant

Advertising rates per agate line: One insertion, 30c.; three insertions in one week, including one on Sunday, 75c.; seven consecutive insertions, $1.40.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

AUTO BARGAINS. AUTO BARGAINS. AUTOMOBILES AT SACRIFICE. Now is the time to buy 100 slightly used demonstrating automobile touring cars, runabouts and commercial wagons; best value ever offered; every car like new; all makes. ASTOR AUTO CO., 1,606 Broadway, near 48th St.

Cole, 1911 fore-door touring car; Cole 1911 torpedo tonneau; both in excellent condition; fully equipped; just rebuilt and painted; backed by the same guarantee adopted by the National Association of Automobile Manufacturers for new cars. Colt-Stratton Company, Broadway, at 68th St. Telephone 6000 Columbus.

For Sale or to Rent.—Gentleman leaving city will sacrifice his seven-passenger touring car, (foreign Fiat,) strictly first-class condition; will rent same for a period of months. Address E. L. G., 2,901 Broadway.

Alpena 1912 Touring, complete equipment, including electric lighting system and extra new tire. Like new; run less than 250 miles. Rare bargain. Moon Motor Car Co., 237 West 58th St.

1912 Model 45 Moon touring; equipped, top slip covers. Practically new; run less than 300 miles. Can be seen at Circle Garage. Sacrifice. Must sell at once. Abieniste, 74 West 68th St.

Will sacrifice this week 1912 Marion, Stearns, '11 Hudson, Chalmers, Regal underslung, Stoddard, Cadillac, Hup, Ford, Buick. 1,700 Broadway, third floor.

Garage.—Brand-new portable, all steel, fireproof garage for sale; can easily be put up in a few hours; 10 feet by 16.4; price, $150. Address V 32 Times.

A1 condition, 1910 Moon 5-pass. touring, fully equipped, overhauled. Sacrifice. Moon Motor Car Co., 237 West 58th St

ELECTRIC coupe, 1910, seats four; batteries, 50 miles; brand new appearance; make offer. J., 608 5th St., Brooklyn.

Wanted 1912 Flanders, Ford; other light touring car for cash. T 239 Times Downtown.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

Respectable married man, careful driver, trustworthy, through business reverses is compelled to seek his livelihood with his beautiful Renault car, landaulet body, which formerly was used for pleasure; would like to hire my car with services to responsible party. F 88 Times.

Packard cars; up-to-date service only $4 per hour; special rate by day or trip. Ernest E. Hess, 213 West 43d St. Tel. 3486 Bryant.

For hire, new cars; Packards, seven-passenger touring; special rates for monthly service during Summer. We send cars everywhere. Universal Taximeter Cab Co., 153 East 53d St. 'Phone Plaza 2100.

FOR HIRE—Seven-passenger handsome touring car, owner driving same, by hour, day, or trip; reasonable. Address G. L., 238 East 23d St. Telephone Gramercy 2829.

PACKARDS, open, closed; elegant; 7-passengers; regular customers, $3-$6 hour; monthly, $200-$600; good service—experienced chauffeurs. Murray Hill 91.

Packard touring; late model; hour, day, month; reasonable. Folliot Co., 254 West 54th St. Col. 2422.

Packard auto to hire, hour or trip; best service; lowest rates. Telephone 2267 Columbus.

1912 6-cylinder 5-passenger touring car for Summer or by month. Abrood, R 89 Times.

FORD touring car; Sundays by hour or day. Tel. 4702 Columbus.

AUTOMOBILES WANTED.

AUTOMOBILE WANTED. Spot cash for your automobile, any make, or will accept same on sale at 5 per cent. commission. Green's Agency, Broadway and 48th.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

SAVE-THE-HORSE SPAVIN REMEDY

Druggists everywhere sell Save-The-Horse with a legal contract to cure or refund money.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

BIG BARGAIN SALE OF
USED AUTOMOBILES.
PRICES SMASHED THIS WEEK.
Every Make of Car on Hand.
Largest Stock—Lowest Prices.
RUNABOUTS .... $100 TO $1,000
SMALL TOURING CARS....... $200 TO $1,000
LARGE TOURING CARS........ $850 TO $1,500
TAXICABS, TOWNCARS, AND BODIES.
Many of the Cars have been used very little.
SPECIAL ATTENTION IS CALLED TO
1912 Pope-Hartford, 5-passenger.
1911 Locomobile, 5-passenger
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We Guarantee Every Car. Easy Payments Arranged.
Demonstrations Given.
Will exchange, buy, or accept on commission or store your car. Consult us before you act. Call or write.
GREEN'S PURCHASING AGENCY,
CORNER 48TH ST. AND BROADWAY.
'Phone 1873 Bryant.

Manufacturers of a high-grade, medium-priced, car will sell from New York store a few slightly used and shop worn cars. One year's liberal guarantee. It will pay you to investigate these cars before purchasing. All 1912 models. Five, four and seven passenger. Demonstration gladly given.

SELDEN MOTOR VEHICLE CO.,
1,876 Broadway.

Peerless

RENEWED AUTOMOBILES are cars of distinction, quality, and service. They are in perfect mechanical condition and are guaranteed the same as our new cars.

Write for Booklet describing our various models.
PEERLESS MOTOR CAR CO. OF N. Y.
1760 Broadway, near 56th St., N. Y.

Stoddard Dayton

REBUILT CARS.

All rebuilt Stoddard Daytons are as up to date as any 1912 car. They have been rebuilt in our own shops, equipped with fore-door bodies and are factory guaranteed. 30, 35, 40 and 50 H. P. cars in all types of bodies. We will take cars in trade for our used cars. Time payments if you wish.

225 W. 57th St. Telephone 7381 Columbus.

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Ready Referencefor Buyers

ABBOTT-DETROIT MOTOR COMPANY, 1670 Broadway, cor. 52d St. Telephone 7166-7167 Columbus.

ALL MAKES Bought, Sold, and Exchanged. Times Sq. Auto Co., 1710 B'way.

BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.

CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 7700 Col.

FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,776 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.

KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4236 Col.

NATIONAL Poertner Motor Car Co. HERRESHOFF 1922 Broadway, (64th St.) 'Phone 8166-7 Col.

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AUTOCAR. Autocar Sales Co., 435 West 19th St. Tel. Chelsea 6068.

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DISTRIBUTOR OF
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"STANDARD ROLLER BEARINGS."
252 W. 58th St., cor. B'way. Col. 8356.

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ELECTRIC ENGINEMEN AT WAGES HEARING

Tell Arbitration Board Their Work Is Harder Than on Steam Locomotives.

SAY DANGER IS GREATER

Yard and Transfer Engineers Testify on the Difficulty of the Work at the Terminals.

Men who operate trains by electricity, either with electric engines or on the multiple unit system, were called as witnesses yesterday by Warren S. Stone, Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, before the Arbitration Commission, which is sitting at Manhattan Beach to pass on the demands of the men for more pay and changes in working conditions. Steam engineers who do yard and transfer work also testified.

One of the demands of the union is that electric trains shall be operated only by its members, and that they shall receive the same pay as for operating steam engines. Mr. Stone explained in his opening address that some of the roads had put men on who were not locomotive engineers and at lower wages than the engineers got. He argued that the work was just as difficult, and probably more dangerous than with steam power.

All the men in the electric service who testified yesterday said they preferred the steam engine to their present work. Most of them had made application to be transferred back to steam engines at the first opportunity.

Henry C. Case is one of the men who run the electric trains out of the Grand Central Station to North White Plains. He was formerly a steam engineer, but now operates both multiple unit and electric engines. When the change was made to electric power, he said, the engineers had eight days in which to qualify for their new work, four with pay and four on their own time. For several months emergency men traveled with them in their cabs on the electric engines. These men, Mr. Case said, were not electrical experts, but had been trained for three months in the operation of the new equipment before it was put in service.

He detailed the preparatory work on an electric engine, such as examining the contact shoe, fuses, and cutting in or closing the switches necessary to moving the train. He admitted that this did not take very long, whereas the steam engineers have said that it takes them half an hour or more to get their machines ready.

The former fireman on a locomotive becomes an assistant on the electric locomotive. He looks after the small boiler by which the train is heated in cold weather, and helps read the signals, he and the engineer calling them back and forth to each other. In the 24 miles of his run, Mr. Case testified, there are 86 signals. He said he considered the electric engine more dangerous than the steam locomotive.

On the multiple unit train, he explained, the engineer is alone and does not have the assistance of a fireman in reading signals. He said nobody had been severely shocked or burned on the New York Central since electricity had been installed. He is on duty twelve hours a day, of which he actually works eight, and he receives $145 a month.

In answer to questions by W. M. Duncan, of counsel for the railroad, he admitted that he did not need an assistant in order to watch the signals, but he thought it a precaution to have them called back from one to the other. He told how a man had been blinded for several days by having a fuse blow out in his face. This was not on a train, but was the same kind of a fuse. He said about a dozen fuses had blown out on his trains in the last 30 days.

Like Steam Engines Better.

Otto M. Eidlitz, one of the Commissioners, asked if the same physical effort was required in operating a train by electricity as by steam power.

"Not exactly," replied Mr. Case, "but the engineer has to hold the controller open with one hand all the time he is running, instead of latching the throttle back on a steam engine. He has to hold the controller back against about four pounds pressure. If he let go it would fly back, shut off the power, and push a button which would set the brakes and bring the train to a sudden stop.

Mr. Case told of the great number of signals in the Park Avenue tunnel, and was asked if their presence was a disadvantage. He did not seem to think it was, but he said that it required more work to watch them. He said he would much rather run through the tunnel now than when steam power was used.

"Before the tunnel was electrified," he said, "it was usually filled with smoke and gas. Often we would get lost. Then we would have to get down with a torch and feel along the rail till we came to a signal from which we could tell where we were. All that has been done away with now."

George Ludlam was formerly a steam engineer, but changed to running multiple unit trains on the Seashore Division of the Pennsylvania. He said there were more casualties and more danger than on steam trains. The danger, he said, arose from liability to shock, and the fact that the engineer was protected only by a glass shield, instead of having the cowcatcher and part of the locomotive in front of him. If something hit the glass and broke it, he was likely to be seriously injured. He liked the change so little that he got transferred back to a steam engine.

J. F. Garland told of conditions on the New Haven Road. The motive power comes from an overhead wire, which carries 11,000 volts. A warning against getting within fourteen inches of the overhead wire was posted on the bulletin board. He was asked if there was danger of a man being killed by getting too near the wire, and said he was not sure that death would result, but on a wet day it was extremely dangerous. He preferred steam service, as the pay was the same and the danger less.

T. J. Kelleher qualified for electric service when the Pennsylvania Station in this city was opened, but had since got transferred back to steam. He said one of the men had been injured when oiling by bringing the spout of his can in contact with the beam to which the contact shoes are attached and was laid up three or four weeks. About eight men had been shocked or burned and one had been permanently disabled.

Yard Engineers Called.

Steam engineers in yard and transfer service, who also want their pay increased, followed the electric men. F. A. Edwards said he worked in the belt line service at Chicago. He is employed by the Baltimore & Ohio, and formerly did work only for that road, but it has since bought out the Chicago Terminal Railway and he has to move cars and trains for any of the roads using it. The same is true of the engineers working for the other roads. If a train was not ready for transfer from one road to another he was sent out on short deliveries, whereas he formerly waited around and looked after his engine. Larger engines were used now than formerly. Another increase in his work was due to the smoke Inspectors. He was bothered not only by city Inspectors, but the railroad employed Inspectors who complained if the engineer made more smoke than necessary. He also said the smoke suppressors were very annoying, as they made a roaring noise, and it was a relief to shut one off for a few minutes. The big engines now in use were so arranged that they were uncomfortable for the engineers and made it difficult to see the signals.

Yard service consisted of 10 hours' continuous work, and transfer runs averaged from 14 to 15 hours, with as many as 70 cars. The trains averaged heavier than a few years ago, because of the use of higher-powered engines. This is one of the chief grounds on which the men base their demand for more pay.

Mr. Edwards said he got $4.15 for ten hours' work, and extra pay for overtime. There was more labor and more responsibility in his work, he said, than in straight switching. At one point he spoke of the older men getting the "nice, easy jobs," and Commissioner Frederick N. Judson wanted to know which jobs these were.

"Those are the jobs we lost in the days gone by," answered Mr. Edwards. He said he would rather have a ten-hour job with continuous work than one that took more time and was not so strenuous. He would prefer an eight-hour job if there was such a thing.

"You would like an eight-hour job with ten hours' pay?" asked Chairman Straus.

"There's no question about that," he replied.

517 Signals to Watch.

J. F. Fagan has been in the yard service of the Pennsylvania at Philadelphia for twenty-nine years, making up passenger trains and shifting them between the Broad Street Station and West Philadelphia. In a radius of two miles, he said, there were 517 signals of all kinds to be attended to. He worked on six different divisions, and had to be familiar with the time tables of each, which included 110 special rules in addition to the regular rule book. He works eleven hours a day for $4.78, and makes about $134 a month. Each engineer works two Sundays in the month.

"Do you belong to any church?" asked P. H. Morrissey, the labor representative on the board.

"I do," said Mr. Fagan, "and I go to church when I'm home. When I'm not, I say my prayers going to work. I asked the man at the church to forgive me for the Sundays I can't attend and he does. He puts me over just the same."

Mr. Duncan brought out that the eleven crews on this particular work get every tenth day off with full pay, and Mr. Fagan said this was granted some years ago in lieu of an increase of wages.

William Daniels described his work in the switching service of the New York Central at 130th Street and the North River. He puts in twelve hours steadily with milk cars and meat cars and earns $127 a month. He said engines of the latest type were very hard to handle, as they left a space only one foot wide in which to work.

G. F. Walpole does similar work on the Boston & Maine, except that it is at night. Between 6 P. M. and 5:30 A. M. he makes $5.20.

Mr. Stone explained that engineers got the same pay at night as in the day, although switchmen and others get a higher rate at night.

Commissioner Van Hise asked for information as to the pay of men injured in the service, and Mr. Stone said some of the roads gave full pay, and on some a settlement was made by the claim agent. The discussion drifted off to the subject of pensions, and Mr. Stone said he had purposely avoided referring to it, as it was a subject on which there was much feeling.

"That subject," he said, "is a live wire. If we start talking about that some one will wave a red flag before we are through. It might lead to such things as the fact that at 52 I couldn't get a job on a railroad."

Mr. Stone referred to the age limit on the employment of new men, but B. A. Worthington, President of the Chicago & Alton, who is handling the case for the roads, said:

"If you want a job as an engineer, come to me and I will give you one."

"That's very kind," he retorted, "but I'd go out and farm before I'd run on the Alton."

"I want to resent that," said Commissioner Morrissey, with mock gravity. "I spent all my years as a railroad man on the Alton."

"But you've left it," said Mr. Stone, "and that's why you are so well preserved."

"You won't talk that way about the Alton in five years," said Mr. Worthington, who has recently been elected to the Presidency.

Chairman Straus then announced that the hearings would be resumed on Monday, when the witnesses for the railroads will be heard. These will include Division Superintendents, foremen of engines, and probably a Vice President or two who have charge of operation.

CONTENTS OF BOOK REVIEW

To be Published with The New York Times To-morrow, July 21.

AN INTERVIEW WITH GEORGE BARR McCUTCHEON. In which he talks about his novels and the philosophy of the happy ending.

AN EX-CONVICT'S TALE. He writes about his experiences in prison after the manner, though not the style, of Oscar Wilde. ("My Life in Prison," by Donald Lowrie. Mitchell Kennerley.)

PESSIMISM IN FICTION. Mrs. Meynell rejoices that we have such writers as W. W. Jacobs as she notices the morbidness of the modern novel.

SCHILLER'S CREED. A volume that claims that the poet's contribution to philosophy has been greatly underrated. ("The Philosophy of Schiller," by E. C. Wilm. John W. Luce Company.)

THE COLLAPSE OF ENGLAND. Homer Lea writes a book in which he prophesies that the English Nation is on the verge of collapse. ("The Day of the Saxon," by Homer Lea. Harper & Brothers.)

A PUBLISHER AS WARRIOR. Major Putnam narrates the story of the part that he took in the civil war.

NEWS AND NOTES ABOUT THE LATEST BOOKS. Special information from the publishers concerning their Autumn publications.

A PLAYFUL TALE. A novel in which J. C. Snaith makes fun of Leonard Merrick and other writers. ("The Principal Girl," by J. C. Snaith. Moffat, Yard & Co.)

Knocks Out a Burglar with a Book.

TOLEDO, Ohio, July 19.—Awakened by a noise down stairs early this morning, Dr. G. B. Booth investigated and discovered a burglar. The physician hurled a heavy book at the man, hit him, and rendered him unconscious. He searched the intruder and recovered a bracelet belonging to his wife. When Dr. Booth went to the telephone to call the police the burglar regained consciousness and fled.

by Edward Carpenter

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GIVE FAKE DENTIST A PRISON TERM

State Society Sees in the Conviction of Kukay the End of Quack Practitioners Here.

ADVERTISED WIDELY ABROAD

Proprietor of Post-Graduate Institute Run Down Through Inquiries from France as to His Alleged Dental College.

After publishing advertisements extensively in papers of France and of Spanish-America, announcing that he would give correspondence or personal courses in dentistry, Jose M. Gonzales Kukay, who had for years done business as the "Post Graduate Institute," at 332 Third Avenue, pleaded guilty in Special Sessions yesterday to a charge of practicing dentistry without a license. He was sentenced to serve three months in the penitentiary and to pay the maximum fine of $500. In the heavy penalty meted out to him—the most severe ever inflicted in this city for that charge—the Dental Society of the State of New York, on whose complaint Kukay was arrested, thought it saw yesterday the beginning of the end of the multitude of men posing as dentists, who have, without education or a license to practice, been thriving on the money of the poor on the east side of this city for many years, and to whom the light fines and sentences heretofore meted out have not been deterrent.

Kukay was convicted once before, on June 30, 1908, and fined $50. According to counsel for the Dental Society, the light fine in his case as in most others of the sort did not deter him from resuming his illicit practice, but seemed to impress him more as a license fee exacted from him. Last November the Vice Consul of France wrote to M. Berard, Superintendent of the Société Française de Bienfaisance, at 450 West Thirty-fourth Street, inquiring about the "Post Graduate Dental Institute of 332 Third Avenue," which, he said, advertised in French newspapers to give a dental diploma after five months, and demanded $100 in advance. The French Vice Consul wanted to know if the institute was a reputable concern.

The letter was turned over to Dr. William Carr, Chairman of the Law Committee of the Dental Society of the State of New York, who sent two agents to procure evidence of dental practice by Kukay and investigate his business in diplomas. It was found that on March 18, 1910, two years after his first conviction for illegal practice, he had filed in the County Clerk's office a certificate stating that he was conducting the business of a surgeon dentist at 332 Third Avenue, under the name of the Post Graduate Institute. It was also found that he had been employed to attend to the teeth of children at the Mount Loretto Home on Staten Island. Those in charge of the home believed him to be lawfully entitled to practice. In addition to the evidence procured by its own agents, the Dental Society obtained the testimony of patients upon whom, it was alleged, Kukay had practiced dentistry. The agents of the society discovered also that he had advertised in the Revista Dental or Dental Review of Havana, heading his announcement with a great seal of the "Post Graduate Dental Institute of New York." In the advertisement he promised:

> Full instruction in all branches of dental art and science by correspondence and also personally in the Spanish language. Matriculation allowed at any time of the year. Duration of its full course, five months. For further information address Post Graduate Institute, 332 Third Avenue, New York, North America.

The society's agents, after having their teeth treated—which consisted of having some ground down and others fitted with temporary fillings and medicine—paid part of the bill in cash, receiving signed receipts in return.

To one of the women agents, according to her testimony, Kukay showed a room containing some dental apparatus, in which he said he taught, making demonstrations to his students by means of various dental machines.

An odd document was filed by Kukay with the Department of Education at Albany, in applying for a dental students' certificate, as proof of his qualifications. It was dated Nov. 25, 1908, just five months after his conviction for practicing dentistry without a license. It did not mention Kukay by name, referring to him only as a Mr. K. The document, which purported to be a certificate of study at Azul, in the Argentine Republic, set forth:

> Azul, Province of Buenos Aires,
> Nov. 25, 1908.
>
> The following instrument certifies that Don Jose Manuel Gonzalez K. has pursued the five years' course in higher studies in this institution while I have been its Director from 1890 to 1895, after examinations in which he has obtained the title or degree of Bachelor of Arts, which has been conferred by Dr. Berra, Minister of Public Instruction.
>
> I also certify to the authenticity of the signature of my late pupil from the register of matriculants that lies before me.
>
> The subjects studied are physics, chemistry, botany, natural history, French, English, Latin, physiology, philosophy, ancient history, universal history, Argentina history, geography, civics, political economy, arithmetic, algebra, geometry, plana, zoology, music, &c.
>
> And this being all, to which I can certify upon information, I subscribe myself,
>
> S. VIDLER.

You cannot throw a stone on the east side at present, according to the counsel of the Dental Society, without striking a dentist's sign.

"The so-called dental parlors are for the most part frauds," he said. "They advertise cheap work, and get the poor to come in to them. Before they are through with the customers they have exacted more money from them than the patient would have had to pay to the best of dentists. One of the chief rules of these quacks is never to cure quickly nor to allow their attendants to do so. Their policy is called technically 'raising the contract'; that is, they suggest additional work and more expensive materials until the money of the victim is exhausted. Then they abandon him. We have one case on record where a wealthy young woman, troubled suddenly with toothache while on a shopping trip, stopped in one of these dental parlors for immediate relief. Before she got out of their clutches she had been swindled into taking a new gold plate. Finding her easy they suggested diamond fillings, and ultimately got a check for $2,500 from her, all by the simple and stock device of 'raising the contract.'

"As a rule, moreover, these quacks, being untrained and inexperienced in the true science of dentistry, are careless and slovenly in their methods and often put in fillings that cause subsequent trouble of far more serious nature than the original complaint. One such victim not long ago recovered a judgment of $25,000 against the dentist. But she might as well have obtained a judgment for 25 cents so far as the likelihood of collecting it was concerned.

"There is a thriving trade in diplomas abroad among these quacks. No sooner do they hear of the death of some doctor or dentist than they address his widow with a view to buying the dead man's diploma and practicing under it. Several years ago we procured a conviction of two such malpractitioners, who were fined $500 each for the offense."

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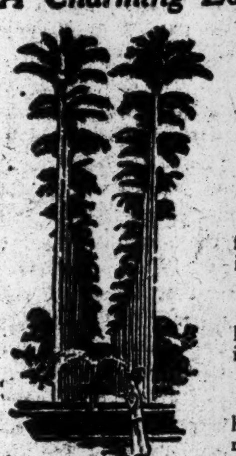

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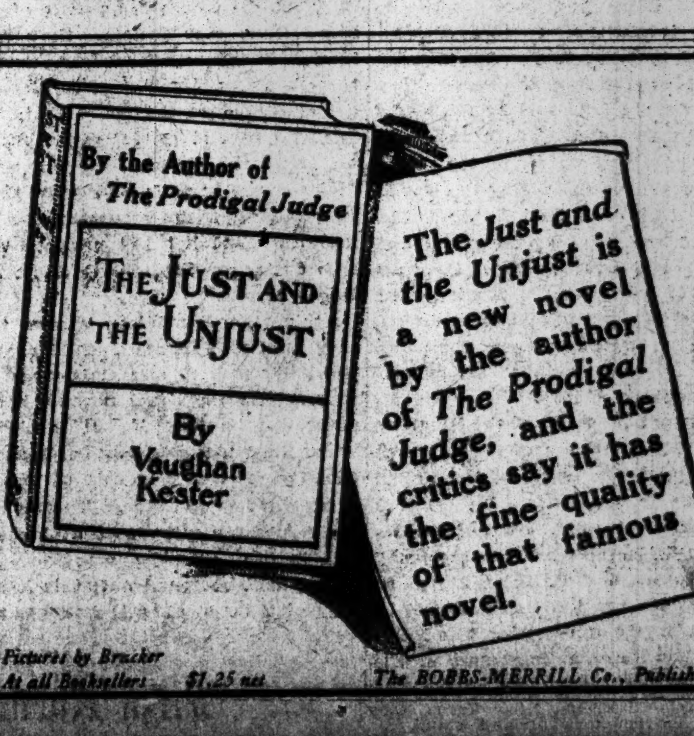
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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 20, 1912.

THE SENATE'S PANAMA DEBATE.

It is a pity that some Senators persist in dealing with the Panama matter by the light of sophistry instead of by law and precedent. They are now proposing to make a second writing on the Panama scroll that shall replace the first writing bearing the signature of the United States. Senator O'GORMAN's distinction between the Government which makes the rules and the other Governments which should obey the rules is unworthy of a Senator representing New York. The idea was never suggested until the subsidy hunters imagined it. If it had been suggested at the time the United States assumed its obligations the canal never would have been built. The United States never had a free hand to make rules for the world, and exempt itself from their operation. The United States agreed to make rules substantially similar to those which have stood for many years, and which are illuminated by practice and precedent which are part of the case. The suggestion the Senator makes his own must be repudiated instantly by every American who is jealous of his country's honor, and fearful of aligning the United States against the opinion of all civilization. The State for which Senator ROOT speaks never will accept and approve this subterfuge, whatever the action of the Senate may be.

Senator LODGE thinks that what he admits cannot be done directly can be done by another subterfuge. Honor and law forbid exemption of American vessels from tolls, but the sums paid may be voted to the ships, payable from the Treasury. Massachusetts ought to repudiate this idea as clearly as New York repudiates Senator O'GORMAN's. We lament the necessity of recalling to the attention of Senator LODGE the precedent that makes his proposal unworthy of his standing as Senator, however much credit it does to his ingenuity as a lawyer advising how to evade the document which he assisted to draw up. We have already called attention to the fact that the Suez, Panama, and Canadian canals are all operated under similar agreements, containing the word "equality," which must have the same meaning in every case. Canada undertook to do the thing which the Senator advises the United States to do, and the United States succeeded in establishing the principle that Canada had no right to act in evasion of both the letter and spirit of the engagement which binds both England and the United States, and as much regarding Panama as regarding the Canadian canals.

At about the time the Senator was assisting to ratify the treaty which now he misconstrues, the United States called the attention of the Dominion to the fact that it was denying equality to American users of Canadian canals by rebating 18 cents of the 20-cent tolls. The rebate and the tolls were charged and repaid to Americans and Canadians alike. The case, therefore, is stronger than the proposal to rebate to Americans alone, and not to rebate to all payers of Panama charges. Canada's motive was to induce traffic to move via Canadian routes instead of American. The reply of the United States was that the treaty—as also does the Panama treaty—guaranteed equality to citizens as well as to vessels, and that the treaty was violated when it compelled Americans to pay tenfold the net tolls paid by those who received the rebate. Canada made certain proposals of waiver of the rebate upon certain concessions by the United States. This was held unacceptable, since the treaty rights were vested, and should not be bought again. Congress took this view, and authorized the President to retaliate by similar action. Eventually Canada conceded the point, and the President recalled his retaliatory imposition of tolls.

This is not the worst of the Senator's views. He takes a position as much opposed to the interests of the United States as to its honor. He declared yesterday that railroad-owned steamships would be excluded from the canal. The interest of the United States as owner of the canal is that it should be used as largely as possible. The interest of the ultimate consumers of the United States is the same as the National interests, to the end that the cost of living may be lessened by the free movement of commerce stimulated by economic competition. It is perceived that a cash subsidy to one of the most hateful forms of monopoly—one established by law, and safeguarded against competition—is too raw for a Presidential year. But it is proposed to substitute a crippling of a possible competitor, whose rates are under lawful control, and therefore impossible of manipulation in an uneconomic manner. The railways must gather and distribute whatever freights pass through the canal, except only that small portion which is consumed at the seaports. To prohibit railway-owned steamships from using the canal is to commit the criminal blunder of crippling the canal by impeding the movement through it for mid-continent use. The idea is incapable of presentation not offensive to an open-minded intelligence. It is necessary to postulate some other motive to make the proposal rational. What is the Senator's motive for forgetting the law and imagining such a vain thing? It is not pleasant to be compelled to speak of United States Senators in this manner. But they draw their own indictments.

HOLDING UP THE SUBWAYS.

Forty-five firms interested in property in William Street were represented at a meeting held on Thursday to consider measures which can only result in delay in building some part of the new subways. After seven years of preliminaries a suitable plan to provide the citizens of Greater New York with means of getting about has been decided upon. Five million persons are waiting, with some impatience, for the construction of the new roads. Yet, if the obstructionists have their way, the matter must all be gone over again step by step.

It is the business of the engineers to decide whether or not any particular route is suitable. The property owners know they will be fully compensated for any damage wrought to their property. It is not likely that there will be any damage. The difficulties of construction in William Street differ little from those in lower Broadway, which were overcome when the present Subway was built. But it is not only in William Street but throughout the city that the property owners are opposing construction. Of course they will be overruled in time, but time is precious, the new means of transit are needed, and objections merely because one has the power to object seem unwise in view of the great good to be accomplished for the whole city by the building of the subways.

A DOUBLE CAMPAIGN.

Two lines of campaigning will probably be pursued by the Republican managers, and active preparation is going on for each. It is an unfortunate coincidence that both are necessarily defensive. One will essay to meet the charges of the third-term party that Mr. TAFT's nomination was "stolen" at Chicago; the other will try to meet the attack of the Democrats upon the Republican tariff policy.

As to "stealing" the nomination, the task of defense ought not to be very hard. Certainly the nomination was not stolen from Mr. ROOSEVELT, for he did not at any time have delegates enough to secure it, granting to him every contest which his own representatives on the committees supported. But the task, if not in reason very hard, will be a disagreeable one, and will tend to dampen the enthusiasm of Mr. TAFT's followers. It will have to include proof of the chicane practiced by the Roosevelt partisans, and will leave the inevitable impression that comes from laundry work in public where the linen is badly soiled.

The defense of the Republican tariff policy will be a different matter, and more laborious. The chief reliance will be on the Tariff Board. The line of argument will be that the Democratic House bills ignored the board and that the Republican Senate was guided by the board and was justified in refusing to act when the board had not reported. This would be, in some degree, a valid argument if it was based on facts. It is not. It is contrary to some essential facts. The Democrats did not ignore the board. Their bills, notably the Wool and Woolen bill, were sustained by much of the information supplied by the board. The Republicans did ignore the board, save as a pretext for not acting at all. They refused to use the reports of the board when they justified the withdrawal of favors obviously no longer needed. Especially they were blind to the statement of the board that, "in "general [not in special cases, but as "a rule,] the lowest labor costs per "pound were in mills paying the high- "est wages," a statement that knocks into a cocked hat the pretense that high duties are required to offset low wages abroad.

Again, the Republican excuse that they must wait for the Tariff Board to finish its task is absurd because the task set for the board never will and never can be finished. It is bidden, under the Republican scheme, to ascertain the difference in cost of production at home and abroad. That is simply impossible. The cost at home is not known, even by manufacturers, and cannot be found out; this is also true of the cost abroad; how can any board ascertain the difference between two unknown quantities?

Take the case of the woolen and worsted mills in the United States. As shown by Mr. REDFIELD of this State in his admirable speech in the House, there are 913 establishments of this sort in the United States. The report of the Tariff Board includes only 176. To ascertain labor and machine efficiency only 44—less than 5 per cent. of the total in the country—were used. From these the inferences of the board as to cost were drawn. Yet, even among this ridiculous fraction of the whole number of mills it is certain that there were differences in the cost of the same kind of goods; there were undoubtedly differences also in the cost in the same mill at different times. And if the conclusions of the board as to home cost under these conditions are worth little, the value of their conclusions as to cost abroad is still less.

It all comes to this: The promise of tariff reduction when the Tariff Board has found out what is the difference of cost is a perfectly deceptive promise. It is a fraud on the face of it. It is worth no more than a note-of-hand payable on the 31st of June. That is the plain fact that the Republicans will have to face in this campaign, and it will be pressed upon them at every turn.

HAGGLING ABOUT THE WARSHIPS.

There are rumors of continued opposition to the construction of two battleships this year among the members of the House of Representatives in conference over the Senate's amendment to the Naval bill. It is difficult to account for this foolish obstinacy. The Democratic Party is not opposed to the upbuilding of the navy, and the construction of only two new ships each year cannot fairly be called extravagant. Therefore it is difficult to see how politics affects this matter. Probably the whole trouble lies in the demand for "concessions" to various neighborhoods. Senator TILLMAN, for instance, is reputed to be angry because the Charleston naval station has not been "properly cared for."

It is petty business. Nothing should stand in the way of the advancement of our navy on the very eve of the opening of the Panama Canal. Next Monday the First Lord of the British Admiralty, WINSTON S. CHURCHILL, will make known his plan for an imperial navy. Germany and the other Continental Powers are building ships. The United States Navy must be kept in its proper relative position. The plan to build only two new ships a year is a compromise itself. It should be adhered to.

THE EXPRESS RATES.

The Inter-State Commerce Commission has such an unconscionable volume of opinions, reports, and rulings to prepare, that it is not strange that now and then expressions are used in its documents which, on full consideration, we are sure, the Commission would not attempt to defend. Something was said in one of its reports about construing the law relating to railroads in accordance with theories of social uplift. That was rather unfortunate, as was pointed out at the time. We presume that theory of legal construction has been abandoned, but in its report on the rates and practices of the express companies, the Commission says: "Express rates should be "made primarily to meet the need of "the great body of our people."

That can hardly be true. An abolition of all charges would doubtless meet the need, certainly the desire, of the great body of our people, but that extreme measure would not be recommended by the Commission. Primarily, express rates must be adjusted to provide a reasonable profit for the company; otherwise there would be no express companies. This is true of all public service corporations. If they cannot be permitted to levy charges that will yield a profit on the business done, they will go out of existence. The hope of profit is the one motive that prompts the formation of public service corporations.

The Commission is well aware of that fact, for a little further down in its report it says of the express business: "The rates should include a return to "the express company which will compensate it, with profit, for the ex- "pense of the service which it gives." In that statement the Commission returns once more to solid ground.

The only serious question between the Commission and the companies now is whether the new system of rates, to be established under the order of the Commission, would compensate the companies, with profit, for the expense of the service they render. It is understood that the companies are willing to adopt the reforms in their methods and practices which the Commission prescribes, and it is evident that these reforms would promote the public convenience. There has long been an impression, very generally entertained, that the express companies made money at the expense of the railroads. It has sometimes been said that the railroads undercharged the express companies for the transportation service they render, thereby fattening the profits of the express companies, among whose large shareholders were railroad men whose influence in determining the fixing of transportation rates would be very great, if not controlling. This would be a form of "graft" of which the Commission would be bound to take notice. Evidently, there is no such "graft."

According to the Commission's reports, the thirteen express companies had in the fiscal year 1911 a gross transportation income of $140,311,485, out of which they paid to the railroads $73,956,455, leaving for themselves $75,355,030. Their own operating expenses amounted to $67,996,759. This left a net operating revenue of $7,358,271 to the express companies. The Commission finds no occasion to express any opinion as to the reasonableness of the amount paid to the railroad companies by the express companies. The net operating revenue allowed a 6 per cent. return upon all the property, valued at $27,163,860, used in the express service by the companies. These figures, of course, furnish no criterion for the fixing of rates, since by far the greatest item in the property account would be the property of the railroads, which render the chief part of the service.

The principle which has guided the Commission is evidently that of reasonableness. "A reasonable express rate," it says, "is one which gives "reasonable compensation to the rail "carrier for carrying a small package "on a passenger train or on a "train going at passenger speed, "plus a reasonable compensation "for the service of gathering, care, "and delivering, which the express "company, as such, renders." Under that definition it will be for the companies to show at the hearing in October that the proposed rates and arrangements will not yield a reasonable compensation for their service, after paying all expenses.

TREAT THEM AS THE CRIMINALS THEY ARE.

One woman who wants to vote tried to burn the Theatre Royal, Dublin, not because she is opposed to theatrical entertainment, but because Premier ASQUITH was to speak from its stage. Another ardent advocate of woman's rights threw a hatchet at the Prime Minister's carriage. Three times within a week the British militant suffragettes have attempted arson. Throwing hatchets with poor aim and setting fire to box curtains in theatres where there are firemen on guard is pretty poor warfare, however. Only an Olympian prize winner could throw a hatchet with any certainty of hitting the object aimed at. Really, the militant suffragettes should conserve their force, and form some effective plan of warfare.

If they want a general conflagration they should go to work more carefully. But why should they not form an artillery brigade and train their batteries on St. Stephen's, transforming that architectural monument into an unsightly ruin? They could demolish the Albert Memorial with a few well-directed shots, while the counterfeit presentment of that famous anti-suffragist, WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE, in Leicester Square, would succumb to a single fire. There are statues of ISAMBARD BRUNEL and W. E. FORSTER in the Embankment Gardens which would make splendid targets. This would be effective work. Thus far the virulence of the militant suffrage movement has been counterbalanced by its futility. Grabbing a Cabinet Minister by the shoulders or pulling a few buttons from his coat signifies little.

Soberly speaking, the eight violent women who were arrested in Dublin yesterday, and hundreds like them throughout the British Isles, are victims of a hysterical mania which has been superinduced by the wave of socialism and radicalism sweeping over England, and has been intensified by the feebleness of the authorities. Their malady needs more strenuous treatment. The heart of the British Government is all right, but it has wasted too much sympathy on these suffragettes.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

He Revealed His Own Psychology.

Fear rather than remorse seems to have driven young SWARTZ to suicide, and of course nothing like sympathy can be felt for the perpetrator of a deed as hideous as his. A little of pity and much of understanding, however, should be created by what he wrote just before he killed himself, for these documents are of more than curious interest—they are, in effect, a clinical history of his "case," as distinguished from his crime, and had they been prepared by a pathologist who was also a psychiatrist they could hardly have thrown more light upon his mental condition.

Properly interpreted, the writings reveal that SWARTZ was not merely a murderous ruffian of a particularly horrifying type. His references to his mother are those which any loving son in desperate trouble might make, and there are other indications of capacity for the gentler emotions. What has been called his moroseness was evidently the manifestation of a habitual resentment of grievances largely or wholly imaginary, itself a significant symptom of a disordered mind. It is notable, too, that the regret he expressed for what he did is mitigated by a vague sense of helplessness and consequent irresponsibility, the result of what he roughly, but not so inaccurately, diagnosed as periodic mania. This theory of his may in no small part account for the curious calmness of his letter, and make unnecessary the assumption that he was coldly callous which that absence of emotion might otherwise compel.

That SWARTZ's traits were so different from those of his brothers and sisters, products of the same heredity and environment, will not puzzle observers familiar with the Mendelian laws of descent, or remove the certainty that the explanation of what SWARTZ was would be found in his genealogy if it were subjected to scientific investigation. Genealogists, however, do not devote their labors to such as he; they prefer the stupid and unprofitable hunt for an ancestor with a title or a crown. The eugenists are changing all that, and it is they whose comments on cases like that of this wretched boy will be least harsh, simply because they understand them best.

Terrified by a Governor.

A State in which there has just been committed a crime like the murder of the man ROSENTHAL is not so far advanced in civilization that the dwellers in it can safely manifest the extremes of horror and amazement at conditions existing elsewhere. Still, they have a right to recognize degrees and differences, and they can at least say that the darkest of suspicions afloat here include nothing like the charges openly made, and with apparent sincerity, concerning the condition of things in South Carolina under the administration of Gov. BLEASE.

There witnesses summoned to testify before a Legislative investigating committee hastily cross the State line, not because they are unwilling to testify, but because they think that death awaits them if they come within the jurisdiction of this remarkable official. He has himself made public threats to shoot with his own hand anybody who repeats in his hearing charges of corruption that are now the common talk of the country, and those whom he thus menaces say that their lives would not be safe in South Carolina. So the friends of the exiles inform them, and so they seemingly believe, though it is almost incredible that the Legislature of a sovereign State could thus be turned from its purposes and deprived of its rights.

The needed witnesses express less fear of what the Governor might do to them than of what he might do for persons who took it upon themselves to carry out his supposed wishes by making these witnesses silent forever. In other words, they say that they cannot venture where they could be murdered with impunity because the murderers would be sure to be pardoned in recognition of service rendered. This is a most strange tale to be told in the United States and the twentieth century; the place for such stories is in the chronicles of mediaeval Italy—in the biography of CAESAR BORGIA, for instance. As contemporaneous history, one is strongly inclined to classify them as "important if true," and to take for granted that there is something wrong about them.

Americans Are Not So Foolish.

One does not like to believe the report from Stockholm by way of London that the so-called American claque at the Olympic games acted under orders to cheer nobody except the contestants representing Sweden and the United States.

The excuse said to have been given for this restriction was that it prevented the development of such ill-feeling as would be created, for instance, in Russian minds if a victorious Finn received applause or if the triumph of a German over an Englishman were acclaimed. So absurd is that explanation that it leaves the mystery of the "claque's" discrimination darker than before, and one turns to the simpler theory that the spectators at the games were injudicious enough to act as the crowds at our own ball games too often do—that they hadn't enough of true sporting spirit to feel any enthusiasm for other achievements than those of the home team.

Surely it would have been better to make the Russians frown or the Britons glower than meanly to withhold manifestations of deserved appreciation, no matter by whom earned. But before explaining something it is always well to know that there is something to explain. It is hard to believe, even on the authority of a London paper's special correspondent, that the American spectators misbehaved in this stupid way. If they did, no wild notions as to national sensibilities and jealousies will win pardon for them after they get home, and our laurel-wreathed athletes ought to be the first to condemn them.

Let's hope that they didn't do it.

Dr. Woodrow Wilson.

From The London Saturday Review.

Dr. Woodrow Wilson's nomination for the Presidency of the United States was no "rubber-stamp" indorsement by professional politicians. Dr. Wilson is a man of principle, and he was strong enough to make it felt. He is as far removed from the average vote-catching politician as any candidate well could be who appears before the American electorate. Even the machine politicians respect him. The machine politicians fear Dr. Wilson's character even more than they respect it, for it is outside their everyday experience.

His speech is terse and lucid, and on the platform he is utterly without the rostrum tricks and manner. In short, he has a disconcerting simplicity. Nothing, his countryman, Emerson, has said, astonishes men so much as common sense and plain dealing, and in this lies all the virtue of Dr. Wilson—in this and in a certain fearlessness that is rare in American politics. The fear of an idea is not of Dr. Woodrow Wilson's failings, and that is why he is Governor of New Jersey to-day and why he will probably be elected President of the United States next November.

Rascals Among Pushcart Men.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My efforts were centred for at least five years on trying to prevent the pushcart men from intruding on our residential streets in Harlem. This brought me in contact with some of those men and with quite a number of the police force, who were quite confidential in their statements of conditions in that part of the city.

Most of the pushcart men are strong, vigorous Sicilians. How so many can make a living selling peanuts, bananas, and oranges is the marvel. There were five pushcarts one afternoon at the corner of 124th Street and Seventh Avenue.

Some of them are ugly-looking and resent any interference with their methods. In my opinion, their occupation is a cloak for more profitable but more criminal operations. In my investigations I came across evidences of their rascality, but the majority of the people are either so timid or so indifferent that it is impossible to accomplish much, if anything, and I found myself "a marked personality," so gave up all open attacks.

H. S. WINGATE.

Ticonderoga, July 11, 1912.

New York's Shopping Attractions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your articles on New York as a Summer resort are very interesting and give the newcomer an understanding of what he can accomplish while in this big city. I am here on quite a business visit involving a financial deal, but my attention being called to shopping and other facilities by your edifying descriptions of what is going on in your great stores, I could not help looking over them myself and making some purchases I had not previously thought necessary. The stores I went into were full of people, many of them, apparently, like myself, visitors from other States, and, I have no doubt, all attracted thereto by your sensible and timely remarks.

A VISITOR.

New York, July 19, 1912.

Wants Shakespeare Revived.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reading accounts of what our various theatre managers have in view for entertaining New York audiences next season some of us ask, "Why not have more Shakespearean plays?" "They do not pay," I hear a manager say. Can this be true? Surely in this cosmopolitan city there are many lovers of Shakespeare who would rejoice to go frequently to hear his plays if well given.

A Shakespearean theatre, a perpetual gift to the city, as the peerless Symphony Orchestra is a perpetual gift to Boston! To what better use could the [illegible] or the Sage Fund be put than to establish such a theatre?

A. F. M.

Bailey Island, Me., July 17, 1912.

EATABLES AND PEOPLE AGAIN

President Miller Wishes Wholesale Terminal Markets Erected.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent's letter entitled "Eatables and People" pointed to one of the most potent causes for the high cost of food, i. e., the increase in population without the proportionate increase in production of food supplies. Obviously, the only way to remedy this is to induce people to raise more foodstuff. Why don't they? The causes are many—scarcity of labor, distance from markets, lack of general knowledge of market methods and conditions, and the like—but the one which in a measure is responsible for the others is the low price paid the grower for his products. What he asks in order to induce him to continue to produce foods are not occasional high prices for his output, but a steady demand at moderate prices. It is a curious fact that high prices in the city eventually result in low prices in the country, because the buyers must cease to buy and the surplus above their actual needs is left on the grower's hands. He therefore ceases to produce, and so it goes in a vicious circle. If the grower could be sure of a steady market at moderate prices he could be sure of his business. This attracts capital.

It has been estimated that the grower receives from 35 to 51 cents for every dollar's worth the consumer buys. He receives a low price and the buyer pays a high one. Both suffer. In New York the trouble is due largely to the lack of handling facilities for food products, so that the large difference between what the grower receives and the buyer pays is used up in handling. Part of this goes to the middleman. So far as he performs a necessary service in distribution he is necessary; but he, too, is a victim of the present lack of system, because he cannot handle the goods cheaply and quickly. In our city life the retailer is the best distributer to the consumer, but he cannot sell cheaply unless he can buy cheaply.

The best system brings the produce from the farm to the retailer with the greatest speed and the least cost. This could be done if we had a large wholesale distributing depot (perhaps two in the larger boroughs) into which all the railroads could run and discharge their freight. This should be sold by licensed auctioneers directly to the retailer, or to the middleman who could buy and distribute to him at a small advance. Any producer could send his goods to the market and order them sold at the market rate by a licensed auctioneer. There are thousands of small or occasional producers throughout the country who must depend upon the village store or the market agent to sell their goods. Often they do not trouble to sell because the price is so small. They or their neighbors may have tried sending their goods to the New York market with poor results. They do not try again. The aggregate of all these products of the small or occasional grower would help materially to increase our supply. Better prices to the grower resulting from sale of his goods by licensed auctioneers would encourage him to produce more. Gradually the knowledge of these large public markets would spread throughout the country and we would see a vast increase in the supply.

Much of the unrest among all classes of our city is due to the increasing difficulty in buying the food necessary to live. There is no more important matter confronting our City Government. THE TIMES is doing yeoman work in awakening our people to the necessity of doing something. I have no doubt that when our citizens realize that we have within our power the certain means of getting cheaper food the establishment of wholesale terminal markets will come quickly.

CYRUS C. MILLER,
President of the Borough of the Bronx.

Greensboro, Vt., July 18, 1912.

SIMPLIFIED EXPRESS RATES.

Why Not Have a Formula Varying with the Weight and Distance?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

What strikes me as peculiar and uncalled for in connection with the proposed new express rates is the division of the whole country into arbitrary zones, and I would like to ask why express charges cannot be so formulated that when the weight and distance are known the charge can be found by substitution. I do not mean to say that the charge should vary as the weight or as the distance, but it certainly should vary as some function or functions of these variables, plus a constant for terminal charges. Both the weight and distance are matters easily determined by shippers, and I have very little doubt that a proper charge for any weight and distance is capable of mathematical expression in some form or other, or at least in a few simple forms, from which tables could be drawn for convenient use.

The conclusions reached by the Commissioners may be all right as far as they have gone, but they do not appear consistent, and they never will be, until their labors have been crystallized in the form of broad, general principles or laws from which the rates follow as a matter of course. At any rate, this is the impression made upon me by your analysis of the situation, and, although it is clear that great benefits will accrue to the public by the work already done, there stills seems to be room for research looking toward further benefits from broader generalizations.

WILFRED LEWIS.

New York, July 18, 1912.

The Panama Canal Tolls.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I want to express my appreciation of the great service you are rendering the country and the cause of morality and National integrity in your editorial articles on the canal tolls question. They cannot fail to have great weight, they are so calm and conclusive, while so definite in their statements of fact and so unqualified in their demand for common honesty. Men who love their country must feel shame over the speeches of some of our Congressmen and Senators, from whom better things are to be expected.

HENRY A. STIMSON.

Newport, R. I., July 18, 1912.

Suggests a Public Loan Bureau.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

While one may agree with "W. J. L." in condemning the improvidence of the victims of the loan sharks, there are a great many, however, who by reason of ill-health or non-employment have their savings used up and are forced to realize quick money at any price. These people would certainly not come under the head of thriftless. Why not establish a city loan bureau, run on a plan to meet expenses only?

L. H. O.

New York, July 18, 1912.

BRIGHTNESS AND LIGHTNESS.

The little bird upon the bough
  Now sings its Summer lay;
The farmer has laid by the plough
  And waits to rake the hay;
While on the hill the brindle cow
  Chews on throughout the day.

The housewife builds the custard pie
  And kneads the daily bread;
(The latter makes the boarders shy,
  It looks so much like lead;)
And in the swamp when night draws nigh
  The frog's "Ker-chug" is said.

The lovelorn poet sighs and gasps
  His sonnets to the stars,
As some fair damsel's hand he clasps
  Above the meadow bars;
While at his feet the cricket rasps
  The shrilling sound that jars.

Midsummer blooms on every hand
  And all the earth is bright;
The farmer's net receipts are grand—
  He's captured all in sight—
And every guest will leave his land
  Their very purses light.

LURANA SHELDON.

GOV. MARSHALL PUTS TARIFF ISSUE FIRST

Vice Presidential Nominee Says Protection Is Unconstitutional and Should Be Destroyed.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 19.—Abraham Lincoln, unlike his latest reincarnation, always said something worth saying. For example, when he was in this town on Feb. 11, 1861, on his way to Washington to assume the Presidency, he made a speech from which these words are preserved on a bronze plate fixed into the wall of the Claypool:

> I appeal to you to constantly bear in mind that, not with politics, not with Presidents, nor with office seekers, but with you, is the question: Shall the Union and shall the liberties of this country be preserved to the latest generations?

By George, that is a fine sentiment, as fit for this day as it was when the country was actually going to pieces. Queer, isn't it, that our modern make-believe Lincoln appears to have lost sight entirely of the warning uttered by his rugged model and should be trying to do the impossible act of fooling all of the people all of the time? It is not so with Thomas R. Marshall, the plain, simple hearted, strong-headed little man now comfortably filling the shoes of the war Governor of Indiana, who believed that American institutions were established for all generations.

Gov. Marshall believes in the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States. He is a Democrat. He has not been taken off his feet by the noise and confusion, the brag and bluster, the fads and follies of the times. He holds that the philosophy of Thomas Jefferson is sufficient for the necessities of all generations of free people. He told the Democratic National Committee the other day that there was no such thing as progressivism, that a catchword is not a principle, that, rightly interpreted, the Declaration of Independence is progressive because it is democratic, that he is a Democrat because he believes that Democracy is true progressivism, that whatever other men might choose to call themselves he preferred to be called a Democrat because, even as the Scriptures contain the words of eternal life, the Declaration incorporates all that is necessary to the prosperity and independence of a free, self-respecting, self-governing people to the end of the world. He has been a student of cause and effects, of conditions, of the rights of man, and does not believe that any special or extraordinary legislation is necessary, except as it may serve as a sign to show which way the tide is moving, to secure the full measure of relief from the exactions of which so general complaint is made.

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He does not believe there is a single corporation which cannot be broken up by appeal to the common law in any State where this corporation is domiciled. He believes that the issue of all issues, the issue upon which the present National campaign must be decided, is the tariff issue; that the only tariff authorized or permitted by the Constitution is the tariff for revenue, that the present system of protection for American industries is extra-constitutional, that it should be destroyed. He cannot understand how it is possible to sell American made goods in foreign markets at lower prices than identically the same goods are sold in the home markets. His brother-in-law has recently returned home from Korea to find that he bought American goods in Söul for less money than he could get precisely the same thing in Indianapolis, and with the effect that the brother-in-law, who has always been a Republican, will vote the Democratic ticket this year.

There is something radically wrong with a system which discriminates against the people who permit it. Gov. Marshall does not believe that the beneficiaries of the protective system in this country are all scoundrels, or thieves, or sponges. He has never changed his mind as to injustice or wrong of the system; but he takes no stock in the cry that those who have grown up under the system and who have been especially enriched by it are the chiefest among sinners. On the contrary, he believes that nine-tenths of the manufacturers, certainly in the State of Indiana, would welcome the revision of the system, the correction of inequalities, the equal rights of men.

The protective system has been an evolution. Like other institutions, or policies, which have been covered under the general welfare clause of the Constitution, it has brought the people to the point of doing at times desperate things to obtain relief from the burden of taxation which could be cured, and would be cured, by the adoption of the sound old Democratic doctrine of restricting the revenues of the Government to the affairs of the Government economically administered. The defense, if it can so be denominated, made by the manufacturers who sell cheaper to foreigners than they sell to homefolk, is that they are only in this way disposing of their surplus; but this altogether plausible explanation, which should fool no one who can see beyond the end of his nose, did not fool Gov. Marshall, who suggested in an address some time ago that if this were true it would be well for the manufacturers to sell their surplus at home and their regular product in foreign markets, thus evening up the conditions between Americans and the foreigners who can buy American-made goods protected by the taxation of the American people, not for the support of the American Government, but for the alleged benefit of American industry, cheaper than Americans themselves, who are compelled to buy in the home market.

Gov. Marshall believes in the thorough scientific revision of the tariff, and thinks that if the matter were fairly presented to the beneficiaries of the present system they would see the importance of taking the question out of politics. They would save money by it. No longer would the paid lobby at Washington be necessary to look after legislative questions, there would be no further occasion for large benefactions in political years, the people would get a square deal, and American industry would in the end and speedily adjust itself to new and natural conditions.

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Gov. Marshall is not at all excited about present political prospects. Naturally, he thinks that he is predestined to take the seat now occupied by "Sunny Jim" Sherman after the 4th of next March, although he would not say so in so many words. He believes that the convention at Baltimore did the very best thing it could do when it placed Woodrow Wilson at the head of the ticket. He knows Wilson, and esteems him very highly. There is a very strong and growing feeling for Wilson in this part of the country, and particularly in Indiana among college men, and thoughtful people generally are flocking to the Democratic standard.

As to Mr. Bryan and what he did and said at Baltimore, the Governor declined to say one word. He feels very deeply the high honor conferred upon him by the Democratic Convention, and does not think that there is any likelihood of defeat. Thistlethwait, the Governor's private Secretary and something of a prognosticator in his own right, counts on 50,000 Democratic majority in Indiana this year because the party is united as it has not been united for years, and the enemy is in confusion.

The Governor is satisfied that if there shall be a Roosevelt electoral ticket in this State, and there is no doubt that there will be such a ticket, Roosevelt will receive 50,000 votes in Indiana. That will not be enough to do Roosevelt any good, but it will do Taft great harm, and will make Indiana solid for Democracy. If there shall be no Roosevelt ticket the State will go for Wilson and Marshall, just the same, or all the prophets have lost their gift. It is certain that Gov. Marshall has been receiving some mighty comforting messages from important people who have heretofore affiliated with the Republicans.

"Twenty-five per cent. of my letters are from Republicans," he said to-day, "and all of them of an exceedingly friendly character." This ought to be enough to brighten up things at Sea Girt and to cause rather chilly and uncomfortable weather at the White House.

The charming thing about Gov. Marshall is that he does not "put on any lugs," as the saying goes, but talks with the most refreshing candor about the things in which he is interested. He is of the John Marshall stock, looks a good deal like John Marshall of Charleston, S. C., one of the grand descendants of the great Chief Justice, and believes in both the law and the Gospel.

J. C. H.

FROHMAN BACK; HAS EUROPEAN CIRCUIT

His Attractions Will Hereafter Tour the Continent After Playing in London.

NEW PLAYS FOR AMERICA

"The Marriage Market," "Honor of Japan," "Sunshine Girl" — Maude Adams to Produce Barrie Comedy.

Charles Frohman returned to New York yesterday after several months spent abroad, during which he was unusually active. His health, which was not good when he left, has much improved during his stay in London and on the Continent.

One of the most important matters which Mr. Frohman settled while abroad was an arrangement with managers of theatres in the leading Continental cities for a circuit of playhouses similar to that in the United States. The cities included in the plan are Paris, Vienna, Berlin, Munich, Dresden, Budapest, Lyons, Marseilles, Frankfort, and Brussels. Managers of the principal theatres in these cities will provide bookings for the Frohman attractions and will be interested financially with him in the tours of companies. When a play has succeeded in London it will be sent to the Continent, and when a successful play has been produced in Paris it will go on tour to the other houses in the circuit.

Mr. Frohman will begin his New York activities with the opening of the Empire Theatre early in September with John Drew in Alfred Sutro's four-act comedy, "The Perplexed Husband." This play was produced first at Wyndham's Theatre, London, last Winter. For Mr. Drew's support there will be Mary Boland, Nina Severing, and Alice John. Mr. Sutro will come to America in August for the rehearsals.

Mme. Nazimova will follow Mr. Drew at the Empire, appearing in "Bella Donna," which has been running at the St. James Theatre, London, for the last nine months.

For Maude Adams Mr. Frohman has arranged a special season of J. M. Barrie plays. First Miss Adams will make a tour through the United States in "Peter Pan," and then she will come to the Empire Theatre in a new comedy by Mr. Barrie called "The Legion of Leonora." After the run of this she will appear in a Barrie programme made up of a fifty-minute play called "Rosalind" and "The Ladies' Shakespeare." Mr. Barrie himself has promised to come to America for the production of his plays.

Ethel Barrymore's season will not begin until after Christmas. She will be seen in a new play by Henry Bernstein and possibly in a new play by C. Haddon Chambers, which he expects will be suited for her when it is completed. Mr. Chambers will come to America in November.

The Lyceum Theatre will open with Billie Burke and a large company in Pinero's "Mind the Paint Girl." This piece will be given only in the larger cities of the country. At the Criterion Theatre, succeeding Richard Carle and Hattie Williams in "The Girl from Montmartre," John Mason will be presented in Henry Bernstein's drama, "The Attack." At the Harris Theatre, late in August, Mr. Frohman will present Augustus Thomas's latest play, "The Model." William Gillette, too, will appear under the Frohman management, and Otis Skinner will continue in "Kismet" during the entire season.

Donald Brian will be presented in a new musical comedy called "The Marriage Market," that is running in Berlin and in several other Continental cities. It will be done in London by George Edwardes during the Winter. "The Sunshine Girl," with Julia Sanderson in the title rôle, will be produced after Christmas, and Leo Fall's "The Doll Girl" is also slated for production. "Primrose," a Comedie Française success, will be presented in November, with Alexandria Carlisle in the principal part, and "The Spy," from the Porte St. Martin, will also be presented here.

The most elaborate production Mr. Frohman will make in America this season will be "The Honor of Japan," a play that has been successful at the Odeon, Paris. Mr. Frohman has also arranged with Barrie, Shaw, and Pinero for new plays, all to be produced in one evening's programme, at the Duke of York's Theatre in September and in New York after Christmas. Marie Doro will appear in this programme here.

Other plays obtained by Mr. Frohman include "The Heart Decides," from the Athenee Theatre, Paris; a dramatization of "Alice in Wonderland," by Edward Sheldon; a new comedy by Pinero, a new play by Porter Emerson Browne, and an adaptation by Mr. Brown of the English play, "Chains"; a new play, "Doormats," by Hubert Henry Davies; a drama produced by Mme. Réjane in Paris, three plays by Georges Berr, and a new play by the author of "The Devil."

Charles Cherry will continue under Mr. Frohman's management in "Passers-By," and will be seen in New York in that piece. W. Somerset Maugham will come to America in October and go to Canada to complete a play of Canadian life which Mr. Frohman intends producing here and in London. The manager's arrangements for Continental productions include "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm," "The Model," and other American pieces. At the conclusion of the regular season at the Empire Theatre Mr. Frohman intends bringing over a consolidation of three English stars in an important production.

JUDGMENT FOR ALIMONY.

Henry W. Thayer Ordered to Pay Former Wife $2,250.

Supreme Court Justice Giegerich directed County Clerk Schneider yesterday to enter a money judgment of $2,250 against Henry W. Thayer, former President of the Decorative Designers, 31 Union Square. Mrs. Thayer, with her divorce, had obtained an order for $150 a month alimony.

Thayer, it was declared, received a salary of $5,000 at the time of the suit, but later he said that salary had been reduced and he applied for reduced alimony. This was denied. He failed to pay regularly and he served three months in Ludlow Street Jail for contempt. The amount sued for is the money due Mrs. Thayer up to date.

Mr. Thayer married Emma R. Lee, who was Vice President of the company of which he was President, two days after the first Mrs. Thayer got her divorce.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

A contract was entered into yesterday among Cohan & Harris, A. H. Woods, Channing Pollock, and Rennold Wolf for the rights to a new musical play to be completed about Jan. 1, for Spring production in New York. Mr. Pollock and Mr. Wolf are authors of "The Red Widow" and "My Best Girl." Clifton [illegible] new play.

H. H. Frazee has engaged Fay Wallace for an important role in "Ready Money," which opens at Maxine Elliott's Theatre on Aug. 19. Miss Wallace was seen in New York last during the long run of "Get Rich Quick Wallingford."

Frederick De Belleville and Marie Wainwright have been re-engaged by Henry W. Savage for the roles of Wealth and Truth in "Everywoman" this season.

Sydney Ellison, the stage director, arrived in New York yesterday, especially engaged to conduct the rehearsals of Channing Pollock and Rennold Wolf's musical comedy, "My Best Girl." Mr. Ellison staged "Florodora." He has been connected with the Gaiety Theatre, London, for many years.

A dress rehearsal of the new Winter Garden entertainment was held last night, when the complete performances of "The Passing Show of 1912" and "The Ballet of 1830" were given. On Monday night, when the opening takes place, the curtain will rise promptly at 8 o'clock and no encore will be permitted.

William Hammerstein has entered into a contract with Harry Houdini, by which the "handcuff king" will play Summer engagements at Hammerstein's Theatre during the next five years. At the end of his present season here Houdini will make a world tour, including China, Roumania, the Hawaiian Islands, the Philippines, Java, the Fiji Islands, New Zealand, Ceylon, South Africa, and Egypt.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Pillot have left Tuxedo for a two weeks' motor tour through Michigan. Early in August they will go to the Hotel Nassau at Long Beach, L. I., where they will be joined by Mr. and Mrs. David Wagstaff, and will spend several weeks there.

Mrs. Elmer E. Black, who has gone to Narragansett Pier for the week-end, is booked to sail on Aug. 7 for Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Noyes, who are spending the Summer abroad, have been motoring in France.

Miss Josephine Gibson and her mother, Mrs. Charles D. W. Gibson, are at the Hotel Arlington, Narragansett.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Crowninshield, who have spent the last few years abroad, largely in Italy, are at the Red Lion Inn, Stockbridge, for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Brandagee are to spend the season at Shipyard Point, Dark Harbor, Me., having sublet the Scottish estate they leased.

Mrs. Thomas Courtney Jenkins will be the guest of Mrs. Alfred Norris at Narragansett Pier for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Ambrose Clark are at the St. Regis for a short visit.

Mrs. Joseph B. Mayer of 14 East Sixtieth Street has returned from a visit of several weeks at Newport, and will be in town for a few days before leaving for the White Mountains to spend the remainder of the Summer.

Mrs. Ricardo de Acosta and her daughter, Miss Mercedes de Acosta, are sailing for Europe to-day on the Oceanic.

GO TO LAKE GEORGE TO WED.

E. J. Redmond and Miss Vanderbeer of New York Surprise Relatives.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE GEORGE, N. Y., July 19.—Miss Freida Vanderbeer, daughter of Mrs. J. Vanderbeer of 143 East Fifteenth Street, New York, was married at Fort William Henry, last evening, to Edmond J. Redmond, a New York banker, by the Rev. Father Patrick Livingston of the Sacred Heart Church of Lake George.

Miss Vanderbeer arrived at the lake about ten days ago in company with Miss Sophie Singerman, and registered at the Hotel Worden. Mr. Redmond arrived at the lake on Monday afternoon, and after meeting Miss Vanderbeer he visited the village jewelry store and called upon the Town Clerk, Frank Smith, who issued a marriage license.

Mr. and Mrs. Redmond telegraphed news of the marriage immediately after the ceremony, but they had not received any reply when they left for Bath Beach on their honeymoon.

MISS BROOKS'S WEDDING.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Brooks to Marry A. R. Nutting.

The marriage of Miss Edith Brooks, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Brooks of New York and London, and Arthur Ronald Nutting, youngest son of Sir John and Lady Nutting, will take place on Wednesday, Sept. 18, in St. George's Church, Hanover Square, London. The wedding will be followed by a breakfast at Claridge's.

The engagement was announced in these columns last December. Mr. Nutting is the third son of Sir John Gardiner Nutting of St. Helen's, near Dublin, and is the first baronet. His elder son, Harold Stansmore Nutting, is a Lieutenant of the Seventeenth Lancers and aid de camp to the Governor General of Australia. The second son is John Godfrey Nutting, and there are two daughters. The elder is the wife of Major Arthur Toogood, and the younger is Miss Mary Stansmore Nutting.

Miss Brooks made her début in New York three years ago, and some months later went to England, where with her parents she has since spent most of her time. Mr. and Mrs. Brooks and their daughters are now at Folkestone, England.

BARTHOLOMEW-CONGELTON.

Miss Ethel Congelton to Wed Harris S. Bartholomew on July 23.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Ethel Congelton, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Osborn Congelton of this city, to Harris Shirley Bartholomew, only son of Judge and Mrs. Pliny W. Bartholomew of Indianapolis, Ind., which is to take place in the Intercession Chapel of Trinity Parish on Tuesday evening, July 23. There will be no reception.

Mrs. F. W. Godwin will act as her sister's matron of honor, and the Misses Alyda and Eleanore Christie, Elizabeth Hall, and Dorothy Brough are to be the bridesmaids.

John Lawrence, a classmate of the bridegroom-to-be, will serve as best man, and the ushers will include F. W. Godwin, Francis C. Lowthrop, 3d, Kenneth Van Elarcom, and Earle Congelton, a brother of the bride-elect.

After returning from their bridal trip Mr. Bartholomew and his bride will occupy their home on the Palisades.

NAMED GUARDIAN FOR DYERS.

Artist's Widow and Daughter in Care of George C. Warner.

George C. Warner, an attorney of 42 Broadway, was appointed by Supreme Court Justice Gavegan yesterday to care for the estate and persons of Mrs. Charles Gifford Dyer, the widow of the American artist, and her daughter, Stella Anthony Dyer. Mrs. and Miss Dyer were declared incompetent in 1909 by the Imperial Court of Austria-Hungary, and Mr. Dyer was at that time appointed the committee of their estate and persons.

On Dec. 26, 1911, Mr. Dyer died in Berlin. Since 1909 his wife and daughter have been in the sanitarium of Dr. Wurzburger at Herzoghole, Bavaria. On the personal application of Mr. Warner, who married a niece of the artist, he was appointed to take his place in caring for the two women.

Both Mrs. and Miss Dyer were accomplished women. The daughter was a professional violinist, who attracted the attention of the German Emperor's mother and played at many of the Courts of Europe. In 1908 she was forced to give up her career because of a nervous breakdown. In 1908 Mrs. Dyer created a stir in the diplomatic world by declaring that her husband had been kidnapped from his apartments in the Avenue de Breteuil, Paris, and that she and her daughter had been left penniless.

The estate of the two women is worth about $12,600.

AUSTRIAN CONSUL STEPS IN.

Seeks Accounting of Estate Here for Hungarian Heir—Contempt Order.

Through the intervention of Alexander de Nuber, Consul General of Austria-Hungary in New York, Charlotte Julianna Farago of Szatmarnemeti, Hungary, has appealed to Surrogate Cohalan to prevent her mother, who lives in New York, from appropriating her part in her father's estate.

When Albert Diosy, who had come to this country as a young man, died in 1910, his wife, Helen Diosy, applied for letters of administration, and testified that she was the only heir of her husband's estate, and that neither she nor he had had any children by any previous marriage.

Diosy had left a daughter in Hungary, who did not learn of her father's death until last year. In the meantime, Mrs. Diosy had taken over her husband's estate, and had declared that its value was only $245.

In April, 1911, Arpad Kremer of 302 Broadway, counsel for the Hungarian Consulate, obtained a writ from Surrogate Fowler ordering Mrs. Diosy to make a full accounting of her estate for the benefit of the next of kin in Hungary. Mrs. Diosy had not made the accounting up to yesterday, and Surrogate Cohalan issued an order commanding Mrs. Diosy to appear before him and explain why she should not be punished for contempt of court.

Gift Through The Times.

THE TIMES acknowledges $5 contributed for the Mississippi flood sufferers by "A. D. T."

Regan Heads Hibernians Again.

CHICAGO, July 19.—James J. Regan of St. Paul was unanimously re-elected President of the Ancient Order of Hibernians to-day.

MUSICIANS' UNION CALLS NEW STRIKE

Theatre Orchestras Go Out After Managers Refuse to Recognize Their Organization.

ONLY TWO HOUSES AFFECTED

The Globe Hires Non-Union Players and the Moulin Rouge Uses a Piano —Shubert Houses Not Involved.

Following the action of the Association of Theatre Managers of New York, which announced a few days ago that musicians would hereafter be employed under five-year contracts, irrespective of their affiliations with any union, the union musicians in the theatres connected with the association went on strike yesterday. The effect on the theatres was negligible, though, for the managers were prepared for the move.

Only two of the houses connected with the managers' association—the Globe and the Moulin Rouge—contain musical plays. For the last few weeks the Moulin Rouge has managed to get along with two pianists and a drummer and the Globe has employed an orchestra of just enough men to make up the payroll of the old salary schedule. Anticipating some action by the union, the Globe management assembled an orchestra this week made up of twenty-two musicians not connected with the union, and began rehearsing them in "The Spring Maid" music. On Thursday the management of the theatre notified the members of the union orchestra that their services would not be required after Saturday night. Yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock the management received a notice from the musicians that they would not play last night. The independent orchestra was assembled, and last night the performance was given with plenty of musicians in the pit to play the airs of the piece.

At the Moulin Rouge, Frank Darling, a member of the union and conductor of the orchestra, has a five-year contract with F. Ziegfeld, Jr., to act as musical director when needed. When the full orchestra at this house was dropped, Mr. Darling stayed as chief piano player. Yesterday, when the strike was ordered, he refused to "go out," because of his contract with Mr. Ziegfeld, which he felt was binding, and last night he carried the performance with a single piano, played by himself.

The other theatres were little affected. At Hammerstein's Victoria Roof Garden, Burt Greene played the piano, and that sufficed for the entertainment, and at the Marcus Loew, the Proctor, and the Keith vaudeville houses, pianos were played by non-union musicians. The Columbia Theatre, which has a musical burlesque play, was not affected. This house is not in the Managers' Association and employs a union orchestra. It closes to-night for three weeks. The Winter Garden, which opens next Monday night, is also out of the association and employs a union orchestra. It was said last night that the orchestra conductors in New York, comprising some seventy-five men, had held a meeting yesterday afternoon, looking to the organization of a new society, but no details of the meeting could be obtained. Another meeting is scheduled for this morning. Joseph N. Weber, President of the American Federation of Musicians, gave out a statement yesterday afternoon, in which he alleged that the managers had arbitrarily refused to treat with the musicians and had issued false statements as to the demands of the musicians to the newspapers.

The Federation, he said, comprised more than 60,000 musicians, and the theatrical syndicate in New York employed 250 of them. No increases in pay had been made in musical houses in New York City for twenty years, he declared, and all other increases in the theatres represented by the Theatrical Managers' Association were nominal. He said the managers long ago contemplated saving the expense of orchestras in their dramatic houses, so, he said, this question had nothing to do with the demands of the musicians.

STEFFENS FACES FREDERICKS

"Worse Than an Anarchist, a Christian," He Calls Himself.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 19.—Lincoln Steffens and District Attorney Fredericks faced each other as antagonists for nearly four hours to-day in the bribery trial of Clarence S. Darrow. Introducing himself at the very beginning of his cross-examination as "worse than an avowed Anarchist—a man who believed in Christianity," Steffens discussed his economic beliefs, as often disregarding the objections of the attorneys for the defense as he did the thrusts of the prosecutor.

Time after time Mr. Fredericks sought to get the witness to admit that the culmination of the McNamara case was caused by the arrest of Bert Franklin for bribery. As often Steffens insisted that all parties concerned in the defense had agreed to the settlement before the bribery exposé.

"You were willing, were you not, Mr. Steffens," asked the District Attorney, "that James B. McNamara should be hanged and J. J. go free?"

"No, Sir; never for a minute," was the emphatic reply.

The witness surprised the prosecution by declaring that he understood that Judge Bordwell would not hang James B. McNamara.

"The Judge was very particular to have it appear that he knew nothing of an agreement," he said.

"How did you know that?" demanded Fredericks.

"Well, I saw the Judge—"

"And he would not talk to you," interrupted the prosecutor.

"Yes, he did," declared Steffens; "he talked with me for a long time in his room at his own club, and I explained fully to him all the negotiations."

In a controversy soon after the pleading of the McNamaras, the writer was denounced by Judge Bordwell and Fredericks, who asserted that the bribery exposé was the sole cause of the dénouement.

Adjournment was taken until Monday.

SUES DENTIST FOR $10,000.

Williams Says the Tooth That Was Pulled Lodged in His Throat.

Jewel Williams, an electrician employed by the Great Western Power Company, 25 Broad Street, brought suit yesterday in the Supreme Court against Dr. Elias J. Friedlander, proprietor of the Harvard Dental Parlors, 530 Willis Avenue, the Bronx, and alleged that a tooth was the cause of the complaint. He asks $10,000 damages because, he says, the doctor did not tell him that the tooth, which had been extracted when he was under the anaesthetic, had become lodged in his throat during the operation.

Williams says that in July, 1909, he went to Dr. Friedlander to have a tooth pulled. An anaesthetic was administered, and the plaintiff says that he knew nothing more until the operation was over. Shortly after this he was seized with a fit of coughing, and his health began to fail him from that time. One day in a spasm of coughing a tooth came forth and instant relief was the result. It was this tooth, Williams says, that the dentist had taken out, but which had slipped into his throat.

ENDOWS TWAIN LIBRARY.

Andrew Carnegie Makes the Author's Memorial Self-Supporting.

The public library founded by the late Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain) in Redding, Conn., where he spent the latter years of his life, has been endowed by Andrew Carnegie with a fund sufficient to support it. The library is to be known as the Mark Twain Memorial Library.

When Mr. Clemens moved to Redding he placed several thousand volumes from his own library in a small vacant chapel and opened it to the public. Just before his death he erected a building for the library as a memorial to his daughter Jean. After the author's death Mrs. Gabrilowitsch, another daughter, donated the larger part of his remaining library to the collection.

The library up to the present time has been supported by voluntary contributions.

BOND RELEASED FROM JAIL.

Actor Was Surrendered Too Soon by His Surety, Court Holds.

Frederic Bond, an actor, who has been detained in the Ludlow Street Jail several weeks because he failed to pay alimony to Caroline Bond, was released by Sheriff Harburger yesterday on an order from Supreme Court Justice Brady.

Bond gave a $1,500 bond that he would meet his alimony payments, and when he defaulted in payment his wife brought an action in the Supreme Court to recover from the surety company. On June 12 the company surrendered Bond to the Sheriff and he was locked up. Bond applied to Justice Brady to vacate the order for his arrest on the ground that he was illegally held, and that he could not be surrendered until his time for answering his wife's suit had expired.

Justice Brady held that this contention was well grounded and signed the order for Bond's discharge.

PLANS FOR GERARD HOME.

New House Will Be Six Stories and in the French Renaissance Style.

Plans were filed yesterday for Justice James W. Gerard's new home, in Fifth Avenue, between Ninety-fourth and Ninety-fifth Streets. The plot, which he bought a short time ago, has a frontage of forty feet and is about three blocks north of the Carnegie home.

The new house will be six stories high, with a façade of brick and limestone in the French Renaissance style. Ogden Codman is the architect, and the cost has been placed at $100,000. A massive winding staircase will lead from the ground to the top floor, where it will be covered with a large glass dome. On the second floor will be a large ballroom and library. Justice Gerard now occupies the house at 725 Fifth Avenue, between Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh Streets.

HAD 15 DOGS IN HER FLAT.

Woman Is Arrested and Promises to Send Them Back to Bide-a-Wee Home

Mrs. Mary McClain, who said she was a widow and resided at 428 East Fifty-ninth Street, was brought before Magistrate Appleton yesterday in the Yorkville Court because she refused to obey a summons served on her the day before on a complaint that she had fifteen dogs in her flat, all unlicensed.

The woman explained to the Magistrate that she was a member of the Bide-a-Wee Society and that she took the animals from the society home to her apartment for an airing and exercise. Patrolman McCarthy, who served the summons, said the animals were a source of annoyance to the people in the neighborhood. Mrs. McClain protested that the animals were not a nuisance or a source of danger to the children about the house. She said that she brought the dogs over to her place from the Bide-a-Wee Home at different times and did not need a license for them. She finally promised to return them to the home, and she was discharged.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Five Steamships—Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave in them are:

OCEANIC (Southampton)—P. S. Allison, C. M. Beattie, Walter Courtenay Bennett, British Consul General at New York; Mrs. Bennett, Miss Bennett, D. H. Elood, W. Harold Brown, D. F. Brokaw, J. R. Clement, C. A. Corliss, S. H. Cross, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Daniel, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Davis, C. T. Edgar, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gordon Edwards, Mrs. Roberta Everett, Miss C. Finney, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Fitzgibbon, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. T. Gardner, Mrs. P. H. Griffith, G. A. Hanky, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Inglis, Miss St. George Joyce, Mr. and Mrs. R. Lake, William I. Lander, Ivy L. Lee, Mr. and Mrs. Digby Maitland, F. P. Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Peacock, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Pearman, H. C. Roller, A. G. Sheehan, John F. Talley, Mr. and Mrs. De Witt C. Tanner, Mr. and Mrs. G. Taylor, Miss Lillian Warwick.

NEW YORK (Southampton)—Capt. W. Alston, J. W. Boughton, Mrs. K. Bradford, Mrs. E. D. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Clark, Miss Alice De La Mar, Gen. W. E. Doster, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Doyle, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Elliott, Dr. W. G. Glenn, Miss L. Gillet, Capt. Dominick Henry, W. H. Hess, Mrs. C. King, Charles L. Jeune, Mr. and Mrs. G. Middleton, Mrs. T. J. Morris, Mrs. Robert Porter, W. H. Reyburn, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Rhoad, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Rich, W. L. Stout.

KROONLAND (Antwerp)—Miss K. H. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Barr, Miss Margaret Barr, Judge C. T. Bond, F. C. Boynton, Miss Caroline W. Clark, Miss Loretta Conway, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Dee, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. J. Dennison, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Forbes, C. J. Gale, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. George, Alan B. Gorman, C. G. Hopton, Eugene F. Hoyt, Miss A. Jarvis, Mrs. J. D. M. Kenny, Col. J. A. Maney, Miss Anna C. Maxwell, Mrs. W. K. Morrison, Mrs. Minor Morton, Miss May F. Moe, Reginald Parry, W. R. Parvin, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Phillips, Dr. E. G. Rankin, P. J. Shannon, Miss E. Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Walker, George Wallace, Dr. Herbert Wech, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Wells, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. White, Clarence C. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Amos W. Wright.

CLYDE (Southampton via West Indies)—Capt. G. Biscoe, K. P. Carter, M. J. Conway, L. de Cordova, Mrs. J. Dodds, Miss M. Fisher, J. F. Gregory, N. W. Kirkman, A. S. Lyon, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. N. McDougall, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Minshall, J. E. Patterson, D. D. J. Phillips, and C. E. Worke.

CAMERONIA (Glasgow)—Mrs. D. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Tasker B. Bosworth, the Rev. and Mrs. R. E. Brestill, James H. Burnside, Mrs. F. W. Burnside, Robert Boyd, S. Herbert Brown, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Chamberlain, J. D. Crowell, Francis Carr, Mrs. R. T. W. Duke, Jr., David B. Fleming, Mr. and Mrs. Percy H. Golds, Dr. and Mrs. Ray E. Gillman, Capt. Dominick Henry, Mrs. S. D. Horton, Mrs. W. Healy, Andrew T. Knox, J. G. Kerr, Mr. and Mrs. A. Lowry, E. S. Lowe, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Lundy, Dr. Cyrus S. Merrill, Miss Grace Merrill, Miss Helen Milton, Mr. and Mrs. R. Morris, Miss C. Mackay, Mrs. M. Oliver, Miss W. Oswald, John Ramsay, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Stuart, Everts Tracy, Mrs. S. W. Taylor, and Judge Benjamin A. Vail.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

MAURETANIA (Liverpool)—C. M. Amory, M. A. Allen, Arthur Balding, W. H. Baldwin, Miss Helen Ball, Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Bancroft, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Barnard, W. H. Bass, G. E. Beers, J. H. Bennett, Dr. and Mrs. A. D. Bevan, Mr. and Mrs. C. K. G. Billings, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Brady, T. E. Brennan, Mr. and Mrs. David Bruce-Brown, J. W. Bryant, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Bush, W. Campbell, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Candler, Jr., Roy D. Chapin, R. S. Clark, Richard Cole, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Colford, Jr., Dr. Harvey Cushing, H. V. Dowling, Sidney Ellison, Robert Fee, G. D. Foster, Dr. and Mrs. W. J. Frick, Charles Frohman, Mrs. L. A. Grant, R. H. Gregory, Dr. G. J. Haller, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Hardwick, Dr. and Mrs. M. L. Harris, Miss Mary M. Hoffman, H. Hungerford, Russell Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Johnston, Richard C. Kerens, United States Ambassador to Austria; Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Kilbourne, J. Lake, C. H. Lee, W. F. W. Lent, P. London, Mrs. R. W. Lovett, A. J. Lucas, Dr. and Mrs. Edward Martin, Alexander Meer, Justice R. M. Meredith, Frank Mills, W. C. Mott, Sir William Mulock, K. C. M. G.; Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Myers, H. G. G. Newell, Miss Helen Nolan, Mr. and Mrs. Howell R. Owen, Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Panten, G. A. Peat, Mrs. H. V. Phelps, Mrs. M. W. Potter, Miss C. C. Potter, Wilfrid Rawson, Mr. and Mrs. G. Ray, C. Rhodes, J. T. Rich, J. Riddler, F. F. Robins, Dr. and Mrs. J. N. Rose, Mrs. A. E. Ross, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Roulette, C. S. Sargent, Mr. and Mrs. Orson Smith, W. R. Stewart, R. C. Storey, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Sweet, F. Tatham, D. C. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Wallace, F. Warburton, T. H. Watson, S. G. Williams, Miss Elizabeth M. Wilson, Arthur Young, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Emerson, Chauncey Hackett, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Tracey, Lay, Dudley Olcott, John Reid, Alfred Parrish, Mrs. O. E. Templeton, J. N. Wallace, and Dr. H. M. Weaver.

ADRIATIC (Liverpool)—Mrs. E. Aspinwall, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Auer, W. F. Angell, Eugene Bell, Mr. and Mrs. J. Black, Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Bowes, H. P. Brown, Wilfred Buckley, Mrs. J. D. Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. D. Carnegie, Mr. and Mrs. R. Carson, Mrs. V. Castle, H. S. Clark, E. L. Corning, R. F. Cottrell, Mrs. S. B. Curtis, Miss H. P. Denny, S. J. Draper, H. F. Dutton, S. Keith Evans, J. Fall, H. Fawcett, H. W. Firestone, J. H. Frazer, Miss Marie Giles, J. E. Haddon, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Hampton, Mrs. W. D. Henry, E. O. Heyworth, Mrs. C. H. Hilliard, Mr. and Mrs. R. Holden, Mr. and Mrs. Myron Holmes, Mrs. W. Duane Hunt, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Johnston, Mrs. C. E. Jones, E. G. Kennedy, Charles Lanier, Arthur Lawrence, Mrs. M. E. Lovy, Mrs. G. B. Massey, A. D. Mulroy, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth J. Muir, A. Paterson, Horace Phillips, G. A. Powell, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Perry, C. H. Ratcliffe, David Reese, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Richardson, F. J. Rutherford, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Russell, Major Slocum, U. S. A.; Miss Slocum, the Rev. James A. Smith, F. E. Washburn, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Watson, M. H. Watts, Mr. and Mrs. T. Weston, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Terrell, Mr. and Mrs. J. Willis, Albert H. Yates.

DUCHESS DE DINO IS DEAD IN PARIS

Former Wife of F. W. Stevens Was Once Prominent in New York and Newport Society.

SOUGHT DIVORCE TO WED

Married Marquis de Talleyrand-Perigord, but Again Obtained Divorce —Possessed Big Fortune.

The Duchess de Dino, formerly the wife of Frederic W. Stevens, First Vice President of the Bank for Savings, 280 Fourth Avenue, and President of the Samuel Stevens Realty Company, died yesterday of cerebral hemorrhage at her home, 19 Rue Roynouard, Paris. The Duchess de Dino was well known in years past in New York and Newport society.

The Duchess de Dino was Miss Adele Livingston Sampson, the daughter of Josiah Sampson, a New York real estate dealer and merchant, who acquired a large fortune sixty years ago. She was born in 1841, and when 18 years old met Frederic W. Stevens, then a young lawyer, whom she shortly afterward married. Mr. and Mrs. Stevens took up their residence in a beautiful $2,000,000 mansion at Fifty-seventh Street and Fifth Avenue, which was later sold to William C. Whitney, when the Stevenses went to live in Newport.

About thirty-seven years ago the Marquis de Talleyrand-Perigord, descendant of the famous Talleyrand, came on a visit to New York, having married a few years previously Miss Bessie Curtis, member of an old Boston family.

At this time, Mrs. Stevens made the acquaintance of the Marquis de Talleyrand-Perigord. When the Marquis returned to Paris she took two of her daughters and went abroad, returning to America in 1882 to seek a divorce, finally obtaining a decree on the grounds of nonsupport and desertion. Meanwhile the Marquis obtained a divorce from his wife, and was joined by Mrs. Stevens in Paris, where they were married by the Rev. Dr. Hough of the American Church in the Rue de Berri.

The father of the Marquis, who it seems was pleased at the marriage, ceded to his son his own title of the Duc de Dino. Mrs. Stevens's vast fortune, it was said, had been secured in such a way that her four children were protected and the Duc got nothing.

The happiness of Mrs. Stevens and the Duc de Dino, however, was only ephemeral, and on April 2, 1903, the first chamber of the Paris Civil Courts pronounced a divorce in favor of the Duchess, the Duc having no representation in court.

By the first marriage the Duchess de Dino had four children, all of whom are still living. Her son, Joseph Stevens, lives in Jericho, L. I. One of her daughters was married to Frederick H. Allen, formerly Chairman of the Democratic Committee of Westchester County. Her other two daughters, the Countess de Gallifette and the Countess Allowsky, reside in Paris.

During her lifetime the Duchess devoted much of her means to charities in this city and in Paris. The executors of her will are her son, Joseph Stevens, and her son-in-law, Frederick H. Allen.

BRADY BRINGS LOT OF PLAYS.

Grace George to Appear in a Chinese Drama at the Playhouse.

William A. Brady and Mrs. Brady (Grace George) arrived in New York yesterday on the Mauretania, after a short visit in Europe. Mr. Brady, in making an announcement of his plans for next season, said that Miss George would play an extended engagement at the Playhouse, beginning in November, appearing in a Chinese play by Volmoeller, which was produced in Berlin by Reinhardt last season. The same piece will be presented by George Alexander in London. Miss George also has a new play by Edward Sheldon and Harrison Rhodes, another nearing completion by Avery Hopwood, a third, entitled "The Woman of It," by a noted English dramatist, and "The Folly of It All," by Horace Collins. Miss George will carry out her plan of last season, which she was obliged to abandon, of a repertoire season at the Playhouse.

Mr. Brady arranged a working plan with Sir Charles Wyndham by which successful American plays can be presented in London, and the New Theatre there will be used for their presentation. He has placed Alan Aynesworth as director and leading man of the company to be organized there, and the first American production will be made early in August. He has obtained from H. H. Frazee the English rights to "Ready Money," and another production to be put on in London will be "Bought and Paid For."

For the Drury Lane melodrama, "The Whip," that is to be done at the Manhattan Opera House, Mr. Brady and the Shuberts expect to introduce Marie Illington and George Barrett, a nephew of the late Wilson Barrett and a low comedian. Neither of these players has appeared in America. For "Op o' My Thumb," another Drury Lane production, several English music hall artists have been engaged.

While in London Mr. Brady obtained the rights to a new play by a new author, Stanley Houghton, called "Hindle Wakes," which was done by Miss Horniman at the Playhouse. "The Dust of Egypt" has been obtained from Frank Curzon, and from George Jessup Mr. Brady obtained the Irish play, "Shan Magan," in which George Macfarland is to be starred.

With Vedrenne and Edie Mr. Brady, for himself and the Shuberts, has contracted to produce a new play by Rutherford Mayne, now called "The Drone." Justin Huntley McCarthy has finished the manuscript of "Charlemagne," which was delivered to Mr. Brady in London. Robert Mantell will present it this season, as well as a Shakespearean repertoire. Mr. Brady also visited Berlin to see Prof. Reinhardt's production of "Turnadot" and also "The Five Frankforters," which is to be presented here.

He expects to make many productions by American dramatists this season, including the first New York presentation of the dramatization of "Little Women," which will be put on at the Playhouse following the run of "Bought and Paid For," and before Miss George begins her season there. Alice Brady will leave the Gilbert and Sullivan opera company to play Meg in this production. The new Forty-eighth Street Theatre will open with a play by George Broadhurst, to be followed by other new plays by American dramatists. Mr. Brady will make two revivals this season, one Lester Wallack's "Rosedale," with Alan Aynesworth in the leading rôle. The other will be an American melodrama.

Mr. Brady left New York yesterday afternoon to see Jessie Bonstelle's production of "The Lady from Oklahoma" in Detroit.

Three Old Staten Islanders Dead.

Two hundred and seventy years and nearly another make up the total of the ages of three persons who died in Richmond Borough within a few hours of each other Thursday night and yesterday. They were Martha Giffosway, a widow, who lived in Riverside Avenue, Richmond Valley. She had lived all her life on Staten Island, and was more than 98 years of age; Alexander Grant, who had been a Staten Islander for fifty years, and was 88 years 8 months and 6 days old, and Frederick W. Meyer, a native of Germany, who had been a Staten Islander for twenty-six years, living with his son in Rockland Avenue, New Springfield, whose age was thirty-five days more than 91 years.

John Belknap Marcou.

John Belknap Marcou, one of the best-known breeders of Holstein cattle in America, died on Thursday at his home in Princeton, Mass. Mr. Marcou was a brother of Prof. Belknap Marcou of Harvard. He was born in Zurich, Switzerland, sixty-three years ago. Mr. Marcou was a member of the Holstein-Fresian Association of America, the Cattle Owners' Association of Massachusetts, and the Holstein-Fresian Club of New England.

INQUIRY INTO WILSON JAUNT.

District Attorney Will Find Out Why Convict Was Not in the Tombs.

Assistant United States District Attorney Pratt, it was said yesterday, would investigate to-day the report that Col. Christopher Columbus Wilson, ex-President of the United Wireless Telegraph Company, and now a convict at the Atlanta Penitentiary, was as a matter of fact enjoying the sights of this city. Two months ago Col. Wilson was brought here to testify in bankruptcy proceedings against him under a writ of habeas corpus. The examination has not been concluded, and it was said that in the intervals of attending court Wilson had been practically at liberty in the streets.

He is in the custody of Deputy Warden C. J. Shea of Atlanta, who is responsible for his safe keeping, but the District Attorney's office, while satisfied that he cannot get away, has no knowledge of his actual dwelling place. When he first came to this city from Atlanta, Wilson had a cell in the Tombs prison like other Federal prisoners, and was brought to and from that institution to testify. But he departed from the Tombs on July 1, and the Warden declared yesterday that he had no knowledge as to where he was. He discharged him in the regular way into the custody of Deputy Warden Shea, and presumed that he was about to return to Atlanta. With the receipt signed for the man by Shea the responsibility of the Tombs officials ended.

Wilson was in the Federal Building yesterday with Shea, and it was then explained that the reason that he had been seen on the streets was that he had been seeking for some of the papers which had been asked for in the course of the examination. Marshal Henkel got the impression yesterday that the man was about to be returned to the Tombs, but inquiry there late yesterday afternoon showed that he had not been registered.

Deputy Warden Shea has been living since he came from Atlanta, two months ago, at 2,580 Poplar Street, the Bronx. It was said there last night that Shea and Wilson were not living there now.

Wilson was in the Tombs Prison again last night. He was taken there some time in the evening. Deputy Warden Jones, who is in charge of the prison at night, said that Wilson was there when he went on duty, but he had not heard at what time the man had been incarcerated.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Reports that undue freedom has been extended in New York to Christopher C. Wilson may be investigated by the Department of Justice. If he has been permitted to frequent Wall Street and visit his wife at Spring Valley, N. Y., as reported, it is said here that the situation is without precedent.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 19.—"If Deputy Shea has given Wilson any liberty in New York he has done so without authority," said Warden Moyer of the Federal Prison to-day. The Warden telegraphed Shea asking for an explanation of newspaper reports that his charge was not being kept in confinement while waiting to testify in the wireless bankruptcy proceedings. According to the Warden's advices from Shea, Wilson was confined in the Tombs at all times except when his presence was required in court.

Release G. H. Parker.

Special to The New York Times.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 19.—The costly home of George H. Parker is ablaze with light to-night in celebration of the owner's release from the Federal penitentiary at McNeil's Island, where he was sent for using the mails to defraud in connection with the sale of United Wireless stock. Warden Halligan, Chairman of the Parole Board, recommended Parker's release, though he had still nearly a year more to serve.

INVESTIGATE WOMAN'S DEATH

Mrs. Sweet, a Christian Scientist, Dies Without Medical Attendance.

Coroner Rooney of Brooklyn began an investigation yesterday into the death on Thursday of Mrs. Lorriston M. Sweet, 46 years old, of 20 Glenada Place. She had been ill for seven weeks so far as the Coroner could learn, and she died without medical attendance. The cause of death given by Dr. Charles Wuest, Coroner's physician, was cancer of the stomach.

Dr. Wuest was unable to learn from the family of the dead woman who had treated her. At the Coroner's office it was understood that the woman was a member of the Christian Science Church.

Obituary Notes.

AMADOR ANDREWS, 60 years old, former Manager of the Wells Fargo Express Company and former General Agent of the Adams Express Company, died yesterday in Baltimore, Md.

MILTON G. PUFFER, who is said to have invented the first practical machine for making envelopes, is dead at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Albert C. Scriptures, in Willimantic, Conn. He was born at Brimfield, Mass., 93 years ago, and had lived here for a quarter of a century.

Judge FRANK ENGENE DIMICK of the East Boston Court died at Boston on Thursday. Judge Dimick was born in Lyme, N. H., in 1847. He was appointed a Special Justice by Gov. Bates in 1903, and he served until three years ago, when he was appointed to the position he held at the time of his death. Judge Dimick is survived by two sons.

H. BUFORD RODGERS, an American citizen, died on July 17 at Parker's Hotel, Naples, according to word received by the State Department. Mr. Rodgers's wife was with him when he died.

E. WATTS CUSHMAN, a well-known member of the Madison County Bar, died in Utica, N. Y., on Thursday. Mr. Cushman was born in Earlville, N. Y., and was 59 years old. He had served as Postmaster of Hamilton, N. Y., where he resided, and had twice been elected District Attorney of Madison County. Mr. Cushman leaves a widow.

HENRY L. COHN, manager of the Summit Thread Company of this city, died on Thursday at his home, 1,186A Sterling Place, Brooklyn. He was a son of the late Louis Cohn, the artist, who finished the mural decorations for St. Patrick's Cathedral. Mr. Cohn left one son.

Mrs. HERMAN L. BAER, who was the mother-in-law of Mrs. Mabel McKinley Baer, wife of Dr. Hermanus Baer, and a niece of President McKinley, died on Thursday at Somerset, Penn.

ROBERT A. SMITH, former President of the Toronto Stock Exchange and a member of the brokerage firm of Osler & Hammond, died on Thursday at Richmond Hill, near Toronto, from injuries received in an automobile accident.

Mrs. FANNIE PAYNE HUTCHISON, widow of Henry Hutchison, died on Thursday at the home of her grand-daughter, Mrs. John P. Roberts, in Pleasantville, N. J. She was 79 years old.

SOLOMON G. FIRESTONE, 78 years old, chief stockholder in the Firestone Bank of Lisbon, Ohio, died there yesterday after a year's illness. He was the father of Clarke J. Firestone, formerly of The New York World.

ISAAC S. SCUDDER died at his home in East Broad Street, Westfield, N. J., on Thursday in his ninetieth year. He had voted for seventeen Democratic Presidential nominees and was a delegate to the convention that nominated Buchanan. Mr. Scudder was born in Fanwood Township. He had served as Tax Collector in Westfield.

JOSIAH B. WILLIAMS, who belonged to the Williams family, who took part in the settlement of Orange, N. J., is dead at his home, 141 Day Street, Orange, at the age of 88 years. He was a hat manufacturer, inheriting the business established by his father, Albert Williams. His wife and three daughters survive him.

The Rev. HENRY KIRKE WHITE, who devoted his life to frontier missionary work under the direction of the Presbyterian Board, is dead at his home in Newton, N. J., at the age of 71. His father was the Rev. William Codner White, the sixth pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Orange. His sister, Miss Emma C. White, and a niece, Miss Charlotte White, both living in Orange, are his survivors.

LLOYD E. BURT, a veteran railroad man, who in September was pensioned by the Pennsylvania Railroad, died suddenly yesterday in New Brunswick, N. J. Mr. Burt was born in Taunton, Mass., sixty-nine years ago. He had been a railroad man for fifty-four years. Mr. Burt leaves a widow and three children.

POCKET TOOL KIT
47 PERFECT-PRACTICAL SPLENDID TOOLS $1.00
Cigar size. No toy. Needed by every man, woman, girl and boy, for home, desk, pocket, shop, automobile and motor boat. Made of highly tempered steel, and on honor; satisfaction guaranteed. Price $1.00, postpaid, to any one who asks for my special offers of books that cannot be had in bookshops.
E. M. DUNBAR, 41 Bowens St., Boston, Mass.

D. S. DIAMANT, PAINTER, DEAD

Received Many Medals Here and Abroad for His Work.

David S. Diamant, a portrait and landscape painter, who received twenty medals here and abroad, died at his home, 531 West 124th Street, yesterday, in his sixty-third year. Death was due to heart disease.

Mr. Diamant was born in Germany and was educated at the Imperial University of Berlin and at the Ecole des Beaux Arts in Paris. Coming to America toward the close of the civil war, he enlisted in the Twenty-third Missouri Infantry, serving to the end of the war, when he was discharged, with a medal for bravery.

He soon after married Theresa Mandelson, the daughter of a prominent St. Louis politician, by whom he is survived, and by four children, Arthur H., an engineer of St. Louis; Herbert A., a banker; Sidney J., and Mrs. Hattie Nathan.

Mr. Diamant painted the portrait of Archbishop Ryan which hangs in the Cathedral at Philadelphia, and that of Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany.

The father of Mr. Diamant was one of the earliest manufacturers of locks, and many of the palaces and buildings of Europe are fitted with his handiwork.

Dell A. Baker.

Dell A. Baker, Special Deputy Collector of Customs, and the third highest ranking officer of the Customs Service at this port, died on Thursday at a private sanitarium on Long Island. Mr. Baker suffered a nervous breakdown about a month ago, and left to recuperate. He was 42 years old.

Mr. Baker on Oct. 6, 1907, became the private secretary to former Collector of the Port Col. Edward F. Fowler, who was at that time Appraiser, and went with Col. Fowler as his secretary when he became Collector. Mr. Baker was made a Special Deputy Collector in 1910.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Died.

ANDERSON.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Friday, July 19, 1912, Mary Long, wife of the late William Gibson Anderson, in her 87th year. Services at her late residence, 334 Franklin Place, Plainfield, N. J., on Sunday, July 21, at 3 P. M.

BROWN.—At Rochester, N. Y., Thursday, July 18, 1912, Goodwin Brown of Yonkers, N. Y., in his 60th year. Funeral services at First Unitarian Church, Yonkers, N. Y., Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

DIAMANT.—On Friday, July 19, at his late residence, 531 West 124th St., David S. Diamant, beloved husband of Theresa, father of Herbert A., Arthur H., and Sidney J., and Mrs. Hattie Nathan. Funeral services at his late residence, Sunday, July 21, at 10 o'clock. Members of Adytum Lodge No. 630, F. and A. M.; True Craftsman's Lodge, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Body, and Eureka Lodge are invited to attend. St. Louis (Mo.) papers please copy.

ROSS.—W. A. Ross. Funeral services at St. Mary's Church, Castleton, at 3 P. M., Saturday, July 20. Ferries leave South Ferry 1:45 and 2, connecting with trains to Livingston, where carriages are provided.

GARTH.—July 18, David J., husband of Lillie P. Garth, in his 90th year, at home of George R. Cornwell, Plainfield, N. J. Funeral services at Chapel of Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, Saturday, July 20, at 2:30 P. M. Interment in Woodlawn. Washington (D. C.), Louisville (Ky.), and San Francisco papers please copy.

HAINES.—On July 19, Phebe, widow of John L. Haines, in her 83d year. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Home, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., on Monday, July 22, at 11 A. M. Fredericton (New Brunswick) papers please copy.

HERBERT.—At Hoboken, N. J., on July 18, 1912, Edgar D. Herbert, in his 48th year. Funeral from his late residence, 206 11th St., Hoboken, N. J., on Sunday afternoon, July 21, at 12:30 P. M.

McCORD.—In New York City, Mary Ida, (nee Moore,) aged 53 years, widow of the late John J. McCord, of 770 Fairmount Place. Funeral services on Saturday evening, 8 P. M. Interment Sunday at Rhinebeck, Ulster County, N. Y. Arrangements by Undertaker William Necker.

SKERRY.—Mrs. Emma Gulick, wife of Amory T. Skerry, Jr., of Montclair, suddenly, at Plymouth, Mass., July 19. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SMITH.—At the Nassau Hospital, Mineola, L. I., on July 19, in the 67th year of her age, Maria Totten Smith, wife of the late George Putnam Smith and daughter of the late Col. George M. and Harriet S. Totten. Funeral at St. John's Church, Elizabeth, N. J., July 20.

WHITE.—At Newton, N. J., July 17, 1912, Rev. Henry Kirke White of Orange, aged 71 years. Funeral in chapel of First Presbyterian Church, Orange, corner of Main and Jay Sts., on Saturday, July 20, at 2:30 P. M.

BOERCKE.—Rudolph, 253 East 71st St., July 18, aged 62. Funeral to-morrow, 3 P. M.

CAVANAGH.—Cecelia, 512 West 162d St., July 18. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

FERTIG.—Otto S., 312 East 55th St., July 18. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

FITZPATRICK.—Catherine, 550 Audubon Av., July 18. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

GALLAGHER.—Andrew, 78 Charles St., July 16.

GARDINER.—James, 313 East 80th St., July 18. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

GILLE.—Mamie, 404 2d Av., July 18, aged 3.

HAMILTON.—Richard, 70 West 131st St., July 18, aged 81. Funeral service to-day.

KLINGENSTEIN.—Tillie A., 136 East 79th St., July 17, aged 41.

MUELLER.—Julia, 209 East 52d St., July 18. Funeral private.

RENSHAW.—William J., 596 Beach Terrace, July 18. Funeral to-morrow.

WINSOR.—Jane, 673 Amsterdam Av., July 17, aged 78.

Brooklyn.

CONKLIN.—Mary, St. Peter's Hospital, July 18. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DONOHUE.—Mary, 383 Marion St., July 17, aged 55.

DOYLE.—Harold P., 1,007 Decatur St., July 18. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

FRENCH.—Etta D., St. John's Hospital, July 18, aged 38. Funeral service to-morrow.

FARRELL.—Catherine, 672 54th St., July 18. Funeral July 22.

GEBHARDT.—Augusta, 523 45th St., July 18. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

GUMPERT.—Clara, 417 East 25th St., July 18, aged 59. Funeral to-morrow.

HARKINS.—Annie, 273 19th St., July 17. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

KUHN.—Laucetta, 573 Irving Av., July 18. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

LANG.—Balthasa, 1,091 Jamaica Av., July 17, aged 51. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

LEA.—Emma, 91 Coffey St., July 17, aged 30.

MAHER.—Ellen, 296 Henry St., July 18, aged 30. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MEIS.—Heinrich, 59 Nichols Av., July 18. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

NELLIS.—George H., 289 13th St., July 18. Funeral notice later.

O'CONNOR.—Gus, 585 Court St., July 17, aged 35.

ROTH.—Emma, 5 Spencer Court, July 18. Funeral to-morrow.

RYAN.—Sarah J., 403 Park Place, July 18. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

SCHOENHUT.—Henry, 1,810 Bath Av., Bath Beach, July 17, aged 67.

SHEHAB.—Joseph, 198 President St., July 17. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SWEET.—Lella A., 20 Glenada Place, July 18, aged 46. Funeral service to-day.

WEIL.—Katherine, 707 Gates Av., July 18. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

WEITEKAMP.—John P., 288 9th St., July 17, aged 32. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

WHITTAKER.—Maria E., 3,418 Avenue I, July 18. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

WILSON.—Esther A., 256 East 18th St., Flatbush, July 17. Funeral service to-day.

Jersey City.

GILMORE.—Leonard S., 31 Leonard St., Jersey City, July 17.

Long Island.

BERNEIGH.—Stephen, Jamaica, July 17, aged 8 months.

GRUNDNER.—John J., Maspeth, July 17, aged 9 months.

GUNTHER.—John J., Astoria, July 17, aged 38.

HANKE.—Bertha, Jamaica, July 17, aged 49.

HAUPERT.—Mary M., Jamaica, July 17, aged 5 months.

LANG.—Charles, Jamaica, July 17, aged 65.

O'DONNELL.—Mary, 228 5th Av., Long Island City, July 17, aged 44.

PARDO.—Harriet R., Hammels, July 17, aged 63.

POWERS.—William J., 113 Vernon Av., Long Island City, July 17. Funeral to-morrow.

PROTOMASTRA.—Frances, Long Island City, July 17, aged 4 months.

STELTER.—Henry, 498 Lockwood St., Astoria, July 17, aged 88.

SWICK.—Nicholas, 35 Bradley Av., Long Island City, July 17, aged 3 months.

WILBUR.—Fannie M., Jamaica, July 17, aged 77.

ZENOWICH.—Sterania, Maspeth, July 17, aged 40.

Westchester County.

BAKOWSKY.—Antony, 2 Ingram St., Yonkers, July 18. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

KINGSBURY.—Joseph A., Yonkers, July 17, aged 75.

In Memoriam.

ALLEY.—In loving and constant memory of Kendall D. Alley, passed away July 20, 1910. Gone but not forgotten. MOTHER.

UNDERTAKERS.
FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241-243 West 23d.
CEMETERIES.
THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY, 233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley. Office, 20 East 23d St., N. Y.

JACK MARTIN SPILLS NAPS INTO DEFEAT

Yankees' Short Stop Drives Simmons Home in Tenth with Winning Run.

THE SCORE.

New York ...0 0 0 2 0 0 0 1 0 1—4
Cleveland ...0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—3

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, lf	4	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
Chase, 1b	5	0	0	0	0	12	0	0
Sterrett, cf	4	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
Zinn, rf	4	2	0	1	0	0	0	0
Simmons, 2b	3	1	1	1	1	3	2	0
Hartzell, 3b	3	0	2	1	0	4	2	0
Martin, ss	5	1	2	0	0	1	6	1
Sweeney, c	4	0	2	0	0	8	2	0
Ford, p	3	0	1	0	0	0	3	0
Total	35	4	8	5	3	30	15	2

CLEVELAND.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Peckinp'h, ss	5	1	1	0	3	2	6	1
Olson, 2b	5	0	2	0	2	2	3	0
Jackson, cf	3	2	1	2	0	0	0	0
Griggs, 1b	5	0	2	0	1	13	0	0
Turner, 3b	4	0	1	0	0	0	2	0
Easterly, c	4	0	1	0	0	4	0	0
Birm'gham, cf	4	0	2	0	0	2	1	1
Ryan, lf	4	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Blanding, p	4	0	0	0	1	0	5	0
Total	38	3	10	2	7	*29	17	2

*Two out when winning run was scored.

Two-base hits—Griggs, Martin, Simmons. Home run—Peckinpaugh. Sacrifice hits—Hartzell, Simmons, Ford. Stolen bases—Jackson, Daniels, Zinn, (2,) Hartzell. First base on errors—New York, 2; Cleveland, 1. Left on bases—New York, 10; Cleveland, 7. Double plays—Birmingham and Griggs; Ford, Sweeney, and Chase. Struck out—By Ford, 7; by Blanding, 3. Bases on balls—Off Ford, 2; off Blanding, 5. Wild pitch—Blanding. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Sheridan. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes.

The Yankees had to play for all they were worth to beat Cleveland on the Hilltop yesterday, but, with the count tied up at 3 to 3, the New Yorks staged a sizzling little rally with two gone in the last half of the tenth inning, Jack Martin spanking a screeching liner to left field, which sent Simmons home with the winning run. Not bad, eh, for tailenders?

Russell Ford was on his best behavior and did some high class twirling when the Naps looked threatening. His red letter bit of work was in the seventh inning, when Martin's error and two hits jammed the sacks with no one out. Ford then buckled down to his cleverest spinning and made Blanding hit into a double play, Ford corralling his bouncer in time to force Easterly at the plate, while Sweeney whipped the sphere to Chase and retired Blanding. The biggest shout heard on the Hilltop in weeks went up when Ford fanned Peckinpaugh and retired the side.

The Yankees' hitting of Blanding wasn't especially destructive, but they bunched hits in the best way to make them count. The Nap pitcher paved the way for his own downfall in the fourth inning, when he unraveled a tempestuous heave, which allowed the first Yankee run to trickle over the scoring dish.

The game was alive with fast plays and the Yankees showed the ambition and fighting spirit of a real ball club. Jack Martin was a bunch of springs at short-stop, and Peckinpaugh in the Nap short field was about as frisky.

With the Yankees' return to life the crowd of fans no longer slumbered in their chairs like the delegates at an undertakers' convention, but got up at times and made a noise just like the Progressives are going to make at the Bull Moose round-up. And, say, neighbor, nobody expects that's going to be like the college yell of the Deaf and Dumb Institute.

The first blast of vocal joy exploded in the first inning, but it wasn't in appreciation of any ripping play. It was translated to mean that the crowd back of third base thought that Umpire Jack Sheridan had something to spare on Robin Hood when Robby was hitting moneyed Englishmen on the hat with a lead pipe. It was this way: Joe Jackson was trying to steal third base with two out. He slid in back of Hartzell elusively, and Sheridan waved the runner out. Right away there was a difference of opinion, and several men were ready to go before the Supreme Court of the United States and take an oath that Jackson was safe by at least the width of the Hudson River. From where Jack stood it looked as if Jackson was tagged, so that's all there was to it.

Peckinpaugh had quite a nice little surprise in store for Ford in the third inning when he sent a home run into the corner of the centre terrace. Outside of that, Peck whiffed thrice. The home run drive was followed by Olson's strike-out, and then Jackson tore a single through short and scored when Griggs hit the ball so hard that it pulled up lame against a barleycorn sign on the left field stockade for a double.

The Yankees tied the score and made folks happy in the fourth. Zinn walked, and Simmons sacrificed. Hartzell was tossed out by Peckinpaugh. Blanding then shot a wild pitch against the grandstand, and Zinn lost no time in scoring. Martin hammered a singing double to left and scored on Ed Sweeney's whistling tap to centre. Lots of noise to these hits.

The Naps took a one-run lead in the first half of the eighth inning. After Ole Olson fanned, Jackson walked, went to third on Griggs's single, and scored when Hartzell tossed out Tuck Turner after he fumbled a grounder, and was too late to get the runner romping home. Right back came the Yankees, and evened the score again. How exciting. Sterrett fouled to Griggs, and Zinn was safe when Peckinpaugh fumbled his humming grasser. Zinn stole second. Simmons fanned. Hartzell banged a bouncer against Blanding's shoe, and the ball shot up straight like a geyser for a safe hit. Zinn and Hartzell then ripped off a double steal which completely fooled the Naps, Zinn scoring. The Naps almost got one in the ninth, but Blanding was discovered fast asleep off first and was nailed for the third out.

The Yankees nabbed the victory in the tenth inning with two gone. Sterrett fanned, and Zinn ballooned to Ryan. Simmons ripped a double along the left field line, and Hartzell walked. Little Jack Martin was the boy who delivered the original package in the shape of a single to left, and Simmons scooted home with the win.

The teams clash in a double-header today.

Two Victories for Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Washington defeated St. Louis in both games of to-day's double-header by the scores of 5 to 1 and 10 to 1. Groom outpitched Powell in the first game, while Cashion was effective, though wild, in the second. C. Brown was driven from the box in the third inning of the second game, Hamilton taking his place and doing well. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moeller, rf	4	1	1	1	1	Shotten, cf	4	0	1	3	1
Foster, 3b	4	1	0	0	2	J'tzen, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Milan, cf	4	1	0	6	0	Kutina, 1b	4	0	1	6	0
Gandil, 1b	4	1	3	8	1	Pratt, ss	3	0	0	0	1
Morgan, 2b	4	0	0	2	4	Daly, ss	2	1	0	0	2
W'liams, c	3	1	2	6	0	Lap'te, 2b	3	0	0	2	2
McB'de, ss	3	0	1	2	2	Austin, 3b	4	0	1	4	1
Shanks, lf	3	1	1	2	0	C'pton, lf	3	0	1	0	0
Groome, p	2	0	0	0	1	Stephens, c	3	0	1	6	2
						Powell, p	3	0	0	0	2
Total	31	5	9	27	11	Total	30	1	7	24	12

Errors—Daly, Compton.

Washington ...0 1 0 0 4 0 0 0 .—5
St. Louis ...0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Gandil, Williams. Three-base hit—Milan. Sacrifice hits—Laporte, Daly, Groome. Double plays—Moeller and Gandil; Morgan, McBride, and Gandil. Left on bases—St. Louis, 5; Washington, 2. First base on errors—Washington, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Groome, (Pratt.) Struck out—By Powell, 5; by Groome, 5. Wild pitch—Groome. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Westervelt.

SECOND GAME.

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moeller, rf	1	0	1	0	0	Shotten, cf	5	0	1	1	0
Walker, rf	2	0	0	2	0	J'tzen, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Foster, 3b	4	0	1	0	1	Kutina, 1b	4	0	0	8	0
Milan, cf	5	2	2	1	0	Daly, ss	3	0	1	1	0
Gandil, 1b	4	2	1	2	6	Laporte, 2b	3	0	2	2	1
Sch'fer, 1b	0	0	0	2	0	Austin, 3b	3	0	1	3	0
Morgan, 2b	3	0	2	1	2	C'pton, lf	4	0	1	0	0
A'smith, c	4	1	0	10	1	Snell, c	4	0	1	7	3
McB'de, ss	3	1	0	3	4	C. Brown, p	2	0	0	0	5
Shanks, lf	2	1	1	0	0	Ham'ton, p	2	0	0	0	2
Cashion, p	3	1	2	0	2						
Total	30	10	10	27	9	Total	32	1	6	24	9

Errors—Austin, Snell, (2,) Morgan, Ainsmith.

Washington ...0 2 3 4 1 0 0 0 .—10
St. Louis ...1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Ainsmith, Morgan, Cashion, Shanks. Hits—Off C. Brown, 8 in three and one-third innings; off Hamilton, 2 in four and two-thirds innings. Stolen bases—Cashion, Milan, (3,) Daly, Shanks, (2.) Double play—McBride and Gandil. Left on bases—St. Louis, 9; Washington, 4. First base on balls—Off C. Brown, 6; off Hamilton, 2; off Cashion, 5. First base on errors—St. Louis, 1; Washington, 1. Hit by pitcher—Moeller, by C. Brown. Struck out—By C. Brown, 2; by Hamilton, 5; by Cashion, 9. Passed balls—Snell, 2. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Westervelt and Evans.

Boston Takes Two from Chicago.

BOSTON, July 19.—Boston won both games of a double-header from Chicago to-day, but was forced to go twelve innings in the second. Hooper's double, on top of Bedient's single, decided a pitchers' battle between Bedient and Cicotte, 2 to 1, in the second game. Chicago supported the former Boston twirler wretchedly. In the first game Ray Collins had the White Sox at his mercy, shutting them out, while his teammates piled up eight runs by hitting Benz and by Chicago misplays. Bodie struck out five times during the day. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	5	1	1	0	0	Rath, 2b	3	0	2	2	3
Yerkes, 2b	5	0	1	0	3	Cal'han, lf	4	0	0	3	0
Speak'r, cf	2	2	1	4	0	Lord, 3b	4	0	1	1	2
Lewis, lf	4	3	1	2	0	J.Col'ns, cf	4	0	0	2	0
G'dner, 3b	5	2	3	5	1	Bodie, rf	4	0	0	4	0
Stahl, 1b	3	0	1	6	0	F'nier, 1b	3	0	0	7	1
Wagn'r, ss	3	0	1	4	0	Weav'r, ss	3	0	1	3	2
Carrig'n, c	3	0	0	6	2	Kuhn, c	3	0	2	2	0
R.Col'ns, p	3	0	0	0	2	Benz, p	2	0	0	0	1
						Bell, p	0	0	0	0	0
						*Lange	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	8	9	27	8	Total	31	0	6	24	11

*Batted for Benz in the eighth inning.

Errors—Callahan, Lord, (3,) Weaver, Kuhn, Benz.

Boston ...0 1 2 0 2 0 2 1 .—8
Chicago ...0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Kuhn, 2. Hits—Off Benz, 8 in seven innings; off Bell, 1 in one inning. Sacrifice hit—Wagner. Sacrifice fly—Stahl. Stolen bases—Speaker, (3,) Weaver, Hooper. Left on bases—Boston, 9; Chicago, 5. First base on balls—Off Benz, 5; off Bell, 1; off Collins, 1. First base on errors—Boston, 3. Struck out—By Benz, 1; by Bell, 1; by Collins, 5. Time of game—One hour and forty-two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Hart.

SECOND GAME.

BBOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	5	0	2	6	1	Rath, 2b	5	0	2	4	3
Yerkes, 2b	5	0	1	1	2	Cal'han, lf	5	1	0	0	0
Sp'ker, cf	5	0	0	2	0	Lord, 3b	5	0	1	2	2
Lewis, lf	5	0	1	0	2	Collins, 1b	5	0	1	13	1
G'dner, 3b	5	0	1	0	3	Bodie, cf	4	0	0	8	0
Stahl, 1b	4	0	1	12	1	M'Int're, cf	4	0	0	1	0
Wagner, ss	5	0	2	4	4	Weaver, ss	5	0	3	4	4
Car'gan, c	4	0	0	9	1	Sullivan, c	3	0	0	6	4
Bedient, p	4	1	1	0	5	Cicotte, p	3	1	0	1	9
						*Zelder	1	0	0	0	0
Total	42	2	8	36	18	Total	39	1	8	†34	23

*Batted for Bodie in twelfth inning.
†One out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Wagner, Bedient, Callahan, Lord, Collins, Bodie, Weaver, (2.)

Boston ...0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
Chicago ...0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Lord, Hooper. Three-base hit—Gardner. Sacrifice hits—Sullivan, Cicotte, Hooper, Zelder. Double plays—Hooper and Wagner; Cicotte, Rath, and Collins. Left on bases—Boston, 10; Chicago, 6. First base on balls—Off Bedient, 1; off Cicotte, 3. First base on errors—Boston, 6; Chicago, 2. Struck out—By Bedient, 6; by Cicotte, 4. Time of game—Two hours and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hart and Connolly.

Seven More Hits for Cobb.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—Cobb's batting again featured the double-header here to-day, in which Detroit won the first game, 8 to 6, and Philadelphia the second, 14 to 6. In the first game Cobb made three singles and two home runs out of five times at bat, his second four-bagger winning the game. In the second game he made a single and a triple, giving him seven successive hits for a total of fifteen bases. Detroit fielded very poorly in both games. Score:

FIRST GAME.

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jones, lf	4	1	1	2	0	M'gert, lf	4	0	1	0	0
Bush, ss	4	1	0	1	0	Lord, rf	4	0	1	0	0
Cobb, cf	5	3	5	3	0	Collins, 2b	4	1	3	5	2
C'ford, rf	5	1	1	4	1	Baker, 3b	5	0	1	3	4
Deal, 3b	4	1	2	0	1	M'Innes, 1b	4	1	2	8	0
Mor'ty, 1b	3	0	0	9	0	Strunk, cf	3	2	2	3	0
Louden, 2b	3	0	0	2	3	Barry, ss	3	1	0	1	3
Stanage, c	4	0	0	6	2	Lapp, c	5	0	1	4	4
Willett, p	4	1	0	1	6	Brown, p	3	0	1	0	3
						Pennock, p	1	0	0	0	0
						*Coombs	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	8	12	27	13	Total	35	6	10	27	16

*Batted for Brown in eighth inning.

Errors—Cobb, Deal, Moriarty, Stanage, Willett, (2.)

Detroit ...0 0 2 0 0 2 0 2 2—8
Philadelphia ...2 0 2 0 1 0 0 1 0—6

Two-base hits—Willett, Strunk. Three-base hit—Deal. Home runs—Cobb, 2. Sacrifice hits—Barry, 2. Stolen bases—Jones, Crawford, Moriarty, Louden, McInnes, (2,) Strunk, Baker. Double plays—Crawford, Louden, and Bush; Stanage and Moriarty. Left on bases—Detroit, 6; Philadelphia, 14. First base on balls—Off Willett, 9; off Brown, 6; off Pennock, 1. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Willett, (Lord.) Struck out—By Willett, 4; by Brown, 1; by Pennock, 2. Wild pitch—Brown. Hits—Off Brown, 11 in eight innings; off Pennock, 1 in one inning. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Egan.

SECOND GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'gert, lf	5	2	1	0	0	Jones, lf	5	1	3	3	0
Lord, rf	4	2	1	0	0	Bush, ss	4	2	2	1	3
Collins, 2b	3	3	3	3	3	Cobb, cf	3	2	2	1	2
Baker, 3b	6	3	2	2	3	C'ford, rf	3	1	0	0	0
McInnes, 1b	4	2	2	9	1	Deal, 3b	4	1	1	2	4
Strunk, cf	2	1	1	3	0	Mor'ty, 1b	4	0	1	12	0
Barry, ss	5	0	3	1	4	Louden, 2b	4	0	0	0	3
Thomas, c	3	0	0	8	2	Stanage, c	1	0	1	3	2
Houck, p	2	0	0	1	1	Onslow, c	2	0	0	0	1
						Works, p	2	0	0	0	1
						Moran, p	1	0	0	1	0
						Donovan, p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	14	14	27	14	Total	34	6	10	24	17

Errors—Bush, Deal, (3,) Stanage, Works, Thomas.

Philadelphia ...3 4 2 1 1 3 0 0 .—14
Detroit ...0 0 0 2 0 0 0 4 0—6

Two-base hit—McInnes. Three-base hit—Cobb. Sacrifice fly—Crawford. Sacrifice hits—Strunk, Houck, (2.) Stolen bases—Cobb, Strunk, Barry, Lord, (2,) Maggert, Collins. Double play—Thomas and Collins. Left on bases—Detroit, 5; Philadelphia, 11. Bases on balls—Off Works, 7; off Moran, 2; off Donovan, 2; off Houck, 3. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Donovan, (Houck.) Struck out—By Works, 3; by Houck, 8. Passed ball—Onslow. Hits—Off Works, 12 in five innings; off Moran, 2 in one and two-thirds innings; off Donovan, none in one and one-third innings. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Egan.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Baltimore.

										R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	4
Baltimore	2	1	0	0	4	0	4	1	—	12	16	2

Batteries—Frill, Doescher, Manser, and Rondeau; Vickers, Danforth, and Bergen.

At Rochester.

										R.	H.	E.
Toronto	1	1	0	0	1	1	2	5	1	12	12	0
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	12	3

Batteries—Rudolph and Bemis; Jones and Jacklitsch.

At Buffalo.

										R.	H.	E.
Montreal	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	2
Buffalo	0	0	0	2	6	1	0	1	—	10	15	1

Batteries—Mattern, Fletcher, and Madden; Ewing and Mitchell.

At Providence.

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	3	1	9	16	2
Providence	1	0	1	4	0	0	6	4	—	16	20	4

Batteries—Bell, Stark, and Smith; Sline and Schmidt.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

New York State League.

At Utica—Utica, 14; Binghamton, 1.
At Syracuse—Elmira, 3; Syracuse, 2.
At Troy—Troy, 4; Scranton, 2.
At Albany—Albany, 5; Wilkesbarre, 4.

Tri-State League.

At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 6; Johnstown, 1.
At Reading—Reading, 6; York, 3.
At Trenton—Trenton, 6; Atlantic City, 5.
At Wilmington—Allentown, 9; Wilmington, 4.

American Association.

At Milwaukee—Toledo, 10; Milwaukee, 7.
At Kansas City—Columbus, 4; Kansas City, 1.
At St. Paul—Louisville, 7; St. Paul, 3.
Indianapolis at Minneapolis—Rain.

New England League.

At Lawrence—Lawrence, 5; Lynn, 2.
At Fall River—Fall River, 6; New Bedford, 5.
At Lowell—Worcester, 17; Lowell, 2.
At Brockton—Brockton, 3; Haverhill, 1.

Connecticut League.

At Bridgeport—New Haven, 7; Bridgeport, 2.
At Holyoke—Holyoke, 1; Waterbury, 0.
At Hartford—Hartford, 7; Springfield, 1.

Southern League.

At New Orleans—Atlanta, 2; New Orleans, 0.
At Montgomery—Montgomery, 4; Memphis, 3.
At Mobile—Mobile, 3; Chattanooga, 0.
At Birmingham—Nashville, 4; Birmingham, 3.

Pacific Coast League.

At San Francisco—San Francisco, 6; Oakland, 3.
At Los Angeles—Los Angeles, 7; Sacramento, 0.
At Portland—Vernon, 9; Portland, 5.

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 2 games; first game 2 P. M. N. Y. American vs. Cleveland, American League Park. Adm. 50c.—Adv.

GIANTS AND PIRATES WIN WITH 5-4 SCORES

Old Rivals Split Honors in Double-Header—Marquard a Victor.

THE SCORES.

New York ...0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 1—5
Pittsburgh ...0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 1—4

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Devore, lf	1	1	0	0	1	0
Snodgrass, lf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Doyle, 2b	3	1	1	2	0	0
Becker, cf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Merkle, 1b	3	1	1	11	1	0
Murray, rf	3	0	0	0	1	0
Herzog, 3b	3	0	0	0	7	0
Meyers, c	3	1	1	8	0	1
Fletcher, ss	4	0	0	2	3	1
Marquard, p	1	1	0	0	2	0
Total	27	5	4	27	15	2

PITTSBURGH.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Mensor, rf	3	0	1	0	0	0
Carey, lf	3	1	1	3	0	0
Wilson, cf	4	1	1	6	1	0
Wagner, ss	4	1	3	3	3	0
Miller, 1b	4	0	0	11	1	1
Viox, 3b	4	1	2	1	5	0
McCarthy, 2b	4	0	2	0	1	0
Simon, c	4	0	0	3	1	0
O'Toole, p	1	0	0	0	2	0
Warner, p	2	0	0	0	2	1
*Kelly	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	34	4	10	27	15	2

*Batted for Warner in ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Becker, Merkle. Three-base hits—Wilson, Wagner, Viox. Home run—Wagner. Sacrifice hits—Murray, Marquard. Sacrifice fly—Merkle. Stolen bases—Menzer. Double plays—Wilson, Wagner, and Miller; Simon and Miller. First base on balls—Off O'Toole, 4; off Warner, 1; off Marquard, 2. Struck out—By O'Toole, 2; by Marquard, 6. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 5; New York, 3. First base on errors—New York, 1. Hits—Off O'Toole, 2 in 3 innings; off Warner, 2 in 6 innings. Umpires—Messrs. Owens and Brennan. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes.

SECOND GAME.

Pittsburgh ...0 0 2 3 0 0 0 0 .—5
New York ...0 0 2 0 2 0 0 0 0—4

PITTSBURGH.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Mensor, rf	4	1	2	0	0	0
Carey, lf	3	1	1	1	0	0
Wilson, cf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Wagner, ss	3	0	1	3	7	0
Miller, 1b	3	0	0	12	0	1
Viox, 3b	4	0	0	0	2	0
McCarthy, 2b	4	1	2	5	3	0
Gibson, c	4	1	1	5	4	0
Hendrix, p	3	1	2	0	1	0
Total	32	5	10	27	17	1

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Devore, lf	3	1	0	3	0	0
Doyle, 2b	3	0	3	3	2	0
Becker, cf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Merkle, 1b	4	0	1	7	0	0
Murray, rf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Herzog, 3b	3	0	1	2	1	0
Meyers, c	4	0	0	4	3	0
Fletcher, ss	3	2	2	2	4	0
Ames, p	1	1	1	0	3	0
*McCormick	1	0	0	0	0	0
Crandall, p	1	0	0	0	2	0
Total	30	4	8	24	12	0

*Batted for Ames in fifth inning.

Two-base hits—Hendrix, Wilson. Three-base hit—McCarthy. Sacrifice hit—Miller. Stolen base—Wagner. Double plays—Wagner and Miller; McCarthy and Miller; Gibson and Wagner. First base on balls—Off Ames, 2; off Hendrix, 5. Struck out—By Hendrix, 4; by Ames, 3. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 6; New York, 3. First base on error—New York, 1. Hits—Off Ames, 7 in 4 innings; off Crandall, 3 in 4 innings. Time of game—One hour and thirty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Owens.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., July 19.—In two snappy games here to-day the Giants and the Pirates broke even, each taking one, and in each case the score was the same, 5 to 4. Sensational fielding by the Giants featured both contests, especially by the infielders. Fletcher's playing was marvelous and Herzog shone at third base, particularly in the first game. Base running was out of the question, as the catchers on both sides used deadly aim. Only two bases were stolen in the double-header.

Marquard pitched the first game for the Giants and proved strong. He was jolted several times by having big hits made off him, but never lost his balance. He was hit safely ten times for a total of nineteen bases, yet only four runs were scored off him. O'Toole, on the other hand, was rather unsteady, and lasted only three innings. He was succeeded in the fourth inning by Warner, the Brown University left hander, who pitched a star game.

The Giants in the third inning scored four runs off O'Toole, and then and there won the game. The Pittsburgh beauty lost control, and sent Meyers, Marquard, and Devore to bases on balls nearly in succession, the only break being Fletcher's out on a fly to Wilson. Capt. Doyle sent the ball bounding straight ahead. It struck O'Toole on the right leg and felled him to the ground. It went as a hit, Meyers scoring on it. With the bases still full Becker hit for two bases, scoring Marquard and Devore, and allowing Doyle to reach third base. Doyle scored on a high fly by Merkle to Wilson.

Warner then took the place of O'Toole, and not a run was made off him until the ninth inning, when Merkle hit for two bases, reached second on a sacrifice by Murray, and scored on a single by Meyers.

A base on balls and a triple and a single gave the Pirates two runs in the third inning. They got another in the eighth when Wagner hit over the left field wall for a homer. Their last run came in the ninth inning. Viox hit for three bases and scored on a wild throw by Fletcher.

In the second game the Pirates pounded Ames roughly, and hung up the game safely in the fourth inning. Ames was succeeded by Crandall, and not another run did the Pirates make. The pitchers on both sides received splendid support, the only error made cutting no figure in the scoring. The Giants were the first to score. They tallied twice in the third inning on singles by Fletcher, Ames, and Doyle. The Pirates immediately tied the score on a single by Mensor, a base on balls to Carey, and a two-bagger by Wilson.

In the fourth inning the Pirates succeeded in landing the game by rudely bumping Ames. The first man struck out. Then McCarthy and Gibson made singles. Hendrix hit into the overflow crowd, and his effort counted for two bases only. McCarthy clattered home while Gibson halted at second base in obedience to a ground rule allowing only two bases for ball hit into the crowd. Mensor struck out, and then Carey hit for a single into right field, scoring both Gibson and Hendrix. Crandall was a little too strong for the Pirates, who during his stay of four innings could get to third base only twice, and at no time looked really dangerous.

The Giants added two runs to their score in the fifth inning. Fletcher singled, while McCormick, who batted for Ames, struck out. Devore then got to first base on balls. Doyle made his third hit of the game, scoring Fletcher. Becker forced Doyle at second, but Devore came home. After this the Giants failed to cross the plate, two double plays figuring largely in their discomfiture.

Pirates Protest Giants' Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., July 19.—Twenty-six thousand persons witnessed the double-header to-day between the Pirates and Giants. Manager Fred Clarke has protested the first game and filed his grievance with President Lynch. In the fifth inning, with two out, Mensor walked and stole second base. Meyers threw the ball into centre field, and Mensor went to third base. Becker, relaying the throw, sent the ball over Herzog's head. Clarke says the ball went into the New York players' bench. Mensor was held at third base, despite Clarke's protest. Under Section 3, Rule 72, Clarke says a player is entitled to two bases when the ball goes into the players' bench. Umpires Brennan and Owen say the ball hit the end of the bench, but did not go in. The first game was exciting throughout. In the fifth Wagner hit over the left-field wall. The top of the wall is 385 feet from the plate. The ball hit a passing automobile.

Boston's Errors Help Reds Win.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 19.—Cincinnati defeated Boston to-day despite some excellent pitching on the part of Tyler. Boston could not hit Humphries in the pinches, while five errors by Boston helped largely in Cincinnati's run-getting. The score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bescher, lf	4	0	0	2	0	M'D'ld, 3b	4	0	0	1	1
Bates, cf	3	0	0	1	0	C'pbell, cf	4	0	2	1	0
Hob'zel, 1b	4	0	1	7	1	Sw'ney, 2b	4	0	0	4	2
Mitch'l, rf	4	0	0	4	0	Jacks'n, lf	4	1	0	2	0
Phelan, 3b	4	2	1	1	0	Titus, rf	3	0	1	0	0
Egan, 2b	3	1	1	2	2	Houser, 1b	4	0	1	7	1
Esmond, ss	3	0	1	4	4	O'R'ke, ss	3	1	1	3	2
McLean, c	2	0	1	5	0	Kling, c	4	0	2	8	1
H'p'ries, p	3	0	0	1	2	Tyler, p	3	0	1	0	1
						*Devlin	1	0	0	0	0
						†Kirke	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	3	5	27	9	Total	35	2	8	24	8

*Batted for O'Rourke in ninth inning.
†Batted for Tyler in ninth inning.

Errors—McDonald, Jackson, O'Rourke (2,) Tyler, Bescher (2.)

Cincinnati ...0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0 .—3
Boston ...0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Kling, Titus. Sacrifice hit—Egan. Stolen base—Esmond. Double play—Kling and McDonald. Left on bases—Boston, 7; Cincinnati, 6. First base on balls—Off Tyler, 2; off Humphries, 1. Struck out—By Tyler, 3; by Humphries, 4. Time of game—One hour and forty-two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Bush.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 4; Cleveland, 3.
Detroit, 8; Philadelphia, 6.
Philadelphia, 14; Detroit, 6.
Washington, 5; St. Louis, 1.
Washington, 10; St. Louis, 1.
Boston, 8; Chicago, 0.
Boston, 2; Chicago, 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 5; Pittsburgh, 4.
Pittsburgh, 5; New York, 4.
Philadelphia, 4; Chicago, 0.
St. Louis, 6; Brooklyn, 4.
Cincinnati, 3; Boston, 2.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Baltimore, 12; Jersey City, 0.
Providence, 16; Newark, 9.
Toronto, 12; Rochester, 2.
Buffalo, 10; Montreal, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Boston	60	27	.690
Washington	54	34	.614
Philadelphia	49	37	.570
Chicago	45	39	.536
Cleveland	43	44	.494
Detroit	42	45	.483
St. Louis	25	59	.298
New York	23	56	.291

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
New York	60	21	.741
Chicago	49	31	.613
Pittsburgh	47	33	.588
Cincinnati	43	41	.512
Philadelphia	38	39	.494
St. Louis	36	50	.419
Brooklyn	31	51	.378
Boston	23	61	.274

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Rochester	50	37	.575
Baltimore	47	35	.573
Toronto	46	39	.541
Newark	43	41	.512
Jersey City	44	43	.506
Providence	39	47	.453
Buffalo	36	45	.444
Montreal	34	52	.395

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland at New York—Two games.
Detroit at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Washington.
Chicago at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Boston at Cincinnati.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Baltimore.
Newark at Providence.
Toronto at Rochester.
Montreal at Buffalo—Two games.

Brooklyn Beaten at the Start.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 19.—St. Louis mixed bases on balls with hits and won from Brooklyn again this afternoon, 6 to 4. Huggins's fielding and batting were features of the game. Score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'gins, 2b	5	1	3	2	4	Moran, cf	4	0	0	2	0
Magee, lf	3	0	0	2	0	N'then, lf	3	0	1	2	1
Mowrey, 3b	3	0	1	1	2	J.Smith, 3b	4	0	2	1	1
K'tchy, 1b	3	1	1	10	0	D'bert, 1b	4	1	1	7	0
Evans, rf	4	0	0	1	0	C'tshaw, 2b	5	0	0	1	4
Hauser, ss	3	1	0	1	3	Hummel, rf	3	2	1	1	0
Oakes, cf	4	1	0	3	0	Tooley, ss	1	1	0	0	0
Bres'h'n, c	3	1	2	6	0	Fisher, ss	4	0	0	1	2
Willis, p	0	0	0	0	0	Miller, c	3	0	1	9	1
Steele, p	1	1	1	0	0	Curtis, p	0	0	0	0	0
Sallee, p	2	0	0	0	3	Allen, p	3	0	1	0	1
Bliss, c	0	1	0	0	0						
Total	31	6	8	27	12	Total	34	4	7	24	10

Error—Fisher.

St. Louis ...0 5 0 0 0 0 0 1 .—6
Brooklyn ...0 1 2 0 1 0 0 0 0—4

Two-base hits—Daubert, Allen. Three-base hit—Huggins. Stolen bases—Konetchy, Daubert, Bresnahan. Hit by pitcher—By Sallee, (Miller.) Bases on balls—Off Allen, 3; off Willis, 2; off Curtis, 3; off Sallee, 2; off Steele, 4. Struck out—By Allen, 6; by Steele, 2; by Sallee, 2. Hits—Off Willis, 2 in 1 2-3 innings; off Steele, 1 in 1 1-3 innings; off Sallee, 4 in 6 innings; off Curtis, 4 in 1 2-3 innings; off Allen, 4 in 6 1-3 innings. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Brooklyn, 12. Time of game—Two hours and twenty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason.

Virginia Pitcher Blanks Cubs.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Eppa Rixey, a Virginia recruit, "had everything in the pitching line to-day," and Chicago was shut out by Philadelphia, 4 to 0. Rixey allowed the locals three hits, two of which were singles in the ninth inning. In one inning, after walking a man, he struck out the next three batsmen. The Chicago team alleged that the Philadelphia team was smearing the ball with liniment. Manager Dooin got into an altercation over the subject with Umpire Rigler and was sent to the clubhouse. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Paskert, cf	3	2	1	2	0	Sheck'd, lf	3	0	1	5	0
Lobert, 3b	4	0	2	0	0	Schulte, rf	3	0	0	2	0
Magee, lf	4	1	1	1	0	Tinker, ss	4	0	1	1	6
Crav'th, rf	4	0	2	0	0	Zim'm'n, 3b	4	0	0	1	0
L'der's, 1b	4	0	0	11	1	Leach, cf	2	0	0	2	0
Knabe, 2b	4	1	1	4	5	Saier, 1b	3	0	0	9	1
Doolan, ss	4	0	2	1	4	Evers, 2b	2	0	0	4	2
Killifer, c	4	0	0	8	1	Downs, 2b	1	0	0	0	2
Rixey, p	3	0	1	0	3	Archer, c	3	0	1	4	1
						Lavender, p	0	0	0	0	1
						Richie, p	1	0	0	0	1
						*Cotter	1	0	0	0	0
						†Needham	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	4	10	27	14	Total	28	0	3	27	14

*Batted for Lavender in third inning.
†Batted for Richie in ninth inning.

Philadelphia ...1 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 1—4
Chicago ...0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Cravath, (2,) Magee, Archer, Lobert. Home run—Paskert. Hits—Off Lavender, 5 in 3 innings; off Richie, 5 in 6 innings. Sacrifice hit—Schulte. Stolen base—Knabe. Double plays—Tinker, Evers, and Saier; Archer and Evers. Left on bases—Chicago, 4; Philadelphia, 4. Bases on balls—Off Lavender, 1; off Rixey, 2. Struck out—By Lavender, 1; by Rixey, 9; by Richie, 2. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran.

FOREIGN MOTOR PILOTS HERE

Barrayre and Coste to be Seen in Distance Contests at Brighton Beach.

With the arrival this morning of two motor cycle pilots of international reputation, Alphonse Barrayre of Canada and Eugene Coste, a French champion, the racing game at the Stadium Motordrome at Brighton Beach, promises to take on a new aspect, as from this evening on they will be arrayed against the best men of the East. How the latter will shape up with the team who have been racing over the border will probably be viewed with interest by local followers of the game who fancy that such men as Chapple, Albright, Cox, Wray, and Costello, the most recent acquisition to the professional ranks, are the best in the sport.

Eleven events are carded for decision to-night, with the Albright-Wray match as one of the features. This series is expected to whet the appetites of the "fans" for the thirty-mile race to-morrow night, which will have, if the referee, Happy Days Pitman allows it, eight men in competition.

It is said that such a number on the track at one time will tend to make the sport too dangerous, but the riders have requested him not to interfere, as the more men there are on the saucer the more careful they are. They also assert that there are better opportunities for pacing when men are spread all over the track.

GREAT NECK BEATS COOPERSTOWN FOUR

Fast Polo Seen in Final Game for the Rockaway Hunting Club Cups.

To the great surprise of the enthusiasts who have been following the polo at Cedarhurst, under the auspices of the Rockaway Hunting Club, yesterday's match, the final of the entire series and for the Rockaway Hunting Club Cups, resulted in a decided upset for the "dopesters" when Great Neck took the measure of the crack Cooperstown quartet by a score of 14 to 13. The game just bristled with action from end to end, but the rooters on the side lines for the up-State aggregation asserted early in the contest that the ultimate losers were simply biding their time.

It was, therefore, afterward shown that if that were the case they had delayed their run too long, and were unable to overcome the lead gained by their opponents by virtue of handicap allowance and actual goals scored.

There was an accident in the opening period which had every one aroused, fearful of the consequences, when Hamilton Hadden rode at full tilt into Malcolm Stevenson, the latter being thrown clear of his pony. Aside from quite a shaking up, the Cooperstown player was uninjured and, remounting, got into the game with all of his old dash, tallying a goal just before the close of the period. Referee Hazard promptly adjudged Hadden's riding as foul, and his team was penalyzed half a goal for the unwitting carelessness.

Cooperstown toward half time began to see that they had a hard game on their hands and in the period leading up to that time put on a spurt, and accounted for four goals in the fourth period, at the close of which the score board showed Great Neck, 8¾; Cooperstown, 6. Toward the close of the match, and during the latter part of the seventh period and through the whole of the eighth period Cooperstown was usually the aggressor, rolling up five goals in the interim, but their spurt was too long delayed, and to their chargin they found themselves short just one goal for a tie, which would have warranted another period and a possible victory.

It was conceded that the Great Neck four had played their best brand of polo, and having done so had done all that could be desired. In the third and sixth periods, Grace and Milburn for Great Neck were charged with safeties, which helped to put their team a bit back on the board, but fortunately these setbacks did not change the complexion of the game at the end.

Both teams were particularly well mounted, as indicated by the pace throughout. There was speed aplenty in the makeup of the ponies used. Maxwell Stevenson tried out five of Harry Payne Whitney's ponies, which he will use at the Narragansett Pier series, when he will probably be one of the Meadow Brook four with Whitney, Monty Waterbury, and Devereux Milburn.

With their start of four goals Great Neck, thirty-five seconds after the beginning of the game, added to its score when Grace managed to get the sphere from a well intentioned bit of backing by Milburn, and with a pretty individual run put it through. More than five minutes elapsed before either side was again enabled to tally, with Rumsey responsible for the count from a scrimmage. Stevenson helped matters for Cooperstown when just before the bell rang he put through an angle shot that was beautiful, soon after his collision with Hadden, for which the latter's team was penalized.

J. Watson Webb scored twice for Great Neck in the third period and enabled his team to hold their allotment of goals in the lead. The third period showed a similar condition, when Great Neck sent through the only points made, with the team clearly outplaying the up-Staters. Grace set his team back a quarter goal by making a safety.

Cooperstown tightened up the saddle girths of their ponies beginning the fourth period and settled down to real business, rolling up four goals in what looked like easy fashion. As a matter of fact, the ball was in Great Neck territory pretty much throughout and the latter team seemed to have shot its bolt.

Hadden, however, came through with two tallies in the next period, his scores being split by a count by Rumsey for the opposition. With the ending of the period Great Neck increased the distance between themselves and their opponents through two fine counts by Hadden and Webb, which each had a world of speed and went flying between the posts with both teams in hot pursuit. Rumsey again saved his team from a period blank, and Great Neck suffered another penalty in the shape of a safety by Milburn.

Hadden continued his aggressiveness in the seventh period, when he got the ball from the side boards and ran it through. Beadleston and Stevenson buckled down to their work and scored before Webb put through the last tally made by his side, as Cooperstown in the concluding period slammed the sphere for three goals, two of which were made by Stevenson, with the other by Von Stade. The summary:

COOPERSTOWN.	H'cap.	GREAT NECK.	H'cap.
F. S. Von Stade	5	W. R. Grace	3
C. C. Rumsey	4	J. W. Webb	4
C. P. Beadleston	3	H. Hadden	4
M. Stevenson	7	J. G. Milburn, Jr.	4
Total	19	Total	15

Summary—Goals earned by Great Neck, 11; allowed by handicap, 4; lost by penalty, 1. Total, 14. Goals earned by Cooperstown, 13; allowed by handicap, 0; lost by penalty, 0. Total, 13. Time—Eight seven-and-one-half-minute periods. Referee—W. A. Hazard.

Kalamazoo Racing Ends.

KALAMAZOO, Mich, July 19.—The final day of the grand circuit meet here was characterized by its long card of five races and the difficulty experienced in nearly every heat in getting the starters away. As a result the last heat was raced when it was almost too dark to see across the field.

2:24 Trot.—Best three in five; purse $1,000.

Dorsh Medium, blk. m., by Red Medium, (Geers)	3	3	1	2	1
Wayside, b. h., (J. Benyon)	1	6	3	1	3
Marion K., b. m., (Murphy)	6	5	2	3	4
Baron Todd, br. h., (McDonald)	9	7	8	5	2
Helen H. Connor, b. m., (Floyd)	4	8	7	8	5
Mary G., br. m., (Cox)	2	1	5	7dis	
Thistle Donne, b. h., (Shank)	1	2	6	6dis	
Mount Hurst, b. g., (Shutt)	5	4	4	4 dr	
Bert Kelly, b. g., (James)	7	dis			
May Grattan, b. m., (Brady)	dis				

Time—2:11¼; 2:11¼; 2:11¾; 2:14¼; 2:13¼.

Free for All Trot.—Best two in three; purse $1,000.

Dudie Archdale, blk. m., by Archdale, (Geers)	1	1
Billy Burke, br. h., (McDonald)	2	2
Nancy Royce, blk. m., (McCarthy)	3	3
Country Jay, ch. g., (R. Macey)	4	4
Gold Dollar, ch. g., (Macey)	dis	
Brace Girdle, b. m., (McMahon)	dis	

Time—2:05¾; 2:05¾.

Free-for-all-pace; best two in three. Purse, $1,000.

Vernon McKinney, b. h., by Guy McKinney (James)	5	1	1
Don Densmore, b. h., (Parker)	2	2	3
Evelyn W., b. m., (Shanks)	3	3	2
Merry Widow, b. m., (McMahon)	4	4	4
Sir R., b. g., (Murphy)	1	dis.	

Time—2:05¾; 2:05¼; 2:04¼.

2:15 Trot; best three in five. Purse, $2,000.

Dictator Todd, blk. h., by Todd, (Murphy)	1	1	1
Ruth McGregor, ch. m., (McDonald)	2	2	2
Mike Agan, b. g., (Shanks)	4	3	5
Mae Cassidy, b. m., (Sanders)	3	4	5
Arona McKinney, blk. m., (Cox)	6	3	4
Johnnie Medium, b. g., (Hudson)	8	6	6
Sadie Colbert, b. m., (Shively)	5	dis.	
Ella Todd, br. m., (Dean)	7	dis.	
Lord Guyton, b. h., (Nesbitt)	dis.		

Time—2:10¼; 2:08¼; 2:09¼.

2:11 Pace; best three in five. Purse, $1,000.

George W. Newton, br. h., by Lockhart, (Parker)	1	1	2	2	2
Susie Bell, br. m., (Murphy)	7	6	1	1	3
Lassie Lee, b. m., (McMahon)	6	7	3	8	1
Mansfield, b. m., (Cox)	2	2	5	3	4
Ideal, b. g., (Ray)	4	3	6	6	5
Maud G., b. m., (Shively)	3	5	4	5	dis.
Pan Boy, ch. h., (Fleming)	5	4	dis.		

Time—2:08¼; 2:09¼; 2:08¼; 2:08; 2:13½.

Wolgast-Rivers Bout Not Assured.

LOS ANGELES, July 19.—Conflicting statements regarding the attitude of Wolgast and Rivers left the question of a return battle between the lightweight champion and the challenger on Labor Day much in doubt today. A statement signed by Wolgast was published declaring the champion was willing to meet Rivers six or seven months hence, or whenever the champion felt he was "right." At the same time another statement was published giving the result of a stormy session between the managers of Wolgast and Rivers, and asserting there would be no fight at any time. Tom McCarey, promoter of the Pacific Athletic Club, said he was all at sea and that though Rivers had signed Wolgast so far had shown no disposition to follow suit.

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BOXING SHOWS TOO LONG.

State Athletic Commission to Insist on 10 o'Clock Rule.

Less extensive boxing cards, or an earlier start, will soon be the rule at New York boxing clubs. This much has been decided upon by the members of the State Athletic Commission, and a rule which will apply to the so-called all-star bouts, now so popular here, will probably be passed at the next meeting of the commission, which is to be held on Monday afternoon. The Commissioners held a meeting yesterday afternoon, but took no definite action in this regard. Their only business consisted in allowing a change of name and location to the East End A. C. of Greenport, L. I. In the future the club will be known as the Bayshore A. C., and it will stage bouts at Bayshore, L. I.

A rule stipulating that the main bout of any boxing show must be started by 10 o'clock was passed by the commission several months ago. For a time the club managers followed the ruling faithfully, but lately they have shown a tendency to disregard it entirely. This is especially true in the case of all-star shows, when forty-two or more rounds of boxing are put on. One show this week was not over until a few minutes before midnight and another ended shortly after 11:30 o'clock. The rule which the Commissioners have in mind will compel the clubs to put on the star bout not later than 10 o'clock. Whether this bout will necessarily be the final or not has not yet been determined. The proposed ruling may allow for lesser bouts after the main event, while insisting on the star bout being put on at a certain time. This will allow those who are interested only in the feature event to get away early.

The Commissioners are much elated over the reports from the International Olympic Committee in regard to having boxing contests on the next Olympic programme. Following the conference with C. J. Harvey, Secretary of the commission and its emissary to Sweden to state the cause of the amateur boxer, the International Committee gave an answer that practically assured representation for the sport at the next Olympic games.

GOLF REACHES SEMI-FINALS.

Dunwoodie Tournament Will Be Completed To-day.

Players in five divisions started match play in the annual invitation tournament over the Dunwoodie links yesterday, the first and second rounds being completed. As the result Stuart D. Connolly of Rockland will play F. A. Martin of Ekwanok in one semi-final match this morning, and J. N. Sterns, 3d, of Princeton, the Fox Hills winner, will be opposed to A. J. Watson of the home club in the other. The summary:

FIRST SIXTEEN.

First Round.—S. D. Connelly, Rockland, beat R. C. Whitcomb, Glen Ridge, 4 up and 3 to play; E. L. Scofield, Jr., Wee Burn, beat S. D. Bowers, Brooklawn, 1 up (19 holes;) F. A. Martin, Ekwanok, beat G. S. Ludlow, Englewood, 2 up and 1 to play; F. M. Gould, North Jersey, beat E. Quincy, Essex County, 2 up and 1 to play; J. N. Stearns, third, Princeton, beat R. F. Carter, Dunwoodie, 4 up and 3 to play; Hamilton K. Kerr, Ekwanok, beat G. P. B. Clarke, Dunwoodie, 6 up and 5 to play; W. K. Gillett, Wykagyl, beat G. L. Lawyer, Albany, 5 up and 4 to play; A. J. Watson, Dunwoodie, beat A. R. Shiland, Oakland, 3 up and 1 to play.

Second Round.—Connolly beat Scofield, 1 up (19 holes;) Martin beat Gould, 2 up and 1 to play; Stearns beat Kerr, 2 up and 1 to play; Watson beat Gillett, 3 up and 2 to play.

SECOND SIXTEEN.

First Round.—F. H. Sisson, Dunwoodie, beat C. F. Ayling, St. Andrews, 6 up and 5 to play; M. L. Feary, Fox Hills, beat R. S. Cleaves, Suburban, 4 up and 3 to play; L. R. Taylor, New York Golf, beat W. L. Halston, Wykagyl, 3 up and 2 to play; F. U. Adams, Dunwoodie, beat W. P. Stevenson, Dunwoodie, 1 up; W. L. Glenney, Plainfield, beat F. E. Olin, Dunwoodie, 1 up; T. H. Crane, Saegkill, beat A. McDougal, Dunwoodie, 7 up and 5 to play; A. B. Maillefert, Westfield, beat A. H. Harrison, New York Golf, 1 up (19 holes;) John W. McMenamy, Dunwoodie, beat W. W. Babcock, Dunwoodie, 1 up.

Second Round—Feary beat Sisson, 5 up and 4 to play; Adams beat Taylor, 1 up (19 holes;) Crane beat Glenney, 6 up and 4 to play; McMenamy beat Maillefert, 2 up and 1 to play.

THIRD SIXTEEN.

First Round.—F. D. Brengal, New York Golf, (11,) beat T. F. Wettstein, Wykagyl, (14,) 1 up; H. L. Jones, Dunwoodie, (14,) beat A. S. Andrews, Dunwoodie, (9,) 5 up and 4 to play; W. North, Dunwoodie, (12,) beat W. H. Blandy, Dunwoodie, (9,) 2 up and 1 to play; N. D. Becker, Dunwoodie, (12,) beat A. Lichtenstein, Wykagyl, (8,) 2 up; J. H. Bell, Wykagyl, (9,) beat S. Roberts, Dunwoodie, (12,) 2 up and 1 to play; H. S. Phillips, Siwanoy, (9,) beat S. C. Dentz, Dunwoodie, (14,) 2 up and 1 to play; W. C. Dayton, St. Andrews, (9,) beat H. T. Marshall, Dunwoodie, (8,) 1 up; Z. T. Miller, Dunwoodie, (7,) beat A. H. Johnson, Scarsdale, (9,) 1 up.

Second Round.—Jones beat Brengal, 2 up and 1 to play; North beat Becker, 4 up and 3 to play; Bell beat Phillips, 3 up and 1 to play; Miller beat Dayton, 5 up and 4 to play.

Fourth Sixteen, First Round.—H. H. McClure, Dunwoodie, 12, beat D. R. Kingsley, St. Andrews, 8, 1 up; F. R. Tripler, Dunwoodie, 14, beat B. M. Phillips, Woodmere, 10, 5 up and 4 to play; M. P. Lewis, Flushing, 11, beat T. H. Linderff, Dunwoodie, 10, 2 up; W. W. Harris, Dunwoodie, 7, beat C. E. T. Scharps, New York Newspaper, 14, 1 up; J. A. Boot, New York Golf, 11, beat A. P. Palmer, Fox Hills, 10, 2 up; G. W. Fairchild, Manhattan, 9, beat P. J. McKeen, Plainfield, 14, 4 up and 2 to play; M. G. McDonald, Dunwoodie, 4, beat L. G. Carman, Plainfield, 10, 7 up and 5 to play; H. H. Forde, Dunwoodie, 12, beat H. A. Haines, New York Newspaper, 14, 1 up.

Second Round.—Tripler beat McClure, 1 up, 20 holes; Lewis beat Harris, 5 up and 4 to play; Boot beat Fairchild, 8 up and 6 to play; McDonald beat Forde, 3 up and 2 to play.

LONGWOOD TENNIS NEAR END

Three Philadelphians and One Bostonian to Play in Doubles Finals.

BOSTON, July 19.—The finalists in the Eastern doubles lawn tennis championships as decided by to-day's play on the courts of the Longwood Cricket Club are W. J. Clothier of Philadelphia and G. P. Gardner, Jr., of Boston vs. Craig Biddle and R. N. Williams, both of Philadelphia.

In the semi-finals to-day Clothier and Gardner defeated N. W. Niles and A. S. Dabney, both of Boston, 6—2, 3—6, 7—5, 6—2, in a match that was productive of both good and bad tennis. Gardner bore the brunt of the attack of the former Eastern champions, and his defense was sound. Clothier was erratic, but rallied at crucial moments.

In the Longwood Cricket Club's singles the only match played resulted in the advancement of Karl H. Behr into the semi-finals by his defeat of W. M. Hall of New York in straight sets. The summary:

Longwood Singles.—Fifth Round—K. H. Behr, New York, defeated W. M. Hall, New York, 6—2, 8—6, 6—2.

Eastern Doubles Championship.—Third Round (concluded)—Craig Biddle and R. M. Williams, Philadelphia, won from N. P. Hallowell and J. Newell, Boston, 6—0, 6—2, 3—6, 6—3. R. C. Seaver and G. T. Putnam, Boston, won from C. P. Wales and Ripley Dana, Boston, 6—3, 10—8, 7—5. Biddle and Williams defeated Seaver and Putnam, 7—5, 7—5, 6—2. W. J. Clothier, Philadelphia, and G. P. Gardner, Jr., Boston, defeated N. W. Niles and A. S. Dabney of Boston, 6—2, 3—6, 7—5, 6—2.

Wood or Evans for Title.

DENVER, Col., July 19.—The finals in the amateur championship of the Western Golf Association for 1912 will be played to-morrow by Warren K. Wood, Homewood Golf Club, Chicago, and Charles Evans, Jr., of Chicago. Wood to-day defeated J. Neville, present Pacific champion, 5 up and 3 to play, and Evans defeated H. G. Legg of Minneapolis, 4 up and 3 to play, in the semi-finals, 36 holes.

Manager Stovall Suspended.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—George Stovall, manager of the St. Louis American League baseball team, was notified here to-day that he had been suspended indefinitely. Ban Johnson, President of the league, sent Stovall notice of his suspension as a result of the manager's argument with Umpire Westervelt on Wednesday.

White Sox Sell Mogridge.

BOSTON, July 19.—The sale of Pitcher Mogridge of the Chicago White Sox to the Lincoln (Neb.) Club was announced here today by Manager Callahan of Chicago. He will report immediately.

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GLIDDEN TOUR PATHFINDER.

National Reliability Committee Selects a Flanders Car.

In accordance with its announced intention, the committee in charge of the pathfinding for the American Automobile Association National Reliability Tour awarded the privilege to the Flanders Manufacturing Company of Pontiac, Mich. The method of doing this most important work will be unique, in that a Flanders electric will be utilized. The car will probably start on its trip within a week, and special arrangements are being made for recharging the car along the entire route.

The greatest interest will attend the performance of the pathfinder throughout the journey from Detroit to New Orleans, and the company has certainly displayed enterprise in its efforts to secure this privilege.

The details of the route will not be known until the return of the pathfinding car, which will be on the road two weeks, and possibly longer. Some of the intermediate portions between the starting and finishing points have not been definitely decided upon, and are now the subject of considerable correspondence and discussion. After all reports have been most thoroughly considered, the tentative route will be adopted throughout.

Quakers Lead Canadian Cricketers.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., July 19.—The Rosedale Cricket Club were all out for 104 in the first innings and the All-Philadelphias were drawn for the day in the final match here of the Canadian tourists, which began to-day at Haverford. Furness and Bottomly made good stands for the Philadelphia team, the former scoring 94 and the latter 53 before they were retired. Wallace, with a total of 33, was the highest scorer for the visitors.

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ASK FOREIGN COTTON TRADE FOR CHANGES

Conference Here Calls for Modifications of 12 Points in Methods of Europe.

WANT EXPERT ARBITRATORS

Easy Means Suggested of Adjusting Grade Differences, Tare Allowances, and Arbitration Fees.

Representatives of forty-one leading cotton exchanges of the United States, who have been holding meetings for the past two days in the Board Room of the Cotton Exchange here, have made sweeping recommendations for changes in the practices of the foreign cotton trading institutions with which America does business. In calling for modifications of the time-honored trade practices abroad, the cotton men acknowledge that they are asking a great deal, and besides sending copies of the proposed new methods to the Liverpool Cotton Association and the Bremen and Havre Cotton Exchanges, they have commissioned President Neville of the New York Cotton Exchange, who is about to start on a European trip, to use his good offices to bring about a conference of all the European and American exchanges early in 1913. The American cotton men hope that this international conference will be held and that it will result in some working agreement which will be in operation in time to deal with the crops of 1913 and 1914.

Since the heavy losses of European banks and foreign cotton buyers through the bills of lading frauds perpetrated by two Southern cotton firms which failed two years ago, there has been an increasing tendency of foreign cotton men and bankers to get into closer touch with the American producer and dealer.

This tendency is the ground on which the American cotton men base their hope that the European cotton traders will be willing to modify practices which have long existed, but which are a source of continual bickerings between the American seller and the European buyer.

The resolutions adopted by the cotton conferences yesterday which are to be submitted to the foreign cotton exchanges cover twelve points dealing chiefly with questions of the arbitration of disputes over differences in grades. They ask first that the Arbitration and Appeal Committees of the foreign exchanges be made up of salaried experts who have no other interest in any way connected with cotton. Next, that arbitration on quality be on the basis of the official standards ruling in the receiving markets on the date of sale. They ask modifications in present methods dealing with varying grades of cotton. On the last point the resolutions read:

That Havre be requested to adopt the Liverpool and Bremen method of duplicate sealed samples. That present ruling of allowing three points for differences between American uncompressed samples and foreign redrawn compressed samples be changed to an allowance of one-quarter grade on middling and above, and one-half grade on grades below middling; same to be deducted from any award made and not to be considered in making the award.

We recommend that all cotton interests work toward the adoption of a standard of classification for American cotton of all grows, which shall be world wide.

Other subjects of continual dispute has been the adjustment of grade differences, tare allowances, and arbitration fees. Such disputes, it is hoped, will be obviated if the foreign exchanges adopt the recommendations contained in these resolutions:

That in all cases where any shipments are tared by the receiver, if no excess tare is established, all taring charges must be paid by the receiver, including the seller's supervision expenses.

That examination of bales for excess tare must be conducted at time of weighing said bales, and that in weighing the tare, allowance must be made for any moisture therein.

That where cotton is arbitrated and penalties assessed in addition to grade differences, the seller shall have the option of accepting rejection and replacing in receiving markets within two weeks with quality sold.

The seller shall not be required to pay any arbitration fees except where the allowances exceed double the amount of such fees.

In the adjustment of weight outturned, and in the event of cotton being tared, any deficiency of actual tare from tare agreed upon shall be deducted from any claim for loss in weight on such shipments.

We request the Liverpool Association to rescind the antiquated rule in regard to double draft.

That the Liverpool, Bremen, and Havre Exchanges be requested to allow ten days in which to appeal from arbitration.

Besides the movement toward closer relationship between cotton men here and abroad the bankers who handle bills of lading and other classes of security and bills of exchange between the two continents have been making earnest efforts in the past few years to simplify their transactions. There is an international conference now in session at The Hague on the unification of the laws relating to bills of exchange and checks. The United States is represented by Minister Bryce, Secretary Bailey, and Henry A. Conant.

ERIE GETS TO BALTIMORE.

Arrangement with B. & O. Gives It First Foothold in Southern Territory.

By a traffic agreement which has been made with the Baltimore & Ohio, the Erie Railroad will get an entrance into the City of Baltimore and thus establish itself for the first time in Southern territory. This connection will give the Erie a route between Chicago and Baltimore, providing two outlets on the seaboard.

A freight office is to be established in Baltimore, and a corps of solicitors put into the field. Traffic obtained by the Erie representatives will be routed over the Baltimore & Ohio as far as Youngstown, Ohio, where it will be turned over to the Erie. In the same manner business will be solicited in Chicago for delivery at Baltimore.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Following is the forecast as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Local showers Saturday and probably Sunday; light to moderate southerly winds.

Florida—Local showers Saturday and Sunday; light to moderate easterly winds, except southerly over northwest portion.

Eastern Texas—Scattered showers Saturday and probably Sunday; light to moderate southerly winds on the coast.

Western Texas and Utah—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

Oklahoma—Fair, continued warm Saturday; local showers and cooler at night or Sunday.

Arkansas—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday, except local showers Saturday in central and eastern portions.

Tennessee—Local showers Saturday and Sunday.

Kentucky—Fair Saturday. Sunday unsettled, probably showers.

Ohio—Unsettled Saturday; showers at night or Sunday; moderate east and southeast winds.

Indiana—Increasing cloudiness Saturday; showers at night or Sunday; light to moderate east and southeast winds.

Illinois—Showers Saturday in northern and Saturday or Saturday night in southern portion. Sunday unsettled, probably showers; moderate east winds, becoming variable.

Lower Michigan—Fair Saturday; warmer in western portion. Sunday showers; light to moderate variable winds.

Upper Michigan—Unsettled Saturday; showers at night or Sunday; light, moderate, variable winds.

Wisconsin—Showers Saturday or Saturday night and probably Sunday; slightly warmer Saturday in western portion; moderate, variable winds.

Minnesota—Local showers and slightly warmer Saturday. Sunday, unsettled, probably showers; moderate, variable winds.

Missouri—Fair Saturday; warmer in eastern portion; showers at night or Sunday; cooler in western portion.

Iowa—Showers Saturday and probably Sunday.

North Dakota—Unsettled Saturday; warmer in eastern portion; showers at night or Sunday; cooler Sunday.

South Dakota—Showers Saturday; warmer in eastern portion. Sunday, showers and cooler.

Nebraska—Showers Saturday; cooler in western and southern portions. Sunday, unsettled; probably showers.

Kansas—Showers and cooler Saturday afternoon or night. Sunday, probably fair.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Unmanufactured Catgut Strings Enter Free—Other Decisions.

The merchandise which formed the basis of a protest by H. F. Downing & Co. before the Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday was catgut strings cut in violin lengths, on which duty was assessed at 45 per cent. ad valorem as "strings for musical instruments," under Paragraph 467 of the Tariff act of 1909. The contention principally relied on by the importers was that the merchandise was free of duty as "catgut, whip gut or worm gut, unmanufactured," under Paragraph 529.

The testimony showed that the catgut was winding or spinning gut, that in its imported condition it was not finished strings or suitable for use on violins, but that it had to be scraped or trued down to uniform gauge, treated with oil, and wound with a fine wire before it became completed. The protest was accordingly sustained and the decision of Collector Loeb was reversed.

W. Schade & Co. were only partially successful in their protest on small triplicate mirrors and small round mirrors in metal frames, with outer coverings of metal, into which the mirror telescoped. Duty was assessed at 45 per cent. ad valorem as "mirrors not exceeding 144 square inches." The importer held the goods to be dutiable as toys at 35 per cent. Only in the case of the triplicate mirrors, 2¼ by 3¼ inches, was the Collector's decision reversed.

DRY GOODS TRADE GOOD.

Substantial Orders Come by Mail and from Out-of-Town Buyers.

Despite the retarding influence of the week-end trading in the New York dry goods market assumed fair proportions yesterday. Mail orders were received in liberal number, and while out-of-town buyers were comparatively few, the orders placed were for the most part of a substantial nature. Consequently, the aggregate business done compared favorably with that of the previous day.

There were no new developments in the New Bedford situation directly affecting this market, but the report that the mills involved in the trouble might be closed for the next month or six weeks did not add anything to the cheerfulness of the outlook. The movement of fine cotton goods was consequently limited in the primary market, but goods of a coarser nature came in for more than the usual amount of attention. Reports from several of the leading knit goods handlers indicated no material increase in the buying of Spring hosiery and underwear over that of Thursday.

The jobbing end of the market experienced a fairly active day, there having been a light but promising demand for several lines of Fall goods. Retail buyers from Western and Southwestern points are now beginning to come in, and while no great amount of business has been placed by them as yet, wholesalers are anticipating the development of active trading within the next week or two. Wash goods came in for a fair share of the attention of buyers, and a rather heavy movement of Fall dress fabrics was also reported. Dress linens were in limited demand, and according to one of the best-posted men in the market handling these goods, the middle of August will witness the ending of the spot call for them this year. Towels and other household linens have shown considerable movement of late, which indicates a generally depleted condition of retailers' stocks. Following a poor Spring season, more than usual activity is expected in these lines for Fall.

THE WHITE GOODS MARKET.

Dealers Expect Another Profitable Season in 1913.

Dealers in white goods expect another big season in 1913, according to a statement made yesterday by one of the largest handlers of these goods in New York. Notwithstanding the heavy purchases of these lines made at the beginning of the season just closed and the unfavorable climatic conditions that hampered their sale until some six or eight weeks ago, stocks of retailers throughout the country are believed to be generally depleted.

Duplicate orders received in the season did not measure up to the expectations of wholesalers, and this fact strengthened the belief that some unusually good orders would be booked by the road men when they went out with their 1913 lines. Bedford cord effects, piques, ratines, welts, crêpes, and similar constructions are shown in a wide variety of patterns, and are expected to produce the bulk of the coming season's business.

Advices from Parisian fashion centres point to a continuance of the vogue for white, and some remarkable creations along this line are said to have been shown at recent races. There was a considerable showing of cotton fabrics woven in a manner that caused them to closely resemble silk in appearance. Cotton brocades and jacquard effects were among the more novel fabrics of this kind shown, and from all accounts proved rather attractive to American buyers. While several of the better stores in this country are expected to show them when the retail season opens, it is believed that they will not be generally accepted by American consumers for another year at least.

STYLE MAY HELP SILK MEN.

It Means Greater Yardage if Pleated Skirt Finds Favor.

A general acceptance of the pleated skirt by American women this Fall would prove a great boon to the domestic silk industry, according to T. K. Alford of W. M. Alford & Son, 119 Spring Street.

"Present indications point to one of the best Fall seasons in some time," said Mr. Alford yesterday, "and the acceptance of the mode for the pleated skirt would greatly benefit American silk manufacturers. It would increase the required yardage per skirt at least one-third, and would, consequently, proportionately increase the consumption of the output of the domestic mills. There is really not much to be said along this line just now, however. We must all wait to see what the future will bring.

"As for the leaders in Fall silks, it looks at the present moment as if charmeuse, messalines, and silks of a similar nature will dominate the demand.

"While it is yet too early to conjecture upon the dominant fabric for next Spring, I believe that taffetas will make a very good showing. There was a good demand for chiffon taffetas last Spring for quite a while, but suddenly it fell off sharply. There are indications, however, that make me believe they will do better next Spring. Foulards may also meet with a good call, but just now they are very much of an uncertainty."

Cotton Visible Supply Now 2,828,787

NEW ORLEANS, July 19.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton, made up from special cable and telegraphic advices, gives the total as 2,828,787, against 2,976,569 last week, 6,958,768 last year, and 1,966,720 the year before last. Of this the total of American cotton is 1,880,787, against 2,024,569 last week, and 1,004,768 last year.

BUSINESS NOTES.

According to advices from Ottawa, 174,395 barrels of American cement were shipped into Canada in June, an increase of more than 200 per cent. over similar shipments in the same month in 1911. The increase is believed to be entirely due to the temporary lowering of the Canadian duty on American cement, and consequently a strong movement to make the reduction permanent is said to be on foot in the Dominion.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Storm serges, Scotch mixtures, cheviots, and shepherd checks are named among the dress goods leaders for Fall and Winter. Plain and plaid back chinchillas are also favorites.

Three-quarter-length coats of charmeuse, brocade and novelty fabrics are looked upon with favor for Fall evening and carriage wraps.

Medallions in rich beadwork will be as popular as ever this Fall, according to a trade authority.

"There is no decrease in the vogue for laces in the principal French fashion centres," says recent correspondence from Paris. "Maline and French Chantilly are the favorites, with Milanese coming in for a good share of attention for dress and lingerie garniture."

THE CROCKERY MARKET.

Advance Guard of Fall Buyers from the South Arrives.

The feature of the week in the New York crockery and glassware market was the arrival of the advance guard of Fall buyers from the South. While they were few in number, their purchases were generally satisfactory, and gave evidence of good business to come. The special rates obtained by the Merchants' Association for buyers coming here for Fall trading are expected to increase spot buying in this market also.

The cut glass end of the trade is beginning to show signs of animation, according to The Crockery and Glass Journal. New lines are being put out, and while sales are not heavy as yet, the outlook is decidedly encouraging. Owing to the annual shutdown, there is little activity in general glassware. Some large sales of domestic crockery have already been effected, and from present indications the American potteries will be busy for the balance of the season. The new season's lamps are now ready and show radical departures in certain features, particularly in the matter of shades. In the standard lines period designs predominate.

The new French importations are not yet on display, but Fall lines of German goods are ready for inspection. Some attractive designs and good values are offered in these wares. There is apparently a good call for fancy table lines, but ornamental goods are not moving rapidly. Houses handling English wares have received a part of their Fall lines, and it is expected that the next week or two will find full assortments on view.

CONDITIONS OF TRADE.

Commenting on general business conditions, Dun's Review says:

Progress is in the right direction. A noteworthy incident this week is the decline in price of all grains, especially wheat, which was sharply depressed by reports of exceptional crop advancement in the Northwest. Ten days will place the Spring wheat crop beyond danger from drought. Distribution in that section is, in excess of a year ago, in important departments of trade from 15 to 30 per cent. greater. In the West manufacturing plants are busy and labor is well employed. Higher wages, large payrolls, and great activity in industrial lines mark the progress of events in the Pittsburgh district and stimulate all branches of business in that section.

Labor conditions at some New England centres are still a disturbing factor. A steady demand for cottons and woolens and enhanced cost of raw material make for a further hardening in quotations. Scarcity of labor and interruption through strikes restrict production and cause further delay in deliveries. Some little additional business is noted in footwear, but the trade is still delaying the placing of any considerable volume of business. Leather is more active, and some large purchases have been made in the New England markets. Hides are also in greater demand, and prices tend higher. Trade in the South and Southwest still marks time.

Foreign commerce for the fiscal year established a new high record at $3,857,600,000. Exports and imports were both in excess of previous records, and the former surpassed imports by nearly $551,000,000.

Bradstreet's says:

The keynote of this week's developments is quite accurately epitomized in the phrase "favorable crop prospects." As a natural result optimism as regards future trade has notably increased, and some reflection of this sentiment has already been experienced in a heavier demand from the Spring wheat Northwest, where crops are especially promising. But, of course, the season is a little too young for widespread buying, though buyers are appearing in the country's larger markets in greater numbers, and indications in general, with the possible exception of the South, point to a large Fall and Winter trade at practically every point.

Moreover, retail trade has been stimulated by hot weather and clearance sales, the iron and steel trade retains all of its former life, the railways are beginning to talk of car shortages in the Fall, building displays remarkable activity, and stocks of goods, despite a late opening of retail trade, are light everywhere. So that most conditions, except possibly expected political agitation, are more favorable than they have been in a long time. There is somewhat more doing in dry goods, though demand has not yet expanded in a noteworthy way.

Prices of textiles are firm and tend higher, with some lines in scant supply, and the strike of operatives in New Bedford mills generates concern as to deliveries of fine goods. Furthermore, the price situation is also rendered especially firm through the attitude of mills, most of which are guarding against becoming oversold because of uncertainties regarding quotations for new crop cotton. Wool continues quite active, and it is higher, which adds to the feeling that forthcoming openings in the goods markets will reflect dearer prices.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

The attention of American manufacturers and exporters is invited to the consideration of the following list of articles, in which trade should be increased in the Port Antonio, Jamaica, Consular district: Agricultural implements, builder's hardware, cement, condensed milk, condiments, and pickles, confectionery, cooking stoves, and utensils, cotton goods and clothing, household and office furniture, iron roofing, leather and leather goods, paints, and soap. The superior quality of many articles of American manufacture only needs to be known to insure their sale.

Steps are now being taken toward the amalgamation of the Birmingham and Provincial Gunmakers' Association with the Gunmakers' Association of London. One of the purposes is to promote the establishment of a trademark that will become the stamp of quality for British goods. It is hoped also to obtain the support of dealers for British-made goods in order to avoid clashing of interests between the gunmaker centres of Birmingham and London, and to promote the welfare of the gun trade in general. Such an amalgamation would result in an association that would be actually representative of the British gunmakers.

The United Kingdom and Canada are the chief competitors of the United States for Jamaican trade. While the three countries gained in the amount of imports furnished last year, the showing of the United Kingdom and Canada was more favorable because they also gained in their percentage of the total imports. The United States lost in the percentage of its imports to the total imports into Jamaica.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 283 business failures in the United States during the week, against 252 for the previous week, and 239, 215, 239, and 263 for the corresponding weeks of 1911 to 1908. The Middle States had 88, New England 38, Southern 60, Western 50, Northwestern 19, and Far Western 28. Canada had 22, against 28 for the preceding week. About 90 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less, and 7 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 19.—Among the corporations filing certificates with the Secretary of State to-day were:

Tidewater Paving Brick Company of Catskill, manufacturers of paving brick, tile, pipes, &c.; $300,000. W. B. Duncan, A. A. Gery, W. H. Stayton, A. Dana, J. A. Cranbery.

Kaffenberger & Cantor Co. of Manhattan, commission merchants and brokers; $100,000. C. T. Kaffenberger, M. Cantor, J. W. Hennessy.

H. L. Simmons & Co., Inc., of Manhattan, manufacturers of furs, tan hides, &c.; $10,000. H. L. Simmons, F. Simmons, L. Sturman.

West Eighty-Fourth Street Realty Company of Manhattan; $110,000. H. Schiff, L. Schiff, S. Kauffman, F. Kauffman.

Bowie Dash Realty Company of the Bronx; $50,000. L. Dash, A. M. Dash, J. Bowie Dash, T. M. R. Meikleham.

S. Marks, Inc., of Manhattan, dressmakers' supplies, laces, embroideries, trimmings, &c.; $20,000. S. M. Hays, C. Wein, R. Marks.

Standard Housewrecking Company, Inc., of Brooklyn; $10,000. S. Wolfman, M. Shapiro, N. Smilansky.

Luas Realty Company of Manhattan, realty; $10,000; I. Weiser, R. Eckstein, M. Winder.

Welch, Havemeyer & Fairchild, Inc., of Manhattan, mercantile stocks and bonds; $20,000; C. J. Welch, H. Havemeyer, G. H. Fairchild.

New Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 19.—The following corporations were chartered in the office of Secretary of State Crater to-day:

American Theatrical Company, Newark; $100,000 capital; to run amusement enterprises. Incorporators—Lee Ottelengui, L. Lawrence Weber, and F. Ray Comstock.

Capstone Manufacturing Company, Newark; $50,000 capital; to deal in animal and vegetable oils. Incorporators—Charles Barbash, Joseph W. Taylor, and Walter K. Birdsall.

Polish National Home Builders' Company, Camden; $25,000 capital; to deal in real estate. Incorporators—Ludwig Grabowski, Peter Malinowski, and John Wilinski.

Prudential Hat Store Company, Newark; $35,000 capital; to manufacture hats. Incorporators—Samuel, George, and I. Benjamin Glickfeld.

Warwick Motors Company, Newark; $125,000 capital; to act as mechanical engineers. Incorporators—James D. Necel, E. Orton Woodruff, and Merton E. Hidden.

Whippany Brick Company, Whippany; $100,000 capital; to manufacture brick, &c. Incorporators—Thomas G. Jenkins, John M. McCantock, and George H. Napp.

S. T. Resnick Company, Atlantic City; $10,000 capital; to deal in real estate. Incorporators—Sarah T. Resnick, Katie Greenberg, and Samuel Schoefter.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

I. GOLDSTEIN & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against David Goldstein, doing business as I. Goldstein & Co., manufacturing hats and caps at 344 Bowery, by the following creditors: S. Hyman Company, $293; I. Bernstein Company, $204, and Abraham Kirsch, $352. Judge Hand has appointed Nicholas Kelley receiver, bond $1,500.

ROYAL SILK AND DRESS GOODS HOUSE.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Morris Rosenberg, Morris Weissberg, and David Iskowitz, individually and as copartners trading under the style of Royal Silk and Dress Goods House, at 60 Hester Street, by the following creditors: Charles G. Ruter, $154; Isidore Vogel, $128, and the Syndicate Trading Company, $250. Judge Hand has appointed Bertha Rembaugh receiver; bond, $750.

ANTHONY MASSETT.—Judge Hand has appointed Louis H. Strouse receiver for Anthony Massett, a manufacturer of church furniture at 11 East Tenth Street; bond, $2,500.

J. M. BURR & SON CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by J. M. Burr & Son Co., dealers in laces, etc., at 140 Fifth Avenue. Liabilities, $151,196, of which $33,384 are secured claims and $117,542 are unsecured claims; assets, $84,977, consisting of stock in trade, $67,000, and debts due on open account, $16,734. Judge Hand granted a restraining order to prevent creditors or others from removing any of the assets or interfering with the business.

T. SANGUINETTI.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Tommasina Sanguinetti, of 2,206 Second Avenue, formerly a liquor dealer; liabilities, $4,921; assets, $10,277, of which $9,637 is represented by debts due on open account. Judge Hand has appointed Harold Remington receiver; $3,500 bond.

BERGE & CAHM.—Petitions in bankruptcy have been filed by Joseph Berge and Joseph B. Cahm, individually and as members of the firm of Berge & Cahm, at 458 Broadway; liabilities, $6,536, of which $5,563 are unsecured claims and assets of $1,208, of which $1,108 are debts due on open account. Berge's individual schedules show liabilities of $500 and no assets, while Cahm has no liabilities and $400 in assets, consisting of debts due to him on open account.

HORATIO PAGE.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Horatio Page, residing at 542 West 112th Street, with liabilities of $8,151 and no assets.

RICHARD WISNER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed here by Richard Wisner, a retail grocer in Florida, N. Y.; liabilities, $3,737; assets, $1,987.

GEORGE KETCHEM.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by George Ketchem, residing at 536 East 149th Street; liabilities, $480; no assets.

A. M. RITZMAN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Albert M. Ritzman of 1,712 Taylor Avenue; liabilities, $7,588; no assets.

INTERNATIONAL DIAMOND AND JEWELRY COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the International Diamond and Jewelry Company of 23 Maiden Lane show liabilities, $24,521, of which $21,878 are unsecured claims; assets, $7,737, consisting of stock $5,000, bills, &c., $625, machinery and tools $500, debts due on open account $459, unliquidated claims, $853.

LOVEJOY CO.—Schedules of the Lovejoy Company, electrotypers, at 446 Pearl Street, show: Liabilities, $29,106, of which $23,019 are unsecured claims; assets, $15,225, consisting of debts due on open account, $6,901; deposits of money in banks and elsewhere, $8,690.

LOUIS TREUHAFT, a manufacturer of waists at 23 Lispenard Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy: Liabilities, $10,754, of which $7,993 are unsecured claims; assets, $1,400.

US-MER-JA CHEMICAL COMPANY, manufacturers of dental preparations at 110 West Fourteenth Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy: Liabilities, $5,962, of which $3,383 are unsecured claims; assets, $6,475, represented by stock in trade, $2,752, and machinery, tools, &c., $2,477.

Out of Town.

BOSTON, July 19.—Setting forth that the appointment by Judge Dodge of the United States District Court of George A. Sweetser and Richard A. Townsend last Saturday as receivers of the Eastern Coal Company of this city is an act of bankruptcy, three creditors, with an aggregate claim of $2,350, filed an involuntary petition to-day against the company. It is also alleged that a preference was made by the company by the payment of $3,000 for a cargo of coal to H. N. Hartwell & Son, Inc. In the proceedings last week the Hartwell concern appears as the complainant against the Eastern Coal Company.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Aber, Samuel S.—Brooklyn Heights R. R. Co., $108.
Anderson, John—M. L. Andersen, $3,342.
Bornstein, Louis—Lawyers Mortgage Company, $4,224.
Boyd, Evelyn—Jordan, Moriarty & Co., $173.
Borrello, Guiseppe—Wilmore Realty Company, $821.
Bergman, Henry—National Nassau Bank of N. Y., $529.
Blaiklock, William—Michelin Tire Company, $174.
Bennett, William R. and Herbert E. Pearsall—Same, $349.
Brown, Moress; Israel Brown, Abraham Brown, and David Simon—B. Ring, $208.
Betancourt, Lydia H.—I. J. Tombacher, $151.
Canning, Arthur E.—W. J. Markell, $1,518.
Christatos, Morris, and John C. Koster—G. W. Kutscher, $188.
Same—Julius Roehos Company, $377.
D'Ascoli, William R.—A. Delli Paoli, $362.
De Bear, Josephine—Rembrandt Realty Company, $209.
Davis, Louis and Benjamin Hyman—People, &c., $200.
Fagelle, Joseph—Lawyers Mortgage Company, $3,783.
Feigensohn, David—F. Spier et al., $367.
Fischer, Frederick J. W.—Grossman Paper Box Company, $121.
Green, Israel, and Jacob Kaplan—E. Smith et al., $185.
Glick, David, and Samuel Ladner—L. Hochstein, $214.
Goodheart, Jerome—Monolith Realty Company, $187.
Haugh, Charles H.—Same, $418.
Heltzner, Frank—B. Schorr, $246.
Jones, John E.—J. Bonne, $245.
Joru, Charles J. and Bella A.—People, &c., $500.
Kasper, Sam—New York Butchers' Dressed Meat Co., $152.
Kaplan, Louis—S. Falum, $146.
Kaplitz, Leo—G. C. Oertel, $181.
Loeb, William S.—Stern Brothers, $425.
Linder, Herbert J.—I. Levin, $139.
Lax, Frederick—Jay C. Wemple Co., $1,285.
Maltz, Joseph—M. Ludwig, $1,244.
Mager, Herman—S. Sonnenschein, $350.
Morrison, Ernest N.—W. C. Seddon, $8,744.
McCarthy, Maurice J.—T. P. McKenna, $206.
Marks, Israel M.—A. Benedict, $133.
McCarthy, Frank M.—G. S. Monk, $109.
Munger, William B.—S. Ghiz, $136.
Norcross, Mildred—William H. Maybeck Co., $738.
O'Malley, Joseph—Empire State Surety Co., $3,643.
Polio, Joseph—G. Furman & Co., $560.
Papa, Fabio—W. W. Farley, costs, $1,820.
Reed, Nathaniel E., and Leonard Imboden—Mutual Investment Association, $521.
Rank, Homer R.—Arlington Button Co., $506.
Spielvogel, Becky—C. T. Baker, $452.
Schnall, George—J. L. Neice, $411.
Salee, Max; Louis Hirshkowitz, and Jacob Bernstein—H. Woolfert et al., $178.
Smith, Charles E. W.—Western Pacific Railway Co., costs, $546.
Sprague, William G.—W. D. Trerichs, $202.
Shanley, Nathan—J. Plunkett et al., $135.
Sands, Philip—E. P. Remington, $203.
Townsend, William I.—Walker & Gibson, $513.
Weissberger, Morris—Tidionte Furniture Mfg. Co., $145.
Wilkens, Herman—H. Vossnick, Jr., et al., $123.
Wheeler, Herbert—V. B. Wyman, $394.
Medford Fancy Goods Co. and I. Medford Bremer—Market and Fulton National Bank of New York, $422.
Furlong-Tompkins Co.—L. Siebert, $3,780.
Dunton Lodge Realty Co.—A. E. Marling et al., $137.
Same—A. E. Marling et al., $265.
Same—Same, $137.
Mason Garage Co., Inc., and Frank J. Hecht—S. Lederman, $446.
New York Livery and Auto Co.—M. Browne, $1,000.
Union Land Co.—J. Parker, costs, $432.
Same—E. J. Jester, costs, $432.
Same—J. K. Gwynn, costs, $392.
Same—A. H. Burroughs, costs, $432.
Same—I. Hernsheim, costs, $432.
Furrer Construction Co. and Charles Furrer—H. Delinsky, $117.
Johnson, Laurence Co.—New York Metal Hose Co., $398.
Hamburger, Piper & Schoen, Inc.—William J. Lynch Co., $211.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

Arctic Freezing Co.—J. Simonsky and others, Nov. 27, 1911, $474.
Benet, Edith E.—L. C. Ball, Dec. 21, 1911, $1,881.
Briggs, Gertrude A.—New York Telephone Co., March 2, 1904, $122.
Brooklyn Heights Railroad Co.—J. Fein, May 6, 1912, $903.
Brooklyn Heights Railroad Co.—M. Fein, May 16, 1912, $250.
Holt, Hamilton—M. Weinstein, Jan. 19, 1912, $456.
Haas, Marie—T. Carmichael, April 18, 1911, $663.
Jaronsky, Morris, and Louis Segelbaum—People, &c., July 18, 1912, $500.
Kapelton, Jacob, and Louis Segelbaum—People, &c., July 18, 1912, $500.
Lippman, Jacob—C. C. Lathrop, May 17, 1912, $1,053.
Lippmann, Jacob—C. C. Lathrop, July 17, 1912, $1,053.
Miller, Pauline—Hencken & Willenbrock Co., Sept. 17, 1910, $321.
Militello, Frank—E. E. Dawson and others, June 27, 1912, $641.
Rosenberg, Morris—Lehser, Whitman & Co., July 13, 1912, $220.
Scholer, Adolf—P. Rosenbaum, Jan. 8, 1908, $173.
U. S. Fidelity and Guaranty Co.—L. C. Page & Co., May 21, 1912, $967.

Farmers to Meet in Georgia.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The annual meeting of the American Association of Farmers' Institute Workers will be held in Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 11 to 13, in connection with the annual meeting of the Association of American Agricultural College and Experiment Stations.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

Wheat Heads Grains to Higher Levels—Cotton Up, but Reacts.

Wheat showed a strong rally on the foreign news. Shorts were good buyers. Corn was irregular, closing at an advance. Oats were less active and steady. Provisions showed moderate gain. Cottonseed improves with claims of European buying. Cotton again scores record prices, but movements were irregular. Weather news was conflicting. The spot situation remains strong. Coffee gives evidence of a steadier undertone following the recent declines. Trade demand is quiet.

WHEAT.

Wheat suddenly developed a disposition to respond to bullish conditions and the trade appreciated, for the first time, that prices were near an export parity. Trading was active most of the session and fluctuations wide, the market closing at a gain of about 1¼ to 1⅝c per bushel. The foreign markets were greatly excited over the Dardanelles situation, showing violent demand, although at the close some reaction took place abroad, with claims that the Straits would be re-opened.

The American markets opened from 1 to 3c advance. Trading was heavy all the morning, the market losing a good portion of the advance around midday. Later influenced by reports of good export inquiry and considerable buying on the reports of damage to soft Winter wheat in the shock on account of too much rain, prices rallied over 1c a bushel at the close. The rains which have been very beneficial for corn have caused some little damage to wheat in shock through the Central West. The yields of soft Winter wheat are reported about as expected, while yields of hard Winter wheat are generally satisfactory and high estimates of the Southwestern crop continue.

Weather conditions were very favorable for Spring wheat. Bright, clear weather was noted, and temperatures were not high. Confidence in the size of the crop is steadily growing. A Western expert estimated the three States at 245,000,000 bushels, making three estimates in the past few days from this figure up to 275,000,000 bushels.

Foreign statistics were about as expected. Argentine exports for the week were 2,944,000 bushels, against 1,400,000 bushels last year. Australian, 440,000 bushels, against 1,568 bushels, and India, 2,832,000 bushels, against 2,768,000 bushels. The official estimate of the remaining Argentine surplus on July 1 was 44,000,000, making with the amount shipped to that time a surplus for the year of 116,000,000 bushels, against 87,000,000 bushels actually shipped the past year. Export sales of 200,000 bushels were reported of new American wheat and Manitoba wheat at outports. No. 2 red here was quoted at $1.08¾ free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.14½; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.07; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.15¾.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—The market opened excited, with prices 1½ to 2c higher on the foreign news and in sympathy with wheat. The advance met with little support and later prices declined 1 to 3c. Old crop deliveries made new low records. Prices rallied sharply at the close in covering by shorts, and on reports from Kansas and Nebraska, as well as Oklahoma that the crop was not developing properly. Snow claims conditions in Nebraska are the worst in twenty years. Within the past few days, however, there have been good rains over a large portion of Nebraska. Argentine exports for the week were 5,873,000 bushels, against none last year. The surplus remaining for export July 1 was given at 153,000,000 bushels, making a grand total for the year of 195,000,000 bushels, against only 1,383,000 the past year actual shipped and 106,000,000 bushels two years ago. Cash corn was nominal, with No. 2 quoted at 79½c, free on board.

OATS.—The market opened up with other grain, but there was no support and prices later reacted with light trading rallying at the close with wheat and corn. Crop news continues very favorable. The surplus of oats remaining for export in the Argentine, July 1, was placed at 12,000,000 bushels, making 66,000,000 bushels, with the previous shipments. There have been 37,000,000 bushels actually shipped the past year. Cash oats were nominal, with standards quoted at 57½c., elevator; No. 2 whites, 57½c.; No. 3 whites 57c.

PROVISIONS.

Prices were rather irregular. The market opened firmer with grain, influenced also by a higher live hog market and receipts of only about 60,000 at all points. The close was at a moderate advance.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	1.10	1.07⅞	1.08⅛	1.07½
September	1.01⅞	1.00⅞	1.01⅛	1.00⅛
December	1.04	1.03½	1.04	1.02¾

CHICAGO MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
July	98	96¾	97¾	96¾
September	95⅝	93⅝	94⅝	93⅞
December	98	96	97⅛	95⅞
May	1.01⅝	99⅜	1.01⅛	99¼
Corn—				
July	72	69	69⅞	70¼
September	66½	64	65½	64½
December	57⅛	56	56⅝	55⅞
May	57⅝	56⅞	57½	56⅝
Oats—				
July	43	42	42⅞	41¼
September	38⅞	38⅛	38⅜	38
December	35	34⅜	34⅝	34⅛
May	37⅛	36⅜	37⅛	36⅝
Lard—				
July			10.45	10.32½
September	10.62½	10.50	10.62½	10.47½
October	10.67½	10.55	10.67½	10.52½
December	10.37½	10.32½	10.37½	10.25
January	10.27½	10.20	10.25	10.10
Ribs—				
July			10.37½	10.32½
September	10.50	10.42½	10.50	10.45
October	10.42½	10.37½	10.42½	10.37½
Pork—				
July			17.37½	17.25
September	17.72½	17.42½	17.67½	17.55
October	17.80	17.60	17.75	17.62½
January	18.10	17.85	18.07½	17.85

COTTONSEED OIL.

With an improved inquiry reported from European sources, stated to be mainly for the distant deliveries, the reaction upward which has been in progress since the middle of the week was carried further. Prices now show a recovery of about 20 points from the recent low. The strength in lard and nervousness over the cotton situation contributed to the better undertone, with claims that the near deliveries had already undergone a great deal of liquidation, and were therefore quite free of speculative holdings. However, the ultimate course of these months will depend largely upon the consuming trade, which at present is believed to be only fair. New crude offerings are still limited.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.40	6.25
July	..	..	6.41	6.36
August	6.58	6.51	6.57	6.48
September	6.69	6.61	6.67	6.58
October	6.72	6.65	6.69	6.59
November	6.35	6.32	6.34	6.27
December	6.35	6.28	6.32	6.25
January	6.33	6.29	6.33	6.24

COTTON.

The frequent occurrence of the market ascending to levels representing the best prices for the season was repeated yesterday, but the entire advance was not held, with only inconsequential changes disclosed at the finals. Due to a renewal of aggressiveness among bulls, moderate buying by spot interests and the elimination of obstinate shorts, the declines of from 6 to 8 points at the outset were superseded by a recovery of from 15 to 20 points, this being effectually checked by a weakened technical position and the desire on the part of many to regard the limits as warranting some precautionary profit taking.

Weather news was again inconclusive, even more conflicting than the earlier part of the week, so that there seemed to be more attention focused on the spot situation. At all Southern points and locally there is absolutely no pressure noted, and full asking prices are said to have been received. Despite the belief that spinners have fairly well supplied themselves, the opinion is quite prevalent in many quarters that the early movement will be well absorbed. In contrast with last year the volume of selling by the South against the growing crop is extremely limited, but an increment in this sort of pressure would be quite in line with expectations in the event of further material enhancement of values. Without a doubt, however, the climatic changes will largely actuate these offerings, affecting, also, the willingness of spinners to follow the market up.

Beneficial showers were again shown in Texas, and it is believed that a considerable part of that State has been temporarily relieved. The advices are quite confusing, however, as some parts of the State still claim the need of rain, while other dispatches are to the effect that the light showers, followed by decidedly high temperatures, have been more harmful than beneficial. Clear conditions have not developed in the East and Central West as yet, and there are official predictions of a continuance of showery weather. It is quite evident that the persistent moisture in many sections is leading to more apprehension concerning the ability of the plant to recuperate from the past adversities, but, even though the generality of advices are bullish, there are some which are less pessimistic; for instance, Habersham King, in his weekly review, asserted that fields had been almost completely cleaned of grass between the showers, but even here it was admitted that clear weather was desired.

The cables were below expectations yesterday, partly due to the unsettled foreign political situation. Spot sales again showed a diminution to 8,000 bales for the day, with Manchester accounts rather more conflicting. Prices at that centre are stated to be firm, however. The week-end figures were regarded as slightly bullish. Spinners' takings of 167,000 bales were reported, against 190,000 last week and 117,000 a year ago. The into-sight was 21,000 bales, against 17,000 last year, totaling 13,446,000 bales, against 11,712,000 bales a year ago. The visible of American cotton aggregates 1,863,000 bales, against 1,018,000 bales last year, decreasing 148,000 for the week, against a reduction of 156,000 last week, and comparing with a decrease of 100,000 last year.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	12.25	12.13	12.21@12.23	12.20
August	12.30	12.16	12.21@12.23	12.21
September	12.40	12.25	12.31@12.33	12.30
October	12.53	12.34	12.43@12.44	12.42
November	..	..	12.44@12.46	12.43
December	12.54	12.37	12.43@12.44	12.45
January	12.53	12.36	12.43@12.44	12.44
February	..	..	12.45@12.47	12.46
March	12.61	12.48	12.54@12.55	12.53
May	12.70	12.56	12.60@12.61	12.62

COFFEE.

Coffee was steadier, closing 4 to 10 points net higher on total sales of 44,000 bags. Havre came ½@¾f higher, while Hamburg was unchanged. Rio was weak, 75 reis down, and Santos was barely steady and unchanged by the regular cable, and 50 reis lower on the special. An improved demand for cost and freight coffee was noted. Sales were not large, amounting to about 5,000 bags, but prices were steady, with Santos 4s quoted at 15¼, and 4s and 5s at 15:10.

Spot coffee unchanged; 14¼c for Rio 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	..	..	12.95@12.98	12.90
August	..	..	13.02@13.03	12.95
September	13.11	13.07	13.09@13.10	13.01
October	..	..	13.16@13.17	13.08
November	..	..	13.23@13.24	13.14
December	13.31	13.26	13.29@13.30	13.21
January	..	..	13.33@13.35	13.25
February	13.29	13.29	13.29@13.30	13.25
March	13.42	13.35	13.39@13.40	13.30
April	13.40	13.40	13.40@13.41	13.32
May	13.45	13.41	13.44@13.45	13.34
June	..	..	13.44@13.45	13.34

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, pound, 27@27¼c; firsts, 26@26½c; seconds, 25@25½c; thirds, 23@24½c; State dairy, finest, 26c; good to prime, 24@25c; common to fair, 22½@23c; process, extras, 25c; firsts, 23½@24½c; seconds, 22@22½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 23½@24c; factory, current make, firsts, 22½@23c; seconds, 21@22c; thirds, 19½@20c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 20@20½c; No. 3, 19@19½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, colored, specials, 15½c; white, 15¼@15½c; colored, average fancy, 15@15¼c; white, 15c; undergrades, 13@14½c; daisies, best, 15¾@16c; skims, specials, 12¼@12½c; choice, 10½@11½c; fair, 9@10c; undergrades, 6½@8½c; full skims, common, 3½@5½c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered extras, dozen, 23@24c; extra firsts, 21@22c; firsts, 19@20c; seconds, 17½@18½c; thirds and poorer, 16@17c; dirties, No. 1, 15@16c; No. 2, 14@14½c; inferior, 12@13c; checks, good to fine, 12@13c; poor to fair, 7@11c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery whites, fancy large, new laid, 27c; selected whites, good to prime, 25@26c; common to fair, 23@24c; Western gathered whites, 19@23c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery browns, 24@25c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 20@24c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

SUGAR.—The refined sugar market was quiet and unchanged, on the basis of $5.10 net for fine granulated, less usual discount.

The following quotations are net less discount of 2 per cent. for cash: Crystal dominoes, in cases of two-pound cartons, $8.10; in cases of five-pound cartons, $7.60; Eagle tablets, $6.40; cut loaf, $5.90; crushed, $5.80; Mold A, $5.45; cubes, Eagle, five-pound bags, powdered, and Eagle confectioners' granulated, $5.35; XXXX powdered, $5.25; powdered, coarse powdered, and Eagle coarse granulated, $5.20; fruit powdered and Eagle extra fine granulated, $5.10; Eagle, two, three and one-half, and five pound cartons of fine granulated, $5.30; three and one-half-pound bags, $5.35; five-pound bags, $5.30; ten-pound bags, $5.25; twenty-five and fifty pound bags and standard granulated, $5.15; fine granulated and Diamond A, $5.10; confectioners' A and No. 1, $4.95; Nos. 2 to 12, $4.90@$4.40, in five-cent ranges; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $4.35.

The market for raw sugar was firm, with sales estimated at about 110,000 bags, part late on Thursday. Sellers were inclined to ask more yesterday, some suggesting an advance of 1-32c. While offerings were very small, it was believed that a fair quantity could have been purchased on the basis of 2 11-16c, cost and freight. Spot quotations were unchanged, at $3.98 for centrifugal, 96 test; $3.48 for Muscovado, 89 test, and $3.23 for molasses, 89 test.

The London beet sugar market opened quiet and rather easy, with July quoted at 12s 4½d, August at 12s 5¼d, and October to December at 10s 5¼d. The late curb market was firm at an advance of ¾d to 1d over earlier quotations.

Willett & Gray.—Total stock of Europe and America, 1,808,999 tons, against 1,802,840 last year, at the same uneven dates. The increase of stock is 6,159 tons, against a decrease of 91,552 tons last week. Total stocks and afloats together show a visible supply of 1,989,999 tons, against 2,035,840 last year, or a decrease of 45,841 tons.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—The usual Summer dullness prevailed in the molasses market, and business was of a routine character. Prices were steady and unchanged. Syrups were inactive but steady at former quotations.

Quotations: New Orleans, centrifugal, common, 15@16c; fair, 17@20c; good, 21@26c; prime, 28@34c; New Orleans, open kettle, 37@52c; syrups, common, 11@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 25@28c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was inactive, but showed a slightly steadier tone because of the improvement in wheat.

The following are prices quoted (in wood) on the New York Produce Exchange: Spring patents, $5.40@$5.65; Winter straights, $4.75@$4.90; Winter patents, $5.10@$5.50; Spring clears, $4.60@$4.90; extra No. 1 Winter, $4.30@$4.50; extra No. 2 Winter, $4.10@$4.25; Kansas straights, $4.65@$4.85; fancy Spring patents, $6.50@$6.75. RYE FLOUR—Quoted: Fair to good, $4.40@$4.65; choice to fancy, $4.70@$4.90. CORNMEAL—Quoted: Kiln dried, $4.20. BAG-MEAL—Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.70@$1.75; coarse, $1.65@$1.70. FEED—Quoted: Western Spring, $24.25; Standard middling, $28.60; flour, middling, $32.50; Red Dog, $33.60; city bran, $24.65; bulk, $26.25, sacks; middling, $28.60@$33; Red Dog, $33.25; hominy, chop, $28.50@$29, bulk; $29.70@$30.20, sacks; oilmeal, $36.50, nominal.

RICE.—The rice market was quiet, but stocks were small, and holders were inclined to take a firm view of the situation. Prices remained steady and unchanged.

Quotations: Screenings, 4@4¼c; ordinary, 4¼@4⅝c; fair, 4¾@4⅞c; good ordinary, 5@5¼c; prime, 5½@5¾c; choice, 5¾@6c; head, Japan, 4½@5c; Patna, 6@6½c, duty paid.

OILS.—Linseed oil was unchanged. Refined petroleum was steady at recent prices.

Quotations: Standard white petroleum, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $8.60; bulk, $5; standard white, cases, New York, $10.50; water white, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $9.60; bulk, $6; water white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $11.50. Linseed Oil—American seed, city raw, 73@74c; out-of-town raw, 72@73c; Calcutta, raw, 80c.

NAVAL STORES.—The market for spirits turpentine was steady and unchanged. Resin was quiet at former prices. Tar continued inactive.

Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine barrels, 47c. Tar, $5.50. Resin, common to good, strained, $6.30; B, $6.55; D, $7; E, $7.20; F, $7.40; G, $7.45; H, $7.50; I, $7.55; K, $7.65; M, $7.80; N, $7.90; WG, $8, and WW, $8.10.

COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Gavegan, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Wills for probate: Nellie H. Grant, George W. Waring.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Lynch, J. Motions.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II.—McAvoy, J. Ex parte business.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J. Franklin Savings Bank v. James G. Andriaccio—William F. Thompson.

CITY COURT—Lynch, J. John T. Binkley v. William Binkley—William J. Kindgen. John W. Coles v. Greater New York Sash and Door Co.—William J. Kindgen. Burnet Miller v. S. Lippman—Alfred Katz.

CITY COURT—McAvoy, J. Leonard v. Burke—George W. Simpson.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Beach v. Beach—Abraham Greenberg. Parker v. Parker—Wilbur Larremore.

CITY COURT—Lynch, J. Flood v. Burden—Thomas W. Churchill.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

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105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Pianos for seashore, country; uprights, $75; squares, $10; easy payments; player pianos, $250 up.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 16,840.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HORATIO PAGE, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Horatio Page, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1912, the said Horatio Page was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

July 19, 1912. PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Jackson's, Fort Worth, Texas; L. Jackson, ladies' ready-to-wear; Woodstock.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; C. M. Morgan, cloaks; 104 Worth.
Prager Co., San Francisco, Cal.; S. Upright, domestics, dress goods, silks; 200 5th Av.; Flanders.
Hayden Bros., Omaha, Neb.; J. C. Folsey, clothing; Longacre.
Sidney Co., Sioux City, Iowa; Miss Dawson, jobs, silks, wash dresses; 13 E. 20th.
Daniels & Fisher Stores Co., Denver, Col.; Mr. Sponger, representing; M. Faddock, representing; 56 Worth.
Keith-O'Brien Co., Salt Lake City, Utah; Mrs. J. N. Burley, hosiery, muslin underwear, corsets; Miss H. M. Cox, cloaks, suits, waists; Miss Cobbs, dry goods; Miss L. Boehner, laces; Miss Treasue, fancy goods; 220 5th Av.; Great Northern.
Columbia, Fort Worth, Texas; G. W. Smith, house furn. goods; 239 4th Av.
Prager & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; Miss B. Sushan, cloaks, suits, waists; 200 5th Av.
Livingston Bros., San Francisco, Cal.; H. Livingston, carpets; 200 5th Av.; Cadillac.
Stiel, I., Co., Little Rock, Ark.; I. Stiel, general mdse.; Cadillac.
Weiss, S., & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; L. Weiss, millinery; Albert.
Wauseon Dept. Store, Wauseon, Ohio; J. F. Holt, carpets; Walcott.
Belk Bros., Charlotte, N. C.; B. F. Matthews, furn. goods; Broadway Central.
Bailey Co., Cleveland, Ohio; C. Mashek, millinery; 71 West 23d.
Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; D. A. Curtin, knit goods, children's underwear; 438 Bway.
Marks, Isaacs Co., New Orleans, La.; S. Kronheim, clothing, furn. goods; 143 W. 23d.
Wonder, Fresno, Cal.; M. Cahn, ready-to-wear; D. L. Newman, waists; 15 East 26th.
Elliott, Taylor, Woolfenden Co., Detroit, Mich.; T. Strohan, domestics; 220 5th Av.; Cadillac.
Clarke, Davis & Poore Co., Columbus, Ohio; George C. Poore, silks, ribbons; J. H. H. Davis, flowers, feathers; 621 Bway.
Steely, J. G., & Co., Dayton, Ohio; J. G. Steely, millinery; York.
Sheldon D. G. Co., Columbus, Ohio; A. B. McClure, knit goods, hosiery, underwear; 320 Bway; York.
Stevens, H. W., Walla Walla, Wash.; dry goods; York.
Bradshaw Bros., Minneapolis, Minn.; D. Bradshaw, millinery, ornaments; 621 Bway.

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The Bonanno Co. of New York, waists, skirts, corsets, gloves, hosiery, and muslin underwear, 209 Greene St.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE, No. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, July 24th, 1912,
at 12.30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATRIX.

20 shs. American Sugar Refining Co. common.
120 shs. American Sugar Refining Co. prefd.
65 shs. American Telegraph & Cable Co.
20 shs. Baltimore & Ohio R. R. common.
50 shs. Chic., Mil. & St. Paul Rwy. common.
20 shs. Delaware & Hudson Co.
20 shs. Illinois Central R. R.
25 shs. N. Y., New Haven & Hartford R. R.
50 shs. Northern Pacific Rwy.
50 shs. Pennsylvania R. R.
50 shs. Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co. common.
50 shs. Union Pacific R. R. common.
80 shs. United States Steel Corpn. common.
20 shs. United States Steel Corpn. prefd.
12 shs. Brooklyn Union Elevated R. R. common.
6 shs. Banco de Fomento, (Santiago de Cuba.)
$10,000 Brooklyn Union Elevated R. R. 1st Mtg. 5 p. c. Bds., 1950.
$5,000 Chesapeake & Ohio R. R. Genl. Mtg. 4½ p. c. Bds., 1992.
$7,000 Chic., Rock Island & Pac. R. R. Genl. Mtg. 4 p. c. Bds., 1988.
$7,000 Chic., Rock Island & Pac. R. R. 4 p. c. Bds., 2002.
$10,000 Long Island R. R. Genl. Mtg. 4 p. c. Bds., 1938.
$5,000 Northern Pacific Rwy. Great Northern joint 4 p. c. Bds., C., B. & Q. Coll., 1921.
$5,000 Northern Pacific Rwy. Prior Lien 4 p. c. Bds., 1997.
$5,000 United States Steel Corpn. 5 p. c. S. F. Bds., 1961.
76 City of Brussels coupon bonds, 100 Francs.
$1,200 Banco de Fomento Santiago de Cuba Bonds.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

10 shs. Yorkville Independent Hygeia Ice Co.
25 shs. Irving National Exchange Bank.
$1,420 Atlantic Mutual Ins. Co. Scrip of 1912.
200 shs. Atlantic Fruit & Steamship Co.
$20,000 Atlantic Fruit & Steamship Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. 20-year Convt. Gold Bds.
50 shs. Connolly Auction Co. Prefd.
50 shs. Connolly Auction Co. common.
15 shs. Earl Fruit Co. of Sacramento, Cal.
20 shs. Crocker-Wheeler Co. common.
118 shs. American Oriental Co. Prefd.
30 shs. American Oriental Co. common.
2,000 shs. San Pedro Gold Mining Co.
$300 San Pedro Gold Mining Co. 7 p. c. Bd., 1916.
$100 New Jersey Mineral Co. 6 p. c. Bd., 1915.
45 shs. 42d St. & Grand St. Ferry R. R.
$1,500 Toledo & Chic. Interurban Rwy. 1st Mtg. Bds., June, 1908, coupon on, deposit agreement.
15 shs. Ann Arbor R. R. pfd.
$52,000 First Mtge. Bonds of York Silk Manufacturing Co. (now in bankruptcy) with $60 coupons overdue at time of bankruptcy attached to each bond, dividend of 30 p. c. already paid on bond and coupons by trustee in bankruptcy, the sale to carry all right, title, and interest of York Silk Mills in and to said bonds, together with all claims in connection therewith.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JAMES M. SHOEMAKER, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 16,600.

Notice is hereby given that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold at public auction under the direction of William A. Jones, Trustee, at the factory formerly conducted at Milford, New Jersey, by the Milford Oilcloth Company, on the 30th day of July, 1912, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

A general description of the property to be sold is as follows: Print blocks, tools, merchandise consisting of lino-lin, coal, etc.

Notice is also given that personal property belonging to the estate will be sold under the direction of said Trustee at No. 30 East 20th Street, New York City, on the 31st day of July, 1912, at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon of said day; a general description of the property to be sold is as follows: Office furniture, fixtures, typewriter, equity in outstanding accounts and claims of bankrupt, if any; also all the right, title and interest of the Trustee in and to the lease covering said factory property formerly conducted by the Milford Oilcloth Company at Milford, New Jersey.

The above described property may be inspected at the above premises on any business day prior to the sale between the hours of 10:00 A. M. and 2 P. M.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale unless it shall bring at least 75 per cent. of the appraised value.

Dated New York, July 19, 1912.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.
LEON LAUTERSTEIN, Attorney for Trustee, Office & P. O. Address, 43 Exchange Place, New York City.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ABRAHAM BERLINER and HYMAN LAMPERT, individually and as co-partners trading as the BERLINER CLOAK CO., Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the bankrupt, consisting of woolens, remnants, machine heads and stands, will be sold under the direction of Charles L. Greenhall, Trustee, through Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at his place of business, No. 113 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 9th day of August, 1912, at 10:30 A. M.

The aforesaid property will be open for inspection on the 7th and 8th days of August, 1912, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Dated New York, July 20th, 1912.
NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
MESSRS. MORRIS & SAMUEL MEYERS, Attorneys for Trustee, 220 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS BARONSKY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy sells Monday, July 29th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of claim against Gerald Fitzgibbon arising out of the deposit by the bankrupt with him of the sum of $1,500 as security for the faithful performance of all terms, covenants, and conditions of certain leases entered into between bankrupt and the said Gerald Fitzgibbon, covering premises formerly occupied by the bankrupt, and which leases were sold by the trustee, reserving unto himself the right to collect the said deposit when same shall become due and payable under the terms and conditions of the said leases.

RALPH WOLF, Trustee.
H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Trustee, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOTHAIR RICH, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, July 26, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 200 West 34th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of stock of plated, gold and filled goods, fixtures, etc.

EDMUND C. STONE, Receiver.
THOMAS F. WALSH, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Price Movement Still Upward—Strengthening of Reserve Position Indicated.

With a vigor, which was all the more noteworthy because of the successive advances of previous days, the stock market yesterday made further gains, which amounted in several of the leading issues to a point or more. There was a sharp rise in grain prices, but this had more to do with the news of the fighting at the entrance to the Dardanelles than with the tenor of the day's crop advices, which were generally favorable. The advance which the crops have made toward maturity has been sufficient, notwithstanding the somewhat tardy start of the season, to increase optimism in the farming sections of the country, notably in the Northwest, and already business is beginning to feel some effect of the prospect of large farm yields. In addition to this the market had as a sustaining factor yesterday the likelihood, if the estimates are borne out, of an increase in the bank reserves at this centre owing to an inflow of cash from the interior, which more than offset the relatively small loss which the banks this week suffered to the Sub-Treasury. Loans, however, may show an increase. The buying in the last few days must have somewhat increased the Stock Exchange needs for money, though these requirements have been kept down to the extent to which short covering has been responsible for the rise in quotations.

The further strength which St. Paul showed yesterday had favorable effect upon market sentiment, for it was taken to indicate a lessening likelihood of a further reduction in the road's dividend. It will, of course, mean much for this property if now, after two years of poor wheat yields in the territory served by its lines, it is this year to be favored with bountiful crops.

However little attention our own stock market paid to the fresh outbreak of hostilities in the Turko-Italian war, the incident was regarded as in part responsible for the further decline in consols, which carried them to the low price of 1826. But the same cable which coupled these two happenings of the day also told of an impending Indian loan in the London market to the amount of $10,000,000, which will put just so much more demand on the money market to the detriment of consols. The recent experience of underwriters has naturally caused London to look upon each successive security offering as just so much more of a drag on the general investment market. In such a situation as this the security of the investment is not a sufficient offset to the low interest which consols carry.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2½@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2⅞ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 3@3¼ per cent. for sixty days, 3¼@3½ per cent. for ninety days, 3½@3¾ per cent. for four months, 3¾@4 per cent. for five months, and 4@4¼ per cent. for six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 4@4½ per cent. for prime four to six months' maturity.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $287,205,226; balances, $12,201,959; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $204,718.

The local banks lost $1,862,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 3@3⅛ per cent. for short bills and 3@3⅛ per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 2¾ per cent., and Berlin, 3⅝ per cent. Money rates were 2¼@2½ per cent. in London, and in Berlin, 3 per cent.

The Paris check rate on London was 25f 24½c, and the Berlin check rate on London 20 marks 48 pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8790; demand, $4.87½.
Paris—Cable, 5.17½ plus 1-32; check, 5.17½ less 3-64.
Berlin—Cable, 95¼ plus 1-32; check, 95¼ less 3-64.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.18⅛ plus 3-64; check, 5.18¾ less 1-32.
Holland—Cable, 40.40; check 40.36.
Belgium—Cable, 5.19⅜ plus 1-32; check, 5.19⅜ less 3-64.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8465; 90 days, $4.8335.
London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.84½; 90 days, $4.83⅛.
Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.20 less 1-16; 90 days, 5.21¼ less 1-32.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.20⅝; 90 days, 5.21⅞.
Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94⅝; 90 days, 94⅜.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94½ plus 1-32; 90 days, 94 5-16 less 1-32.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 15c premium; St. Louis, 20c discount; St. Paul, 45c premium; San Francisco, 40c premium; Montreal, 62½c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted in London at 27 13-16d per ounce, a decline of 1-16d, and in New York at 60⅝c per ounce, a decline of ¼c.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
4¼s..March, 1962	100⅝	100¾	100⅝	100⅝
4¼s..September, 1960	100⅝	101	100⅝	100⅝
4¼s..March, 30-60	101⅛	101	100⅞	101
4½s..May, 1957	101⅞	101⅝	101⅜	101⅝
4½s..November, 1957	106⅝	106⅞	106⅝	106⅞
4½s..May, 1917	106⅝	106⅞	106⅝	106⅞
4½s..November, 1917	101½	102	101½	102
4s..May, 1959, l'chg	101¼	102	101¼	102
4s..Nov., 1958, l'chg	98⅝	99	98⅝	99
4s..May, 1957, l'chg	98⅝	99	98⅝	99
4s..Nov., 1955-6, reg	98⅝	99⅛	98⅝	99⅛
4s..May, 1919, l'chg	97½	98⅝	97½	98⅝
3½s..Nov., 1954, l'chg	99	99½	99	99½
3½s..May, 1954, coup	85⅞	86⅝	85⅞	86⅝
3½s..May, 1954, reg	85⅝	86⅝	85⅝	86⅝
3½s..Nov., 1941, reg	85½	86⅝	85½	86⅝
3½s..Nov., 1929, reg	87½	88¼	87½	88½
	91	92	91	92

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday copper ruled quiet, but firm. Lead and spelter were unchanged, but tin was easier, sales of 25 tons of July being effected at 43.25c.

The closing bid and asked prices were as follows:

	—Friday.— Bid.	Asked.	—Thursday.— Bid.	Asked.
Standard Copper—				
July	17⅛	17⅜	17.00	17⅜
August	17¼	17⅜	17.05	17.20
September	17.15	17⅜	17.00	17¼
Spelter	7.20	7.40	7.20	7.40
Lead	4.60	4.75	4.60	4.75
Tin	43.40	43.70	43½	43⅝

The following prices obtained yesterday on the London Metal Exchange, for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These closing prices compare with Thursday's final figures:

	—Friday.— £.	s.	d.	—Thursday.— £.	s.	d.
Copper, spot	77	8	9	76	7	6
Copper, futures	77	13	9	77	0	0
Pig tin, spot	198	10	0	199	5	0
Pig tin, futures	195	15	0	197	5	0

The market ended easy. Spanish pig lead was off 1s. 3d. at £18 10s. Spelter was unchanged at £26 5s. Cleveland warrants were 7½d. lower at 57s. 3d.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and for the fiscal year as follows:

	July 18.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$1,360,405	$15,863,584	$15,863,584
Int. revenue	952,381	14,998,430	14,998,430
Corp. tax	8,222	1,221,195	1,221,195
Miscellaneous	175,368	3,193,302	3,193,402
Total rec.	$2,496,378	$35,276,512	$35,276,512
Expenditures	1,133,009	42,891,841	42,891,841
Surplus	1,363,369	*7,615,320	*7,615,329

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was: Working balance in Treasury offices, $91,-[illegible]; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $[illegible]. The total of the general fund was $153,274,-[illegible]

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Advance in Gates Issue.

The announcement Thursday of a further advance of 1 cent a gallon in the price of gasoline may not have had any connection with the behavior of the oil issues, but it is significant that both the Standard Oil Company and Texas stocks have been very strong lately. Yesterday Texas sold at 130, a new high point for the year. In January this issue sold as low as 81, so that it has gained 49 points in six months. John W. Gates was a great believer in the profits to be made from the oil business, but after his death the shares of the company in which he had been chiefly interested suffered a bad slump. At the low prices for oil which prevailed a year ago the Texas Company's net earnings were small, but with the recent advances in gasoline and kerosene has come an improvement in the quotations on the heavier oils, in which the Texas Company does a large business, and profits have been correspondingly augmented. The issue is now selling at near the price at which it made its debut on the Stock Exchange.

***

Rally in St. Paul.

When St. Paul broke through par earlier in the week the doctors shook their heads and decided that its condition was grave. With earnings of perhaps 2 per cent. out of which to pay a dividend of 5 per cent. it looked as if the patient's friends were in for a harrowing ordeal. But St. Paul is normally a healthy property. With the stock selling at 104¼ yesterday, a rally of 4⅛ from the low, it was surprising to learn what a lot of good things were in store for it. Most important, of course, is the big freight business which it is going to get when this Fall's wondrous crops are harvested. It was also discovered that the poor earnings which figured so prominently in recent discussions of St. Paul's precarious situation were superseded several weeks ago by a returning tide of business. Brokers who were reconciled to the idea of St. Paul's passing its dividend two days before were predicting yesterday that when the Directors see fit to depart from the 5 per cent. rate it would be because earnings were so good that it was time to restore the old semi-annual payment of 3½ per cent.

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Wheat Down; Stocks Up.

As a general rule, the same conditions that cause a decline in the grain market bring about an advance in the granger railroad issues. The excellent weather reports which have been following the recent favorable crop estimates have brought about a drop of 7½ cents in the price of July wheat from the high on Monday last, and of 6⅞ cents in the September options. In the same length of time Union Pacific has moved up 4⅝ points, St. Paul 4⅝, Great Northern preferred 4⅝, Northwestern 3⅝, and Northern Pacific 3. Thus, a speculator who was bearish on grain and bullish on stocks last Monday might have passed a very enjoyable week in spite of the heat and humidity.

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Contraction in Bond Market.

The July reinvestment demand, which used to be looked forward to by bond dealers as a good time for the introduction of new issues, is gradually assuming the nature of a myth. The stimulation expected from the reinvestment of the semi-annual interest and dividend payments made on July 1 has yet to put in an appearance. Within the past few days the total transactions on the Exchange have run below $2,000,000. A year ago there were many days when the total was well above $3,000,000, and on one day in July the total ran above $6,000,000. Two years ago, however, the market for bonds was even duller than it is now, although improvement set in before the end of the month. An idea of the difference in activity may be gained from the fact that since Jan. 1 the total bond sales have been less by $68,000,000 than they were in the corresponding months of 1911.

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Low Prices on Consolidated.

At the opening of the Consolidated Exchange at 9:30 yesterday prices were made in accordance with the weakness in London, and in many cases proved to be the lowest of the day. On the opening call Copper was quoted at 82⅝, which is ⅝ lower than any sale made on the Big Board yesterday, and Smelters at 82⅞, also ⅝ below the bottom price, made later. Reading opened ⅛ under, Union ⅛ under, and St. Paul ⅛ under the Stock Exchange's lowest figures. Traders who picked up stocks on the call were able to collect profits later in the day.

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Bank Clearings and Business.

The large volume of bank exchanges throughout the country, compared with those at this time last year and in 1910, leave no doubt of the expansion of general business, particularly when it is remembered that just now stock market activity is below normal even for this Summer period. Bank clearings for the week, as reported by Dun's Review from returns from the leading centres, show an aggregate of $2,803,056,685, which is 6 per cent. larger than in the same week last year and 10.8 per cent. above the showing of the week in 1910. Of the total, New York City's gain is 7.7 per cent. over last year and 10.1 per cent. over 1910. This, Dun's says, is satisfactory, "inasmuch as they reflect a large volume of payments through the banks as a result of considerable activity in general business. The total of the cities outside of the leading centres shows a gain over last year of 3.1 per cent. and over the same week two years ago, of 12.1 per cent. Compared with 1911, nine out of the thirteen cities included in the statement report gains, some of which are very large."

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Premiums for Steel Deliveries.

The consumers of structural steel and steel plates are up against conditions which in a small way are a reflection of the boom times of 1906. Premiums of as much as $1 and $2 a ton are reported as being paid for quick deliveries.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

1912.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Thurs., July 18	93.09	92.61	92.85	92.79
Fri., July 19	93.19	92.55	92.87	92.94

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Thurs., July 18	70.24	69.90	70.07	70.33
Fri., July 19	70.52	70.09	70.30	70.42

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Thurs., July 18	81.66	81.25	81.46	81.56
Fri., July 19	81.85	81.32	81.58	81.68

YEAR'S RANGE TO DATE.

	Open.	High.	Low.
Railroads	Jan. 2. 91.43	Apr. 26. 96.34	Feb. 1. 88.74
Industrials	Jan. 2. 64.00	July 3. 71.78	Feb. 1. 61.47

1911.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Tues., July 18	98.47	98.07	98.27	98.45
Wed., July 19	98.92	98.39	98.66	98.57

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Tues., July 18	68.13	67.61	67.87	67.78
Wed., July 19	68.58	68.19	68.39	68.36

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Tues., July 18	83.30	82.84	83.07	83.08
Wed., July 19	83.75	83.29	83.52	83.46

YEAR'S RANGE TO DATE.

	Open.	High.	Low.
Railroads	Jan. 3. 91.79	June 26. 99.61	Apr. 24. 91.47
Industrials	Jan. 3. 62.95	June 5. 69.78	Apr. 24. [illegible]

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Activity in Scattered Issues, with Some Substantial Gains in Curb Trading.

United Cigar Stores had a burst of activity on the Curb yesterday, during which the price advanced sharply. Starting at 249, the price rose to 260½, the close after sales of 2,500 shares being within ½ point of the top. The rest of the industrial list was sluggish but firm. There were reported sales of 8,000 shares in Manhattan Transit, the price moving between 2 3-16 and 2 5-16, and closing at the top. The mining list was strong, but movements were narrow among the established coppers with the exception of Braden, which had a sharp advance, rising from 7 to 7¼ on sales of 3,000. British Columbia sold off from 5⅝ to 5⅛. In the bond list $10,000 Braden Copper 6s and $20,000 Southern Bell Telephone & Telegraph 5s sold at 148 and 100 respectively.

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The principal transactions yesterday, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	*Allied Sec. Co.	90	92	90	92
3,100	Brit. Am. Tob.	31⅛	32½	31⅛	32
575	B. F. Goodrich Co	75½	76	75	75
425	B. F. Goodrich Co. pf.	109¼	109¼	109	109
100	Int. R. T. ctfs.	13	13	13	13
450	Kayser pf.	109¾	112¾	109¾	109¾
1,600	L.-W. Bis. Co.	42	42¾	41¾	42½
125	Man. Shirt Co.	†58¾	58¾	58¾	58¾
110	M. Shirt Co. pf.	100⅝	100¾	100⅝	100¾
8,000	Man. Transit	2¼	2 5-16	2 3-16	2 5-16
350	M. of Am. New	8⅝	8½	8¼	8¼
1,000	*Mays Oil	30	30	29	30
200	Pet. Milleken pf.	101⅛	101⅝	101⅛	101⅝
9	R. J. Reynolds	280	280	280	280
275	St. O. of N. J.	391	391	389	390
2,500	U. C. Stores	249	260½	249	260
300	U.S.L. & H. new	18¼	18⅜	18¼	18⅜

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	*Big Four	50	50	50	50
3,000	Braden Copper	7	7¼	7	7¼
1,200	‡B. Col. Copper	5⅝	5⅝	5⅛	5⅛
200	Butte-N. Y.	2¼	2 5-16	2¼	2 5-16
2,000	*C. O. D. Con.	11	12	11	12
600	Con. Ariz. S.	⅝	⅝	9-16	9-16
100	Dia. Black B.	7	8	7	7
4,100	*‡El Paso Con.	99	100	99	100
500	Florence	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
100	Giroux Mining	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
800	Greene-Can	10	10	10	10
300	*Greenwater	5	5	5	5
800	‡La Rose Con.	3	3 1-16	3	3 1-16
2,300	Mason Valley	13½	13⅞	13½	13⅞
2,000	Mines of Am.	3	3	2⅞	2⅞
1,000	Mother. Gold	15-16	15-16	15-16	15-16
3,200	Nevada Hills	2 1-16	2 3-16	2 1-16	2 3-16
200	‡Nip. Mines Co.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
3,400	Pac. Smelters	7-32	¼	7-32	¼
800	Silver K. Con.	1	1	1	1
200	Stewart	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
45	Tonopah Mining	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
8,500	Tonopah Ext.	2¼	2 7-16	2¼	2 7-16
2,000	*‡Wett. S. M.	60	62	60	61

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	Braden C. 6s	148	148	148	148
20,000	South. Bell T. & Tel. 5s	100	100	100	100

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lots. ‡Ex div.

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The bid and asked prices of listed stocks and bonds of which there were no sales on the Curb yesterday make these comparisons with those of Thursday:

INDUSTRIALS.

	July 19. Bid.	Asked.	July 18. Bid.	Asked.
A. W. W. G. Co. pf.	96	98	96	98
Am. Writing Paper	3	2½	2¾	3¼
At., Gulf & W. I.	7	8	7	8
At., Gulf & W. I. pf.	13	15	13	15
Bay State Gas	⅓	⅝	⅓	⅝
Borden's Cond. Milk	127	128½	127	128½
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	107¼	108	107¼	108
Con. Rubber Tire	13⅝	17	13⅝	17
Havana Tobacco	6	7½	6	7½
Havana Tobacco pf.	10	15	10	15
Houston Oil	15½	15⅝	15½	15⅝
Houston Oil pf.	71	71⅛	71	71⅛
Inter. Salt	3	6	3	6
J. I. Case pf.	103	103¼	103	104
Kayser	87	89	87	89
Kolb Bakery pf.	98½	98¾	98½	98¾
Lehigh V. Coal S. Co.	240	244	240	244
Loose-Wiles B. Co. pf.	102¾	102¾	102	102¾
Loose-Wiles 2d pf.	88	90	88	90
McAndrews & Forbes	200	205	200	205
N. Y. Transportation	5¾	6	5¾	6
Otis Elevator	73	76	73	76
Pettibone Milliken	23	28	23	28
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	255	270	255	270
Standard Oil (old)	950	990	950	990
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	478	485	478	485
Standard Oil subsid.	565	600	565	600
U. S. L & H. pf. new	82	86	82	85
J. S. Young	180	190	180	190

RAILROADS.

	July 19. Bid.	Asked.	July 18. Bid.	Asked.
†Amer. Light & Trac.	377	383	377	383
†Am. Lt. & Trac. pf.	108	110	108	110

MINING STOCKS.

	July 19. Bid.	Asked.	July 18. Bid.	Asked.
*Beaver Cons.	42	44	42	43
Caledonia Mining	35	50	35	50
Davis-Daly Copper	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
Diamond Field Daisy	6	8	6	8
First National	1⅜	1⅝	1⅜	1⅝
Gold Hill	5-16	⅜	5-16	⅜
Internat. Sm. & Ref.	120	123¼	120	123¼
Kerr Lake	2¾	3	2¾	3
Keystone	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
McKinley-Darragh	1 11-16	1¾	1 11-16	1¾
Ohio Copper	¼	5-16	¼	5-16
South Live Oak	2	2¼	2	2¼
So. Utah M. & S.	⅜	⅞	⅜	⅞
Tri-Bullion	⅜	½	⅜	½
Tuolumne Copper	3⅜	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝
Union Mines	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
United Copper	½	1	¾	1
United Copper pf.	8	20	8	20
Yukon Gold Mines	3⅝	3¾	3⅝	3¾

BONDS.

	July 19. Bid.	Asked.	July 18. Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp. 4s	83	85	83	85
Braden Copper 7s	153	155	153	155
Braden Copper 7s, new	152	156	152	156
Chicago Elevated 5s	97½	98	97½	98
Illinois Cent. 4½s notes	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
Mason Valley 6s	132	138	132	138
New York City 4¼s	100⅞	101	100¾	101
N. Y. State 4s, new	100⅞	100½	100⅞	100½
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	98⅞	99	98⅞	99
Western Pacific 5s	83	83½	83	83½

†Ex dividend.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Friday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American Oil Co.	21½	22	22	22¼
Atlantic Refining Co.	470	480	445	455
Borne-Scrymser Co.	150	175	150	175
Buckeye Pipe Line Co.	167	173	170	175
Chesebrough Mfg., Con.	825	875	825	875
Colonial Oil Co.	160	180	160	180
Continental Oil Co.	850	925	860	925
Crescent Pipe Line Co.	63	66	63	67
Cumberland P. L., Inc.	65	75	65	75
Cumberland P. L. Co.	385	395	385	395
Galena-Signal Oil Co.	232	238	232	238
Galena-Sig. Oil Co. pf.	140	145	140	145
Indiana Pipe Line Co.	110	115	110	115
National Transit Co.	43	45	43	45
New York Transit Co.	360	370	360	370
Northern Pipe Line Co.	138	148	137	145
Ohio Oil Co.	104	105	104	104
Prairie Oil and Gas Co.	290	300	290	300
Solar Refining Co.	550	600	550	600
Southern Pipe Line Co.	240	250	240	250
South Penn. Oil Co.	690	725	673	710
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	165	175	165	175
Standard Oil Co. (Cal)	175	180	175	180
Standard Oil Co. (Ind.)	230	235	228	232
Standard Oil Co. (Kan.)	290	315	295	315
Standard Oil Co. (Ky.)	385	410	375	400
Standard Oil Co. (Neb.)	270	285	270	280
Standard O. Co. (N. J.)	387	392	388	392
Standard Oil C. sub. "en bloc"	565	595	570	600
Standard Oil Co. old stock "all on"	952	987	958	992
Standard Oil Co. (N.Y.)	490	500	475	485
Standard Oil Co (Ohio)	190	200	190	200
Swan & Finch Co.	200	225	200	225
Union Tank Line Co.	62	65	59	62
Vacuum Oil Co.	165	170	165	170
Washington Oil Co.	20	30	20	30
Waters-Pierce Oil Co.	1,000	1,500	1,000	1,500

TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises those tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

	July 19. Bid.	Asked.	July 18. Bid.	Asked.
British-American	31⅜	32	31⅜	32
Conley Foil	290	300	290	300
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	180	200	180	200
*J. S. Young	180	190	180	195
MacAndrews & Forbes	203	205	200	205
Porto Rico-American	260	270	260	265
R. J. Reynolds	280	290	275	285
United Cigar Stores	260	261	248	250
United C. S., w. i.	87½	88½	84	87
United C. S. pf., w. i.	112	118	112	117

*Ex dividend, 5 per cent.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.		—Maturity.—	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr. 1,'13	100¼	100⅝	4.00
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'13	100	100¼	4.32
B. R. T. Co.	5	July 1,'18	97⅞	97¾	5.44
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'14	99⅝	99⅞	4.73
C. H. & D. purchase money	4	July 1,'13	99⅝	99⅞	4.28
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar. 15,'13	99⅝	99⅞	5.80
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July 1,'14	97½	98⅛	5.39
Erie	6	Apr. 8,'14	100⅞	101	5.33
Erie	5	Oct. 1,'14	99¼	99⅞	5.11
Erie	5	Apr. 1,'15	98⅝	98⅞	5.45
Gen. Motors	6	Oct. 1,'15	99⅞	100⅜	5.96
Gen. Rubber	4½	July 1,'15	97½	97⅞	5.27
Hudson Co.	6	Feb. 1,'13	99⅞	100¼	5.51
Illinois Cent.	4½	July 1,'14	99¼	99⅝	4.62
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug. 1,'14	98½	98⅞	5.85
Int. Harv. Co.	5	Feb. 15,'15	100⅝	100⅞	4.70
M., K. & T.	5	May 1,'13	99	99½	6.00
Mo. Pacific	5	June 1,'14	95	95½	7.50
M. C. of Mex.	4½	Sep. 1,'13	98	98½	6.20
N. Rys. of M.	4½	June 1,'13	98¼	98⅝	6.20
N. Y. Cent.	4½	Mar. 1,'14	99⅞	100	4.50
N. Y. Cent.	4½	May 1,'15	99⅞	99⅞	4.55
St. L. & S. F.	5	June 1,'13	99¼	99½	5.30
Southern Ry.	5	Feb. 1,'13	100⅜	100½	4.12
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec. 1,'15	104⅛	104⅝	5.16
Westinghouse	6	Aug. 1,'13	101¼	101⅝	4.44

Accrued interest is to be added to the above prices.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

Local Issues Make Gains in Active Markets in Other Cities.

Activity prevailed in most of the markets in other cities yesterday, with substantial gains in some stocks, as reported in special dispatches to THE TIMES.

In Baltimore Consolidated Power shares were firmer, with a gain of one point for the common and a half on the preferred. Houston Oil shares were slightly easier on moderate realizing sales. Cotton Duck 5s and G. B. S. Brewing bonds were in some demand and higher.

In Boston transactions were heavier than for a long time. Toward the end of the morning session Butte and Superior became quite active and advanced to 42⅞, a gain of a full point over the last closing. A rise of a pound sterling in London copper warrants, and the strength of Amalgamated in New York, imparted a feeling of confidence to the local copper shares. Practically all of the Boston copper stocks were higher. Isle Royale was very active around the middle of the afternoon, selling up to 36⅜, the highest since 1907, when it sold ⅛ point higher. The market closed firm.

In Chicago the Chicago Railways No. 1 certificates ran up to 93, a gain of 3¼ points, on reports that a 6 per cent. dividend would be paid on Oct. 1 to shareholders of record on Aug. 1. No dividends have been paid for three years, and the company is now 24 per cent. in arrears to owners of the certificates. Elsewhere there was a strong undertone and several issues displayed marked activity. Studebaker common sold at 32¼, and there were gains of half a point in Can issues, Chicago Railways No. 2 certificates, and Illinois brick.

In Philadelphia continued activity in the local tractions furnished the highest point of interest. Rapid Transit and Union Traction were both bought aggressively. The demand was said to be principally from houses close to the dominant powers in the local traction company. The heavy absorption lifted the quotation on Rapid Transit to the highest level in two years, at 26, but the best figure was not maintained. Union Traction, while not so active, advanced to 51½.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Bank of Baltimore	164	164	164
175	Baltimore Brick	3	2¾	2¾
200	Balto. Brick pf.	28	27	28
85	Consolidated Power	108½	108	108½
50	Cons. Power pf.	108	108	108
110	Consolidation Coal	103⅛	103	103
10	Fidelity & Deposit	152¾	152¾	152¾
15	Ga. So. & Fla. com.	35	35	35
55	G. B. S. Brewing	4½	4½	4½
475	Houston Oil com. tr. ctfs	15¾	15⅝	15⅝
225	Hous. Oil pf. tr. ctfs.	72	71⅞	71⅞
25	Maryland Casualty	97¼	97¼	97¼
25	Old Town Bank	13	13	13
10	Pullman Cons. Vent. pf	91½	91½	91½
20	Seaboard A. L. pf.	53⅝	52¾	53⅜
210	United Railways	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$53,000	Cotton Duck 5s	74⅝	74¼	74⅜
10,000	Cons. Coal ref. 5s	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞
2,000	F. & Clark's Tr. 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
87,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	52	50½	52
32,000	G. B. S. Brew. inc.	15	14¾	15
1,000	Lexington Rys. 5s	95	95	95
1,000	Norf. & P. Tr. 5s	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
5,000	United Rys. 4s	85½	85	85½

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
5	Boston & Albany	217	217	217
10	Boston & Maine	97¼	97	97¼
10	Fitchburg pf.	125½	125½	125½
20	Mass. Electric	19	19	19
26	Mass. Elec. pf. st'ped	75	75	75
45	Mass. Elec. frac. war.	19c	19c	19c
147	N. Y., N. H. & H.	135	134¾	134¾
5	Old Colony R. R.	176	176	176
260	Union Pacific	169⅝	168	169⅝
50	West End	85¼	85¼	85¼

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
125	American	145½	145	145½
15	New England	153½	153½	153½

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
12	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼
50	Am. Pneu. Service	4	4	4
135	Am. Pneu. Service pf.	19	18⅝	19
125	Am. Tel. & Tel.	145¼	145	145¼
20	Am. Wool pf.	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝
25	Boston Land	7¼	7¼	7¼
10	East Boston Land	15	15	15
10	Edison	295	295	295
60	Ga. Ry. & Elec. pf.	85¼	85¼	85¼
81	General Electric	180⅝	180	180⅝
50	Mackay pf.	70	70	70
115	Mass. Gas	89¼	89¼	89¼
70	Mass. Gas pf.	96⅛	96	96
7	McElwain pf.	105¼	105¼	105¼
15	New England Tel.	153½	153½	153½
20	Swift & Co.	105½	105½	105½
55	Torrington	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜
161	United Fruit	207	205	207
103	United Shoe	51½	51¼	51⅜
50	United Shoe pf.	29½	29½	29½
1,140	U. S. Steel	70¾	69¾	70¾

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
300	Adventure	8	8	8
8	Ahmeek	350	350	350
50	Algomah	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
20	Allouez	46	46	46
2,696	Amalgamated	84¼	83⅝	83⅝
645	American Zinc	31⅝	31¼	31⅝
470	Arizona Com'l	6¼	5⅞	6⅛
235	Boston & Corbin	8	7⅞	7⅞
2,693	Butte & Superior	43	42	42¾
985	Cal. & Arizona	76	75	75¾
84	Cal. & Hecla	525	524	525
120	Centennial	25	24	25
195	Chino	32½	32	32¼
135	Copper Range	58¼	58	58⅛
5	Daly-West	5¼	5¼	5¼
1,630	East Butte	14⅛	14	14
185	Franklin	12	11⅝	11⅝
895	Granby	55⅛	53⅞	55
600	Greene-Can.	10⅛	10	10
115	Hancock	32½	32	32
620	Indiana	18¼	17⅝	17⅝
110	Inspiration	19	18⅞	18⅞
11	Island Creek	55	55	55
546	Island Creek rights	30c	30c	30c
50	Island Creek pf.	88¼	88¼	88¼
6,550	Isle Royale	36⅜	35⅝	35⅝
1,290	Lake Copper	38	37	37
100	La Salle	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
475	Mason Valley	13⅝	13½	13⅝
100	Mayflower	10½	10½	10½
100	Miami	29¼	29⅛	29⅛
195	Mohawk	69⅛	68⅝	69
175	Nevada Con.	20¾	20⅝	20¾
1,660	North Butte	31¼	30¼	31
335	North Lake	6	5⅛	6
110	Ojibway	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
430	Old Colony Mining	8¼	7⅞	8¼
245	Old Dominion	57½	56¾	57⅛
130	Osceola	118	117	118
630	Pond Creek	18¾	18¼	18¼
130	Quincy	91½	90	90½
130	Ray Con.	21	20⅞	20⅞
670	Santa Fe	3⅛	3¼	3¼
675	Shannon	16⅝	16½	16⅝
90	Shattuck	21¼	21¼	21¼
100	South Utah	70c	70c	70c
250	St. Mary's	58½	58¼	58½
50	Superior & Boston	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
885	Superior	48	48⅛	48¾
185	Tamarack	40⅞	40⅛	42⅛
350	Trinity	6	6	6
200	Tuolumne	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
2,961	U. S. Smelters	45⅞	45⅜	46
191	U. S. Smelters pf.	50	49¾	49¾
50	Utah Apex	2¼	2¼	2¼
170	Utah Con.	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
70	Utah Copper	62	62	62
55	Wolverine	110	109	110

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
$4,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	90½	90¼	90½
6,000	Arizona Com. fs.	80	80	80
1,000	Atchison adj. 4s	89½	89½	89½
2,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	63¾	63¾	63¾
2,000	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1923	96¾	96¾	96¾

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Bay State G.	24	25	Gold'd Con.	3⅞	4⅛
Bohemia	3	3¼	La Rose Con.	3	3¼
Boston Ely	1	1⅛	Mas'tic Con.	45	47
Cactus	9	10	New Baltic	2	2¼
Calaveras	2⅞	3	Oneco	2	2¼
Chemung	3	4	Ohio Copper	29	30
Chief Con.	1⅝	1½	Raven	26	29
Con. Ariz.	55	60	R. I. Coal	20	25
Davis-Daly	2⅜	2½	South Lake	9½	10
First Nat'l.	2	2¼			

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Alliance Ins. Co.	13¾	13¾	13¾
360	Am. Milling	2	1 15-16	2
20	Amalgamated Copper	84	84	84
115	Am. Tel. & Tel.	145½	145⅛	145½
10	Baldwin Loco. pf.	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛
1,000	Cambria Steel	43⅞	43⅝	43⅞
50	Con. Trac. of N. J.	76½	76¼	76½
240	Elec. Storage Battery	55⅛	55	55⅛
453	General Asphalt	19¾	19	19¾
150	Gen. Asphalt pf.	63⅜	63	63⅜
290	Pennsylvania	62	61¾	62
23	Penn. Salt Mfg.	109	109	109
4	Philadelphia Co.	108½	108½	108½
198	Phila. Elec.	22	22	22
1,205	Phila. R. T. stock	25⅞	25⅜	25⅞
3,695	Phila. R. T. ctfs.	26	25⅞	26
3	Phila. Trac.	84⅝	84	84⅝
3,740	Reading	83	82	82 15-16
22	Tonopah Mining	6 15-16	6 15-16	6 15-16
474	Tonopah Belmont	9 5-16	9 3-16	9 5-16
120	Union Pacific	169⅞	169⅝	169⅞
3,971	Union Traction	51½	51	51½
3,690	U. S. Steel	70¾	70	70⅞
251	United Gas Imp.	88⅞	88⅝	88⅝
125	Westmoreland Coal	83	83	83

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$200	Am. Gas & Elec. 5s	86½	86½	86½
15,000	Bald. Loco. 1st 5s	104	104	104
3,000	Gen. Asphalt deb. 5s	94¼	94¼	94¼
1,200	Elec. & People's 4s	86	86	86
200	L. Val. gen. 4s coup.	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
1,000	Phila. Co. con. 5s	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞
5,000	Phil. & Read. deb. 5s	114½	114½	114½
25,000	Phila. Elec. 4s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4,000	Reading [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
20,000	Stand. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	100½
1,000	Spanish-Am. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	101½
2,000	United Rys. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

BOURSES OF EUROPE

Bombardment of Dardanelles Affect London and Berlin Markets—Paris Prices Heavy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, June 20.—The Times in its City article this morning says:

"There was very little change in the market conditions. The supply of money was quite adequate and borrowers again accepted 2 per cent. for loans at the close. For weekly fixtures the general rate was 2½ per cent., the India Council renewing and lending a small amount at 2¾ per cent. for a month.

"Discount rates remained steady at the previous day's level. There were not many buyers of bills. Small business in short discounts was reported at the Bank of England, two millions of the Brazilian Government yearling Treasury bills being placed here yesterday on a 5 per cent. basis. There was also placed on the market £1,200,000 ($6,000,000) of City of Toronto bills with one year to run at 4½ discount.

"A heavy fall in gilt-edged securities was the outstanding feature of the stock markets. A good deal of the selling was said to be on a decreased account, in addition to which the news from Constantinople naturally caused a certain amount of uneasiness.

"The home railway market was still under the influence of the disappointing Great Eastern dividend and the news of the failure of negotiations for the settlement of the strike of transport workers.

"American securities met with little support in the afternoon, Wall Street being a buyer of some of the leading shares, while Canadian Pacific again advanced.

"The Paris Bourse was a small seller of South African descriptions, while copper shares hardened with the market in metal.

"On the whole business was very inactive and many departments presented no features of interest.

"Consols reached a new low level, being 74 for account. They finally closed at 74 1-16 and 74⅛ for money and account respectively."

PARIS, July 19.—The Bourse opened steady to-day. Later prices reacted and a heavy tone prevailed at the closing.

Three per cent. rentes, 92f. 17½c. for the account.

BERLIN, July 19.—Reports of the bombardment of the Dardanelles depressed prices on the Boerse to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	74 1-16	..	..	—9-16
Consols, account	74⅛	..	..	—9-16
Anaconda	8⅜	40⅞	41¼	— ⅜
Atchison	111¼	108½	108½	
Can. Pacific	272⅞	266	266½	— ⅛
St. Paul	104⅝	102¼	102¼	
Erie	35⅝	34⅝	34⅝	
Erie 1st pf.	54	52⅝	52⅝	
Illinois Central	133¼	130	130½	
Louis. & Nash.	164⅜	160⅝	161	— ⅛
N. Y. Central	118	115	115¼	— ⅛
Pennsylvania	63⅝	123½	123½	— ⅛
Reading	84½	164⅝	165	
Southern Pac.	113	110⅛	110	— ⅝
Union Pacific	172⅞	168¼	167⅞	+ ¼
U. S. Steel	72	70¼	70⅛	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	114⅜	111⅞	111⅞	+ ⅛
Exchange, 4.87½.				

ROW OVER HONDURAS WHARF

New York Lessee Refuses the Government Demand for Half the Receipts.

PUERTO CORTEZ, Honduras, July 19.—Holders of Honduran concessions are awaiting the American Government's solution that has arisen out of the refusal of fruit companies to cease using the Government wharf. The misunderstanding began with the Government's demand that the lessee of the wharf, W. S. Valentine of New York, turn over half the wharfage receipts to the public Treasury. When this was refused, the Government ordered fruit companies to stop using the wharf, pending a settlement of the differences.

The fruit companies, maintaining that there was no other place to load their ships, continued to use the public docks. Then the Government put its own officials in charge and began collections.

An appeal was made to the American Consul and he has notified Washington.

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales		High.	Low.	Last.
100	American Can	37	37	37
50	American Can pf.	117½	117½	117¼
60	Am. Shipbuilding	48	48	48
330	Chi Rys., Series 1	93½	89¾	93½
95	Chi. Rys., Series 2	25½	25	25½
15	Chi. Title & Trust	210½	210¼	210½
89	Hart. S. & M. pf.	100	93½	100
144	Illinois Brick	65	64½	65
100	Internat. Harvester	120	120	120
300	Nat. Biscuit	146½	145½	146½
875	Sears-Roebuck	192	190	191¾
50	Sears-Roebuck pf.	123¼	123¼	123¼
70	Swift & Co.	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝
200	Studebaker Co.	32¼	32	32¼
50	Public Service pf.	102⅝	102½	102½
300	U. S. Steel	71	70¾	71

BONDS.

Sales		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	City Ry. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
19,000	Com. Edison 5s	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞
16,000	Chi. Tel 5s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
1,000	Dia. Match 6s	109	109	109
4,000	So. Side Elev. 4½s	94	94	94

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
170	Caney River Gas	35⅞	35⅜	35⅞
845	Crucible	16¼	16	16¼
20	Crucible pf.	92½	92¼	92½
130	Ind. Brewing	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
600	Mfrs. L. & H.	42⅝	42⅜	42⅜
145	Nat. Fireproof	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
100	Ohio Fuel	48	48	48
40	Okla. Nat. Gas	64	63½	64
25	Osage	56	56	56
389	Pitts. Oil & Gas	9¼	8½	9¼
1,285	Pure Oil	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
300	Tonopah	235	225	235
100	Union Switch	101½	101	101½
60	Westing. Electric	38⅝	38¼	38⅝
55	Westing. Mach.	22	22	22
25	Westing. Air Brake	138	138	138

BOND.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Pitts. Coal 5s	90¼	90¼	90¼

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.12	Julia	.01
Alpha Con.	.04	Justice	.07
Andes	.05	Kentucky Con.	.03
Belcher	.45	Mexican	2.75
Best & Belcher	.07	Occidental Con.	.50
Bullion	.03	Ophir	.12½
Caledonia	1.50	Overman	.86
Challenge Con.	.03	Potosi	.03
Chollar	.11	Savage	.10
Confidence	.39	Seg. Belcher	.17
Con. Cal. & Va.	.35	Sierra Nevada	.21
Con. Imperial	.03	Union Con.	.58
Crown Point	.53	Utah Con.	.05
Hale & Norcross	.18	Yellow Jacket	.63

TONOPAH.

Belmont	9.30	Combination Fract.	.14
Jim Butler	.67	Diamondfield Daisy	.08
McNamara	.23	Diamondf'd B. B.	.07
Midway	.56	Florence	.15
Montana	2.55	Goldfield Con. M.	.35
North Star	.20	Goldfield Merger	.40
Rescue Eula	.15	Great Bend	.08
Tonopah Exten.	2.45	Jumbo Extension	.37
West End	1.75	Lone Star	.04
GOLDFIELD.		Red Hills	.02
Adams	.01	Sandstorm Kendall	.02
Atlanta	.24	Silver Pick	.11
Blue Bell	.01	Vernal	.10
Booth	.08	Nevada Hills	2.25
C. O. D.	.10	MANHATTAN.	
		Manhattan Con.	.13

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5¾	6	Jackpot	6	6¼
Elkton	65¾	68	McKinney	69¾	71
El Paso	98½	99½	Old Gold	6	8¼
Findlay	5	7	Portland	91	93
Gold Dollar	12	12¾	Vindicator	80	87
Isabella	13½	14	Jen. Samp.	5½	7

GREAT COAL MINE MERGER.

Francis S. Peabody to Consolidate Public Utilities in Central Illinois.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 19.—A mammoth combination of mining interests of Central Illinois is about to be effected, it became known to-day. The moving power behind the proposed merger is Francis S. Peabody of Chicago. The purposes involved in the plan are:

A merger of all coal interests and companies in Central Illinois.

The erection of a big power plant at Kincaid, Christian County, from which current will be taken for the operation of all the Commonwealth Electric properties, including those in Chicago.

A merger of all or nearly all the public service plants in the State.

Removal of many manufacturing plants to Central Illinois.

Establishment of a new Gary at Kincaid.

It is said that Mr. Peabody is acting for the Commonwealth Edison Company of Chicago, a corporation with a capital of $40,000,000. The disclosure of the gigantic plan came with the purchase by Mr. Peabody of the public utilities at Taylorville, Nokomis, Edinburg, Pawnee, and other towns in Christian County. He has options on all but three of the seventy coal mines in Sangamon, Christian, and Montgomery Counties.

Engineers for the company have selected the site at Kincaid for the power plant because of the availability of water. The plan includes the building of a transmission line from Kincaid to Chicago, over which power will be conveyed.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Dealings on the early call on the Consolidated Stock Exchange were on a remarkably active scale, considering the comparatively quiet closing of the night before, which tended to curtail speculative interest on the part of professional operators. Commission house business, however, showed an increase as compared with the call on Thursday, a feature being the many odd-lot orders handled. In all 8,880 shares were dealt in in the thirty minutes between 9:30 and 10 o'clock. Prices on the call reflected the weakness of the European markets. Subsequently the market threw off the influence of the depression in quotations abroad, disregarding also the advance in grain prices, with the tendency becoming a strongly advancing one.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
3,640	Amal. Copper	82⅝	84¼	82⅝	83⅞
100	Am. Beet Sug.	73½	73⅞	72⅞	73⅞
720	Am. Can	37⅛	37⅛	36⅞	36⅞
20	Am. Ice	25½	25⅝	25½	25⅝
40	Am. Loco.	43¼	43¼	43⅛	43¼
1,800	Am. Smelting	82⅝	84	82⅝	83⅞
130	Anaconda Cop.	41½	41⅝	41½	41⅝
500	A., T. & S. F.	108½	109	108½	108⅞
30	Balt. & Ohio	109⅛	109⅜	109⅛	109⅜
180	Bklyn. R. T.	92⅝	92⅝	92¼	92¼
180	Can. Pacific	266	266	266	266
20	Cent. Leather	27¼	27⅜	27¼	27⅜
100	Ches. & Ohio	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞
930	C., M. & St. P.	101⅞	104¼	101⅞	103¾
140	Col. F. & I.	30½	31¼	30⅛	31¼
370	Con. Gas	146	146⅛	145¾	146
760	Erie	34⅝	35	34⅝	35
10	Erie 1st pf.	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝
840	Gt. North. pf.	137½	138	137¼	137⅝
30	Inter.-Met.	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
190	Inter.-Met. pf.	58½	59¼	58⅜	58⅞
340	Lehigh Valley	167¾	168⅜	167⅝	167⅞
20	Louis. & Nash.	157⅞	158	157⅞	158
1,090	Mo. Pacific	36	36⅜	36	36⅜
10	Nat. Lead	59	59	59	59
140	N. Y. Central	116⅛	116⅛	116	116⅛
10	Norf. & West.	117	117	117	117
850	Nor. Pacific	121½	122¼	121¼	122
10	Pacific Mail	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼
14,380	Reading	164⅝	166½	164⅝	166
140	Rock Island	24⅛	24⅜	24⅛	24⅜
230	So. Pacific	109⅞	110⅜	109⅞	110⅜
190	Southern Ry.	28⅝	29	28⅝	29
20	Tenn. Copper	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞
30	Third Avenue	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞
130	Un. Bag & P.	12½	13	12½	13
8,870	Union Pacific	167⅞	169⅛	167½	169
70	U. S. Rubber	53⅞	53⅞	53¼	53¼
10	U. S. Rub. rts.	½	½	½	½
11,110	U. S. Steel	70	71	69⅞	70⅞
60	Utah Copper	62	62¼	62	62¼
60	Va. Car. Chem.	49¾	50½	49¾	50½
320	Wabash	4	4⅛	4	4⅛
40	Wabash pf.	14	14	13¾	13¾
48,470					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	Atlanta	.24	.24	.24	.24
300	Con. Virginia	.36	.36	.36	.36
800	Diamondfield	.08	.08	.08	.08
350	Elkton	.63	.63	.63	.63
110	Goldfield Con.	4.12½	4.12½	4.12½	4.12½
1,000	Gold Dollar	.19	.19	.19	.19
1,300	Jim Butler	.61½	.64	.61½	.64
300	Jumbo Ext.	.38	.38	.38	.38
100	Mexican	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75
200	Portland	.91	.91	.91	.91
600	Ton. Merger	.98	1.00	.98	1.00
275	Ton. Ext.	2.20	2.25	2.20	2.25
300	Vindicator	.85	.85	.85	.85
6,135					

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Capital and Surplus . $23,000,000
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Windsor Trust Co.
65 CEDAR STREET
FIFTH AVE. and 47th STREET
CLARK WILLIAMS, President

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday, July 19, 1912.

Total sales July 19, 1912.......................... 307,649
From Jan. 1, 1912.......................... 74,631,057
Same period last year.......................... 57,086,610

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
1⅜	1⅞	100	Allis-C. tr. rcts. 1st pd.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	+⅞
83¾	84	23,750	Amalgamated Copper	83¼	84¼	83¼	84	+1
61	61⅜	500	Am. Agricul. Chem.	60⅞	61⅜	60⅞	61⅜	+⅜
73⅞	74	1,400	Am. Beet Sugar	73⅜	74	73½	73⅝	+½
36½	37	6,000	Am. Can	37	37	36½	37	+¼
117¼	118½	200	Am. Can pf.	117½	117½	117½	117½	+⅛
57⅝	58½	600	Am. Car & Foundry	57⅞	58	57⅞	58	+¼
116⅞	118	200	Am. Car & Fdry. pf.	116⅝	117	116⅝	117	+⅛
4¾	5½	100	Am. Hide & Leather	5	5	5	5	+½
25	26½	200	Am. Ice Securities	25½	26	25½	26	+½
13⅝	13¾	100	Am. Linseed	12¾	13¾	12¾	13¾	...
43	43½	500	Am. Locomotive	43	43⅝	43	43⅝	+⅛
108	108⅝	10	Am. Locomotive pf.	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	+¼
60½	61	100	Am. Malt pf.	60½	60½	60½	60½	+½
83¾	83⅞	2,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	83⅝	84⅛	83½	83⅞	...
165	170	200	Am. Snuff	169	169	169	169	+½
128½	129	100	Am. Sugar Refining	128⅛	128⅛	128⅛	128⅛	+⅛
145¼	145⅝	1,100	Am. Teleph. & Teleg.	145	145⅝	145	145⅝	+1¼
297	297½	1,400	Am. Tobacco	297	299	296	298	—⅝
105	105½	300	Am. Tobacco pf. new	105⅛	105⅝	105⅛	105⅝	+¼
89	90¼	100	Am. Woolen pf.	89	89	89	89	+1½
34½	35¼	100	Am. Writing Paper pf.	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	+⅜
41⅝	41⅞	1,700	Anaconda Copper Co.	41⅞	41⅞	41⅛	41⅞	—⅞
108⅝	108⅞	7,800	Atch., Top. & S. F.	108½	108⅞	108½	108⅞	+⅛
102⅞	103	200	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103	103	102⅞	102⅞	+½
140	140⅞	200	Atlantic Coast Line	140	140⅝	140	140⅝	+½
57½	58¼	600	Baldwin Locomotive	57¼	58¼	57¼	58	—⅛
105⅞	106	100	Baldwin Loco. pf.	106	106	106	106	+⅝
109⅝	109¾	802	Baltimore & Ohio	109⅝	109¾	109⅝	109⅝	+2
35⅝	36	1,200	Bethlehem Steel	35½	36¼	35½	36	...
67	68¼	310	Bethlehem Steel pf.	68	68	68	68	+⅛
92⅛	92⅜	9,100	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	92¼	92½	92¼	92¼	+½
266⅛	266½	1,000	Canadian Pacific	266¼	266½	266¼	266½	—⅛
27	27¼	1,200	Central Leather Co.	27¾	27¾	27	27¼	...
94½	95	300	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	94⅝	95	94⅝	95	...
80⅞	81	2,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	80⅝	81½	80⅝	81	+⅛
16⅞	17⅛	100	Chicago Gt. Western	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+⅛
33½	34	100	Chi. Gt. Western pf.	33	33	33	33	+⅛
103½	103¾	8,730	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	102	104¼	102	103⅝	...
141	143	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	141	141	141	141	+½
138⅛	138⅜	600	Chi. & Northwestern	138	138⅝	138	138½	+1⅜
32¼	32½	4,050	Chino Copper	31¾	32⅜	31¾	32¼	+½
30½	31	125	Colorado Fuel & Iron	31	31	31	31	+½
..		200	Comstock Tunnel	10	10	10	10	+¾
145¼	145½	2,600	Consolidated Gas	145¼	146¼	145¼	146	+¾
15¼	15⅝	300	Corn Products Ref.	15¼	15⅝	15¼	15⅝	...
82½	83½	200	Corn Products Ref. pf.	82½	83	82½	83	+¾
19¼	19½	400	Denver & Rio Grande	19¼	19½	19¼	19⅜	+½
34¾	35	2,600	Erie	34½	35	34½	35	+2¾
52¾	53	600	Erie 1st pf.	53	53¼	53	53	+⅞
179½	180¼	1,900	General Electric	179⅞	180¼	179½	180¼	+¼
33	34	100	General Motors	33	33	33	33	+¼
76	76½	100	General Motors pf.	76⅛	76¼	76⅛	76⅛	+1
4	4⅛	300	Goldfield Consol.	4⅛	4⅛	4	4	+½
137½	137¾	7,300	Great Northern pf.	137¼	138	137	137½	+⅛
43	43½	300	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	43½	43½	43½	43½	...
56	56½	700	Guggenheim Explor.	56¼	56½	56¼	56½	+¼
130¼	131	1,000	Illinois Central	130¼	130⅞	130¼	130⅞	+⅛
19	19¼	1,050	Inspiration Con. Cop.	19	19¼	19	19¼	+⅞
20⅜	20½	2,500	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	20⅛	20¾	20⅛	20½	+⅜
58¾	59	4,600	Inter.-Met. pf.	58½	59½	58½	58¾	+⅜
49	50	100	Int. Agricultural	50	50	50	50	+⅞
119⅝	120½	600	Int. Harvester	120	120	120	120	+¾
15¾	16	300	Int. Paper	16	16	16	16	—1
58½	59	200	Int. Paper pf.	58	58½	58	58½	+⅛
106	106½	100	Laclede Gas	106½	106½	106½	106½	—⅜
167⅝	167⅞	5,000	Lehigh Valley	167½	168¼	167⅞	167⅞	+1½
198	201	100	Liggett & Myers	201	201	201	201	+½
157⅝	158	1,000	Louis. & Nash., ex d.	157⅞	158¼	157⅞	157⅞	+⅝
88	92	100	Mackay Cos.	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞	+1½
76	79¼	800	May Dept. Stores	77½	77½	76⅞	76⅞	+⅜
69¾	70	1,000	Mexican Petroleum	70	70	69¾	70	—⅜
29	29¼	2,800	Miami Copper	29	29¼	29	29¼	—1¼
146½	147½	1,350	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	147¼	147⅝	146½	146½	+¼
86½	88	100	M., St. P. & S.S.M., l.l.	87	87	87	87	+⅛
36⅜	36¾	1,300	Missouri Pacific	36	36¾	35¾	36¾	—¾
145½	146½	500	Nat. Biscuit Co.	145¼	146½	145¾	146½	...
58¾	59⅛	600	Nat. Lead Co.	58⅞	59	58⅞	59	+¼
31	31½	300	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	31½	31½	31½	31¼	...
20¾	20⅞	2,400	Nev. Consol. Copper	20½	20¾	20½	20¾	+¼
75	76	1,200	New York Air Brake	72	75½	72	75½	—½
116	116½	300	New York Central	115⅞	116	115⅞	116	+⅜
135	136	100	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	135	135	135	135	+5
32⅝	33	100	N. Y., Ont. & West.	32⅞	32¾	32⅞	32⅝	+¾
116¾	117	900	Norfolk & Western	117⅞	117⅞	116¾	117	...
81	82	1,200	North American	81⅞	81⅞	81½	81½	—⅝
121⅝	121⅞	4,400	Northern Pacific	121½	122	121½	121¾	...
31	31½	200	Pacific Mail	32	32	31½	31½	—¼
48¼	48⅝	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	48½	48½	48½	48½	—½
123⅝	123⅞	1,875	Pennsylvania R. R.	123½	124	123⅛	123⅞	—¼
116	116½	300	People's Gas, Chi.	116½	116½	116⅞	116½	+⅜
103	105	200	Philadelphia Co.	103	103	103	103	+½
107¾	108	500	P., C., C. & St. Louis	108	108¼	108	108¼	—1½
21	21½	100	Pittsburgh Coal	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	—⅜
91	92	300	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	91⅞	92	91⅞	92	—¼
[illegible]		100	Pitts., Ft. W. & Chi.	169½	169½	169½	169½	...
[illegible]	111	100	Pub. Serv. Corp., N. J.	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	—½
[illegible]	21	1,800	Ray. Consol. Copper	20⅝	21	20⅝	21	+¼
[illegible]	166	43,400	Reading	164¾	166⅝	164¾	166	+¼
[illegible]	97¼	100	Reading 2d pf.	96	96	96	96	+1
[illegible]	85	400	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	85	85	85	85	+1
[illegible]	24⅞	800	Rock Island Co.	24¾	24⅞	24¾	24⅞	—⅛
[illegible]	48¾	300	Rock Island Co. pf.	48⅞	48⅞	48¼	48¼	+¼
[illegible]	101⅝	280	Rumely (M.) Co. pf.	101½	101½	101½	101½	—⅞
[illegible]	25	100	St. Louis & San Fran.	24¾	24⅞	24¾	24⅞	—⅝
[illegible]	37½	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	37⅞	37⅞	37¼	37¼	+¼
[illegible]	74½	100	St. L. Southwest'n pf.	73½	73½	73½	73½	+¼
[illegible]	23¾	200	Seaboard Air Line	23⅞	23⅞	23⅛	23¼	—½
[illegible]	53½	850	Seaboard Air Line pf.	53	53¼	53	53¼	+¾
[illegible]	192	1,000	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	189¾	192	189¾	191⅞	+⅜
[illegible]	56	300	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	55	55½	55	55½	+1¼
[illegible]	110¾	2,400	Southern Pacific	110¼	110⅝	110¼	110⅝	+1½
[illegible]	29¼	1,200	Southern R'way ext.	28⅞	29¼	28⅞	29⅛	+⅝
[illegible]	77½	300	South. R'way pf., ext.	77⅞	77½	77⅞	77½	+⅞
[illegible]	32¼	1,100	Standard Milling	32¼	32¼	32	32	+⅛
[illegible]	65	100	Standard Milling pf.	63¾	63¾	63¾	63¾	—½
[illegible]	33	152	Studebaker Co.	32	32	32	32	—½
[illegible]	43½	500	Tennessee Copper	43½	43⅝	43½	43½	+¼
[illegible]	129½	1,300	Texas Co.	129¼	130	129¼	129¾	+¾
[illegible]	38	1,090	Third Avenue, new	37	37⅞	37	37⅞	—½
[illegible]	14	100	Tol., St. L. & West.	14	14	14	14	—⅞
[illegible]	32⅝	1,100	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	29⅞	31½	29⅞	31½	+1½
[illegible]	114½	100	Underw'd Typewriter	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	—⅛
[illegible]	13¼	1,000	Union Bag & Paper	12½	13⅛	12½	13⅛	+⅜
[illegible]	169⅛	38,400	Union Pacific	167⅝	169½	167⅝	169	+1¾
[illegible]	90¾	500	Union Pacific pf.	90½	91	90½	90½	+¼
[illegible]	102½	225	United Dry Goods	102½	102½	102	102	—¼
[illegible]	84⅝	1,000	U. S. Realty & I., ex d.	85	85¼	84½	84½	+½
[illegible]	53	2,400	U. S. Rubber	52¼	53⅛	52¼	52⅛	+⅝
[illegible]	107½	500	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	107⅝	107⅞	107⅝	107⅞	+⅞
[illegible]	70⅞	60,300	U. S. Steel	69⅞	71	69⅞	70⅞	+¼
[illegible]	112¼	200	U. S. Steel pf.	112	112¼	112	112¼	+2⅞
[illegible]	62¼	4,300	Utah Copper	61⅝	62¼	61½	62	—⅛
[illegible]	50¼	1,000	Va.-Caro. Chemical	49½	50¼	49½	50¼	+1
[illegible]	116⅞	100	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	116½	116⅝	116⅝	116⅝	—⅝
[illegible]	58	100	Va. Iron, Coal & C.	57	57	57	57	+⅛
[illegible]	13⅞	400	Wabash pf.	13⅞	13⅞	13¼	13¼	...
[illegible]	83	300	Western Union Tel.	82¾	83	82¾	83	[illegible]
[illegible]	76⅞	1,000	Westinghouse E. & M.	76⅞	77	76⅞	76⅞	[illegible]
[illegible]	20	200	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf.	17½	18½	17½	18⅛	+1
[illegible]	95	200	Woolworth, F. W.	94	94	94	94	—1

*Cents per share.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales July 19, 1912.......................... $1,998,000
From Jan. 1, 1912.......................... 441,326,500
Same period last year.......................... 509,358,000

[illegible]

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

[illegible]

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

[illegible]

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1912.	1911.	Decrease.
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO—			
2d week July	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
July 1-July 14	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
CHICAGO & ALTON—			
2d week July	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
From July 1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—			
2d week July	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
July 1-July 14	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
COLORADO & SOUTHERN—			
2d week July	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
July 1-July 14	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
DETROIT & MACKINAC—			
2d week July	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
July 1-July 14	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
INTEROCEANIC RAILWAY OF MEXICO—			
1st week July	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS—			
2d week July	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
July 1-July 14	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE—			
2d week July	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
July 1-July 14	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
NATIONAL RAILWAYS OF MEXICO—			
1st week July	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
From July 1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SOUTHERN RAILWAY—			
2d week July	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
July 1-July 14	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—			
2d week July	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
From July 1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

*Increase.

PHILADELPHIA & READING reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for May:

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Mileage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Freight rev.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Passenger rev.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total oper. rev.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mt. way & struc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Maint. of equip.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Transp. exp.	1,173,701	1,169,281	1,161,712
Total oper. exp.	2,322,984	2,370,971	2,188,320
Taxes	89,360	83,983	75,199
Oper. income	785,447	1,556,924	1,681,077
*Deductions	222,048	223,733	......
July 1 to May 31:			
Freight rev.	32,428,812	32,455,886	32,423,102
Passenger rev.	6,320,856	6,408,808	6,481,777
Total oper. rev.	40,585,840	40,675,104	40,633,989
Mt. way & struc.	3,629,681	3,579,220	3,134,175
Maint. of equip.	7,541,724	7,498,604	7,826,819
Trans. exp.	13,527,500	13,029,458	12,219,892
Total oper. exp.	25,879,066	25,320,393	24,290,025
Taxes	989,704	926,087	813,150
Oper. income	14,004,155	14,716,396	15,814,694
*Deductions	2,446,494	2,392,666	......

*Should be deducted from income for rental paid to Reading Company for use of equipment, as Philadelphia & Reading Company owns no equipment.

INQUIRY INTO ORE RATES.

Commerce Commission Wants to Get Rates Governing Transportation.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The Inter-State Commerce Commission to-day ordered a comprehensive investigation of the rates, practices, rules, and regulations governing the transportation of cement, iron ore, iron and steel, and their products.

The investigation will cover all points and roads east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio and Potomac Rivers, known as Official Classification Territory. No dates have been fixed for the hearings.

ASK LOWER RATES ON HOPS.

New York Merchants Protest Against Advance Made by Railroads.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Several wholesale merchants of New York to-day attacked before the Inter-State Commerce Commission a recent advance by the transcontinental railways of 25 cents a hundred pounds for the transportation of hops from California points to the Atlantic seaboard.

The existing rate is $1.75 on carloads and $2.25 on less than carloads. The shippers demand rates of $1.50 and $2, respectively.

Proposed Rate Increase Suspended.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Proposed increases of railroad rates upon practically the entire supply of fuel wood for Chicago and the State of Illinois, which is drawn largely from Wisconsin and Michigan, were to-day suspended by the Inter-State Commerce Commission until Nov. 16, pending an investigation.

READY TO SETTLE TRACTION TANGLE

Court of Appeals Decisions Outline Basis of Settlement of Claims Following Receiverships.

SOME MAY PROLONG FIGHT

But Most of the Interests Involved Are Expected to Reach Agreements Based on Courts' Findings.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals returned decisions yesterday which, it is expected, will go a long way toward clearing up the last of the financial muddle resulting from the inter-relations of the old street car companies of this city. The suits thus decided are test cases, which cover nearly every phase of the controversy among the old companies, and, in the light of the court's rulings, it will be possible for the interests involved, if they choose, to figure out together exactly how much of the fund in dispute, which amounts to some $9,000,000, each shall receive. It is thought not unlikely that some of those interested will continue the litigation.

The most important action settled yesterday consisted of a petition of the receivers of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company for an order directing the receiver of the New York City Railway Company to pay over the proceeds of two actions, one at law and the other in equity, brought by the latter concern against the Metropolitan Securities Company, the Guaranty Trust Company, the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, and others. These were settled by the payment of $5,500,000 in cash and four collateral improvement 5 per cent. notes of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company for $1,000,000 each.

The lower court and the Special Master directed that the cash and notes should be apportioned between the judgment in the action at law and the claim in the equity action, and the Circuit Court of Appeals has now upheld this decision. Judge Ward, who gave this decision, went on to consider how this sum should be applied, and his decision was considered yesterday to be a distinct victory for the tort and other creditors of the Metropolitan. He refused to permit the amount which the Metropolitan had received, to be applied to the betterment of its physical property, and also refused to allow the New York City Railway Company to keep any of the fund as part of its estate. The money must, he declared, be applied either as payment of the bondholders under the company's mortgages or to the payment of its creditors generally."

Judge Noyes made the decisions in seven of the cases, and Judges Coxe and Ward concurred. A question arose as to the date of the termination of the lease of the Metropolitan's lines by the New York City Railway Company. Special Master Turner declared that, in his opinion, it came to an end on Sept. 24, 1908, but Judge Lacombe held it continued till Oct. 1. On this difference of seven days depended the chances of creditors for some $700,000 to recover on the debts incurred in that week. Judge Noyes has now supported the Special Master's view, thus throwing the liability for the $700,000 on the Metropolitan Street Railway Company.

The Metropolitan Express Company, which had a contract with the old Metropolitan Street Railway Company, which was later assumed by the New York City Railway Company, only to be repudiated by the receivers as unprofitable, sought damages for the abandonment of the contract. Here the Circuit Court of Appeals reversed the lower court and referred back to it the express company's claim, with instructions to allow the claim for nominal damages and for such substantial damages as might be established. The National Conduit Company, which had a claim for some $65,000 for a certain amount of lead-covered cable, receives part of its claim. The Circuit Court allows it up to $44,232.

The claim of the Second Avenue bondholders on account of the guarantee which the Metropolitan gave of the $5,[illegible]000 5 per cent. mortgage bonds, due [illegible] 1, 1948, is in the main disallowed, the Circuit Court of Appeals thus sustaining the lower court. However, the court directs the payment by the Metropolitan of the interest coupons of the Second Avenue bonds between Aug. 1, 1908, and Feb. 1, 1910, inclusive. In the case of the Central Crosstown Railroad Company, which is now part of the Third Avenue system, the Court of Appeals has modified the decision of the lower court [illegible] to order the Metropolitan and New York City Railway estates to pay the dividend rentals due in October, 1907, and April, 1908, and the 1907 franchise tax.

The question of the tort claimants came up in this set of actions by an application of the New York Railways Company, the successor of the Metropolitan, for an order directing the receivers of the Metropolitan to set aside out of the moneys in their hands a fund of $500,000 to meet the tort claims which have arisen in the operation of the street railway by the receivers. There were on the day of purchase, Dec. 29, 1911, 889 actions for personal injuries pending against the Metropolitan receivers.

The New York Railways Company argued that these damages for injuries ought to be considered as part of the operating expenses of the road, which ought in the first place to be paid by the receivers, the purchasers becoming responsible for the deficit. The court admitted that there was merit in this argument, but pointed out that, as it was not pushed at the time of the sale, the New York Railways Company must be bound by the terms of the decree of sale. Consequently, it refused to admit the claim of the New York Railways Company that the Metropolitan receivers should provide funds to meet these tort claims.

Finally, there is an important decision with regard to the corporation tax, which may be carried to the Supreme Court. District Attorney Wise brought a claim for this against both the receivers of the Metropolitan and Third Avenue Railroad Companies. The court holds that they are not required to pay this impost. In his decision Judge Coxe says, among other things:

> If the business be carried on by an individual or a partnership, no tax is imposed. It is only when the parties interested seek the advantages and protection which a corporation or a joint stock association affords that the tax is payable. The act in all its provisions clearly contemplates that the tax is to be paid by a corporation which is actually engaged in business as an actively operating concern. It nowhere intimates that the tax can be collected unless the corporation is carrying on the business.

The court holds that it cannot be argued that the act covers a business which is only temporarily undertaken to conserve the property of the creditors and for the benefit of the public, and says in conclusion:

"The receivers could not make the return, for the reason that they were neither the corporation nor the representatives thereof. During their administration the Metropolitan Company has not been carrying on a corporate business and has received no income in that capacity. They were in possession as officers of the court and were subject to its orders. Whatever corporate functions the company possessed were in abeyance during the period that the court held the property for the benefit of its creditors."

Gas Plant Purchase Is Approved.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 19.—Judge Hollister of the United States District Court to-day approved the sale by the trustees of the Hamilton Gas and Electric Company of Hamilton, Ohio, to Frank L. Perin, who represents the majority of the bond holders for $430,000. H. H. Klager of this city bid $425,000. This was the only other bid.

URGES INTERNATIONAL NOTES

Representative Levy's Bill Provides Convenience for Travelers.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Representative Levy of New York introduced a bill to-day which would establish an international note system in the United States. His idea is to expedite international business and to give additional convenience to travelers.

Under the proposed bill the Secretary of the Treasury would have engraved international notes indorsed with their monetary value in the unit of Austria-Hungary, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, German Empire, Great Britain, Greece, Netherlands, Italy, Portugal, Russia, Spain, Norway, Sweden, and Switzerland.

The international notes would be redeemable in gold, and the gold coin or gold bullion is to be retained in the treasury for that purpose.

COST OF THE PHILIPPINES.

Islands, Near Self-Support, Have Received $3,451,925 from United States.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—President Taft to-day sent a message to the House stating that Congress so far had appropriated $3,451,925 for the Philippine Islands. The House in a resolution had asked to know the total expense resulting from the occupation of the islands.

The President said that aside from the direct appropriations it was impossible to estimate accurately all expenses incurred. He declared it an open question whether the army in the Philippines cost more than it did at home. He believes it should be charged to the United States.

The President gave no figures for the cost of the military and naval establishment, but said that from 1898 to 1900 the military establishment cost about $5,000,000 which was paid from the revenue of the Philippines. That amount had been repaid, so that, the President said, the United States was debtor to the islands for about $1,500,000.

The President made it clear that he regarded the Philippines as more nearly self-supporting than any other territory of the United States.

A provision in the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill authorizing the construction of 20 miles of military railroad in the island of Mindanao, gave the Senate to-day the basis for its annual discussion of whether or not the United States ought to retain the Philippine group.

The item in the Appropriation bill was forced to a vote by those who opposed any expenditures of a permanent character in the islands, but the supporters of the measure were successful, by a vote of 28 to 25.

Senators Overman, Bacon, Culberson, Hitchcock, and other Democrats attacked it as inconsistent with the "ultimate purpose of the United States of surrendering the Philippines."

RAILWAYS AID AGRICULTURE.

Southern Railway and Other Companies Offer Scholarships in Farming.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—President Finley of the Southern Railway Company, announced to-day that all arrangements had been completed for the award of Southern Railway scholarships in agriculture in the State Agricultural College of each State traversed by the lines of the Southern Railway Company and the companies, associated with it in farm improvement work. The scholarships will be awarded prior to the beginning of the school year this fall.

The selection of the young men has been placed in the hands of the President of the State Agricultural College in each State. Each beneficiary will be required to agree, for at least three years after the termination of his course in college, to devote himself to practical farming in territory contiguous to a line of one of the railway companies participating in the award or to teaching agriculture, or working on an experimental farm, in some State traversed by the lines of one of the companies.

Brokers' Receivership Lifted.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 19.—The receivership under which the brokerage house of Roberts, Hall & Criss of Cincinnati and New York has been working since January, 1910, was lifted to-day and the business restored to its owners. Complete settlements have been made with al the creditors. This firm lost heavily in the "Hocking coal pool." Orders had been given to the firm to purchase this stock, and after having bought about $600,000 worth, it is alleged that the persons who gave the orders refused to take it. In a suit filed later the firm was reimbursed.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington D. C.:

9,207. COTTON GOODS.—An American Consul in the Near East reports that a local business house has expressed a desire to be put in communication with American manufacturers of cotton goods, such as cabots, T cloth, drills, sheetings, flannels, &c., for direct importation from the United States. Samples are requested to be sent by registered mail, with quotations and discounts, c. i. f., certain city. Correspondence may be in English. The firm furnishes a list of references.

9,208. BARBER CHAIRS.—A barber has requested an American Consulate to secure for him catalogues, prices, and discounts from American manufacturers of modern barber chairs. Quotations should be made c. i. f., certain city, and should be sent to the Consulate for transmission to the inquirer, who does not understand English.

9,209. PETROLEUM.—The American Consulate General at Christiania, Norway, reports that tenders for delivery of 672,700 kilos of petroleum will be received at "Styrelsens expeditionskontor" until Aug. 2, 1912. Samples, however, must be delivered by July 24. Specifications covering this tender can be obtained from the Bureau of Manufactures.

9,210. LOW-PRICED AUTOMOBILES.—An American Consular officer in a European country reports that a dealer in automobiles and bicycles in his district desires to correspond with an American automobile manufacturer who produces a low-priced car, a machine costing from $750 to $1,000.

9,211. ELECTRIC RAILWAY CONCESSION.—An American Consul has submitted a report on the concession for an underground electric railway for the city in which he is located. The concessionaire is supported by a company with a capital of $8,200,000. Nearly all of the city section of the line will be underground, and the line is expected to be open for traffic in about five years. The estimated cost of the enterprise will be about $5,600,000. The Consul has forwarded a description of the project, also three copies of prints, all of which should be of interest to American manufacturers and engineers who may make an effort to supply some of the material, &c., to be used in its construction.

9,212. COTTONSEED OIL AND SHOE LEATHER.—A business firm in the Near East, with branch offices in two cities, has requested an American Consulate to put it in touch with American manufacturers and exporters of cottonseed oil; also with manufacturers and exporters of shoe leather of all kinds. The firm asks that samples be sent by registered mail. References will be furnished, and correspondence, which may be in English, should be with each office separately. Quotations and discounts are desired, c. i. f., certain cities.

9,213. SOUTHERN PINE.—A report from an American Consul states that a company in his district of good standing, now conducting a large coal business, with yards and tidewater docks suitable for the accommodation of vessels of 1,000 tons burden, wishes to make arrangements with firms in the dimension Southern pine trade, for the purchase of this product. This line is to be added to the firm's business, covering a large and promising field.

9,214. COTTON GOODS AND THREAD AND SHOE LEATHER.—A prominent importer in the Levant has requested an American Consulate to put him in communication with American manufacturers and exporters of cotton goods, such as drills, cabots, sheetings, prints, flannels, &c., and cotton thread for weaving purposes. He also desires to make connections with manufacturers and exporters of various kinds of shoe leather, such as glazed kid, calfskin, colored kids, &c. He asks that samples be sent by registered mail or by parcel post through the Austrian postal service, that Government maintaining a Post Office at Tripoli, Syria, to which packages may be addressed in his name. All correspondence may be in English, and should be addressed to the city in which he is located. References will be furnished on request.

9,215. CEMENT GUN.—An American consular officer in a European country reports that a business firm in his district is in the market for an instrument which it describes as a cement gun. The firm writes that the apparatus under consideration prepares and ejects a mixture of fine sand and cement upon a wooden framework in such a manner that the skeleton building, previously covered with wire netting, receives a cement coat which renders the wooden parts fireproof.

Executor
Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.

LONDON 15 Cockspur St., S. W.
26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann

Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.

Administrator
Guardian

The Black Lake Consolidated Asbestos Company, Limited

Sale by the Trustee for the Bondholders Under Trust Deed, Dated 11th August, 1909

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to and including the tenth day of August, 1912, for the purchase of the property heretofore owned and operated by the BLACK LAKE CONSOLIDATED ASBESTOS COMPANY, LIMITED, and also for the purchase of certain securities held by the Trustee under the terms of the Trust Deed.

The properties to be sold are as follows:

Lot No. 1. The property known as the Union Mine containing one hundred and four acres, more or less, and being the southerly ends or halves of lots Numbers 27 and 28, in Range B of the Township of Coleraine, in the County of Megantic, in the Province of Quebec.

Lot No. 2. The property known as the Southwark Mine, being the northerly ends or halves of Lots Numbers 27 and 28, in Range B of the said Township of Coleraine.

Lot No. 3. Those parts of Block A and Block B in the said Township of Coleraine, known as the Black Lake Chrome and Asbestos Company property, conveyed by the said the Black Lake Chrome and Asbestos Company to the said the Black Lake Consolidated Asbestos Company, Limited, by Deed of Sale bearing date the 7th day of August, 1909, and subject to the reservations and exceptions in said Deed of Sale contained.

The said properties are to be sold en bloc with the buildings, machinery and plant constructed upon or attached to the said property and the immovable property by destination thereto appertaining.

Lot No. 4. Securities of the Imperial Asbestos Company, Limited, viz.:—7985 shares of the capital stock (par value $100.00 each) and $183,500, par value of first mortgage bonds. If desired a separate tender may be made for this lot.

The Trustees will accept a portion of the purchase price in Bonds of the Black Lake Consolidated Asbestos Company, Limited, to the amount which would upon the distribution of the net proceeds of the sale be payable on the said Bonds.

Tenders must be accompanied by a certified cheque on a chartered bank in Canada, payable to the undersigned, for Fifty Thousand Dollars, to be applied on account of the purchase if the offer is accepted, otherwise returned, without the Trustee being responsible for any interest, but if any person tendering fails to comply with the balance of the conditions of the sale the said fifty thousand dollars will be forfeited to the Trustee for the Bondholders as liquidated damages, it being understood that the remaining and full purchase price shall be paid to the Trustee at Montreal, within one month from the acceptance of the offer. The right is reserved to reject all or any tenders.

A detailed description of the properties and any further information required by intending purchasers may be obtained on application at the office of the National Trust Company, Limited, 153 St. James Street, Montreal.

Dated at Montreal, the twenty-fourth day of June, 1912.

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED,
Trustee for Bondholders.

To the Holders of Five Year Six Per Cent. Sinking Fund Secured Gold Notes of the Bethlehem Steel Company dated November 1, 1909.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned Bankers Trust Company, successor by merger to The Mercantile Trust Company, Trustee under Trust Agreement between Bethlehem Steel Company and said The Mercantile Trust Company, dated November 1, 1909, that Notes of the above issue, to the amount of $58,000, face value, numbered 78, 117, 134, 189, 239, 561, 600, 735, 749, 774, 851, 852, 919, 920, 1238, 1239, 1264, 1492, 1865, 1976, 2158, 2170, 2320, 2465, 2598, 2961, 3030, 3213, 3416, 3618, 3887, 3928, 3957, 3969, 4063, 4110, 4351, 4391, 5095, 5096, 5097, 5146, 5166, 5179, 5346, 5462, 5683, 5883, 6015, 6218, 6397, 6487, 6438, 6551, 6653, 7156, 7181, 7199, have been drawn by lot for redemption on the 5th day of August, 1912, for account of the Sinking Fund, at the price of one hundred and two and one-half (102½) per centum of the face value thereof and accrued interest, upon which date interest thereon will cease, and the holders thereof are hereby notified and required to deliver said Notes, with all unmatured coupons attached, to the undersigned, at its office, No. 16 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on or after said 5th day of August, 1912, for redemption, for the purposes of said Sinking Fund, at the price above mentioned.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
Successor-Trustee.

Dated New York, June 5, 1912.

NEW ORLEANS CITY AND LAKE RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to Article Fourth of the mortgage from the New Orleans City and Lake Railroad Company to Columbia Finance and Trust Company, dated November 22d, 1893, the undersigned will until the close of business July 31, 1912, at its office in the City of Louisville, Kentucky, receive bids for the surrender and cancellation of CONSOLIDATED FIRST MORTGAGE FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS of said Railroad Company, dated January 2nd, 1893, and maturing January 1, 1943, and secured by the above-mentioned mortgage.

Bids to be acceptable must be at a price not exceeding 110% and accrued interest.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY.

LOST.—VIRGINIA DEBT CERTIFICATES, principal of 1871, Brown Brothers & Company's receipts: No. 2884 for $5,000, No. 2398 for $10,000, No. 1237 for $1,000, No. 2405 for $1,000, No. 472 for $1,000, No. 2403 for $1,150, No. 2392 for $182.63, No. 2393 for $699.09. Application to issue duplicates of same has been made to the American Bonding Company of Baltimore, and finder of the same will kindly communicate with said company.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M., on Tuesday, August 6, 1912, for Contract 79, for the construction of blow-offs from the Elmsford and Bryn Mawr steel-pipe siphons of the Catskill aqueduct. The ELMSFORD BLOW-OFF includes about 2,400 feet of concrete conduit 2½ by 3½ feet inside diameter, and about 1,200 feet of 18 and 24 inch vitrified pipe. The BRYN MAWR BLOW-OFF includes about 5,400 feet of open channel lined with concrete, and a sub-surface headworks structure. The work is located in the town of Greenburg and the City of Yonkers, Westchester County, New York.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings, can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS,
President.
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

PROPOSALS FOR EQUIPAGE.—Depot Quartermaster's Office, 26th Street and Gray's Ferry Road, Philadelphia, July 17, 1912.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received here until 11 o'clock A. M., August 7, 1912, and then opened, for furnishing and delivering at this depot 20,000 corn brooms, 10,000 scrubbing brushes, 3,000 mattresses; quantities subject to 50 per cent. increase, if desired by this department. Standard samples can be seen and specifications, blanks for proposals, and full information will be furnished upon application at this office. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Equipage, to be opened August 7, 1912." Lt. Col. CHAUNCEY B. BAKER, Depot Quartermaster.

OFFICE PURCHASING COMMISSARY, U. S. Army, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y., July 20, 1912.—Sealed proposals, in duplicate, for furnishing and delivering subsistence stores in this city, under the provisions of Section 3,732, R. S. U. S., at such times as may be required by the U. S. Government, on or before September 14, 1912, will be received at this office until ten o'clock A. M., August 1, 1912. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing bids should be marked "Proposals for Subsistence Stores opened August 1, 1912," and addressed to Col. A. L. Smith, A. C. G., U. S. Army.

Ohio Copper Company

Reorganization.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF
THE OHIO COPPER COMPANY:

Notice is hereby given that the time for depositing the stock of the Ohio Copper Company and subscribing for the stock of the New Company, known as the Ohio Copper Mining Company, expires July 25th, 1912.

The first installment of fifty cents (50c.) per share in New York Exchange, payable to the order of the Ohio Copper Mining Co., with signed subscription agreement accompanied by certificates of stock of the Ohio Copper Company (duly endorsed in blank or to the Ohio Copper Mining Company) must be forwarded on or before July 25th, 1912, to the Empire Trust Company, No. 42 Broadway, New York City, or to the International Trust Company, No. 45 Milk Street, Boston, Mass. The second installment of fifty cents (50c.) per share is due on or before September 18th, 1912. Negotiable subscription receipts will be issued upon payment of the first installment, which upon final payment will be exchanged for stock of the New Company.

As heretofore advised stockholders who do not so participate will receive dividends of twenty-five cents (25c.) per share on the stock of the Ohio Copper Company on final liquidation of that Company's affairs.

You are earnestly recommended to avail yourselves of the benefits which the proposed plan affords by subscribing to the stock of the New Company.

Subscription blanks to be had upon application to this office, or to either of the above-mentioned Trust Companies.

By order of the Board of Directors.

FREDERICK ECKSTEIN, Secretary.
No. 74 Broadway, New York, July 9, 1912.

DIVIDENDS.

THE TRENTON POTTERIES CO.
Trenton, N. J., July 18, 1912.
DIVIDEND NO. 50.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a dividend of ONE PER CENT. (1%) was declared on the Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock of the Company, payable on July 25, 1912, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. July 18, 1912. Also a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. (5%) was declared on the Cumulative Preferred Stock of the Company, payable on July 25, 1912, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. July 18, 1912. Transfer Books do not close.

C. E. LAWTON, Secretary and Treasurer.

PORTLAND GAS & COKE COMPANY,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 10.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-fourths (1¾) per cent. on the Preferred Stock of Portland Gas & Coke Company has been declared for the quarter ending July 31, 1912, payable August 1, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 20, 1912, on which date the Transfer Books will close and reopen on August 1, 1912.

GEORGE F. NEVINS, Treasurer.

PACIFIC BANK.
470 Broadway, New York, July 17, 1912.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent., payable on August 1 next, to stockholders of record of July 18, 1912. The transfer books will be closed to Aug. 1, 1912.

S. C. MERWIN, Cashier.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

THE GALLATIN NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, located at 17 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

SAMUEL WOOLVERTON, President.
Dated New York, May 27th, 1912.

O. K.

O. K. is an essentially American symbol. It has come to stand as the Yankee seal of approval.

O. K. may be stamped upon the face of every advertisement that appears in the Want Columns of The New York Times.

O. K. is the standard which The New York Times lives up to in every particular in its Want Department.

O. K. is the hall mark of quality. Try the next to the last page of The New York Times and your verdict will be O. K.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Staats-Zeitung Enlarges Holdings by Acquiring Frankfort Street Plot—71st Street Houses Bought for Apartment—Deal on Great Jones Street—Excellent Bronx and Suburban Market.

An interesting announcement in realty circles yesterday, and which seems to forecast in the near future the erection of a large newspaper building in the downtown printing house section, is that The New Yorker Staats-Zeitung, of which Herman Ridder is President, is the buyer of the old buildings at 27 and 29 Frankfort Street, sold last week through William H. Whiting & Co. The plot had earlier in the week figured in the trade for the new loft at 237 and 239 Lafayette Street, sold by the Citizens' Investing Company to John S. Melcher, the latter giving in part payment the Frankfort Street parcel, 58 by 103 feet.

The New Yorker Staats-Zeitung now occupies the building on the southeast corner of William and Spruce Streets, which was purchased in 1907, when the old home of the newspaper, on Tryon Row, was sold to the city as a portion of the site for the new Municipal Building. Subsequently Mr. Ridder acquired adjoining property, including 184, 186, and 190 William Street, 27 Spruce Street, and 81 Frankfort Street, a plot comprising about 21,630 square feet.

Between 186 and 190 William Street is a small plot, 16.3 by 106.10, owned by John G. Wendel, which thus far the new owners have been unable to purchase, to complete an unbroken frontage of the lower half of the William Street block between Spruce and Frankfort Streets. The total William Street frontage is 102 feet, 119 on Spruce Street, and 73.8 on Frankfort Street. No plans have yet been made for any additional improvement of the plot.

Buys 71st St. Apartment House Site.

The Bond and Investing Company has sold to the Hennessy Realty Company, of which Joseph Polstein is President, 113 and 115 West Seventy-first Street, a four-story dwelling and a five-story flat, on plot 49.11 by 102.2. The buyers will begin at once the erection of a nine-story apartment house.

Last month the Hennessy Company bought 41 and 45 West Eighty-third Street. This site will also be improved with a nine-story apartment house.

Peter W. Rouss Sells Dwelling.

The four story and basement dwelling 481 West End Avenue, on the northeast corner of Eighty-third Street, has been sold by Peter W. Rouss. The structure occupies a lot 20 by 97.

Ninth Avenue Tenement Sold.

Sterling Sterling has sold for John E. and Amelia A. Wigger, descendants of the late Bishop Wigger of Newark, 734 Ninth Avenue, near Fiftieth Street, near the new Polyclinic Hospital, a four-story brick store and tenement, on plot 22.7 by 80, with a long, irregular strip at the rear, formed by the dividing lines between the Mott-Striker and the Webber farms. The property has been in the possession of the Wigger family since 1872. The buyer has purchased for investment.

Deal on Great Jones Street.

An investor has purchased from John J. Radley 35 Great Jones Street, between the Bowery and Lafayette Street, a seven-story store and loft building, on a plot 27 by 90.

Buyer of Heights Block Front.

Gross & Harbener are the buyers of the block front on the west side of Broadway, from 171st to 172d Street, which was sold on Wednesday by George F. Johnson, Sr., and George F. Johnson, Jr.

The block was held at $225,000, and in part payment the buyers gave the seven-story loft building, on plot 25.2 by 68.4, at 97 Crosby Street, about 112 feet south of Prince Street.

Bronx Borough.

William Greenberger has sold, through Selkin & Lichtag, 714 East 181st Street, near Crotona Avenue, a three-story, six-family house on a plot 32 by 140. The buyer is an investor.

J. J. Haggerty has sold for the William Sinnott Company 1,172 and 1,174 Hoe Avenue, a newly completed five-story tenement house, on plot 50 by 100, to the Owl Construction Company, and for H. H. Friedman 606 Union Avenue, a four-story two-family brick house, on a lot 17.6 by 90.

C. Eward Schumacher has purchased from Henry Bohlen 1,768 Topping Avenue, a two-family dwelling, on a lot 20 by 95. The buyer gave in part payment property at Spottswood, N. J. Lauter & Blackner were the brokers.

Nicholas Lopard has sold for Theresa Bastone the three-story one-family brick house 725 East 161st Street to Giovanna Di Giuseppe.

Brooklyn.

The Jerome Property Corporation has sold 1,015 Thirty-ninth Street, a two-story and cellar two-family brick dwelling house on lot 20 by 100, for John J. Connolly to a client; also 589 Tenth Street, near Eighth Avenue, a three-story and cellar brick three-family apartment house, on lot 20 by 100, for Helen T. Price to Edward O'Connell.

Torkel Larsen has sold for Watson & Pittinger 557 Sixty-second Street, a thirteen-room two-family brick dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100, for $6,800, to M. Olsen; also 553 Sixty-second Street to Amanda Lethenen, a thirteen-room two-family brick dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100, for $6,800.

Long Island Sales.

Worthington Whitehouse has sold for Clara C. Boyce to a prominent New Yorker her country estate at East Norwich, L. I. The property consists of about thirty acres with large frontage on the Flushing and North Hempstead Turnpike and the Syosset Road. On the property there are an old Colonial house, farmer's cottage, stable, and outbuildings. The buyer will make certain alterations and occupy. In the immediate vicinity are the country estates of Messrs. C. I. Hudson, Percy K. Hudson, Julien Ripley, C. W. Provost, and T. A. Havemeyer.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company has sold at Rockville Centre to L. Wachtel and J. and G. Killian each a plot, 40 by 100, on Lawrence Street and Rhame Avenue; to A. and J. Lazano a plot 64 by 105, on Yale Avenue; to R. Groscia a plot, 40 by 100, on Columbia Avenue and Langdon Boulevard.

The estate of the late John H. Sutphin in Jamaica, on the south side of Fulton Street, nearly opposite Clinton Avenue, and running back to the line of the Long Island Railroad, has been purchased by Abraham Levinson.

Gage E. Tarbell has sold for William B. Walker, President of the American Thermos Bottle Company, his home at Garden City, occupying a full block front on Stewart Avenue, between Euston Road and Wellington Road. The purchaser is James A. Stevenson of J. A. Stevenson & Co., manufacturers and importers, of New York City.

Thomas F. Tevlin has purchased the Holly property on Fulton Street, near Brenton Avenue, Jamaica, for $10,200. This gives him the ownership of the block front, which is valued at about $100,000.

New Jersey.

The Red Bank Estates have sold in their development near Red Bank to Harry P. Page of Jersey City a plot, 100 by 200, corner of Exeter Street and Boulevard; to George N. Wood of Jersey City, 100 by 200, on Brighton Avenue; to George A. Curtis, Middletown, 100 by 250 on Boulevard.

The El Mora Land Company has sold at El Mora to Charles S. McCumber a plot, 50 by 200, on Westfield Avenue, between Monmouth and Morristown Roads.

L. N. Nicholson and Co. has sold at Lyndhurst to Francis J. Trich a bungalow on Stuyvesant Avenue, 37.6 by 140, for John H. Burke. To George T. Wall a six-room bungalow with bath on Weart Avenue, 30 by 150, for John H. Burke, and to John S. Latsha a five-room house with bath on Weart Avenue, 25 by 100, for Frederick Wagner.

Suburban.

Benedict H. Grunthal, a member of the New York Stock Exchange, has purchased from the Misses Hyde the old Colonial house, built in 1795, and twenty acres of land at Greens Farms, Conn. This house has been owned and occupied by the Hyde family since it was built 117 years ago.

Moses Sherwood has sold a house and twenty-one acres of land at Sherwoods Island, Greens Farms, Conn., to Dr. C. H. Townsend of New York. John Crawford negotiated the sale.

Private Dwellings Leased.

Samuel H. Martin has leased for Gross & Crook the four-story and basement dwelling, 102 West Eighty-first Street, to Mary Hoagland.

H. C. Senior & Co. have leased, for Henry L. Scheuerman, the three-story and basement dwelling, 31 West Sixtieth Street, to Annie Kelly.

Sterling Sterling has leased for Theodore M. Bertine, to Joseph Long, the three-story residence at 414 East 136th Street.

Foley & Hughes have leased for the estate of B. Skelly the four-story brown stone dwelling at 51 West Sixteenth Street to Bertha Pflieger, and the three-story dwelling, 24 Seventh Avenue, for Ellen Menu to Freda Stearchsmith.

New Third Avenue Theatre.

Plans have been filed for a three-story theatre on the west side of Third Avenue, with an extension to Eighty-seventh Street. It will have a frontage of 20.9 feet on the avenue and 155.8 feet on the street, with a facade of brick and terra cotta, and will have a total seating capacity of 2,714. Loew's Theatrical Enterprise is the owner. Thomas W. Lamb is the architect and has estimated the cost at $150,000.

Active Building in the Bronx.

The building of five and six-story flats in the Bronx has been unusually active of late, and among the plans for new structures filed yesterday was a $250,000 operation by the Depew Construction Company, of which Nathan Wilson is President, for ten five-story apartments on the east side of Evergreen Avenue, 104 feet north of Westchester Avenue. Plans were also filed for a five-story house, to cost $60,000, on the north side of Home Street, near Fox Street, and for a similar building, costing $40,000, on the east side of Lyman Place, 177 feet north of Freeman Street.

Notes.

Joseph P. Day, the auctioneer who sold the Onondaga apartment house on the southeast corner of Riverside Drive and 152d Street in foreclosure proceedings the preceding day, states that Thomas J. Brady, ex-Superintendent of Buildings, was not the defendant in the action, and that the responsibility for the deficiency rests upon the Gingold Realty Company.

Justice Gavegan has appointed James R. Sheffield receiver of the rents of 274 and 276 West Ninteenth Street, a six-story apartment, pending a suit brought by the Citizens' Savings Bank to foreclose a mortgage of $65,000.

Michael J. Horan has been appointed receiver of the rents of 126 Essex Street, a three-story tenement, pending a suit brought by Dora Davis to foreclose a second mortgage of $3,500. The prior mortgage is $12,000.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Mulberry St, 145 and 147, w s, 99.2 ft s of Grand St, 50.4x100x47.8x98.11, six-story loft and store; foreclosure, to V. De Luco, $54,600.

73d St, 120 East, s s, 175 ft e of Park Av, 18.9x102.2, three-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Joseph Schaeffler, $34,816.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Convent Av, n w corner of 133d St, for two five-story tenements, 94x63 and 60x84.10; Paterno & Son Contracting Co., 3,058 Heath St, Bronx, owner; Nast & Springsteen, 21 West 45th St, architects; cost, $130,000.

5th Av, e s, 61.5 ft s of 95th St, for a six-story private dwelling, 40x50.2; the Hon. J. W. Gerard, 725 5th Av, owner; O. Codman, 340 Madison Av, architect; cost, $100,000.

Sherman Av, w s, 100 ft s of Isham St, for a five-story tenement, 75x120; Sherman Construction Co., 530 West 207th St, owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, 7 West 22d St, architects; cost, $80,000.

3d Av, w s, 79.11 ft s of 87th St, extending to 87th St, for a three-story theatre, 20.9x irregular x155.8; Lowe's Theatrical Enterprise, 260 West 42d St, owner; T. W. Lamb, 501 5th Av, architect; cost, $150,000.

Evergreen Av, e s, 104 ft n of Westchester Av, for ten five-story brick tenements, 40x69 each; Depew Construction Co., (Nathan Wilson, 935 Southern Boulevard, President,) owners; Kreymberg Architectural Co., 1,330 Wilkins Av, architects; cost, $250,000.

Home St, n s, 25 ft e of Fox St, for a five-story brick tenement, 75x85; Carmine Construction Co., (Carmine Cioppi, 1,228 Hoe Av, President,) owner; Harry T. Howell, 3d Av and 149th St, architect; cost, $60,000.

Lyman Place, e s, 177.3 ft s of Freeman St, for a five-story brick tenement, 49.10x96.3; Lymore Realty Co., (Hyman Peskin, 649 Eagle Av, President,) owner; William P. Seaver, 322 5th Av, architect; cost, $40,000.

Prospect Av, w s, 192 ft n of 163d St, for a one-story brick store and amusement hall, 110x 136; Zarland Realty Co., (M. Lazar, 801 Cauldwell Av, President,) owner; Koppe & Daube, 830 Westchester Av, architects; cost, $40,000.

Prospect Av, n e corner of 179th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 29.5x100.3; O'Rourke Brothers Co., 3,185 Hull Av, owner; Charles Schaefer, Jr., 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $35,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, JULY 19.

ALLEN ST, 169, w s, 25x87.6; Allen St, 171, w s, 25x87.6; Nathan Greenberg to Fulton Avenue Realty Co., 1,721 Fulton Av, (mtg $63,100,) July 10, attorneys, Kantowitz & E., 320 Broadway....$100

ALLEN ST, 169, w s, 25x87.6; Allen St, 171, w s, 25x87.6; Nathan Greenberg to Fulton Avenue Realty Co., 1,721 Fulton Av, quitclaim, July 18; attorneys, Kantrowitz & E., 320 Broadway....$100

BENNETT AV, n e corner of 187th St, 8.6x 86x25x88.5; James G. Bennett to William H. Fischer, 226 West 72d St, and others, executors of Benedickt Fischer, June 22; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 160 Broadway....$2,500

BROADWAY, e s, 50 ft n of 129th St, 25x irregular; Paul B. Pugh to Matthew Briggs, 147 East 49th St, all liens, July 12; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$1

BROADWAY, w s, 95 ft n of 187th St, —x—, given to fix lines between church land and Benedickt Fischer's land; William H. Fischer and others, executors, to Church of St. Elizabeth, 4,183 Broadway, May 14; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$25

CENTRAL PARK WEST, s w corner of 65th St, 100.5x125; Prasada Co., a corporation, to Apartment Holding Co, 60 Broadway, (mtg $783,000,) May 1; attorney, Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway....$100

NAGLE AV, centre line, 380 ft s w from centre line of Ellwood St, runs s e 250x s w 50x n w 250x n e along centre line of avenue 50 to beginning; Elizabeth H. Gildersleeve to Evelyn H. Roberts, Croton on Hudson, (mtg $8,000,) July 16; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$100

NAGLE AV, centre line, 330 ft s w from centre line of Ellwood St, 100x250; Evelyn H. Roberts to John P. Duff, 51 Clark St, Brooklyn, (mtg $8,000,) July 18; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$100

SUFFOLK ST, e s, 102 ft s of Houston St, 22x 75; Suffolk St, e s, 126 ft s of Houston St, 24 x100; Lurie Realty Co. to Julius Lurie, 182 Suffolk St, (mtg $30,000,) June 12; attorney, Simon Rasch, 309 Broadway....$1

WEST ST, 193 and 195, e s, 57.3x80.1 to w s Caroline St, (7 to 11,) x 57.3x81.6; Gustav Vintschger and another, Directors of Markt & Co. and trustees in liquidation for same, to Markt & Hammacher Co., a corporation, on premises, B. & S., May 6; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

WEST END AV, n e corner of 105th St, 100.11x 150 to West Broadway x109.4 to 105th St x192.3 to beginning; Jesse I. Straus and others to Percy S. Straus, at Middletown, near Red Bank, N. J., May 21; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Percy S. Straus to Harry Schiff, 355 West End Av, July 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Co, 160 Broadway....Omitted

1ST AV, w s, 50.7 ft s of 102d St, 50.4x100, (partition, May 23;) Joseph Rowan, referee, to Aetna Mortgage Co, 2 Rector St, July 18; attorney, Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway....$21,000

1ST AV, w s, 50.7 ft s of 102d St, 50.4x100, (renewal of mortgage;) Mary Howe to Aetna Mortgage Co, 2 Rector St, quitclaim, July 17; attorney, Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway....$1

2D AV, 532, e s, 20x75.9, (partition, May 23;) Joseph Rowan, referee, to Barnet Berkowsky, 530 2d Av, July 18; attorney, Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway....$11,500

2D AV, 532, e s, 20x75.9; Mary Howe to Barnet Berkowsky, 530 2d Av, (renewal of mortgage,) quitclaim, July 17; attorney, Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway....$1

2D AV, e s, 50.11 ft s of 126th St, 20x75; 2d Av, e s, 50.11 ft s of 125th St, 20x80; Pleasant Av, n w corner of 122d St, 17.11x 60; 100th St, s s, 375 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.11; Mary McCarthy to Callaghan McCarthy, 2,434 2d Av, all liens, July 16; attorneys, Skinner & B., 41 Park Row....$1

2D AV, e s, 50.11 ft s of 125th St, 20x75; same to same, all title, all liens, July 16; attorneys, same....$1

2D AV, w s, 37.6 ft s of 122d St, 37.6x100, (foreclosure July 16;) John H. Rogan, referee, to Francis Speir, 278 Ridgewood Road, South Orange, N. J., and Martin D. Wylly, 31 Hillyer St., trustees under trust agreement, July 18; attorneys, Speir & Bartlett, 52 Wall St....$42,800

2D AV, 2,458, s e corner of 126th St, (300 East,) 19.11x100; Michael Gold and another, executors, Amelia Kaufman, to Philip Levey, 258 West 34th St, July 12; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway....$24,300

3D AV, s e corner of Stuyvesant St, 30.5x irregular to 9th St; Ronald K. Brown, trustee, to Annie Nehrer, 127 Henry St, (mtg $90,000,) July 18; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Annie Nehrer to Henry Biermann, 157 Keap St, Brooklyn, (mtg $90,000,) July 18; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

3D ST, 69 East, n s, 20x96.2; Morris Rose to Abr. A. Levy, 69 East 3d St, Q. C., all liens; attorney, A. A. Levey, 69 East 3d St....$1

8TH AV, 2,174, e s, 25x100, (partition, July 8;) Maxwell Lustig, referee, to Gustave, Mildred and Sanford Levy, 3,609 Broadway, and Leo Levy, Chester, Penn., (mtg $20,000,) July 18; attorneys Weed, H. & M., 62 William St....$37,000

8TH AV, n e corner of 148th St, 49.11x80; Solomon L. Cohen to Challenge Realty Co., 60 West 10th St, (mtg $67,000,) July 13; attorney, party of second part....$1

8TH AV, w s, 74.11 ft n of 153d St, 100x25.1x irregular; John H. Bodine to Pincus Lowenfeld, 106 East 64th St, and another, (mtg $18,000,) July 17; attorney, O. H. Sugerman, 149 Broadway....$1

10TH ST, 60 and 62 West, s s, 42.2x92.3; Solomon L. Cohen to Hudson Union Realty Co., 106 Fulton St, mtg. $117,500, July 12; attorney, W. Karlin, 132 Nassau St....$100

25TH ST, n s, 115.2 ft e of 7th Av, 74.7x 98.9; Midwest Realty Co. to Junction Realty Co., 471 West End Av, mtg. $285,000, July 18; attorney, Moos, P. & N., 19 Cedar St....$100

39TH ST, 147 East, n s, 17.8x98.9; Emilia J. Stoltz to Luis Diaz Govin, 80 Pratt St, Hartford, Conn., Q. C., July 2; attorney, Robert Fulton, 500 5th Av....$1

58TH ST, s s, 60 ft w of Avenue A, 20x80, (foreclosure June 28;) Charles S. Simpkins, referee, to William Kramer, 450 East 58th St, July 18; attorney, Frederick S. Rauber, 145 Nassau St....$2,000

65TH ST, s s, 341.8 feet west of Central Park West, 83.4x100.5; Junction Realty Co. to Midwest Realty Co., 159 West 25th St, July 18, mtg. $105,000; attorney, Moos, P. & N., 19 Cedar St....$100

97TH ST, 106 East, n s, 25x100.11; Rachel Weisman to Bela L. Felerstein, 142 East 4th St, all liens, July 18; attorney, Benjamin Koenigsberg, 99 Nassau St....$1

107TH ST, 313 West, n s, 20x100.11; Richard Elsig to George A. Harris, 545 West 111th St, (mtg $23,000,) July 19; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway....$100

114TH ST, 37 West, n s, 25x100.11; Emma Starr, et al, to Beckie Meister, 247 Hart St, Brooklyn, Q. C., mtg. $25,000, July 1; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..$100

114TH ST, 37 West, n s, 25x100.11; Beckie Meister to Dora Haft, 86 West 119th St, (mtg $25,000,) ½ part right, title, and interest, quitclaim, July 2; attorneys, Engel Bros., 132 Nassau St....$100

SAME PROPERTY; same to Lillian Bache, 258 Stratford Road, Brooklyn, and Fannie Meister, 1,930B 85th St, Brooklyn, ½ right, title, and interest, (mtg $25,000;) attorneys, same....$100

119TH ST, s s, 265 ft e of Park Av, 20x100.11, (foreclosure, July 16;) Walter B. Caughlan, referee, to Alfred H. Ackers, 233 West 128th St, July 19; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co, 160 Broadway....$18,500

SAME PROPERTY; Alfred H. Ackers to John J. Halpin, 56 Clark Av, Far Rockaway, Borough of Queens, (mtg $16,500,) July 19; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St....$100

120TH ST, 112 East, s s, 20.10x100.10; Gottlieb H. Tobias to Allen E. Klopp, 441 West Ferry St, Buffalo, N. Y., July 8, mtg. $8,000; attorney, Julius D. Tobias, 93 Nassau St..omitted

131ST ST, s s, 285 ft e of 8th Av, 20x99.11, (partition July 8;) Maxwell Lustig, referee, to Gustave Mildred and Sanford Levy, 3,609 Broadway, and Leo Levy, Chester, Penn., (mtg $8,000,) July 18; attorneys, Weed, H. & M., 62 William St....$9,000

135TH ST, 116 West, s s, 25x99.11; Revenue Realty Co. to S. & L. Constn. Co., 767 Lexington Av, mtg. $27,000, July 18; attorney, M. Cooper, 20 Vesey St....$1

142D ST, s s, 200 ft w of Lenox Av, 200x 99.11; Chelsea Realty Co to Cramer Improvement Co, 35 Nassau St, B & S, July 17; attorney, Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway....$1

173D ST, n s, 212.6 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 87.6x100; Mabel A. Duff to John P. Duff, 51 Clark St, Brooklyn, (mtg $37,000,) July 16; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; John P. Duff to Evelyn H. Roberts, at Croton-on-Hudson, N. Y., (mtg $36,000,) July 16; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$100

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, e s, 25 ft n of 174th St, 26.2 x95.6; Joseph Garcia to Albert Lyons, 102 West 120th St, July 19, (mtg $12,000;) attorneys, Moos, P. & N., 19 Cedar St....$100

BECK ST, s s, 100 feet west of Avenue St. John, 200x125; Aldebaran Co. to Levi E. Ostro, 334 West 85th St, (mtg. $16,000) attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Levi E. Ostro to Ostro Construction Co., 140 Nassau St, July 12, (mtg. $16,000;) attorney same....$1

BROOK AV, 1,474, e s, 25x100.7; Michael Gardner to Gietel Goldberg, 375 East 100th St, July 18, (mtg. $13,000;) attorney, D. J. Goldstein, 302 Broadway....$1

BOSTON ROAD, n w s, at s w s of 179th St, 80x131x80x132; Chelsea Realty Co. to Union Trust Co. of New York, as trustee of Edgar J. Levey, 80 Broadway, (mtg $25,000,) July 5; attorneys, Muller, K., L. & T., 80 Broadway....$100

FORDHAM ROAD, n e corner of Harlem River Terrace, runs e 50x n 76.5x n 97.9x s —; Caroline A. Riemer to Consolidated Gas Co., 4 Irving Place, July 6; attorneys, Shearman & Sterling, 55 Wall St....$1

GERARD AV, w s, 189.7 ft n of 167th St, 95x 125; John J. Tully Co. to Regina Peltin, 1,035 Clinton Av, and another, (mtg. $5,000,) July 18; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

KELLY ST, s w corner 167th St, 90x100; William H. McWhirter to Charles E. Jenkins, at North Hackensack, N. J., July 17; address, Astoria, L. I....$100

LOT 94, map of Paul estate, Westchester; Johanna Birnhaupe to Philip Baust, 732 Melrose Av, July 17, (mtg $500;) attorney, William Peters & Co., 2,015 Boston Road....$100

LOTS 8 and 9, map Eliza G. Ketchum, Unionport; George Costar to Zerega Realty Co., 1,922 East 177th St, July 18, (mtg. $3,500;) Address 1 Tremont Av, near Westchester Av....$100

LOTS 72 to 75, map Adee Park; Giuseppe Girone to Joseph A. Walsh, 75 Hicks St, Brooklyn, (mtg $21,680,) July 13; attorney, J. A. Walsh, 206 Broadway....$400

LOTS 69 and 70, map partition Conrad Buhr's estate; Lena Brenneisen to Herman C. Stinner and another, 597 East 136th St, July 17, (mtg $800;) attorney, H. C. Stinner, 2,900 Zulette Av....$1

LOTS 449 and 450, map Section A, Vyse estate; Margaret Nealis, individually and executrix to Adela M. Harrington, 1,478 Vyse Av, (mtg $6,800,) July 10; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$1,200

LOT 2, map 1,628 of Van Courtlandt estate, (partition, June 8 and 10;) Adam Wiener, referee, to William J. Ludwig, 506 11th Av, July 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway....$4,800

LOTS 69 to 72; same to Annie Kaufmann, 328 72d St, Brooklyn, July 17....$5,450

LOT 493; same to Jno. J. Lynch, 28 East 129th St, July 17....$1,300

LOT 480; same to Annie Kaufmann, 328 72d St, Brooklyn, July 17....$1,450

LOTS 494 and 495; same to Herman Schneider, 563 Amsterdam Av, July 17....$3,300

LOT 59; same to Walter S. Lyboit, 516 West 184th St and Ella M. Gindorff, Grantwood, N. J., July 17....$1,250

LOTS 668 and 669; same to Frederick S. Sutton, 3,284 Hull Av....$2,000

LOTS 617 and 618; same to James O. Murray, 2,760 8th Av....$2,000

LOTS 79 to 82; same to Leo Mayer, 91 Hudson St, Hoboken, N. J....$11,800

LOT 60; same to Hulda Schwarz, 3,905 Broadway....$1,150

LOTS 562, 563, and 564; same to Alice Lounsberry, 243 Valentine Lane, Yonkers, N. Y....$5,100

LOT 435; same to Eliza E. Regan, 172 West 130th St....$1,800

LOTS 634 and 635; same to William McM. Rogers, 423 West 19th St....$1,900

LOT 485; same to Joseph Semon, 167 West 23d St....$1,800

LOTS 46 to 49; same to Anne A. Cook, at Brentwood, L. I....$10,200

LOTS 417 and 418; same to Bruno W. Kirschner, 216 West 100th St....$3,450

LOTS 476 and 477; same to Eugene Farrell, 428 West 23d St....$2,000

LOTS 640 and 641; same to Denis McKenna, 1,814 3d Av....$2,000

LOT 661; same to Arthur Phillipps, 226 West 123d St....$1,000

LOT 364; same to Raymond L. Garmont, 833 Jennings St....$1,000

LOT 398; same to John Kirschbaum, 308 East 151st St....$1,000

LOT 91; same to Annie Kaufmann, 328 72d St, Brooklyn....$2,750

LOT 61; same to Robin E. Parks, 3,699 Broadway....$1,150

LOT 399; same to Anna B. McQuade, 20 Seaman Av....$1,050

LOT 610; same to Elizabeth Nash, 528 West 129th St....$1,050

LOTS 602 and 603; same to Anthony F. Nuzzi, 1,871 3d Av....$2,100

LOTS 396 and 397; same to Hans Riesenkonig, 3,510 Broadway....$2,000

LOTS 378 and 379; same to Alfred Auslander, 1,369 Clay Av....$2,100

LOTS 620 and 621; same to Pasquale Coviello, 304 West 39th St....$3,200

LOTS 440 to 443; same to Matthew Robinson, 280 St. Nicholas Av....$7,200

LOTS 648 and 649; same to Gabriel Orelli, 2,362 Crotona Av....$2,000

LOTS 245 to 347; same to Gabriel Orelli, 245 East 37th St....$3,150

LOTS 496 and 497; same to Thomas J. Norris, 434 West 164th St....$3,400

LOT 405; same to Mary G. Ames, 140 West 82d St....$3,200

LOT 481; same to Margaret Conefrey, 314 10th Av....$1,100

LOT 444; same to Elizabeth Brueckner, 300 West 54th St....$1,650

LOT 492; same to Morris Rubin, 108 East Houston St....$1,050

LOTS 550 and 560; same to Margaret I. and Josephine V. Redmond, 253 East 71st St....$6,150

LOTS 57 and 58; same to Michele Arra, 202 East 114th St....$3,100

LOTS 650 and 651; same to John Berrell, 604 Union Av....$2,300

LOTS 575 and 576; same to Dirk Ter Beek, 342 East 138th St....$2,100

LOTS 335 and 336; same to Marie T. Schaefer, 603 West 111th St....$3,300

LOTS 376 and 377; same to Arthur M. Ward, 392 St. Mark's Av, Brooklyn....$2,200

LOTS 581 and 582; same to George H. Williams, 17 West 65th St....$2,200

LOTS 614 and 615; same to Henry Rosenfeld, 724 East 160th St....$2,000

LOTS 585 to 590; same to Margaret J. Redmond, 119 East 112th St....$7,200

LOTS 654 to 656; same to Vincent Riggio, 304 West 112th St....$4,800

LOTS 577 and 578; same to James McTiernan, 309 West 149th St....$2,100

LOTS 421 to 423; same to John F. Franz, Washington Av, Belle Harbor, L. I....$5,700

LOTS 453 and 454; same to Frederick Plump, 1,480 St. Nicholas Av....$5,350

LOTS 369 to 371; same to James D. Gabler, 430 West 20th St....$3,600

LOTS 474 and 475; same to George H. Ward, 33 Morningside Av, and William J. Ward, 1,047 Jackson Av....$2,000

LOT 326; same to Seymour Urbanski, 100 St. Mark's Place....$1,050

LOT 395; same to Gaetano Zampariello, 787 East 185th St....$1,050

LOT 484; same to Mary L. Gordon, 25 Adams St, Mount Vernon, N. Y....$1,800

LOT 569; same to James Esler, 1,311 Clinton Av....$1,100

LOTS 638 and 639; same to George P. and Henry Friess, both at 1,833 Wallace Av.$2,000

LOTS 606 and 607; same to Howard W. Graff, 2,076 Morris Av....$2,100

LOTS 83 and 84; same to Henry F. A. Wolf Co., 549 East 138th St....$5,000

LOTS 478 and 479; same to Ruth St. Denis, at Princess Bay, L. I....$2,200

LOTS 29 and 30; same to Leopold Segal, 72 East 96th St, and Harry Lipschutz, 204 West 118th St....$3,600

LOTS 387 to 390; same to Henrietta E. Talcott, 225 4th Av....$3,800

LOTS 449 to 452; same to Jules Glorieuse, 125 West 104th St....$8,000

LOTS 419 and 420; same to Henry Hillebrandt, 149 West 87th St....$3,700

LOTS 372 and 373; same to Salomon P. Konyn, 434 West 164th St....$2,100

LOTS 393 and 394; same to Alessandro Di Palma, 143 West Houston St....$2,000

LOTS 636 and 637; same to Leonhard Denner, 778 9th Av....$1,900

LOT 499; same to Charles F. Dowding, 170 8th Av....$1,350

LOT 436; same to George T. Goulstone, 357 West 21st St, map of Van Courtlandt estate partition for all, all dated July 17; attorney for all, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1,800

MARTHA AV, n w corner of 240th St, 100x100; New York Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church to the Church Extension Committee of the Presbytery of New York, 156 5th Av, June 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$8,230

PROSPECT AV, 1,323, n w corner 168th St, 31.5x100; George Koch, Jr., to Joseph F. Oliver, Weehawken, N. J., July 6, (mtg $30,000;) attorney, Alex Wilson, 489 5th Av.$1

TIFFANY ST, e s, 267.1 ft n of 167th St, 30x 113.2; Annie Maxwell to Hyman Berkowitz, 108 East 108th St, July 19; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Hyman Berkowitz to Kandel Concrete Co., 2 West 119th St, (mtg $4,000,) July 19; attorney same....$100

UNION AV, w s, 181.4 ft s of 163d St, 26.7x 131; August Stoffels to Charles A. Freund, 429 West 44th St, July 13; attorney, John T. Booth, 271 Broadway....$100

UNION AV, n w corner of Dawson St, 25x100; Hermann Brocker to Nannie Unlandhern, 210 East 53d St, July 18; attorney, J. H. Unlandhern, 140 Nassau St....$1

VYSE AV, w s, 275 ft n of Jennings St, 25x 100; William McDonald to Adela M. Harrington, 1,478 Vyse Av, July 18; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

6TH ST, n s, 105 feet east of Av. C, 25x108; Unionport; Susan McGinnis to Alice V. Conklin, 1,451 Mumford Pl, July 18, (mtg. $200;) attorney, Frank Gass, Westchester..$100

160TH ST, s s, 167 ft e of Courtlandt Av, 25x 98.7; Frank Bruckner to Caspar Bornmann, 368 East 160th St, July 18; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

ALLEN ST, 169 and 171, w s, 50x87.6; Fulton Avenue Realty Co to Nathan Greenberg, 1,721 Fulton Av, July 15, due as per bond; attorneys, Kantrowitz & E., 320 Broadway.$3,000

BROADWAY, e s, 50 ft n of 129th St, 25x—; Matthew Briggs to Paul B. Pugh, 362 Riverside Drive, July 12, prior mtg. $6,000, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. Wolff, 299 Broadway....$2,000

DUANE ST, 12; Michael Iorio to Saranac Realty Co., 149 Broadway, July 18, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Shiland & W., 149 Broadway....$8,000

GREENWICH ST, 611 to 615, s e corner of Le Roy St, 100x108.4; also Hudson St, 561 to 567, s w corner of 11th St, 54.10x99.6; also West Broadway, 595, e s, 25x100; also Houston St, s w corner of Congress St, 42x—; also Christopher St, 181, n s, 23.6x63.9; also Houston St, 183, West, s s, 21x75; also Christopher St, n s, 30.5 ft e of Weehawken St, 23.6x63.9; John M. Williams to Robert McGill, Hoboken, N. J., July 12, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, James, S. & E., 170 Broadway..$20,000

JACKSON ST, 71-77, w s, 70x78.2; Servants of Relief for Incurable Cancer Corporation to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, July 18, 1 year, 4½ p. c.; attorney, E. J. McGuire, 51 Chambers St....$20,000

NAGLE AV, centre line, 330 ft s w of centre line of Ellwood St, 100x—; John P. Duff to Evelyn H. Roberts, Croton-on-Hudson, July 16, prior mtg $16,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway....$10,000

NAGLE AV, centre line, 330 ft s w of centre line of Ellwood St, 100x—; John P. Duff to Percival C. Smith, 49 West 44th St, July 18, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lyon & S., 46 Cedar St....$8,000

SHERIFF ST, 80, e s, 30x—; Bernard Ehrlich to Emelie Macher, East Rutherford, N. J., prior mtg $25,000, July 17, 4 years, 6 p. c.; address, 54 Maiden Lane....$2,000

WEST END AV, n e corner of 105th St, 100.11 x192.3; Harry Schiff to Percy S. Straus, Red Bank, N. J., July 17, 1 year; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$400,000

1ST AV, w s, 50.7 ft s of 102d St, 50.4x100; Aetna Mortgage Co to German Savings Bank, 100 East 14th St, July 1, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway....$15,000

2D AV, e s, 80 ft s of 30th St, 20x75.9; 2d Av, e s, 97.5 ft n of 29th St, 17.8x75; Barnet Berkowsky to Lillian Knoepke, Mount Vernon, N. Y., July 18, 3 years; attorney, Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway....$17,000

2D AV, 2,458, s e corner of 126th St, 19.11x100; Philip Levy to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square, July 18, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$14,500

2D ST, 189 East, s s, 19.4x105.5; Tillie Weisberg, executrix, to Jacob Schwartz and another, 111 East 7th St, July 19, prior mtg $14,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. Cohn, 19 Avenue A....$3,000

3D AV, s e corner of Stuyvesant St, 30.5x—; Annie Nehrer to Ronald K. Brown, trustee, 2,004 5th Av, 5 years, July 18; address, 320 Broadway....$90,000

10TH ST, 60-62 West, 42.2x92.3; Hudson Union Realty Co. to Solomon L. Cohen, 60 West 10th St, July 12, due Oct. 1, 1914, 6 pc.; attorneys, Davis & D., 51 Chambers St....$37,500

50TH ST, 38 East, s s, 23x100.5; Mary L. W. Peters to Farmers Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, July 12, 3 years, due as per bond; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place....$20,000

79TH ST, n s, 205 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 68x102.2; Laurel Construction Co. to Allenel Construction Co, 135 Broadway, July 18, prior mtg $310,000, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway....$17,000

117TH ST, 5 East, 25x100.11; I. G. Realty Co. to Ethel W. Kingsland, 62 5th Av, July 18, 5 years; attorney, Frederick P. Foster, 44 Wall St....$21,000

119TH ST, s s, 265 ft e of Park Av, 20x100.11; Alfred H. Ackers to Edward Roessler, trustee, Great Neck N. Y., July 19, 3 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St....$16,500

120TH ST, 112 East, 20.10x100.10; Allen E. Klopp to Isaack Blumenthal, Corning, N. Y., June 17, prior mtg $8,000, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Fay H. White, Corning, N. Y..$2,000

142D ST, s s, 250 ft e of 7th Av, 300x99.11; Kramer Improvement Co. to Montrose Realty Co., 135 Broadway, July 17; 2 mtgs., each $190,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$380,000

179TH ST, s s, 137.6 ft w of Wadsworth Av, 87.6x100; Mary Cohen to Simson Wolf, 29 East 81st St, July 18; attorney, Wolf & K., 203 Broadway....$35,000

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, 2,021, w s, 74.1x—; Mary A. Sweeney and another, to Annie Jacobson, 205 West 140th St, July 18, prior mtg $7,500, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway....$1,000

BATHGATE AV, 1,736, e s, 26.2x95.6; Joseph Garcia to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, July 18, due as per bond....$12,000

BECK ST, s s, 100 ft w of Avenue St. John, 2 lots, each 100x125, 2 mtgs, $125,000 each; Ostro Construction Co. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St., July 15, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St....$250,000

BRONX AND PELHAM PARKWAY, s w s, at n line land conveyed to N. Y., W. & B. R. R. Co., runs w to Bogart Av, x s —x s e x n e; Old Williamsbridge Road, w s, at s s, Bronx and Pelham Parkway, runs w to land N. Y., W. & B. R. R. and s w —; lots 21 and 22, block 44, and 336 other lots in blocks 45 to 51, 54, 55, 56, 72, and 73; Brady Av, n s, 100 ft s from e s, Bogart Av, runs n 100x e 25x s 100x w 25; Paulding Av, centre line, at n s land N. Y., W. & B. R. R. Co., runs w to Bogart Av, x n —; Paulding Av, centre line at s s land N. Y., W. & B. R. R. Co., runs w to centre line, block 57, map, section 1, Morris Park x s — x 25x s 100x w 25x s —, &c.; lot 50, map, partition estate of Maria F. Pierce et al, Colden Av, w s, at n s, lot 17, block 57, map section 1, Morris Park, runs s 11x s — x n w —; lot 15, block 50, same map; lot 15, block 45, same map; Morris Park Estates Corporation to New York Trust Company, trustee, 26 Broad St, June 15, prior mtg $2,514,496, 1 year, 6 p. c., (gold bond,) amount advanced $250,000; attorneys, Sullivan & C., 49 Wall St....$1,000,000

GARFIELD ST, e s, 395 ft s of Morris Park Av, 25x100; Theo. Weberg, Jr., to Minnie Hammel, 3,688 Broadway, July 5, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawrence M. Fench, 41 Park Row....$3,000

GRAND AV, w s, 310 ft s of 180th St, 20x 100; Anna Granel to Louis Isenburger, 83 Schenck Av, Brooklyn, July 18, prior mtg $8,500, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Towne & S., 115 Broadway....$2,500

LOTS 129 and 143, Map Bebrie Park; Elise Bentz to James R. Ashley, 507 West 145th St, July 5, due as per bond; attorney, F. A. Southworth, 68 William St....$7,000

LOTS 254, 255 and 256, Map Schieffelin Estate; Buonaventura De Leo to Beni F. Elgar, 100 West 78th St, July 18, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$3,000

LOTS 160 and 161, map of Hutchins estate; Marie L. Plante to William H. Weygandt, 1,040 Greene Av, Brooklyn, July 8, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank Goss, Westchester....$1,500

LOTS 449 and 450, map of Section A, Vyse estate; Adela M. Harrington to Margaret Nealis, executrix, 355 East 50th St, July 10, due Oct. 16, 1912; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$5,800

LOT 640, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Denis McKenna to Adam Wiener, referee, 2 years, 4½ p. c....$650

LOT 453, same map; Frederick Plump to same, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$1,462

LOT 617, same map; James O. Murray to same, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$750

LOT 326, same map; Seymour Urbanski to same, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$787

LOT 370, same map; James D. Gabler to same, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$900

LOT 454, same map; Frederick Plump to same, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$2,405

LOT 618, same map; James O. Murray to same, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$750

LOT 418, same map; Bruno W. Kirschner to same, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$1,312

LOT 417, same map; same to same, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$1,275

LOT 478, same map; Ruth St. Denis to same, 1 year, 4½ p. c....$715

LOT 639, map of Van Cortlandt estate; George P. Friess and another to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$650

LOT 46, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Anna E. Cook to Augustus Van Cortlandt, Jr., Garden City, L. I., July 17, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1,657

LOT 82, same map; Leo Meyer to same, July 17, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney same....$1,690

LOT 59, same map; Walter S. Lyboit and another to same, July 17, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney same....$800

LOT 30; same map; Leopold Segal and another to same, July 17, 3 years; attorney same....$1,280

LOT 71, same map; Annie Kaufmann to same, July 17, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney same.$1,202

LOT 69, same map; Annie Kaufmann to same, July 17, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney same.$1,202

LOT 2, same map; William J. Ludwig to same, July 17, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney same.$3,120

LOT 83, same map; Hy. F. A. Wolf Co. to same, July 17, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney same....$1,625

LOT 61, same map; Robin E. Parks to same, July 17, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney same.$862

LOT 60, same map; Hulda Swarz to same, July 17, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney same.$862

LOT 81, same map; Leo Mayer to same, July 17, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney same....$1,690

LOT 70, same map; Annie Kaufmann to same, July 17, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney same.$1,202

LOT 91, same map; Annie Kaufmann to same, July 17, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney same.$1,787

LOT 72, same map; same to same, July 17, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney same....$1,885

LOTS 47, 48, and 49, same map; Anna A. Cook to same, July 17, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney same....$4,972

LOT 80, same map; Leo Meyer to same, July 17, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney same....$1,690

LOT 79, same map; Leo Meyer to same, July 17, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney same....$2,600

LOT 84, same map; Hy. F. A. Wolf Co. to same, July 17, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney same....$1,625

LOT 29, same map; Leopold Segal and another to same, July 17, 3 years; attorney same.$1,260

LOTS 602 and 603, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Anthony F. Nuzzio to Adam Wiener, referee, 348 Central Park West, July 17, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$1,575

LOT 394, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Alessandro Di Palma to Adam Wiener, referee, 348 Central Park West, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$650

LOT 393, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Alessandro Di Palma to Adam Wiener, referee, 348 Central Park West, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$650

LOT 575, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Dirk Ter Beck to Adam Wiener, referee, 348 Central Park West, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$787

LOT 576, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Dirk Ter Beck to Adam Wiener, referee, 348 Central Park West, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$787

LOT 369, map of Van Cortlandt estate; James D. Gabler to Adam Wiener, referee, 348 Central Park West, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$900

LOT 371, map of Van Cortlandt estate; James D. Gabler to Adam Wiener, referee, 348 Central Park West, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$900

LOT 641, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Denis McKenna to Adam Wiener, referee, 348 Central Park West, 2 years, 4½ p. c....$650

LOT 639, map of Van Cortlandt estate; George P. Friess and another to Adam Wiener, referee, 348 Central Park West, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$650

LOT 638, map of Van Cortlandt estate; George P. Friess and another to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$650

LOT 668, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Fred T. Sutton to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$650

LOT 669, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Fred T. Sutton to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$650

LOT 451, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Jules Glorieux to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$1,300

LOT 450, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Jules Glorieux to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$1,300

LOT 452, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Jules Glorieux to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$1,300

LOT 449, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Jules Glorieux to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$1,300

LOT 436, map of Van Cortlandt estate; George T. Goulson to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$1,350

LOT 645, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Thomas J. Byrne to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$650

LOT 405, same map; Mary G. Ames to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$2,400

LOT 435, same map; Eliza E. Regan to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$1,080

LOT 395, same map; Gaetano Zampariello to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c..$682

LOT 336, same map; Marie T. Schaefer to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$990

LOT 492, same map; Morris Rubin to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$682

LOT 606, same map; Howard W. Graff to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c..$682

LOT 376, same map; Arthur M. Ward to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c..$715

LOT 372, same map; Salomon P. Konyn to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$787

LOT 562, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Alice Lounsbury to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$1,275

LOT 615, same map; Henry Rosenfeld to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$750

LOT 494, same map; Herman Schneider to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c..$1,000

LOT 474, same map; George H. Ward to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$750

LOT 614, same map; Henry Rosenfeld to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$750

LOT 495, same map; Herman Schneider to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c.$1,000

LOT 475, same map; George H. Ward to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$750

LOT 493, same map; John J. Lynch to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$975

LOT 481, same map; Margaret Conefrey to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$825

LOT 377, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Arthur M. Ward to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$715

LOT 651, map of Van Cortlandt estate; John Berrell to Adam Wiener, referee, 2 years, 4½ p. c....$575

LOT 480, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Annie Kaufmann to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$942

LOT 479, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Ruth St. Denis to Adam Wiener, referee, 1 year, 4½ p. c....$715

LOT 373, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Salomon P. Konyn to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$787

LOT 335, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Marie T. Schaefer to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$990

LOT 649, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Thomas J. Byrne to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$650

LOT 364, map of Van Cortlandt estate; Raymond L. Garmont to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$1,300

LOT 650, map of Van Cortlandt estate; John Burrell to Adam Wiener, referee, 1 year, 4½ p. c....$515

LOT 569, map of Van Cortlandt estate; James Esler to Adam Wiener, referee, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$600

LOT 485, same map; Joseph Semon to same, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$1,260

LOT 607, same map; Howard W. Graff to same, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$682

LOTS 378 and 379, same map; Alfred Auslander to same, 3 years, 4½ p. c....$1,365

LOTS 563 and 564, same map; Alice Lounsberry to same, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$2,500

LOTS 654 to 656, same map; Vincent Riggio to same, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$3,120

LOTS 476 and 477, same map; Eugene Farrell to same, 348 Central Park West, July 17, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1,500

NEWTON AV, e s, 121.8 ft n of 236th St, 175x100; James S. Segrave to Park Mortgage Company, 41 Park Row, July 19, 1 year, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Fettretch & S., 41 Park Row....$7,000

STEBBINS AV, w s, 115.3 ft n of 167th St, 30x—; Solomon Weinstein to Walter W. Taylor, 428 Tecumseh Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., July 18, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, De La Mare & M., 140 Nassau St....$325

TIFFANY ST, e s, 267.1 ft n of 167th St, 30x113.2; Hyman Berkowitz to Lawyers Mortgage Company, 59 Liberty St, July 19, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway....$4,000

VYSE AV, w s, 275 ft n of Jennings St, 25x 100; Adela M. Harrington to William McDonald, 1,479 Vyse Av., July 18, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$3,400

WESTCHESTER AV, n w s, 11.2 ft s w of Intervale Av, 20.2x—; Mary K. Norz to Mary B. Dortic, 57 East 58th St, July 18, 3 years; attorneys, Merrill & R., 100 Broadway..$11,500

SAME PROPERTY, 2 mtgs, each $15,000; same to John H. Stoutenburgh, 110 West 77th St., July 18, 2 prior mtgs, $125,000 each, due Dec. 1, 1912; attorney, J. H. Stoutenburgh, 140 Nassau St....$30,000

160TH ST, s s, 167 ft e of Courtlandt Av, 25x 98.9; Caspar Barnmann to Adam Dennerlein, 408 East 160th St, July 18, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway....$5,000

173D ST, s s, 134.11 ft s of Westchester Av, 25x100; Michael Fleming to Edward Fleming, Pond St, Winchester, Mass., July 11, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av....$2,000

236TH ST, 138 East, s s, 25x100; Value Realty Co. to Adolph Rostenberg, 1,872 Washington Av, July 18, due Aug. 1, 1915; attorney, W. O. Ernst, 170 Broadway....$5,500

236TH ST, 324-326 East, s s, 57.2x100; German Real Estate Company to Margaret Knox, 478 Mott Av, prior mtg $10,000, 2 years, 6 p. c., July 19; attorney, A. Knox, 198 Broadway....$3,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

MORRIS PARK AV, 642, store, first floor; Anton Ruzicka to Levitan Brothers, on premises, 5 years, from Jan. 15, 1913; attorney, H. K. Golenbach, 277 Broadway....$780

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,347 and 1,349, centre store and basement; Lederer Construction Co. to Julius Harris, 1,255 Brook Av, from Sept. 1, 1912, to Sept. 30, 1918; attorney, 3,884 Park Av....$420

VILLA AV, 3,104, store; Rovella Realty Co. to Gennaro Bottiglieri, 3,104 Villa Av, 3 years, from Aug. 1, 1912; attorney, Ebling Brewing Co., 760 St. Ann's Av....$300

2D AV, 1,574, s half of store and basement; Jacob Lederer and another to Max Krieger, 1,574 2d Av, 3 years, from May 1, 1913; attorney, George Ringler & Co., 206 East 92d St....$1,080

6TH AV, n e corner of 42d St, store and basement in arcade; Improved Property Holding Co. to Alfred Herckmans, 10 years, from May 1, 1907....$3,200

48TH ST, 405 and 407 East, all; J. Fleischbauer & Brothers to Joseph and Robert McNeill, 405 East 48th St, 6 years and 4 months, from Dec. 1, 1908....$1,400

56TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of 11th Av, 50.11x100, all; Robert C. Fulton to Mason-Seaman Transportation Co., 632 West 57th St. 5 1-12 years, from July 1, 1912; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$1,400

MECHANICS' LIENS.

EDGECOMBE AV, w s, at centre line of 158d St, if extended, 75x100; George H. Storm & Co. against Edgecombe Court Co., owner; Ronnoco Construction Co., contractor..$2,508

GOERCK ST, 71 and 73; Standard Architectural Co. against Wyler Construction Co., owner; Cohen & Levine Construction Co., contractor....$2,900

HENRY ST, 320; Jacob Victer et al. against Rose Gershowitz and Jacob Green, owners and contractors....$465

HILL AV, 55; Frank Donato against Annie Metzler, owner; Harry Metzler, owner and contractor....$140

HILL AV, 56; same against Robert Pickens, owner and contractor....$150

JACKSON ST, 8; Greater New York Sash and Door Co. against Margaret T. Walsh, owner, (renewal)....$136

13TH ST, 427 and 429 East; Frank Azemko against Carlsbrooke Realty Co., owner; Coles Construction Co., contractor....$300

138TH ST, s s, 450 ft e of Lenox Av, 100x100; Rush & Di Fiore Co. against Johnson Amusement Co. and Runline Realty and Construction Co., owners and contractors....$1,639

147TH ST, s s, 475 ft e of Broadway, 50x100; Frederick Starr Contracting Co. against United Electric Light and Power Co., owner; Stanley Gollick, contractor....$261

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

LORILLARD PLACE, e s, 217 ft s of 187th St; Dimock & Fink Co. against Pierce Construction Co. et al., July 17, 1912....$818

WASHINGTON AV, n e corner of Fletcher Place; D. Pizzutello Co. against Nora Construction Co. et al., July 5, 1912, (by bond).$725

WHITLOCK AV, e s, 848 to 860; Harry Fried against Lockwhit Co. et al., July 15, 1912, (by deposit)....$94

SAME PROPERTY; Jackson Bros. against same, July 15, 1912, (by deposit)....$203

LIS PENDENS.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,840; Carl Schmuhl against Jacob Ruppert and others, (action to cancel lease;) attorney, E. A. Pfeffer.

HOME ST, n s, 25 ft e of Barretto St, 50x 91.8; Abraham Fox and others against Eva Siegel and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. Weiss.

KINGSBRIDGE TERRACE, n w s, Lot 124, Block 3,257, tax map of Bronx; Park Mortgage Co. against William A. Mark and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Fettretch & Seybel.

LOTS 2 and 3, Parcel 9, map of estate of William B. Ogden, Bronx; Maria J. Nicholson against Elsie W. Christie and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. & A. U. Zinke.

MANHATTAN AV, 521; German Savings Bank in the City of New York against Ludwig G. Gloeckner and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Roelker, Jr.

MORRIS AV, 2,310; Aaron Langstadter against Nell Offenberg and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Felner & Maas.

PAULDING AV, e s, 95 ft n of 217th St, 19.4x 100; Paulding Av, n e corner of 217th St, 95x 20; 217th St, n s, 40 ft e of Paulding Av, 20x95; 217th St, n s, 60 ft e of Paulding Av, 20x95; four actions; Vincenzo Laporta against Savoy Improvement Co. and others, (foreclosure of four mortgages;) attorneys, Fraser & Henschel.

TIEBOUT AV, w s, 37.1 ft n of 182d St, 18.5x 62.4; Mary G. Naylor against Catherine Deady and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

TIFFANY ST, w s, 266.8 ft s of 167th St, 42x100; Morris Lederman against J. S. Cully & Co. and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. L. Bernstein.

WHITE PLAINS AV, n e corner of 215th St, 136.3x56.9x irregular; Benjamin F. Elgar against Adelaide Burlando, (notice of levy;) attorney, Cook & Elgar.

4TH ST, n s, 172.7 ft e of Avenue D, 67.10x 96; Julius Mautner against Mac Verschleiser and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. Jacobus.

68TH ST, 306 West; John C. W. Pilgrim against Emanuel Kapelsohn and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. F. Lippold.

75TH ST, n s, 137.6 ft e of 2d Av, 37.6x102.2; Lambert Suydam against Sophie Grossman and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. R. Adams.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

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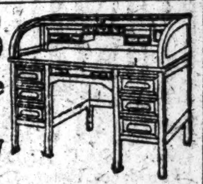

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Directly on the ocean front; always open.
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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Josiah White & Sons Company.

WILLER COTTAGE 9 to 15 N. Georgia Ave. Capacity 250; noted for its table; $1.25 up daily, $7 and $8 up weekly. Established 33 years. Emerson Croushamel.

THE CALVERT
Virginia Av., near Beach. All outside rooms. Private baths. Homelike and comfortable; excellent table. Moderate rates. E. H. LUNDY.

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SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Now Open for the Season.
Automobiling, riding, driving, tennis, golf, canoeing, sea bathing, sailing, fishing.
275 ROOMS. 200 BATHS.
FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.

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Large Rooms, Modern Private Baths.
Artesian Well. Perfect Drainage.
Now open. S. E. URIE.

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SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Directly on the Ocean. Now open. L. N. MOSS.

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Mt. Pleasant House Finest location on Pocono Mountains; steam heat, baths. Rates $12.50 per week and up. Write for handsomely illustrated booklet. W. T. & H. M. LEECH.

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HIGHLAND INN.—Modern, high-class mountain resort; specially noted for its table. L. L. & M. S. Hudders.

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MOUNTAIN VIEW COTTAGE, new; most beautiful scenery; farm attached; $7 per week and up; fishing; booklet. W. H. Osborn, South Sterling, Penn.

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VACATION BOOKLET, CASCOBAY, MAINE
Will be sent free to all who contemplate outing trips. Beautiful illustrations with description of Casco Bay and its many picturesque islands; Portland and its delightful environs, many fascinating side-trips along shore and inland. Also information concerning hotels, boarding houses, cottages, if requested. Write to-day to the
Tourist Committee, BOARD OF TRADE, 91 EXCHANGE ST., PORTLAND, MAINE.

The Homewood and Cottages
A Summer home of distinction on Casco Bay. Sailing, fishing, tennis, a hundred acres of shore and woods; ten miles from Portland. Refined environment; excellent cuisine. Rates $12.50 and upwards.
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OLD ORCHARD, ME. JUST COMPLETED.
All modern improvements. Rooms en suite with private baths. Booklet. J. F. HUTCHINSON, Prop.

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White Mountains
Open Until October 15th
Under New Management
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MARBLEHEAD NECK, MASS.
Directly on the ocean; superb views of yachting; delightfully cool; bathing, fishing, boating, tennis; garage. Circulars.
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Directly on the Sound, catering to first-class patronage only; $15.00 to $35.00 per week.
E. A. SILLECK.

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Coolest location. Most Delightful View.
THE KITTATINNY
Leading Hotel at Delaware Water Gap, Pa. Capacity 500. Every convenience. Own farm and dairies. Orchestra, social diversions. Golf, tennis, boating, bathing, fishing on hotel grounds. Livery, garage, saddle horses. Write for booklet of views and auto maps. Bell 'phone 92. Telegraph offices. Special July and season rates. American plan. Cafe and grill. G. FRANK COPE.

The Hotel of Delaware Water Gap, Pa.
WATER GAP HOUSE
THE MOUNTAIN PARADISE.
Open until Dec.; extensively improved. The most modern and finest located hotel in this region. Cuisine of the highest standard; white service. Orchestra; social diversions; every out-of-door amusement. New beautiful Palm Court and Cafe. Special early season rates. Booklet and auto maps mailed. 6th season.
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Elevation 1,600 feet. Capacity 350.
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FOREST PARK, PIKE COUNTY, PA.
ON FOREST LAKE
"The Adirondacks of Penna."
3½ hours from New York. Auto service to hotel. Bathing—Boating—Finest Bass Fishing—Tennis—Baseball—Music—Cafe.
Ideal Motor Run—A. A. A. Garage.
Rooms with bath—Bachelors' rates.
Owner's Management. Booklet. Auto Map.
ARTHUR LEDERER
Tuesdays, 37 B'way, between 11 and 1 o'clock.

SAWKILL PINE HOTEL MILFORD, Pike Co., Pa.
An ideal country, among the pines; entirely new; all improvements; electric lights, running water; private lake; own dairy and farm; auto service; camping and roughing it. Particulars of S. Phillips, 50 W. 21 St., N. Y.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

$1.00 Round Trip TO Poughkeepsie Sunday, July 21

New Steamer
RENSSELAER

Lv. Pier 32, N. R., Ft. Canal St., 8:45 A. M.
West 132d Street Pier, 9:15 A. M.

Excellent Cuisine and Music.
Number of Passengers Limited.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.
Pier 32, North River. 'Phone Spring 9400.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS

TO NEW HAVEN

Steamer RICHARD PECK leaves Pier 28, E. R., 9:30 A. M., foot East 22d St. 10:00 A. M.; due New Haven 2:30 P. M. Return, due N. Y. 9:00 P. M. Two hours in New Haven. Music. Refreshments. Tickets $1.50. Children 75 cents.

UP THE HUDSON

Steamer CITY OF LOWELL leaves Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., 10:00 A. M., for Hudson River trip as far as Poughkeepsie. No landing. Return, due N. Y. 6 P. M. Music. Refreshments. Tickets, 75 cents; children, 40 cents.

These excursions under management of
FALL RIVER LINE
Tickets at Piers only on day of excursions.

THE ORIGINAL AND BEST
BRIDGEPORT
EXCURSION ON POPULAR STEAMER
BROCKTON EVERY SUNDAY
ROUND TRIP FARE **75c**

Returning stops 24th St. only. Lve. ft. W. 131st St. 8:45 A. M.; Rec. Pier 30, E. R., (ft. Market St.), 9:45; Pier ft. E. 24th St., 10:15. Music, Dining Room, Cafe. 'Phone Orchard 6941.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

Mauch Chunk and Glen Onoko

July 21........ $1.50

Bellewood

Every Sunday........ $1.00

Trains leave Pennsylvania Ferries, Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts., for
Mauch Chunk ....8:30 A. M.
Bellewood ....9:00 A. M.
Leave Jersey City 20 minutes later. Hudson River Tube Trains Connect at Jersey City Station

Lehigh Valley Railroad

BLOCK ISLAND, EVERY SUNDAY RHODE ISLAND $1.50

Special train, with parlor car, leaves foot East 34th St., N. Y., 8:30; B'klyn, Flatbush Av., 8:40; Nostrand Av., 8:44, and East N. Y., 8:48 A. M., for Montauk; thence by STEAMER "SHINNECOCK."

Lve. Block Island, returning, 4 P. M. Tickets on sale, commencing Friday, at 170 Broadway, 5th Av. Bldg., (5th Av. & 23d St., and Long Island R. R. stations, foot 34th St., E. R., N. Y.; Long Island City and Brooklyn. Sale of tickets limited. The right is reserved to postpone the excursion and redeem tickets. Refreshments on steamer.

SURF BATHING

Within 45 Minutes of New York City
ROCKAWAY BEACH

On Sundays trains will leave N. Y. (Pennsylvania Station via Long Island Railroad) hourly from 8:58 A. M. until 10:58 P. M., inclusive.

On Sundays trains leave Brooklyn (Flatbush Ave. Station), the terminus of the Interborough Subway, at frequent intervals during the entire day.

LONG BEACH

Leave N. Y. (Pennsylvania Station) Sundays, 8:25, 9:02, 9:30, 10:02, 10:43, 11:25 A. M. 12:38, 1:21, 1:41, 2:13, 3:05, 3:30, 4:07, 4:43, 5:33, 6:08, 7:00, 7:41, 8:31, 9:24 P. M.

Delightful Afternoon Excursion to West Point, Steamer Mary Powell

Leaving Desbrosses St. 1.45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2.20 P. M., Daily except Sunday. Return to New York by Str. Albany, $1.00, or by rail $1.10. Orchestra. Cadets in camp. See new public buildings, etc.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

CENTRAL-HUDSON UP THE HUDSON RIVER LINE

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Str. Benj. B. Odell (New)
To NEWBURGH & FISHKILL
Leaves Franklin St. 9 A. M.
West 129th St. 9.30 A. M.
EXCURSION FARE, $1.00.
Excellent Dining Room Service—Music.

EXCURSIONS

LAKE HOPATCONG, $1.00
EVERY SUNDAY and HOLIDAY
Lv. W. 23d St. 8.50; Liberty St. 9.00 a.m.
Atlantic City, $2.50
TOMORROW, ALSO WEDNESDAY, JULY 24
Lv. W. 23d St. 7.50; Liberty St. 8.00 a.m.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
HARD COAL! NO SMOKE! COMFORT!

BRIDGEPORT EVERY SUNDAY

EXC. FARE 75c.

THE PALATIAL STEEL STEAMER
"MONTAUK"

Lv. Pier ft. 131st St., N. R. ....9:20 A. M.
Lv. Pier ft. W. 23d St., N. R. ....9:45 A. M.
Lv. Pier 30, E. R., ft. Market St. ..10:30 A. M.
Lv. Recreation Pier, ft. E. 24th St. 11:00 A. M.
2 hours at Bridgeport. Due New York 9:30 P. M. Music, Cafe, Dining Service, and Staterooms.

GLEN ISLAND BOATS

ROUND 50c TRIP

FAMOUS FAMILY RESORT on Long Island Sound. Weekdays lve. Battery 10, 11:30 A. M.; 1:30, 2:30, 4, 6 P. M. Sun., 9, 10, 11, 12 A. M., 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 6, 7 P. M. E. 24th St. ½ hour later. McAllister St'b't Co.

UP THE SOUND Sea Cliff & Glenwood

Str. "Sagamore" leaves Pier 8, E. R., (bet. Hanover Sq. & So. Ferry,) Sats., 1:30; New Pier foot 34th St., N. R., 1:20 P. M. Ret. due N. Y. 9:25 P. M. Sundays leave Pier 8, 9:30; New Pier foot 34th St., 9:50 A. M. Ret. due N. Y. 8:30 P. M. EXCURSION 50c. TICKETS.

The Vice System, Its Methods and Its Penalties—What it exacts from those who "squeal." In TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

William Winter, Dramatic Critic, Gives His First Interview—The Stage of To-day. In TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

Three Great Pioneer Railroad Builders, the Fink Brothers—Read of their work, especially in Civil War days, in TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

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Help for the Unknown Dramatist—A Society Here to Market His Wares—Will produce his plays without cost to him and then sell them, as explained in TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

Moving Playgrounds to Those Who Need Them Most—Experiment in Washington which bids fair to enlarge social betterment work. An account of it in TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

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Miss McCalmont, Who Reorganized Hospital Management in the Far East, Here to Introduce Some of Her Methods in Home Institutions. Details of her work in TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

New Work for the Army of Boy Scouts—Plans being formed to use them in warfare on the enemies of trees. An account in TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

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New York Fast Becoming a Model City in Municipal Management, according to William H. Allen, expert. An interview in TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

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Comfortable, Speedy, Elegant Way to
NORTH JERSEY COAST RESORTS
Long Branch, Asbury Park, Sea Girt, etc.,
is via the Twin Screw Flyers of the
SANDY HOOK ROUTE
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
An ideal way to see New York Harbor

Lv. N. Y., Pier 81, N. R., foot W. 42d St., week days, 8.50, 9.35, 10.30 a.m.; 12.30, 1.30, 3.15, 4.15, *5.25, 7.45 p. m. Sunday 9.00, 10.00 a. m.; 1.00, 3.30, 5.55, 7.45, (10.40 E. Long Branch only) p. m.

Lv. N. Y., Pier 10, N. R., Foot Cedar St., week days, 9.15, 10.00, 11.00 a. m.; 1.00, 2.00, 3.45, 4.45, *5.45, 8.10 p.m. Sunday 9.30, 10.30 a.m.; 1.30, 4.00, 6.15, 8.10, (11.10 E. Long Branch only) p.m. *Except Sept. 2.

First-class Meals at Popular Prices.

Round Trip, New York to Atlantic Highlands, $1.00. Round trip can be made except on Stmrs. leaving W. 42d St., week days, 5.25, 7.45 p.m.; Sun. 7.45, 10.40 p.m. Cedar St. week days, 5.45, 8.10 p.m.; Sun. 8.10, 11.10 p.m.

Iron Steamboat Co CONEY ISLAND

LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET.
9:00, 9:40, 10:30, 11:30 A. M.; 12:30, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:40 P. M.

LEAVE PIER (NEW) 1, NORTH RIVER.
9:45, 10:20, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 6:40, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30 P. M.

LEAVE STEEPLECHASE PARK.
10:55 A. M.; 12:25, 1:25, 2:25, 3:10, 3:55, *4:55, 5:25, 6:10, *7:10, 7:50, 8:25, 9:25, 10:40 P. M.

Trips marked * do not go to 129th St.

Round Trip Tickets { From 129th St., 50 Cents. From Pier 1, N. R., 40 Cents.

Fishing Banks, Str. "Taurus"

Lv. W. 129th St., 7:20; Pier 1, N. R., 8:20 A. M. Fare: Gentlemen, 75c.; Ladies, 50c.; Children, 25c.

Rockaway Beach

Steamer "GRAND REPUBLIC"

Lv. Yonkers, 8:45 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:40 A. M., *1:15 P. M.; Pier 1, N. R., 10:20 A. M., 2:15 P. M.; Rockaway Beach, 12:30, 5:45 P. M. *Transfer to Str. "Grand Republic." Round trip tickets, 50 cts.; Children, 25 cts.

$2.00 ONE WAY TO ALBANY AND TROY $3.50 ROUND TRIP

"The Best Way North"
PEOPLE'S AND CITIZENS' LINES.
DAILY SERVICE.

Leaving Pier 32, N. R., (foot of Canal St.) 6 P. M. People's Line calling at West 129th St. at 6:45 P. M.; Citizens' Line calling at Yonkers at 7 P. M., Poughkeepsie at 11 P. M. Steamer C. W. MORSE leaves New York on even dates, ADIRONDACK on odd dates. Sunday Day Boat leaves at 8:45 A. M.; West 132d St. 9:15 A. M.

Passage and stateroom tickets delivered by special messenger. 10-Ride Family Books, $15, ($1.50 per trip.)

Write for particulars regarding beautiful Sunday Sail.

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY,
Pier 32, N. R. 'Phone Spring 9400.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE

Steamer HENDRICK HUDSON, ROBERT FULTON or ALBANY leaves Desbrosses St. 8:40 A. M., W. 42d St., 9 A. M., W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Also Desbrosses St., 9:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 10 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M., for Yonkers, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie. Daily except Sunday. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant.

Steamer Mary Powell

Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston, and way landings leaves Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by Str. Albany or rail.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED"
TAKE
COLONIAL LINE

To BOSTON, PROVIDENCE, and New England Summer Resorts.

BOSTON	- - - - -	$2.65
PROVIDENCE	Direct,	$1.75
WORCESTER	Boat and Rail,	$2.65
FALL RIVER	"	$2.00

First-class service, palatial steamers, excellent cuisine, clean, comfortable staterooms (all outside rooms).

Leave Week Days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M., from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St.

'Phones, Spring 9491 and 9492.
Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St.

BOSTON $2.40 BAY STATE LINE

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Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Steel Steamships
GEORGIA and TENNESSEE
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Improved Service.
Write for Illustrated Summer Folder.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
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For CATSKILL, HUDSON, COXSACKIE, and way landings. Direct connection with Catskill Mountain Railroads for CAIRO, PALENVILLE, OTIS SUMMIT, HAINES FALLS, TANNERSVILLE, and

ALL POINTS IN THE CATSKILL MOUNTAINS

Leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., at 6:30 P. M.; Yonkers, 7:30 P. M., daily except Sunday. Saturday Special leaves Pier 43, N. R., 1 P. M.; Yonkers 1:45, for Malden, Catskill, all Catskill Mt. points, Hudson and Athens. Time tables giving full information mailed on request, or can be obtained at all hotels and railway ticket offices. Phone 1097 Spring.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT SHELTER ISLAND & SAG HARBOR

Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., Pier 8, E. R., Tuesdays and Thursdays 5:30 P. M.; Saturdays, 1:00 P. M. See time table for additional service—Steamer "Montauk."

HARTFORD LINE

From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M. for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

SIGHTSEEING YACHTS LEAVE DAILY AND SUNDAY

ENCIRCLING MANHATTAN ISLAND. From West 23d St., 10:30 A. M., 1:45 P. M., and 2:30 P. M.; foot of East 24th St., 11 A. M. and 3 P. M. Lectures. Refreshments. Phone 6326 Gramercy.

MOONLIGHT SAIL

Down the Bay. Fare 50c. Steamer Manhattan leaves E. 24th St. daily 8 P. M.

CONEY ISLAND DREAMLAND PIER ROCKAWAY BEACH TO-DAY

Strs. ROSEDALE & SYLVESTER.
Lv. W. 129th St. 9:30, 10:15.
Lv. W. 23d St. 10:00, 10:45, 2:30, *3:30, *7:30.
Lv. Battery 10:30, 11:15, 2:45, *3:45, *8:00.
Lv. Coney Island 6:00, 7:00, 9:00.
Lv. Rockaway Beach 12:30, 6 P. M.
*Boat does not go to Rockaway Beach.
Exc'n tickets 129th St. to Coney Isl. & Rockaway, 50c. To Coney Island from W. 23d St. and Battery, 40c.

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California, Yellowstone, Yosemite, Grand Canyon, Alaska, etc.
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Around Manhattan Island. Lecturer aboard. Daily 10:30 A. M. & 2:30 P. M. Foot West 42d St. Office Flatiron Bldg. Tel. 5441 Gram.

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CARONIA	CAMPANIA	CARMANIA
July 31, 10 A. M. Sept. 21 Aug. 28, 10 A. M. Oct. 19	Aug. 14, 1 A. M. Sept. 4, 1 A. M. Sept. 25	Sept 7, 10 A. M. Oct. 5, 10 A. M.

LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD
Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown, eastbound.

New York-Mediterranean-Adriatic Service

Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume.
Write for Itinerary. Sailing hour noon.

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NOVEMBER TO MARCH.

Round the World Trips, $535. Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, South America. Piers Foot W. 14th St., North River, N.Y. Offices, 24 State St., Opp. Battery.

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New 45,324 Ton **OLYMPIC** Sails from New York JULY 27 10 A. M. AUG. 17 SEPT. 7 SEPT. 28 OCT. 19

NEARBY SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK.
NEW YORK.........July 20, 9:30 A. M.
KROONLAND........July 20, 10 A. M.
OCEANIC..........July 20, 12 noon
ADRIATIC.........July 25, 12 noon
ST. PAUL.........July 27, 9:30 A. M.

AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
New York....July 20 | Philadelphia..Aug. 3
St. Paul......July 27 | St. Louis....Aug. 10

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct. Pr. 58, N.R.
Minnehaha, July 27, 9 AM | Min'polis. Aug. 17
Minnewaska. Aug. 10, 8AM | Min'haha. Aug. 24

RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Kroonland....July 20 | Vaderland....Aug. 3
Zeeland ......July 27 | Lapland.....Aug. 10

WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Oceanic......July 20, noon | Majestic..Aug. 3
Olympic...July 27, 10 AM | Oceanic..Aug. 10
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Adriatic. July 25, noon | Cedric ....Aug. 8
Baltic..Aug. 1, noon | Celtic ....Aug. 15
Boston-Mediterranean Ports.
Canopic.......Aug. 15 | Cretic.........Sept. 14

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S. S. CLEVELAND
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
July 25, 9 A. M.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
Largest S. S. Co. in the World
Over 400 SHIPS 1,210,000 TONS

ATLANTIC SERVICE
LONDON, PARIS, HAMBURG
Cleveland...July 25, 9 A. M.
*Hamburg..July 31, 10 A. M.
K'n Aug. Vic..Aug. 1, 11 A. M.
Pres. Grant..Aug. 8, 12 noon
*To Hamburg via Boulogne, (2d and 3d class.)

MEDITERRANEAN
Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa
S. S. MOLTKE
August 20, 11 A. M.
S. S. Hamburg, Sept. 19, 1 P. M.

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Oct. 19, 1912 From New York | Feb. 6, 1913 From San Fran.
By the S. S. CLEVELAND (17,000 Tons.)
DURATION EACH CRUISE 110 DAYS | COST $650 UP
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SPECIAL SUMMER RATES TO
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WEEKLY SAILINGS
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—ATLAS SERVICE—
11 to 18 Days $75
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For accommodations in any location excepting suites
—NEXT SAILING—
S. S. PRINZ JOACHIM, JULY 27, 2 P. M.

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By the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
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From New York 5th and 20th of each month.
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or
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To Albany & Troy

$1

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Commodious Steamers 'Iroquois' & 'Mohawk' Spacious staterooms, every convenience; electric light; excellent service. Wistaria Dining Room; open till midnight. Music. Through tickets to all points. Baggage checked. Strs. Lv. (West Houston St.) 5:30 P. M. West 129th St. at 6:00 P. M. Daily. Phone Spring 9226.

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The Great Steel Steamships
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Leave Pier 14, N. R., foot Fulton St., Week Days & Sundays 5 P. M. Due Boston about 8 A. M.

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Glasgow via Moville Londonderry
TWIN SCREW STEAMSHIPS
Cameronia, Sat., July 20, noon
Caledonia, Sat., July 27, 9 A. M.
Columbia, Sat., Aug. 3, 11 A. M.
California, Sat., Aug. 10, 3 P. M.
SPLENDID ACCOMMODATIONS
EXCELLENT SERVICE.
OCEAN PASSAGE, 7½ DAYS.
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and Upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
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via Halifax, N. S., most delightful cruise of 1500 miles. Magnificent scenery; Gut of Canso, Northumberland Strait, Gulf and River St. Lawrence, and far-famed Saguenay River. S. S. "Trinidad" from New York August 3d and 17th. From Quebec July 26th, August 9th and 23d.

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Tours, inc. Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates. Twin Screw S. S. "BERMUDIAN," 10,518 tons displacement. Electric fans; wireless telegraphy. Fastest, newest, and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda without transfer.

Sailings every five days in connection with R. M. S. P. Co. Tickets interchangeable.

For full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 and 2389 Broadway, 264 and 553 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. CO., Ltd., Quebec.

Vacations On the Ocean

On finest coastwise steamers in the world, with direct connections to all famous resorts of the Southwest and Pacific Coast.

5 to 21 DAYS

Attractive vacation voyages at $32 to $75, including meals and accommodations on steamers. Don't decide before visiting

CLYDE LINE * MALLORY LINE
TOUR BUREAUS,
290 Broadway, cor. Reade St.
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Piers 36 & 45 North River, New York.

FRENCH LINE

Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France).
Sailing Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
*La Touraine....August 1 | *La Lorraine...August 15
*La Savoie......August 8 | †France (new).August 22
*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
*Niagara.................................July 27
‡ROCHAMBEAU (new)...................August 10
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

BERMUDA

All Expense Tours by S. S. Orotava, 10,063 displ't, 5,980 reg't. From 5 Days $27.50 Up. Sailings every 5 Days in connection with Quebec S. S. Co. Tickets interchangeable.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
Sanderson & Son, Gen. Agts., 22 State Street, or any Steamship Ticket Agent.

OLD DOMINION LINE

DAILY SERVICE.

For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.

Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M. W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE

Paris—London—Rotterdam.
Twin-screw sailings Tues. 10 A. M.
*Noordam..................July 23
*Ryndam...................July 30
†Rotterdam................Aug. 13
*Potsdam..................Aug. 20
*VIA BOULOGNE s/M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

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AZORES, LISBON, NAPLES, MARSEILLES, &c.
Weekly Sailings (approx.) Write for literature.
1st class rate, $75.00 & up. 2nd class $65.00.
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CLARK'S ORIENT CRUISE

By new Cunarder "Laconia," Feb. 13, $400 up for 71 days, including shore excursions. Round World and South America Tours. Frank C. Clark, Times Building, New York.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:46 | Sun sets..7:26 | Moon sets..11:04

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:27	0:00	6:07	6:40
Governors Island	0:20	1:02	7:52	7:30
Hell Gate	2:10	2:52	8:37	9:05

Arrived—Friday, July 19.

SS Mauretania, Liverpool, July 13.
SS Adriatic, Liverpool, July 11.
SS Usk, Port Antonio, July 14.
SS Christopher, Barbados, July 12.
SS Maracaibo, Curacao, July 11.
SS Aurora, Kingston, July 11.
SS Antilla, Santa Cruz, July 13.
SS Aldershot, Laguna, June 29.
SS Erodiade, Gandia, June 29.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah, July 16.
SS Mexico, Havana, July 15.
SS Louisiana, Port Arthur, July 10.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Principe di Piemonte	Naples	July 6
Saranac	Gibraltar	July 5
Chicago City	Las Palmas	July 3
Kylstrom	Tampico	July 7
Bulysses	Thameshaven	July 4
Hesperus	Rotterdam	July 5
Oilfield	Shields	July 8
Yola	Hamburg	July 9
Nassovia	Santos	July 1
Prins Willem V.	St. Marc	July 15
Sabine	Key West	July 13
Kaiser Franz Josef I.	Trieste	July 8

DUE TO-MORROW.

St. Paul	Southampton	July 13
Albingia	P. au Prince	July 16
Caledonia	Moville	July 14
Panama	Colon	July 16
City of St. Louis	Savannah	July 18
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	July 17

DUE MONDAY.

Prinz Fried. Wilhelm	Cherbourg	July 14
Kaiserin Aug. Victoria	Cherbourg	July 14
Czar	Libau	July 9
Ryndam	Boulogne	July 13
Bermudian	Bermuda	July 20
Vigilancia	Nassau	July 19
Antilles	New Orleans	July 17
Madeirense	Port Antonio	July 17
Huron	Jacksonville	July 19

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close	Vessels Sail.
Oceanic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
New York, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Verdi, Rio Janeiro	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Stephano, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tivives, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Sigismund, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Parima, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Kroonland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Cameronia, Glasgow	——	12:00 M.
Ancona, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Clyde, Kingston	——	1:00 P.M.
Iroquois, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Brazos, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Nueces, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.

SAIL MONDAY.

	Mails Close	Vessels Sail.
Marowijne, Paramaribo	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Santiago, Brunswick	——	1:00 P.M.
Advance, Colon	11:30	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TUESDAY.

	Mails Close	Vessels Sail.
Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Noordam, Rotterdam	——	10:00 A.M.
Luisiana, Naples	——	2:00 P.M.
Seminole, Turks Island	——	12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Siamese Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JULY 19.

SS St. Paul, Southampton to New York, 670 miles E. at 11 A. M.; due 21st, 8 A. M. American Line.
SS Kaiser Franz Joseph I., Trieste to New York, 343 miles E. at 10 A. M.; due 20th, 8 A. M. White Star Line.
SS Caledonia, Glasgow to New York, 870 miles E. at 12:30 A. M.; due 21st, 10 A. M. Anchor Line.
SS Niagara, Havre to New York, 1,193 miles E. at 1:50 P. M.; due 23d, 8:30 A. M. French Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Algonquin, Santo Domingo to New York, 337 miles S. at 8 P. M. Clyde Line.
SS Sabine, Galveston to New York, 335 miles S. at 7 P. M. Mallory Line.
SS Harry Luckenbach, San Juan to New York, 70 miles S. at 7 P. M. Insular Line.
SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, 767 miles S. at 5:40 P. M. Clyde Line.
SS Denver, Galveston to New York, 128 miles W. of Tortugas at noon. Mallory Line.
SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, 330 miles S. at 12:40 P. M.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, 350 miles S. at 8 P. M. Savannah Line.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Amerika, at Plymouth, July 19.
SS San Giovanni, at Naples, July 12.
SS Buenos Aires, at Cadiz, July 18.
SS Neidenfels, at Auckland, July 18.
SS Otto Treeknam, at Sabang, July 19.
SS Cedric, at Queenstown, July 19.
SS Potsdam, at Boulogne, July 19.
SS Madonna, at St. Michaels, July 19.
SS Frankmont, at Rio Janeiro, July 19.
SS Katuna, at East London, July 19.
SS Walton Hall, at Suez, July 19.

Sailed.

SS Baltic, from Queenstown, July 19.
SS Roma, from Lisbon, July 17.
SS Indrawadi, from Shanghai, July 13.
SS Moltkenfels, from Fayal, July 16.
SS Nunima, from Linini, July 16.
SS Pannonia, from Naples, July 18.
SS Main, from Bremen, July 18.
SS Westfield, from Montevideo, July 18.

Passed.

SS Bristol City, New York for Bristol, passed Fastnet.
SS Narragansett, New York for London, passed Lizard.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Korea	July 21 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Orteric	July 21 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Shidzuoka	July 25 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via San Francisco)—Ventura	July 25 6:30 P.M.
Guam and Philippine Islands via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	July 31 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via Vancouver)—Marama	Aug. 2 6:30 P.M.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, June 18; Shanghai, June 22; Yokohama, June 20, and Honolulu, July 9—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Korea, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M. July 15, and mails dated Manila, June 22, and Yokohama, July 1, which arrived at Seattle per steamer Orteric, were dispatched east at 7:10 P. M. July 16. Due in New York on the mornings of Saturday, July 20, and Sunday, July 21, respectively.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Kobe, July 2, and Yokohama, July 3—which arrived at Seattle per steamer Shizaoka Maru, were dispatched east at 7:10 P. M. July 18. Due in New York on the morning of Tuesday, July 23.

For Latest Shipping News See Page *.

STEAMBOATS.

FALL RIVER LINE

(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)

Get ready to go a-fishing down in Maine.

See the Fall River Line ticket man to-day.

Lve. New York, Pier 19, N. R., ft. of Warren St., 5:30 P. M. Arrive Boston 7 A. M. or 8 A. M.

Fare to Boston, $4

City Ticket Office, 171 B'way. Phone 5121 Cort.

To ALBANY 50¢

THE ECONOMICAL WAY.
STEAMERS FRANK JONES, KAATERSKILL.
Leave Pier 46, N. R., Foot of W. 10th St., at 6:30 P. M.
W. 129th St. at 6 P. M. daily.
CAPITAL CITY LINE.
Pier 46, N. R. Phone Spring 667.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Cool weather prevails over the districts east of the Missouri, while over the remainder of the country temperatures are about normal.

Thunder showers continued in the Atlantic and Gulf States and Rocky Mountain region. In the central valleys the weather was fair.

A depression over southeast Colorado will move eastward causing unsettled, showery weather extending during Saturday night and Sunday into the lake region and the Ohio Valley.

In New England, the Middle Atlantic States and the extreme West the weather will be generally fair.

Temperatures will remain high in the Southwest and will fall in the Northwest by Saturday night.

Over the remainder of the country they will be moderate, but with a rising tendency on Sunday in the Northeast.

Winds along the New England Coast will be northwest and north, becoming variable Sunday; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate north and northeast; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate, mostly south, except east on the Florida Coast.

Steamships departing Saturday for European ports will have moderate north to east winds, with fair, cool weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Saturday and Sunday, with moderate temperature; light to moderate northeast and east winds.

New England—Fair Saturday and Sunday, with moderate temperature; moderate north to east winds.

Western New York—Fair Saturday. Sunday, increasing cloudiness; moderate, variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	66	71	4 P. M.	80	76
6 A. M.	65	68	6 P. M.	78	74
9 A. M.	75	70	9 P. M.	71	67
12 M.	78	74	12 P. M.	70	66

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 74; for the corresponding date last year it was 72; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 74.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 70; at 8 P. M. it was 70. Maximum temperature, 76 degrees at 2 P. M; minimum, 66 degrees at 10 A. M. Humidity, 55 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 42 per cent. at 8 P. M.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
7:30—39th St. and 5th Av.; New York Edison Co.	$500
9:20—247 Clinton St.; Mrs. Jacobson	$100
9:35—1,611 1st Av.; C. Thomas	Slight
9:40—20 Mangin St.; not given	None
10:30—24 E. 104th St.; Sam Goldberg	$50
P. M.	
12:01—Westchester Av. and Bronx River; T. J. Healey & Co.	$200
1:45—184th St. and Fort Washington Av.; not given	Trifling
2:30—North River and 144th St.; New York Central Railroad	Trifling
3:10—29 Avenue D; Mrs. Orchard	$500
3:10—93 St. Mark's Place; Little Missionary's Day Nursery	Trifling
3:10—530 E. 138th St.; not given	Trifling
3:30—229 E. 80th St.; Benjamin Morrosky	$200
3:45—68 E. 101st St.; Samuel Charmak	Trifling
5:15—Riverside Park and 125th St.; Park Department	Trifling
6:30—14 W. 61st St.; Locomobile Company of America	Trifling
7:10—250 W. 17th St.; Maria Williams	Trifling
7:15—Foot of E. 123d St.	Trifling
7:20—684 E. 136th St.; Anna Rothstein	Trifling
7:30—250 W. 17th St.; M. Williams	Trifling
7:30—141 Ludlow St.; M. Kamizni	$25
7:50—47 W. 87th St.; S. Fried	None
7:55—186 W. 80th St.; Cushman Globe Baking Co.	Slight
8:07—75 E. 119th St.; Mrs. Ebstein	Trifling
8:40—403 E. 8th St.; S. Wasserman	Slight
8:50—84 Essex St.; Mr. Germfstone	Slight
9:00—34 Jackson St.; I. Wasser	Trifling
9:40—6 Minetta St.; I. Decker	Trifling
10:15—161 Prince St.; A. Sandringo	Trifling
10:58—2,136 7th Av.; A. P. Eppstein	$500
11:00—111 Manhattan St.; Edgar Bros.	Slight

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

HAMILL, SARAH A., (died March 20;) left about $1,600 personalty; to Mary Elizabeth Hamill, $300; Eliza J. Hogeman, sister; Robert L. Hamill, brother; Helen Hogeman Howe, niece; George Hamill Hogeman, nephew, and Robert L. Hogeman, nephew, $250 each; George Washington Hamill, nephew, legacy given before death of testator.

KATZMAN, PAULINE, (died July 11;) left $2,105 personalty; to Samuel Katzman, husband, $50; Adolph S. Katzman, son, $5; Alexander Katzman, son, $2,000; Jacob S. Katzman, son, $5.

KECK, EDWARD W., (died April 26;) left realty of unestimated value and more than $10,000 personalty; to Mary Keck, wife, half estate in trust; Mary Keck, daughter, half estate and reversion.

SOUTHMAYD, MARIA C., (died Oct. 19, 1911;) left more than $10,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty to Alice G. Southmayd, daughter.

WATT, JOHN, (died July 10;) left $6,500 realty and $2,000 personalty; to Thomas J. Watt, son, and Jane Ann Anderson, daughter, $3,250 each; to John Watt, grandson, and Theresa Watt, granddaughter, $150 each; to Jane Watt, sister, $100.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals under the inheritance tax law yesterday to William H. Loughran, Chief Clerk of the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates' Court:

AUJA, LAUREANO F., (died Dec. 10, 1911;) net personalty, $50,491.83, including 10 Long Island Railroad refunding mortgage bonds, $9,300; 9 New York, Chicago & St. Louis, $9,000.

MOFFAT, GEORGE BARCLAY, (died Dec. 4, 1911;) net personalty, $409,994.36, including cash, $190,157.88; bonds of Indianapolis Water Company, $6,573.87; New York Telephone Company, $10,037; Oregon Electric Railway, $10,045; 120 shares American Telephone and Telegraph Company, $16,740; 8 shares W. S. Barstow & Co., $800; 30 shares Columbia Trust Company, $9,150; 35 shares Federal Insurance Company, $9,600; 160 shares Indianapolis Water Company, $4,800; 14 shares Lake George Real Estate Company, $700; 220 shares Pennsylvania, $13,447; 36 shares Portland Gas and Coke Company preferred, $3,780; 50 shares Sacketts-Wilhelms Company preferred, $1,950; 92 shares Warren-Burnham Company preferred, $4,600; 138 shares Worthington Water Power Company, $17,664; interest in the firm of White, Weld & Co., 5 Nassau Street, of which he was a special partner, $216,175.

O'CONNOR, KATHERINE, (died Sept. 17, 1911;) realty, one-ninth interest in 54 West Fifty-eighth Street, $3,108.45; personalty, 335 shares American Tobacco Company, $30,871; 44 shares American Smelters Securities Company, $3,777; 55 shares Laclede Gas Light Company of St. Louis preferred, $5,165; 100 shares Union Pacific, $8,912.

EDUCATION NOTES.

Josiah H. Pitts, Chief Clerk to City Supt. Maxwell, sailed yesterday on the steamship Venezia for Naples. He will visit Marseilles, Paris, and other cities, and spend a part of his vacation in the Alps.

Abram Fischlowitz of 550 Forty-eighth Street, Brooklyn, who is Chairman of the local School Board of District 37, in that borough, has made a report to the Board of Education in the course of which he says:

"Another matter that has been brought to the attention of this board is the lack of courtesy shown to parents and guardians by Principals of schools. Many Principals seem to be unconscious of the fact that many parents are not as educated and cultured as they are themselves, and for that reason are not as guarded and choice in the language that they use while visiting the Principals. The Principals are curt in their remarks, and ofttimes impatient with the school authorities.

"This matter the board feels should be made the subject matter of an address by the City Superintendent at a meeting of the Principals, to be called shortly after the opening of the Fall term."

Mr. Fischlowitz also says that suggestions from the local board, as to school repairs, &c., are usually not attended to, and that when a contract is made the local board is not informed, as it ought to be, of the school repairs, alterations, &c., which the contract covers. He states that the school accommodation of the district is not what it should be. Formerly, he says, one and two family houses on twenty-foot lots were the rule in the Bay Ridge district, now there are sixteen and twenty family houses on fifty-foot lots. "The two-family houses are things of the past." Pupils in Public School 94, Sixth Avenue and Fiftieth Street, and No. 136, Sixth Avenue and Fortieth Street, are on part time, and with the completion of five twenty-family houses near No. 94 and the similar buildings on Fourth Avenue, near No. 136, these schools will be taxed as to their seating capacity.

Mr. Fischlowitz recommends that a site owned by the city adjoining Public School 136 be used for a school building, and that another site be purchased on Seventh, Eighth, or Ninth Avenue, between Fifty-fifth and Sixtieth Streets. He also recommends the purchase of a suitable site for a public playground near School 118, whose pupils he says now congregate in the street and on the sidewalks to play their games to the annoyance of citizens and adjoining property owners.

Secretary A. Emerson Palmer of the Board of Education yesterday received the handsomely printed copy of the resolutions relative to District Superintendent Julia Richman's death, offered at the meeting of the Board of Education on June 26 by Commissioner Isadore M. Levy and unanimously adopted by a rising vote. The resolutions are printed on vellum with the capital letters in colors. The testimonial will be signed by the President and Secretary of the board and forwarded to Miss Richman's family.

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Transfers.—Patrolmen Henry E. Bruckmann, 65th Precinct, to Detective Bureau, and designated as Acting Sergeant; T. C. Hayden, 6th Precinct, to 16th; John C. Kelly, 8th, to 14th; J. F. Wixted, 151st, to 145th; J. McAuliffe, 167th, to 43d.

Mutual Transfers.—Patrolmen M. Morris, 30th Precinct, to 37th, and A. W. Brosemann, 37th, to 36th; J. F. Storms, 37th, to 40th, and D. S. Egan, 40th, to 37th.

Assignment.—Matron Mary A. Sweeney, 25th Precinct, to 63d, for five days during absence of matron.

Sick Leave.—Matron Julia Collins, 13th Precinct, thirty days.

Application for Full Pay Approved.—Patrolman D. D. Sullivan, 65th Precinct, June 20 to July 14, 1911, while on sick leave.

CHANGES OF NAME.

CHARLES CHLUPSA, employed by the Brittle Flooring Company and living at 400 East Seventy-third Street, to CHARLES CLASPER. He has transacted business under the name of Clasper for some time, and he wishes to adopt this name legally. City Court, Judge Lynch.

HENIO SIFF, a physician, of 160 Madison Avenue, to HENRY SIFF. Has borne the name of Henio since a child, when it was given to him as a nickname. Supreme Court, Justice Gavegan.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

Joseph A. Dobbins recently requested the Municipal Civil Service Commission to change his standing on the list for promotion to District Superintendent in the Street Cleaning Department. Examiner Murray finds that the commission is without power to change the relative standing of a candidate upon an eligible list after a lapse of one year from the date of its promulgation. The commission has approved Mr. Murray's report.

At the request of the Queens Borough President, examinations have been ordered for promotion to second grade messenger and promotion to section foreman, Bureau of Street Cleaning.

The Health Department has notified the Municipal Civil Service Commission that it has rescinded its resolution regarding the promotion of George A. Woods as an Inspector of Foods.

The Street Cleaning Commissioner recently requested the commission for information as to whether Dr. Joseph A. Weinberg, a Medical Inspector in the Health Department, might be transferred to the Commissioner's department at $1,800 a year. Examiner Murray states that Dr. Weinberg's present salary, $1,200, appears in Grade 2 of the Medical Service, while $1,800 a year is the minimum salary of the next higher grade; that therefore the transfer would constitute a promotion, and that it could not be approved under the rules.

The Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity has withdrawn its request for the commission's consideration of watersheds as separate divisions of the department for the purpose of promotion examinations.

United States.

The eligible register of first-grade clerks has just been promulgated by District Secretary H. C. Coles of the United States Civil Service Commission. There are 582 names on it, 517 male and 17 female. The highest rating of them all, 90.25 per cent., is given to Adeline M. Lawrence. The men's list is headed by Isaac Sositzky with a rating of 89 per cent. The next forty-nine male eligibles on the list and their percentages are as follows: David Glaser, 88.75, Thomas J. Charles, 88.15; Herman J. Fliederblum, 87.90; William D. Max, 87.60; Isidor Kaufman, 87.40; Meyer Padve, 86.85; William J. Morgan, 86.65; Benjamin Mahler, 86.25; Abraham Gair, 86.15; Abraham Reich, 85.95; Howard A. Raush, 85.95; Walter C. G. Ness, 85.90; James A. Burke, 85.69; Herman M. Frank, 85.60; Boris Kaplan, 85.55; Edward W. White, 85.33; Anthony F. Paura, 85.30; William J. Zucker, 85.05; Abraham S. Witt, 85.05; Charles J. Waldmann, 84.90; David Gladstone, 84.90; Henry M. Goldstein, 84.80; Cullen Adlerblum, 84.60; Montefiore Judelsohn, 84.40; William F. Reardon, 84.30; James A. H. Christian, 84.25; Thomas E. McGrath, 84.15; James J. Logue, 84.10; Isidor Spinrad, 84.00; Samuel Goldlang, 83.95; Charles E. J. Boyd, 83.85; Morris Troper, 83.80; Max Smooke, 83.75; Louis Y. Meny, 83.65; Harry A. Donnelly, 83.65; Edward D. Donelan, 83.65; Mansfield F. McLean, 83.50; J. Walter Byrnes, 83.50; Charles A. Slade, 83.50; George J. Wagner, 83.45; Harry Feinberg, 83.45; Jacob Umans, 83.40; Nathaniel W. Gropper, 83.40; Jacob G. Eberle, 83.35; Jacob Weiss, 83.30; Samuel Ross, 83.30; Richard A. Hopf, 83.30; Reuben Weinstein, 83.30; Maxwell Goldstein, 83.10. The seventeen successful women candidates and their percentages are as follows: Adeline M. Lawrence, 90.25; Mary G. Cox, 86.90; Lucy McEwen, 86.75; Mrs. Helen V. I. Brewer, 84.80; Mrs. Grace H. Congdon, 82.35; Marguerite C. Schlott, 82.00; Christian B. Kruse, 81.65; Irene D. Keenan, 81.55; Mrs. Nettie K. Carpenter, 78.90; Anna M. Kelaher, 78.10; May M. Wiegand, 77.40; Mrs. M. K. Mathilde Struth, 74.50; Mrs. Florence L. Farina, 74.40; Anna R. T. Maloney, 74.20; Gertrude G. McGowan, 74.10; Pearl Rosenstein, 71.90; Harriet E. Basch, 70.45.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Capt. O. G. Collins, Coast Artillery Corps, transferred from 165th to 135th Company.

Major C. C. Williams, Ordnance Department, to Washington, D. C., on business pertaining to manufacture of ordnance material.

Orders May 27 relating to First Lieut. W. L. Patterson, Eighteenth Infantry, revoked.

Capt. W. P. Kitts, Eleventh Infantry, detailed to Pay Department July 31, vice Capt. C. W Castle, Paymaster, relieved and assigned to Eleventh Infantry.

Capt. Kitts will proceed to San Antonio, Texas and report by letter to commanding General, Central Division, for duty.

Capt W. G. Caples, Corps of Engineers, to Sparta, Wis., for temporary duty with provisional regiment of infantry pertaining to test of intrenching tools.

Leaves: Major F. P. Reynolds, Medical Corps, two months from Aug. 6; Major R. B. Miller, Medical Corps, two months and fifteen days from Sept. 15; Capt. G. B. Pillsbury, Corps of Engineers, one month from Aug. 24; First Lieut. T. W. Brown, Twenty-seventh Infantry, four months.

The Navy.

Capt. J. H. Oliver detached command the New Hampshire, to command the Alabama.

Commander C. F. Preston detached command the Alabama, to command the New Hampshire.

Commander L. H. Chandler detached command the Salem, to command the Illinois.

Lieut. Commander F. Morrison detached the New Hampshire, to the Alabama as senior engineer officer.

Lieut. Commander F. L. Chadwick detached the New Hampshire, to the Alabama as Executive Officer.

Lieut Commander F. J. Horne detached the New Hampshire, to the Alabama as navigator.

Lieuts. G. C. Logan, H. G. Campbell, and G. H. Bowdey detached the New Hampshire, to the Alabama.

Ensign J. M. B. Smith detached the Virginia, to the Illinois.

Ensigns R. M. Doyle, Jr., L. A. Davidson, E. M. Williams, T. L. McCauley, W. D. Brereton, Jr., C. C. Krakow, M. M. Fenner, W. C. Barnes, and G. F. Parrott, Jr., detached the New Hampshire, to the Alabama.

Ensign E. C. Lange to Asiatic station.

Midshipmen H. Ertz, J. A. Saunders, O. W. Bagby, C. H. Wright, and Surgeon R. T. Orvis detached the New Hampshire to the Alabama.

Marine Corps Orders.

Capt. L. M. Gulick detached expeditionary service, to Marine Barracks, Washington.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Nashville at Santo Domingo City, Eagle at Portsmouth, N. H.; Caesar at Newport, Iowa at Annapolis, Denver at San Francisco.

Sailed—Fanning, from Norfolk for trial run.

The Alabama and the New Hampshire have been ordered placed in full commission and in first reserve, July 25, at navy yard, New York, N. Y.

Business Opportunities

Per line—1 time, 30c.; 3 times a week, 84c.

The New York Times offers a reward of $100 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money through the insertion of a fraudulent or misleading advertisement in its columns.

Detective, licensed by State of New York, with established downtown office, requires an active partner; must be well recommended and willing to furnish bond. D 300 Times Downtown.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY.
Reliable fruit and produce commission house is desirous of meeting a party with $2,500 to go into an up-State apple deal. R 90 Times.

For Sale.—Old-established dry goods business; light, large store; small stock; 2-year lease. J. T. Colcord, 108 and 110 West State St., Ithaca, N. Y.

Apartments To Let
FURNISHED

Per line—1 time, 20c.; 3 times a week, 54c.

Cathedral Plaza, 100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th St. and Columbus Av.—One, two, and three rooms, bath, and kitchenette; high-class elevator apartments; elegantly furnished; restaurant in building; monthly, $30 up; open evenings. Telephone 3970 Riverside.

Cool Summer apartment overlooking Columbia College grounds; fully furnished; reasonable to October. Inquire 609 West 114th St., Apt. 41.

Furnished apartment; $50 per month; sitting room, alcove, and bath; southern exposure. 45th St., near 5th Av. V 61 Times.

Bachelors' quarters, $25-$60 monthly; private baths; cleanliness. Telephone 5801 Columbus. 22 West 60th St.

Sublet kitchenette apartment; 3 large, cool rooms; bath; piano; maid service. Supt., 39 East 27th St.

Lost and Found

Per line—1 time, 30c.; 3 times a week, 75c.

Lost advertisements in The New York Times are reprinted without extra charge in more than 1000 Bulletins posted in public places throughout the city—railway stations, ferry houses, police stations, pawnshops, employment and advertising agencies, hotels and theatres.

Lost

"LOST STOCK."
Certificate No. 105,197 for 100 shares New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, the property of J. D. Probst & Co., lost, stolen, or destroyed. Any person having the same is hereby required to make claim thereon to said company within thirty days after the first publication of this notice, or said certificate will be canceled and new certificate issued in place thereof to said J. D. Probst & Co., pursuant to order of the Supreme Court, New York County, entered in office of County Clerk, New York County, July 17, 1912.
Dated New York, July 18, 1912.

LOST.—VIRGINIA DEBT CERTIFICATES, principal of 1871, Brown Brothers & Company's receipts; No. 2984 for $5,000, No. 2698 for $10,000, No. 1837 for $1,000, No. 2405 for $1,000, No. 472 for $1,000, No. 2403 for $1,150, No. 2392 for $182.63, No. 2393 for $690.09. Application to issue duplicates of same has been made to the American Bonding Company of Baltimore, and finder of the same will kindly communicate with said company.

LOST—Between Sterling Place and Subway, (Bowling Green,) or 9th Av. "L," crescent containing 25 pearls. Reward, 95 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

LOST.—$10 reward for return light brown envelope, commercial size, tied with red tape, containing typewritten note pertaining to medicine. R 91 Times.

LOST—A sapphire bar pin, between Washington Square and 10th St.; liberal reward. A. B. Hunt, 102 Waverly Place.

LOST—July 9, N. Y. Trust Co. certificate No. 37,519. Return to Dormar, 3,078 Hull Av.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

Per line—1 time, 30c.; 3 times a week, 75c.

LOST—Italian bull, brindle, Sunday, 12 o'clock. Address 173 Greenwich St. Reward offered.

Found

Per line—1 time, 30c.; 3 times a week, 75c.

FOUND, July 19.—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Apply 240 Centre St.—Straw hat, marked on band W. L. S.; 1 box containing bottled root beer and salt, 1 handbag, containing 4 tags marked Siegel-Cooper & Co.; 1 key and receipt marked Rider-Ericson Engine Co. BROOKLYN, apply 269 State Street.—1 bay horse, 1 sorrel horse.

FOUND, July 20.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply Lost Property Bureau, 9 Morris St. SECOND AV. ELEVATED: Umbrellas, catalogue, &c., papers, cards, make-up, slippers, coat, whisky, brush, seal. THIRD AV. ELEVATED: Umbrellas, purses, case, money, keys, blotters, labels, eyeshade, caps, hat, sandal, jacket, shawl, pattern, shoes, trousers, chalk, medicine, powder, rule, apparel, music. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED: Book, umbrellas, purse, eyeglasses, ring, newspaper, printed matter, gloves, shirt front, shirts, needlework, case, pipe, bulbs, cigars, grease. NINTH AV. ELEVATED: Suitcase, hat, plans, &c., powder. SUBWAY: Umbrellas, bag, suitcase, case, handbag, purse, eyeglasses, book pads, books, vest, suit, ribbons, belt, collars, apron, fixtures, steel.

FOUND, July 18.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—Hudson Tubes. Apply Concourse, 30 Church St.: Railroad ticket, key, package, overshoes, parasol, 2 kimonos, hat, cane, handkerchiefs, collars, cardcase, apron, shirt, 3 umbrellas.

Boarders Wanted

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times a week, 36c.

East Side.

17TH, 116 EAST.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

54TH ST., 13-15 EAST.—Boarding for fastidious people; unexcelled residentially, centrally located; Summer rates; cuisine, service the best; references. 7257—Plaza.

63D ST., 23 EAST.—Rooms with board $8 up; without board, nominal price Summer.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine rooms $3 up Summer; $8 up with board; American.

MADISON AV., 69.—Homelike, Summer environment; hotel appointments and service; Southerners solicited.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished parlor suite, with private bath; other rooms; Southerners accommodated.

16TH ST., 20-22-33 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; telephone; table boarders.

39TH, 49 WEST.—Heart retail shopping district; walking distance theatres; high-class home cooking; Summer rates; Southerners catered to; table board.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $10 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting of parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heat throughout; elevator service. Phone 793 Bryant.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private bath; house and table strictly first class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; first class; moderate.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; suitable for one or two; excellent table; moderate.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Large, beautifully furnished room in private residence; attentive service; private bath, marble shower; electric light; Southerners catered to.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; table guests. Telephone 1336 Columbus.

76TH ST., 129 WEST.—Airy rooms, single, double; superior cooking; table guests; transients; reasonable.

76TH ST., 237 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; excellent table; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 238 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with good table; Summer rates; Subway; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining, table board; reference.

77TH ST., 64 WEST.—Medium outside room, board, suitable young man; private family. Dutton.

79TH ST., 135 WEST.—Rooms, single or en suite, for business people; references exchanged.

50-52 WEST 82D ST.
Atractive rooms for desirable people.
Schuyler 8307.

83D, 11 WEST.—Cool, airy, homelike rooms; Summer environments; hotel appointments; Southerners solicited; reasonable.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms, suitable two, three gentlemen; excellent home cooking; Jewish family.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small rooms; near Park; private baths; tel. 2871 River; moderate.

93D ST., 117 WEST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; telephone; excellent table; reasonable.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable large room; all conveniences; also single room; good board.

94TH, 36 WEST.—Desirable rooms, suitable for one and two gentlemen; excellent home cooking.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Large, airy rooms, with all conveniences; excellent cuisine; private house. Strauss.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Cool rooms, large and small; table boarders. Telephone 7442 Riverside.

101ST ST., 215 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Large corner room; private bath; south and west exposure; Summer rates; excellent table; transients. Maslin.

103D, (879 West End Av)—Attractive corner room, lavatory; excellent cuisine; Subway; Summer rates.

105TH, 309 WEST.—Beautifully equipped new private dwelling, overlooking Hudson; absolutely perfect for comfort and conveniences; good home table. Modrat.

625 WEST 113TH ST.,
adjoining Riverside Drive; large, front rooms; southern exposure; lavatory; board optional; telephone Morningside 8136.

113TH ST., 544 WEST, (near Columbia.—Double, single rooms; table guests; home cooking; Summer rates.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Large and small rooms, overlooking Columbia Campus; excellent table.

417 WEST 118TH ST.
Newly decorated rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served.

123D, 519 WEST, Acropolis Hotel, Near Riverside.—Single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

143TH, 455 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; roof garden; large rooms; electricity; homelike; table guests.

141ST, 527 WEST.—Attractive rooms, bath, all conveniences; near Riverside Drive; references; table guests.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike, desirable accommodations; excellent table board; reasonable rates.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Large, airy room, overlooking Hudson; running water; good board; telephone; reference.

Country Board

Per line—1 time, 20c.; 3 times a week, 54c.

Staten Island.

THE GABLES, 998 Castleton Av.—Large grounds, piazzas; trolleys pass door; connect boats; references.

Westchester.

Large single and double rooms, with board; large grounds; plenty flowers, vegetables, fruit, shade, and good air; reference. 138 West 4th St., corner 10th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Long Island.

Richmond Hill.—Charming Summer home; large grounds, shade, spacious porch; near park, golf links, tennis, &c.; large, airy rooms; excellent tables. 342 Oak St. Telephone 313 Richmond Hill.

Douglaston.—Douglaston Manor Inn; convenient, comfortable Summer residence; on Little Neck Bay; thirty minutes. Telephone Flushing 290. Open the year round.

New York State.

SYLVAN LAKE COTTAGE, Hopewell Junction, N. Y.—Homelike, cozy farmhouse, where rest and good cooking are supreme; all table products from farm; near lake; rates reasonable.

Rest and quiet on 150-acre farm, which supplies excellent table; altitude 1,844 feet; terms $8 and $10 per week. Miss Pugsley, Dover Plains, N. Y.

New Jersey.

Highlands, N. J.—Aikenhead Cottage; beautifully situated; finest surf bathing; fishing; all amusements; good table; fifty guests; for season and week-end rates address S. Meegan, Box 254.

Diamond Spring Inn, Denville, N. J.—Within commuting distance of New York; a solution to the Summer problem; in real country; amid lakes and mountains; send for booklet.

EAST ORANGE, N. J.—40 Evergreen Place; block and half Brick Church Station; large, attractive rooms; private family; board convenient; reference required.

GALILEE.—A few select adults; homelike accommodations; bathing and station three minutes from house. Rarrie, Galilee, Monmouth Beach, N. J.

"Overlook," 1½ miles from station; 24 acres; fine old shade trees; good table; terms, $10-$12 weekly. Address Overlook, Morristown, N. J.

KEANSBURG, N. J.—Finest bathing, boating Jersey Coast; rates $9-$11; sanitary plumbing, electric lights. Koehler's Villa on beach.

New England.

Healthy climate; own produce; boating, bathing, fishing; good German cooking; $7; dancing. Charles Schnirring, Lyme, Conn., Box 99.

Boarders Wanted

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times a week, 36c.

West Side.

149TH, 540 to 548 WEST, Near Broadway and Beautiful Riverside.—Most ideal section, especially during Summer season; cool and breezy; bathing, boating nearby. The Audubon, large, cool rooms, private 'phone, electric light, bathroom adjoining, $10 up one; $14 up for two, which includes first-class board; parlor dining rooms; separate tables; large porch in rear; every comfort—a real home.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Large and small rooms; well furnished; every convenience; refined surroundings; home table; Southern cooking. Phone 4678 Audubon.

157TH ST. Subway, Broadway.Cool room, overlooking Hudson; elevator apartment; excellent board. 'Phone 203 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855, Woodbury.—Overlooking Hudson; shady grounds; two blocks north 157th Subway. 4412 Audubon.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 5—Riverview; Subway, ferry; five minutes Wall St.; convenient Brighton Beach; high-class board, rooms; apartments. 905—Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Convenient Borough Hall Subway; delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; near river; 'Phone 1159W Main.

216 HOOPER ST.—Large, beautifully furnished room for two; bath; telephone; central location; private family; home comforts; excellent cooking $15.

Board Wanted

WANTED.—By young man in engineering office, room with breakfast, situated on Brighton elevated, between Prospect Park and King's Highway. V 66 Times.

Lady employed wishes good board and room; strictly private family; uptown; reasonable. F 89 Times.

Furnished Rooms

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times a week, 36c.

East Side.

11TH ST., 29 EAST.—Desirable rooms; running water; telephone; board optional; references.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Desirable, well furnished rooms; private house; reasonable.

22D ST., 110 EAST.—Two rear rooms; piano, private bath, comfortably furnished; also small room.

29TH ST., 10 EAST, (between Madison and 4th.)—Large and small rooms; reasonable; superior house.

29TH ST., 147 EAST.—Several large and small rooms; exceptionally bright and airy; private house.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Suite of rooms; private bath; small room; Summer rates; breakfast optional; references.

45TH, 25 EAST.—Attractive rooms, double, single; baths, running water; gentlemen; references; Summer rates.

59TH, 129 EAST.—Only responsible people wanted; porcelain bath; gentlemen exclusively; $2 week. Stevens.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d St.)—Homelike rooms; also back parlor, bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

West Side.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Well-furnished, very superior rooms for refined persons; moderate prices.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large, cool room; modern conveniences; telephone; single room; $2.50.

37TH ST., 27 WEST.—Handsome suites, double, single rooms, $3 up; plenty hot water; select house.

42D ST., 322 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, airy rooms; $2 upward; tiled bath; telephone; gentlemen. Hughes.

46TH, 43 WEST.—Large, small, clean, cool, newly-decorated rooms; private bath; gentlemen; reference.

52D ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant large rooms; second floor; bath; all conveniences; breakfast; telephone; references.

53D ST., 62 WEST.—Large room; private bath; also medium and small room.

55TH, 320 WEST.—Nice light, airy, clean hall room; $2.50; quiet house; telephone.

55 WEST 56TH ST.
Large, small rooms; private bath; gentlemen.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; private baths; electric lights; board optional; references.

58TH ST., 229 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, large and small; newly renovated; refined; quiet.

59TH ST., 208 WEST, (facing Central Park.)—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; electric light; telephone; $4 up; room suitable for studio or two or three gentlemen; Summer rates.

60TH ST., 134 EAST.—Large and small cool rooms; parlor with alcove; quiet house; shower.

64TH ST., 124 WEST.—Handsome rooms; single or en suite; transients.

69TH ST., 104-108 WEST.—Airy front room, dressing room; small room; 'phone; meals optional.

69TH, 135 WEST.—Elegant furnished room; single or double; select location; convenience; very reasonable.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Double and singe room; bath adjoining; hot water supply; telephone; references.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Large, cool room; all accommodations for gentlemen; Summer rate; reference.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Cool bachelor apartments; private bath; single rooms; $4 up; Summer rates.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Nicely furnished, including piano; large front room; second floor; bath adjoining; single room; scrupulously clean; homelike; phone.

74TH ST., 107 WEST.—Attractive, cool rooms in private house; breakfast optional; Summer rates; references.

75TH, 58 WEST.—Boston lady, opening private home; rents reasonably elegantly equipped room; private bath; references. Telephone 6200 Columbus.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Cool, airy rooms in first-class neighborhood; telephone; references; Summer rates.

76TH, 148 WEST.—Cool rooms, with or without private bath; electric light; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Large front room; all conveniences; twin beds; also single room; gentleman.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Medium and small rooms; conveniences; references; reasonable.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Cool rooms, charmingly located; private baths; generous, seasonable table; special rates.

Furnished Rooms

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 3 times a week, 36c.

West Side.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Newly furnished large rooms, with or without bath; private house.

82D ST., 6 WEST.
Southerners and out-of-town guests accommodated; special Summer rates; bachelor apartment newly decorated; single or en suite; near Central Park; breakfast optional.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Handsome suite; other rooms; private bath; electric light; Summer rates.

82D, 327 WEST.—Semi-detached house, overlooking Drive; continuous hot water; shower; telephone; moderate. Campbell.

82D ST., 130 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; private house; quiet home for business people; references.

87TH, 319 WEST.—Handsome, large and a small room; newly furnished; private family; references.

91ST ST., 46 WEST.—Large room; private bath; medium-sized room; suitable two; telephone; moderate.

93D ST., 306 WEST.—Attractive front parlor and adjoining bedroom; high-class elevator apartment; telephone; electric light; Summer prices. Apartment 5E.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Attractive, large, cool rooms; running water; "L"; telephone; $4-$5; transients.

93D ST. 129 WEST.—Private family; large room, bath; reference. Tel. 1516 River.

97TH ST., 143 WEST.—Attractive, comfortable rooms; suite or single; dressing rooms; Summer rates.

97TH ST., 256 WEST.—Private Jewish family; room suitable two; high-class elevator apartment. Grossman.

102D, 202 WEST.—Light, outside room for young, refined business lady, gentleman. Apt. 8.

104TH ST., 247 WEST.—Room, running water; two doors west Broadway; block Subway; references. Walker.

105TH ST., 151 WEST.—Private family, large, cool rooms; elevator; electric lights; terms $4 to $8 per week. Underhill.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive rooms, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

113TH ST., 263 WEST.—Exceptionally large, pleasant room, with private bath; private family; reference.

113TH ST., 523 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Beautifully furnished room; shower baths, electricity; private house; reasonable.

114TH ST., 328 WEST.—Large, airy rooms; healthful location; private house; all conveniences; Southern people desired.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Cool corner, four windows; all conveniences; telephone; $2-$4. Hungerford.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive, cool rooms; elevator; home atmosphere; kitchen; corner apartment. (21.)

123D, 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Furnished double, single rooms, $2.50 up; elevator, kitchen privileges. Rose.

130TH, 156 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; running water; gentleman; $3.50; reference; owner.

137TH ST., 622 WEST.—Desirable large light cool room; every convenience. Apartment 12.

146TH ST., 600 WEST.—Large cool room; running water; homelike; elevator; Subway. Apartment 62.

BROADWAY, 2,848-2,850, (110th St. Subway Station.)—Apartment hotel with home comforts; beautifully, newly furnished single room; also 2 and 3 room suites, kitchenette, with large window; private bath; telephone; maid service; weekly, monthly; Summer rates. Trianon. Telephone Morningside—4245.

COOL, large, well-furnished room; electric light, private bath; near 42d and 5th Av.; breakfast if desired. V 11 Times.

FOR SUMMER.—Furnished rooms, with bathrooms, dressing rooms, elevator, electric light service, in a handsome private residence on Riverside Drive in the eighties; Summer rates. Phone 8011—Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600, corner 137th (overlooking Hudson.)—Single, double; running water; hotel service. Pierson.

Bronx.

FAILE ST., 632, (Hunt's Point.)—Comfortably furnished room, small family; no other roomers; 10 minutes Simpson St. Subway.

Situations Wanted

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 2 times a week, 25c.

Female

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typewriter; experienced, intelligent, energetic; best references; salary moderate. Commercial, 91 Delancey St.

COLLEGE WOMAN, 3 years' high school teaching, 2 years executive secretary New York office, wishes position for month August. Address Cel., 4th floor, 125 East 27th St.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER.—Makes ladies', children's dresses reasonable. Mme. Juliet, 126 East 12th St. 408 Stuyvesant.

EDUCATED YOUNG WOMAN, evening employment, companion, stenographer, or doctor's assistant. Ambitious, Z 168 Times.

GRADUATE of massage institute, Stockholm, Sweden, with hospital experience, wishes position as masseuse and nurse for invalid lady; good sewer; highest reference. 8 West 76th St.

LADY STENOGRAPHER, twelve years' experience; well educated, capable. V 54 Times.

NURSE.—Reliable infants' nurse; good references; can take full charge. C., 139 West 16th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Office assistant; refined; intelligent; capable, beginner; will make good. 1,731 Pitkin Avenue, Brooklyn. Phone 660 East New York.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; willing to work hard, small salary. Room 8, 1,594 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

Male

ACCOUNTANT, long varied experience all lines, desires additional work. P. O. Box 225 Madison Square.

BOOKKEEPER and ACCOUNTANT, 24, at present connected with large export house, experienced in all phases of bookkeeping, foreign exchange, and speaking German and French fluently, seeks responsible position. X 206 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR—24, married, reliable; 3½ years' experience; private; commercial. Box 29, 1,508 2d Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Eight years' experience; best of references; handle any car. Pine, 1,052 Park Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Expert driver, mechanic; go anywhere; best references. F 80 Times.

ENGINEER.—Licensed mechanic; 30; reconstruction, repairing any plant; highest reference. Engineer, 143 East 55th.

MACHINIST, 15 years' experience, wishes position; most experience on lathe. Curtin, 247 East 10th St.

OFFICE MAN, 24, familiar with modern office methods, bookkeeping, controlling accounts, and financial statements, speaking German and French as well as English, with best references, seeks position with prospects. X 205 Times Downtown.

SPANISH, FRENCH, and ENGLISH CORRESPONDENT.—Young man wishes position in any trade; two years' experience in Columbia S. A.; excellent references. Joseph Aboushar, 153 Amity St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHY.—Manuscript typewriting accurately done by university graduate at very reasonable rates. H. Spingarn, 152 West 11th St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper (21) wants responsible secretarial position; $22 a week; A1. Z 165 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 27, desires evening or part time position. X 208 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, law student, 21 years, desires position with opportunity for advancement; three years' experience; examines titles, &c. Grau, 4 48th St, Corona, N. Y.

Employment Bureaus.

Per line—1 time, 20c.; 3 times a week, 54c.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS. High-Grade Office Helpers.
BOOKKEEPERS. Office Service Co., (Agency.)
STENOGRAPHERS. 149 B'way. Tel. 3409 Cort.

Domestic.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, (thoroughly investigated,) want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency.) 314 West 50th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus. Established 1899.

COLORED HELP.—Thoroughly investigated, supplied shortest notice. 6370—Harlem. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,220 Fifth Av.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th St. Riverside 1338.

COUPLES.—Cook, general workers, colored; city, country. Instant Relief Agency. Phone 7288 Morningside.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied; day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. 6016 Morningside.

Pianos and Organs

Per line—1 time, 25c.; 3 times a week, 69c.

Steinway mahogany upright piano, in excellent order; will sell for $100. 318 West 42d St.

For Sale

Per line—1 time, 30c.; 3 times a week, 84c.

Slightly used and new business furniture, safes, typewriters, and labor-saving devices; cash or easy payments. Langer, 102 Worth St.

Church Services To-morrow.

Baptist.

BIG TENT EVANGEL, West 124th St., between Amsterdam and Morningside.—Noted College Preacher, Herbert Gale, D. D., Sunday, 11, 4, and 8, and nightly. Great Revival Centre.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92d and Amsterdam.—Dr. GOODCHILD, Pastor. Curtis Lee Laws, D. D., of Brooklyn, will preach to-morrow morning and evening.

COLLEGIATE BAPTIST CHURCH OF THE COVENANT, West 33d St., between 8th and 9th Avs., Dr. OSCAR HAYWOOD, Pastor.—Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AVENUE, COR. 31ST STREET.
C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor.
REV. O. P. GIFFORD, D. D.,
of BROOKLINE, MASS., will preach.
11 A. M.—"The Secret of Comfort."
8 P. M.—"Our Reasons for Service."
Rev. RUSSELL H. CONWELL, D. D., LL. D., will preach on July 28, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Christian Science.

Services are held in the following
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES
Sundays 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church, Central Park West and 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West and 68th St.
Third Church, 125th St. and Madison Av.
Fourth Church, 600 West 181st St.
Fifth Church, Madison Av. and 38th St.
Sixth Church, Park Av. and 61st St.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th St.
Rev. CHAS. E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. WILLIAM W. LEETE, D. D., of New Haven, Conn., preaches, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesday, 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

Disciples of Christ, (Christian.)

CENTRAL CHURCH, 142 West 81st St.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Rev. JAMES M. PHILPUTT, D. D.
Welcome to oldest church. Disciples of Christ.

Lutheran.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT
Broadway and 93d St.
Wm. M. Horn, Pastor.
Services, 11 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal.

BEDFORD STREET, CORNER MORTON.—Rev. GEORGE W. DOWNS, Pastor. Morning, 10.45; evening, 7. Epworth League Prayer Meeting, followed by sermon. Welcome!

MADISON AV. M. E. CHURCH,
CORNER 60TH ST.,
Rev. WALLACE MacMULLEN, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Preaching by Mr. W. B. Oliver.
8 P. M.—Short Address by Mr. W. B. Oliver.
Illustrated Sermon at 11 A. M. to children.
Open-air song service on the steps at 7:30 P. M. Seats free. Every one invited.

New Thought.

MARY ETHERIDGE CHAPIN,
Berkeley Theatre, W. 44th St., near 5th Av.
Sunday, 11 A. M., "Making Will Power."

NEW THOUGHT LECTURES, 5 West 58th St.
Sunday, 11 A. M.; Thursday, 8 P. M.
Speaker, W. ELLIS WILLIAMS. Public invited.

Presbyterian.

BROADWAY
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
(Formerly the Fourth Avenue.)
EARL HALL, COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY,
(entrance 117th St. and Broadway.)
Rev. WALTER D. BUCHANAN, D. D.,
MINISTER, Preaches at 11 A. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
WEST 57TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. E. Blake MacDonald preaches 11 A. M.
All Welcome.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
5th Av. and 55th St.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Rev. J. H. JOWETT, M. A., D. D.,
Pastor.
Rev. HUGH BLACK, M. A., D. D.,
will preach at both services.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
11, Dr. Work preaches. 7:30, stereopticon outside.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor,
11 A. M.—Rev. Robert MacKenzie, D. D.
8 P. M.—Rev. W. R. Jelliffe.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
155th St., bet. Broadway and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. JOHN R. MACKAY, D. D., Minister.
Sermon by Rev. E. F. Baker, President Waynesburg College, Pa.
7:00 P. M.—Open-air Service, Riverside Drive and 155th St., conducted by the Young People's Society.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
5th Av., 11th to 12th St.,
Rev. Dr. HOWARD DUFFIELD, Pastor.
Mr. Herbert M. Hayes in charge.
11 A. M.—"Light and Life," Mr. Hayes.
8 P. M.—Outdoor Service.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d St.
WM. HIRAM FOULKES, D. D., Minister.
Preaching at 11 by Mr. Shaver.

THE BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Ministers { WILLIAM PIERSON MERRILL, FRANK LATIMER JANEWAY.
Robert E. Speer will preach at 11 o'clock.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Cor. of 10th St., (one block west from B'way.) GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. The pastor will preach. Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock.

WEST END CHURCH,
Amsterdam Av., Corner 105th St.,
REV. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., PASTOR.
Services, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Rev. W. B. MacLeod, D. D., Edinburgh, Scotland, who is coming to America to visit Rev. Hugh Black, a relative.
7 P. M.—Outdoor meeting at Chapel entrance.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. John F. Carson, D. D., ex-Moderator of General Assembly, preaches at 11 A. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF
ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Avenue and 111th Street.
SUNDAY, July 21.
8 A. M. .... Holy Communion
11 A. M.—Preacher, Right Rev. Dr. Darlington, Bishop of Harrisburg.
4 P. M.—Evensong.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St. Low Masses, 7:30, 9.
High Mass and Sermon, 10:45. Evensong 4.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
Sixth Av. and 20th St.
Rev. HENRY MOTTET, D. D.
8 A. M.—HOLY COMMUNION.
11 A. M.—SERVICE AND SERMON.
12 M.—HOLY COMMUNION.
8 P. M.—SERVICE AND SERMON.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th Street.
Rector, Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L.
Holy Communion .... 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer, Preacher Rev. J. H. R. Ray .... 11 A. M.
CHURCH OPEN ALL SUMMER.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St.
Dr. CHARLES LEWIS SLATTERY, Rector.
8; 11 (Bishop Guerry); 8 (Mr. Clash).

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Av., corner 44th St.
SPECIAL SUMMER SERVICE, 11 A. M.
Full Choir Present. Seats Free.
Preacher, July 21st,
RT. REV. CHARLES E. WOODCOCK, D. D.,
Bishop of Kentucky.

ST. MICHAEL'S CHURCH,
Amsterdam Av. and 99th St.
Rector, Rev. JOHN P. PETERS, D. D.
Holy Communion, 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer, 11 A. M.
(Preacher, the Rector.)
Evening Prayer, with sermon, 8 P. M.

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL,
(Trinity Parish.)
SUMMER SERVICES:
Sundays, 2:30 A. M., (for night workers.)
8 and 11 A. M., 8 P. M.
Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, at midday.
Women's Lunch Club, daily, 11:30 A. M. to 2:30 P. M.
Chapel open all day every day in the year.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH,
5th Av. and 53d St.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Service and Sermon. (Rev. W. L. Caswell.)

Reformed.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister.
Rev. DAVID VAN STRIEN
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister.
Rev. PETER H. MILLIKEN, D. D.,
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Morning: "God's Remembrance."
Evening: "A Parable."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS.
5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MAC LEOD, Minister.
Service in the Chapel at 11 A. M.
Rev. ARTHUR FREDERICK MABON will preach.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister.
Rev. W. R. ACKERT will preach at 11 A. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS (Orthodox)—Meetings for Worship, 144 East 20th St., New York, Lafayette and Washington Avs. Brooklyn, 11 o'clock.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 East 15th St., Manhattan, and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS' CHURCH, Fourth Av. and 20th St.—Union Service at 11 A. M., conducted by Rev. LEON A. HARVEY; subject, "Great Interpretations of Life"; 1, "The Epicurean; the Pursuit of Happiness." The public cordially invited.

Other Services.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 44th St. and 8th Av.—Rev. A. B. Simpson, Pastor. Sunday, July 21, 10:30 A. M., Rev. A. B. Simpson. 8 P. M., Rev. W. T. MacArthur.

SPANISH EVANGELICAL CHURCH,
24th St. and Madison Av. 24th St. entrance.
Rev. Samuel F. Gordiano, M. A., Pastor.
Sundays, 3; Thursdays, 8 P. M. Spanish students welcome.

Help Wanted

Per line—1 time, 15c.; 2 times a week, 25c.

The New York Times declines Help Wanted advertisements which do not clearly state the character and conditions of the employment offered. Advertisements calling for purchases of samples or cash deposits are excluded. If employment is on a commission basis advertisements must so state. The Times endeavors to save applicants seeking employment through its columns the time and expense involved in investigating misleading announcements.

Female

DRESSMAKER.—Good opportunity for young woman, not over 25 years of age, having some knowledge dressmaking and good taste in matters of dress; permanent position with good chance of advancement for right party. Apply P. C. Sieger, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts.

ROSETTE and pompon makers, and ladies to sew beads on slippers; piece work at home, experience unnecessary. Call, Martine, 249 West 36th St.

WANTED.—A designer on woman's lingerie dresses. Inquire Sunday at the Hoffman House, Madison Square; ask for Mr. Manshel.

Male

It is a certificate of good character to have your advertisement admitted to the columns of The New York Times, because an effort is made to exclude advertisements of a questionable character and those that decoy and deceive.

BUYERS WANTED for our department store at Haverstraw-on-Hudson, to buy ladies' ready-to-wear garments, domestics, notions, &c. Apply Baum Bros., 37 and 39 Newark Av., Jersey City.

HOSIERY SALESMAN.—Good, live man for well-known line, to retail trade; territory near by and well developed. V 53 Times.

I WANT TO GET IN TOUCH with a clean-cut, capable salesman who is entirely familiar with the cutting-up trade and the mills that sell to them; for the man who has unlimited confidence in his ability to sell and who knows this trade thoroughly this vacancy holds big possibilities for a future. Address, with particulars as to experience, age, &c., V 48 Times.

RIDING instructors to introduce up-to-date patented riding habits; liberal commission. F 78 Times.

SALESMEN.—City and out of town for splendid side line of Brass eyes, muslin underwear; men preferred; commission basis. T 241 Times Downtown.

Employment Bureaus.

Per line—1 time, 20c.; 3 times a week, 54c.

Commercial.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Several; $10 to $18; permanent positions. National Employment Exchange, 30 Church St.

Country Houses To Let
FURNISHED

Per line—1 time, 25c.; 3 times a week, 63c.

AN ideal suburban home at Spuyten Duyvil-on-Hudson, ½ hour via N. Y. Central; 7 bedrooms, 2 baths, electricity, steam heated, 2 piazzas, dining porch; high, cool location; furnished or unfurnished; season or year; will sell; exceptional bargain; owner going abroad. Edmund R. Dodge, Arlington Av., Spuyten Duyvil, New York. Tel. 4393 Cortlandt.

LONG BEACH.—House for rent. Summer season, fully furnished; convenient to station; electric light; telephone; six bedrooms, two bathrooms, kitchen, dining and living rooms. Telephone John 4188 or Orange 2610J.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN.—Cottage to let, south of Essex, N. Y., 6 rooms, furnished; balance of season, $100; write quick. E. W. Leaning, 35 Washington Av., Albany, N. Y.

SUMMONSES.

CITY COURT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.—THE LOEWENTHAL COMPANY, Plaintiff, against SIMON COHN, RICHARD COHN, EDWARD COHN, ALBERT COHN and ARNOLD WOLLBERG, Defendants.

To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within ten (10) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, May 21, 1912.
Yours, &c. MILTON DAMMANN,
Attorney for the Plaintiff, Office & P. O. Address, 141 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To Simon Cohn, Richard Cohn, Edward Cohn, Albert Cohn and Arnold Wollberg, the defendants above named:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of the Hon. Richard T. Lynch, Justice of the City Court of the City of New York, dated June 17, 1912, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the City Court of the City of New York, at the Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 17th day of July, 1912.

Dated New York, July 17, 1912.
Yours, &c. MILTON DAMMANN,
Attorney for the Plaintiff, Office & P. O. Address, 141 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SURROGATE CITATION.

McFEAT, ANNIE.—The People of the State of New York, by the Grace of God, Free and Independent, to Edith Webbe, Florence Bassford, Willie Bassford, Abraham Bassford, Charlie Bassford, Theodore Bassford, and to all persons interested in the estate of Annie McFeat, late of the County of New York, deceased, as creditors, legatees, next of kin or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said County, held at the Hall of Records, in the County of New York, on the 23rd day of July, 1912, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Annie Webbe, as Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of said deceased, and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In Testimony Whereof, We have caused the Seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said County, at the
[L. S.] County of New York, the 31st day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twelve.
DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.
B. W. B. BROWN, Atty. for Executrix, 59 Wall Street, New York City.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE PRICE, SCHIFFER COMPANY, a domestic corporation, having its principal office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held in the County Court House, in the County and City of New York, on the 7th day of August, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing the said corporation to change its corporate name to THE SCHIFFER COMPANY, INC.

Dated New York, July 18th, 1912.
PRICE, SCHIFFER COMPANY.
By MYRON B. SCHIFFER, President.
CORBITT & STERN, Attorneys for Petitioner,
60 Wall Street, New York City.

WYOMING IN TRIALS SHOWS GREAT SPEED

Latest Super-Dreadnought, in Spite of a Firemen's Strike, Makes 22.045 Knots.

LARGEST WARSHIP AFLOAT

She Will Replace the Connecticut as Flagship — Her Complement Will Be 1,100 Men.

ROCKLAND, Me., July 19.—Excellent results were obtained for big-gun battleships to-day during the standardization trials of the new United States battleship Wyoming, sister ship of the super-dreadnought Arkansas. Her speed of 22.045 knots is declared by naval experts to show her one of the fastest battleships afloat carrying a dreadnought battery of twelve-inch guns.

During the trials of the Arkansas a month ago she made 21.493 knots an hour, a record-breaking perfomance at that time. A strike of the firemen for more pay during the full speed run interfered somewhat with the operation of the Wyoming to-day, and even better speed might have been made, according to the officials, but for this trouble.

Before the difficulty was adjusted the steam fell off considerably and the speed likewise, but in spite of this the Wyoming not only broke her sister ship's full-speed record but also bettered the Arkansas's average for the five top-speed runs. The Wyoming's average was 21.323 knots, and that of the Arkansas 21.153.

The Wyoming made the customary 23 standardization runs over the measured mile course, making three runs each at 10, 12, 15, 17.5, 19, and 20.5 knots and five at full speed. Her best time was made on the twenty-first run. Her maximum propeller revolutions were 333.61 per minute, though the tests showed that to maintain the required speed of 20.5 knots but 280.2 revolutions would be required. The Wyoming is of 26,000 tons displacement.

During the trials the builders, William Cramp & Sons of Philadelphia, were represented by President Henry S. Grove and Vice President H. W. Hand. The Naval Board was headed by Capt. A. F. Fechteler, with Commander W. T. Senn as Recorder. Commander Carl T. Vogelesang, who is to be executive officer of the Wyoming when she is turned over to the Government, was also aboard.

The vessel is 99 per cent. completed, and it is expected will be put in commission about the middle of August. President Grove said to-night that one result of the trouble with the firemen to-day would probably be the placing of naval firemen and engineers in charge of engines in future trials.

The Wyoming will leave Rockland at daybreak to-morrow for a series of trial runs down the coast, winding up at Philadelphia about Tuesday morning. Her first trial after leaving here will be to maintain a speed of 20.5 knots for four hours.

The battleship Arkansas, sister ship of the Wyoming, in her recent trails also exceeded her contract speed of 21 knots, but her record does not approximate that of the Wyoming.

The fastest dreadnought in the British Navy is the Neptune, which has made as high as 22.7 knots an hour. The Temeraire, another British dreadnought, has made the same speed as the Neptune, while the Bellerophon on her trial runs attained at one time a speed of 22.1 knots.

The American dreadnought North Dakota has made 22.25 knots an hour, and the Delaware 21.98 knots.

The Arkansas and Wyoming are the largest vessels of their type afloat. Their displacement is 26,400 tons and each carries a main battery of twelve 12-inch guns. One thousand one hundred officers and men will be required to man the Wyoming, which is destined to take the place of the battleship Connecticut as the flagship of the United States Atlantic Fleet.

SHOT WIFE WHO LEFT HIM.

Man Then Flees Followed by a Crowd in Jersey City.

Angered because of the refusal of his wife, from whom he had been separated for three months, to live with him, Fritz Seidelmeyer, a driver, shot and mortally wounded her yesterday in the rear yard of 935 Summit Avenue, Jersey City, where she was employed as a servant. Seidelmeyer lives at First and Harrison Streets, Hoboken. He married his wife a year ago, but they did not get along well, and three months ago she left him and went to work. She is 21 years old, and her husband twice her age. Seidelmeyer went to the Summit Avenue house and met his wife. She refused to live with him, and he drew a revolver and shot her twice in the breast.

The husband fled, pursued by a crowd. He was finally captured by a driver of a coal cart, who disarmed him and turned him over to the police.

Mrs. Seidelmeyer was hurried to Christ's Hospital, where it was said she would die.

INSURANCE AGENTS' OUTING.

Equitable Men's Trip Ends Here with a Luncheon.

The Pittsburgh Outing Club of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, an organization of Pittsburgh agents of the society, ended its fourteenth annual outing with a luncheon at the Vanderbilt Hotel yesterday. The members of the club had visited Old Orchard, Me., returning home by way of New York.

George T. Wilson, Second Vice President of the Equitable, had charge of the entertainment, which was attended by all the 125 members. Many speeches were made, in one of which attention was called to the fact that the Pittsburgh agency was the largest single life insurance agency in the world, having written last year about $15,000,000 insurance. Next year the club will take a trip to Europe.

GRASS FIRE ALARMS HARLEM.

Boys Start Blaze in Riverside Park While Smoking.

Some small boys swimming in the Hudson River, off 125th Street, came ashore at 5:30 o'clock last night and began to smoke. They lay on the grass between the park drive and railroad tracks and presently there arose a column of smoke. The youngsters hustled off and dived into the river. Behind them the dry grass was in flames.

Waiters from the Claremont Restaurant and from apartment houses in the neighborhood hurried out and stamped on the flames. Some one turned in an alarm and the firemen put a line of hose on the flames.

They got them out without damage to any near-by property, but apartment houses of the neighborhood were filled with smoke.

Buy
Baywood
in
TRADE E&W, MARK
Red-Man.
"Graywood type" higher.
It cannot be imitated.
Made only by the makers of
"Troy's Best Product"
EARL & WILSON.
The perfect collar.

TO UNSEAT CATLIN.

Election Declared Invalid Because $13,000 Was Spent to Elect Him.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Representative Theron E. Catlin of Missouri, in a statement to-night, characterized as a "monumental fraud" the action of the House Committee on Elections to-day in voting to recommend that he be deprived of his seat in the House. The committee decided, by a vote of 6 to 3, to report that Mr. Catlin had not been properly elected, because it was disclosed that his relatives had spent approximately $13,000 in his campaign, contrary to the State law.

"The action of the Democratic members of the Committee on Elections in declaring that Patrick Gill is entitled to my seat violates every principle of political decency and is a travesty on elementary justice," said Representative Catlin.

"Not a scintilla of evidence was produced indicating fraud of any kind, character or description. In order to consummate this monumental fraud and to seat Mr. Gill the Democratic members of the committee arbitrarily threw out votes of two wards, both of which I carried by very substantial majorities.

"I do not believe that this arbitrary and high-handed action will meet with the approval of the honest voters, not only against me but also against my constituents. I have an abiding faith in the triumph of a righteous cause and I look confidently to the voters of the district for an overwhelming vindication in November. I welcome a contest with Mr. Gill and his party."

On the motion in the committee to unseat Mr. Catlin, Chairman Hamill of New Jersey, and Representatives Korbly of Indiana, Broussard of Louisiana, Linthicum of Maryland, Jacoway of Arkansas, and Allen of Ohio, voted aye. Representatives Switzer of Ohio, Anderson of Minnesota, and Nelson of Wisconsin, Republicans, voted no.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 19.—Theron E. Catlin, who was unseated in the House of Representatives to-day, is a son of Daniel Catlin, a retired wealthy tobacco manufacturer. He is 34 years old.

Testimony in the contest, brought by former Representative Patrick Gill, developed that Catlin's father, through a firm of lawyers, spent more than $10,000 in having his son elected. It was contended by Theron Catlin that he did not know his father was spending the money. His father testified his son did not know of the expense.

Mr. Catlin, who was educated at Harvard, is engaged to marry Miss Laura Merriam, a daughter of former Gov. William R. Merriam of Minnesota.

ASKS $500,000 FOR SLANDER.

S. H. Woodruff Sues F. O. Woodruff for $550,000 More for Deception.

Sidney H. Woodruff, an architect and real estate operator of 29 West Thirty-fourth Street, has begun suit in the Supreme Court against Frederick O. Woodruff, an officer of the same real estate company, but no relation of his, for damages aggregating $1,080,540.

Sidney Woodruff charges first that on various dates between 1911 and 1912 the defendant accused him of being a thief and declared that he had wrecked the United States Home Building Company, of which both men are officers. For this alleged slander he demands $500,000 damages, asserting that he has been hurt financially and socially to that extent by the accusations of his associate.

He further charges that Frederick O. Woodruff, by misrepresenting his influence with great financial interests in New York and Boston induced him to transfer his building business from San Francisco to New York and to enter with the defendant upon the organization of the United States Home Building Company. In reference to these alleged promises and statements, S. H. Woodruff declares:

"They were made to deceive and defraud the plaintiff. No such connection, moreover, with moneyed interests in Boston and New York has ever existed, but on the contrary, the general conditions in the building business of New York and Boston have been bad, unprofitable, and overcrowded."

For these alleged misrepresentations the plaintiff asks an additional $550,000, alleging that he was damaged thereby to that extent.

In addition, S. H. Woodruff declares that F. O. Woodruff and Charles J. McLennan, also an officer of the United States Home Building Company, mismanaged its affairs and failed to take careful account of its transactions. For these reasons the plaintiff wants another $25,000, and for F. O. Woodruff's repeated refusals to inspect and take extracts from the stock book of the company he demands $5,540 more.

To complete his complaint, through his attorneys, Horkheimer & Cohen of 19 Cedar Street, Mr. Woodruff demands an accounting of the company and the appointment by the Supreme Court of a receiver.

SHOOTS WOMAN IN HOTEL.

Harkness Says His Pistol Was Fired Accidentally.

The report of a revolver shot at midnight last night startled guests in the Hotel York, Thirty-sixth Street and Seventh Avenue. Presently George R. Harkness of Sea Cliff, L. I., ran from Room 401, which he had occupied since July 1 with a woman he called his wife, and said that in exhibiting an automatic revolver to her he had shot her accidentally.

Harkness admitted that he was married but that the woman with him was not his wife. He said she was Mrs. Florence C. Hopp of 323 Market Street, Lewisburg, Penn., who was separated from her husband.

He found Policeman Armstrong of the West Thirtieth Street Station in the street, and the policeman called Dr. Ward from the New York Hospital. The surgeon took the woman there in a serious condition. She was shot through the head. Harkness was arrested.

He asked that word be sent to Col. George H. Hart of 149 East Thirty-ninth Street and to J. P. Kohler of 391 East Seventeenth Street, Flatbush.

MAY BE A TITANIC VICTIM.

Body of Man Lashed to Mast Sighted Near Wreck Scene.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—The body of a man lashed to a spar, with the fingers grasping the ropes, was sighted floating in the ocean, about seventeen miles from the scene of the Titanic disaster, by the British steamship Hudson, which arrived here to-day. The body was unrecognizable, but it is believed to have been one of the victims of the liner.

In addition, the Hudson reported the presence of a great quantity of floe ice in the direct path of the northern steamship line, and when the spar was sighted two large icebergs were floating near by. The presence of the bergs was reported to the hydrographic office.

HIGH COST OF LIVING TRACED TO TARIFF TAXED INDUSTRIES

Raw Materials and Machinery Necessary to Production Bear a Burden Ranging from 20 to 60 Per Cent.—Export and Home Prices Compared.

By JOHN JEROME ROONEY.

High and higher prices must result from the system of taxing, whether through the tariff or otherwise, the raw materials of industry and the machinery necessary to production. This is our situation to-day in the United States on a vast scale. In truth, there is scarcely a material of production, whether crude or partly advanced in process of manufacture, that does not bear a tax ranging from 20 to 60 per cent.

Take lead ore as an example. Under the Payne-Aldrich tariff a rate of duty is levied of 1½ cents per pound on the lead contents. This is equal to 68 per cent. of the value of the ore, according to actual importations during the year 1911. But it does not require much knowledge to see that such a toll must not be reflected in the price of all lead products—must add to the price in the American market. Not that a large duty revenue can flow from such a rate on a crude product, only $54,262.91 being collected by the Treasury therefrom, but the effect is felt on the lifting of the price of the entire American production of the ore.

Why should there be surprise if the price of lead pipe and all lead productions rise under such a condition? Yet this is a mild illustration of the price-lifting process at the base of all our production and industry. I say all, because each industry must use as raw material the finished or part-finished products of other lines of production.

Consider the paints and colors manufacture. An inspection of the rates of tariff duties actually levied last year on the raw materials of these industries show a range from 10 per cent. up to 61.23 per cent., and, of course, the heavy tax upon lead bears with great weight upon these industries. Then, as an offset, these industries hold in the tariff heavy duties as "protection" on the finished article of manufacture. This offset or compensation raises again the price level of the commodity.

Industries in control of the domestic source of raw material, a rare situation in the aggregate number, have a special point of advantage. The price to the consumer is not and need not be lowered because of this economic advantage unless domestic competition becomes active. In such a case combinations to sustain the price level invariably occur, the direct inducement thereto being the tariff tax upon the foreign finished article.

Manufacturers using imported material which is further manufactured here and the product exported have received for many years under our tariff system a rebate or refund of 99 per cent. of the duty paid on the imported material. This is known as the "drawback system." The Government retains only 1 per cent. of the duty taken, for example, on tin plates when a tin can made therefrom in the United States is exported. But when the tin can is sold to the American consumer, say, filled with fruit, the full effect of the tax on the tin plate is felt in the price. There is no "drawback" to the American consumer. He pays the duty, or a sum equivalent to the duty, whether the tin can is made of foreign or domestic tin.

Is there any mystery why prices are higher in our markets than in foreign markets, even on our own products, after paying heavy costs of transportation and additional profits through handling?

If American-produced raw material is used in manufacture no "drawback" is paid on exportation of the manufactured product. No duty has been actually paid, hence no refund. The enhanced price of the domestic material heavily handicaps it for the export trade. The "drawback" system, of course, puts a heavy premium on the use of imported material for use in remanufacture for export.

Some idea of the difference of price prevailing when an article of American manufacture is sold for export and for domestic United States use may be had from the following table, taken by the Tariff Reform Committee of the Reform Club of this city from actual export price lists:

	Export Price.	Home Price.	Diff. P. C.
Axes, (Yankee in handles)	$6.75	$7.50	11
Baking Powder, (per case)	3.66	4.15	13
Braces, drill	23.09	24.30	17
Brushes, (Painter's A quality No. 2 O)	3.20	4.00	25
Canned peas	85	1.05	23
Canned 3-pound apples, per dozen	80	1.00	25
Cartridges, U. M. C. Co. army use, per M.	7.83	8.70	11
Chairs, maple, cane seat, No. 2,584, per dozen	13.00	17.50	35
Clocks	1.50	2.00	33
Cutlery, table knives and 3-prong forks, No. 632, (per gross, pairs)	10.97	12.75	16
Drills, breach, Nos. 10-11, per dozen	23.40	27.54	18
Fountain pens, No. 12, plain	1.47	2.50	70
Gas machines, acetylene, 10 lights	28.80	48.00	66 2-3
Glue, in glass bottles, per dozen	40	56	16
Harness, cart or dray, best quality, No. 2,058	26.75	35.00	31
Leather belting, first quality, 6 inch, per foot	38	53	44
Naphtha, 78, per gal.	12	14	16
Pails, wooden, 2 hoops, oak grained, per dozen	1.35	1.75	30
Pencils, lead, fine, even, per gross	2.25	3.00	33 1-3
Printing presses, No. 6	850.00	1,000.00	18
Plows	4.15	5.25	25
Saws, circular, 22 inch	4.62	5.50	18
Soap, violet, per gross	32.00	40.80	25
Soap, glycerine	8.34	12.75	52
Sozodont, large size	54.72	65.40	25
Stoves, No. 8, square top	11.97	16.00	33
Tobacco, (due to int. rev. tax—B. H. Holt,) per pound	15 to 19	25 to 30	60
Trucks, railroad	23.10	26.40	15
Trunks, No. 175, 28 in.	2.50	3.25	30
Vaseline, blue seal, No. 2 size, per dozen	58½	70	20
Watches, 18 carat gold, No. 2,400, 18 size hunting case	40.00	50.00	25

These figures are only an illustration which could be extended into substantially our entire export list, including food products, except grain. In the important item of steel rails, there is a difference of from $6 to $8 per ton in favor of foreign railroads using our American-produced rails. A like discount, or lower price, runs through the entire list of supplies. The cost of renewals and construction of our railroads constantly rises. Hence the complaints of the railroads that their freight rates should be advanced. The merchant and shipper oppose these advances, railroad renewals and extensions halt, or are undertaken at last in a half-way and insufficient manner. Meanwhile, the products shipped over our railroads already bear freight rates artificially advanced in the past by the abnormal cost of railroad construction and repair.

In yesterday's issue of THE TIMES I referred to the extension abroad or to Canada of many large American manufacturing plants. No more effective proof of the effect of "protective" taxes to drive capital out of the United States could be produced.

In a striking statement by J. A. Hobson, "The Fruits of American Protection," he quotes S. N. D. North, Director of the Census of 1900, writing in the Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, January, 1900. Here is Mr. North's statement:

> It remains the fact that a constantly increasing number of our great manufacturing corporations are constructing vast plants abroad to supply their foreign customers; and, of course, they would not do this unless experience proved there was an advantage in it. I have before me a long list of these establishments.
>
> It indicates that more than $40,000,000 of American money is now invested in European plants devoted to manufacture of various American specialties, including all descriptions of electric apparatus, sewing machines, belting, radiators, shoe machinery, coal conveying apparatus, steel chains, machine tools, hoisting machinery, boilers, pumps, blowing engines, mining machinery, printing machinery, elevators, match making machinery, pneumatic tools, and photographic apparatus.
>
> The Western Electric Company of Chicago, Ill., is interested in extensive factories in London, Paris, Antwerp, and Berlin, not all of them carried under the name of that company, but all of them established and controlled by its capital. The General Electric Company has three or four such establishments, and has recently constructed a huge new factory in Rugby, England.
>
> The Westinghouse Company has just finished, at Trafford Park, in England, one of the largest electric factories in Europe, employing 2,000 or 3,000 men, and it has other factories in Havre, France, and St. Petersburg, Russia. The Singer Sewing Machine Company has three large plants in Europe, under its direct control.
>
> The Chicago American Tool Company is building a plant at Frazerburgh, near Aberdeen. The Hoe printing presses are made in London, as is also the American linotype machinery. The Draper Company has recently completed its new factory in Lancashire, to supply the greatest cotton manufacturing district in the world with fast-running Northrup looms. This list might be extended indefinitely, and a fine field for investigation opened for the full measurement of this remarkable transplantation.

This process of transplantation of American manufacturing plants has gone on rapidly to date. Especially is this so of Canada and Great Britain.

The process is due chiefly to the great differences in the price of raw material, material for further manufacture, and machinery. Except in the products in which we have a very large natural advantage, our system of "taxing ourselves rich" is keeping closed large portions of the world's markets. The transference of plants is a demonstration of the heavy burden upon large production.

It is a further proof of the weight of tax-made prices laid upon the American consumer.

NEW PLAYGROUND OPENS

At 134th St. and Convent Avenue—An Orchestrion There.

Park Commissioner Stover opened a new playground for children under 16 years of age at Convent Avenue and 134th Street yesterday. The plot covers an entire city block bounded by Amsterdam Avenue, 134th Street, Convent Avenue, and 135th Street. In the centre of the plot is a shelter tent 60 by 30 feet. There is a large sand pit for the younger children, and about the edges of the grounds are seats for the children and their guardians.

The Park Department had the portable orchestrion from the Arsenal in Central Park there yesterday, and this played a series of folk dances for the 500 children present. There were all kinds of games and a short talk by Commissioner Stover.

The Commissioner said he had been criticised for keeping the children off the lawns in Central Park. He said that it was his duty to preserve the lawns, and in doing so had opened forty-one playgrounds for the children in the city.

ICE WARNING SLOWS DOWN MAURETANIA

Adriatic's Wireless Causes Captain to Cut Speed to 10 Knots and Turn South.

LATTER PASSED NEAR BERG

Banker Returning Says J. P. Morgan Is Disgusted with American Political Situation.

The Cunard liner Mauretania arrived yesterday from Liverpool with 300 first, 300 second, and 714 third class passengers and mails, having made the passage of 2,889 miles at an average speed of 24.87 knots an hour. At 1:30 A. M. on Wednesday Capt. W. T. Turner received a wireless message from Capt. B. Hayes of the Adriatic, who was five miles to the north of the Mauretania's track and many miles ahead, that he had sighted a medium-sized iceberg. On receipt of the warning Capt. Turner slowed down to ten knots until daylight, which came shortly after 4 o'clock, and altered his course to pass ten miles to the south of the position of the iceberg as given by the Adriatic.

On Thursday night the Mauretania ran into an electrical storm about 9:30, with heavy rains and continuous, vivid lightning, accompanied by very slight thunderclaps. Capt. Turner, who was on the bridge, said that it was one of the most picturesque storms he had ever seen at sea. The sky was black as ink, while the streaks of forked lightning lit up the horizon in all directions like bright daylight. He said he was able to make out a ship quite clearly that was miles ahead.

Capt. Turner was informed of the challenge sent by Capt. Reginald Hayes of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Orotava to have a rowing match on the Hudson River between two lifeboat crews on Aug. 16 at 5 P. M., and said he would be very pleased to accept it.

Among the passengers on the Mauretania was C. K. G. Billings, who brought back three Russian trotters which were presented to him in St. Petersburg by Count Telligine. He said that all Europe was in a state of unrest, which had stifled business.

It was reported that there was a quarrel in the smoking room on Monday night over a game of bridge, and that one of the four men was accused of misdealing. The man accused rose to his feet and said that he was a Standard Oil man, and thoroughly honest. Eventually the charge was withdrawn and the accuser apologized, but the game was not renewed, it was said.

Richard C. Kerens, United States Ambassador to Austria-Hungary, was also a passenger, having come over for his annual vacation.

The passengers on the White Star liner Adriatic, which arrived from Liverpool yesterday at the same time as the Mauretania, had a good view of the iceberg. The Adriatic passed the berg at 12:40 P. M. on Tuesday, July 16, about half a mile away on the starboard side. The berg was about fifty feet out of the water, and was melting fast under the hot rays of the sun, and with the warm water splashing over it. A big pinnacle fell and broke with a crash on an outlying flange as the Adriatic passed.

Among the passengers on the Adriatic was Charles Lanier, the banker, who said that American securities had a good standing in Europe, but the people were laughing at the political situation in this country.

"I saw Mr. Morgan in London," he said, "and he was, like most of us, disgusted with politics here. Personally I believe that President Taft will be reelected."

BARRETT FAVORS COST TOLLS

Would Have Vessels Pay Only Amount Needed for Operation Expenses.

LONDON, July 19.—John Barrett, Director General of the Pan-American Union, referring to the Panama Canal during an address before the Chamber of Commerce to-day, said:

"If I had my way, prompted by the idea of the greatest good to the greatest number, I would make the canal essentially free to vessels of all nations—that is, have the tolls based absolutely on the cost of operation, and the same to every flag. I believe the increase in commerce to the United States resulting from such a policy would more than offset any special advantage that might result to another country."

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The British protest against the pending Panama Canal Tolls bill did not reach the State Department to-day, and, as Secretary Knox left Washington after the Cabinet meeting, it is not expected that its contens can be made public before Tuesday or Wednesday.

TO SHOOT UNMUZZLED DOGS

In Richmond, and Lederle Suggests That Order May Be Extended.

Commissioner Lederle announced yesterday that the Board of Health had adopted a special order calling for the shooting of unmuzzled dogs in the Borough of Richmond, where for some time complaints had been unusually frequent of dogs running at large, and where a number of persons had been bitten. Since Jan. 1, out of 210 dogs from the Borough of Richmond examined by the Department of Health, seventy cases of rabies were found.

The ordinary jurisdiction of the Department of Health in this matter extends only to the removal of such dogs for observation and their destruction if found rabid or vicious to such an extent as to render them unfit to be at large. At times of special danger from rabies, the Commissioner explained, the Board of Health, under its general power to abate nuisances to protect the public health, might adopt a special order calling for the killing of unmuzzled dogs at large in the streets.

Commissioner Lederle also said that if this general ordinance requiring the muzzling of dogs in the City of New York was not more generally complied with it might be necessary for the Board of Health to extend its special order relative to the shooting of dogs to other boroughs besides Richmond.

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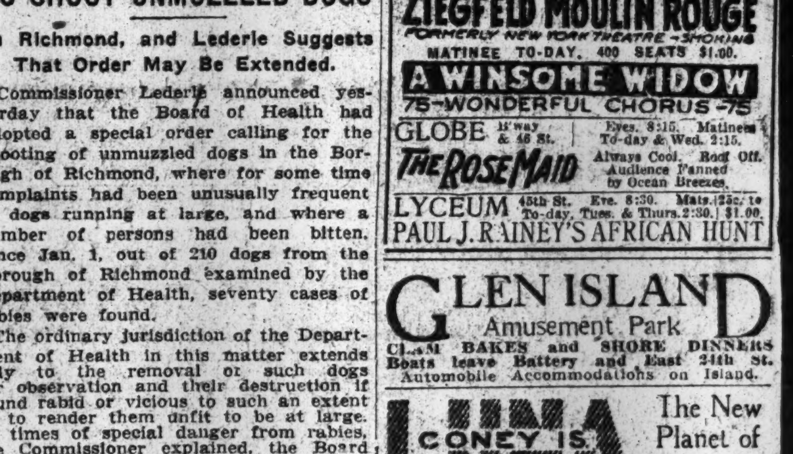

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